

2024 Prior Authorization Criteria

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2024 Medicaid Preapproval Criteria

ABATACEPT	14
ACNE AGENTS	
ACTIMMUNE	20
ADALIMUMAB	22
ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT	27
ADUCANUMAB-AVWA	28
ADZYNMA	
AFAMELANOTIDE	32
AFINITOR	
ALEMTUZUMAB	34
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA	
ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS	37
AMIFAMPRIDINE	
AMVUTTRA	
ANAKINRA	41
ANIFROLUMAB	43
ANTIEMETICS	44
ANTIEMETICS	
	47
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS	47 49
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS	47 49 50
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS ANTITHROMBIN ANTITHYMOCYTE	47 49 50 51
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS ANTITHROMBIN ANTITHYMOCYTE APOMORPHINE	47 49 50 51 52
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS ANTITHROMBIN ANTITHYMOCYTE APOMORPHINE APREMILAST	47 49 50 51 52 54
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS ANTITHROMBIN ANTITHYMOCYTE APOMORPHINE APREMILAST ARIPIPRAZOLE LONG ACTING INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTIONS	47 49 50 51 52 54 55



AVACOPAN	58
AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT	60
AVATROMBOPAG	61
BARICITINIB	63
BEDAQUILINE	64
BELIMUMAB	65
BELZUTIFAN	67
BENRALIZUMAB	
BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT	69
BETAINE	70
BEVACIZUMAB	71
BEZLOTOXUMAB	72
BIRCH TRITERPENES	73
BLINATUMOMAB	74
BONJESTA & DICLEGIS	75
вотох	76
BREXANOLONE	79
BUPRENORPHINE INJECTABLES	
BUROSUMAB	82
CALCIFEDIOL	
CANNABIDIOL	85
CANTHARIDIN	
CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP	
CAPSAICIN KIT	
CARGLUMIC ACID	
CAYSTON	92
CENOBAMATE	
CERLIPONASE ALFA	
CERTOLIZUMAB	



CFTR MODULATORS	
CGRP INHIBITORS	
CHELATING AGENTS	
CHOLBAM	
CLADRIBINE	
COAGADEX	110
COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS	
CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS (CGM)	
COPPER CHELATING AGENTS	
CORLANOR	115
CORTICOTROPIN INJECTION GEL	
COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)	119
CRIZANLIZUMAB	
CYSTEAMINE	
DALFAMPRIDINE	
DAPRODUSTAT	
DAPTOMYCIN	
DASATINIB	
DEFIBROTIDE	
DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL	
DIABETIC TEST STRIPS	
DINUTUXIMAB	
DOJOLVI	
DONISLECEL	
DORNASE ALFA	136
DUOPA	
DUPILUMAB	
ECULIZUMAB	141
EDARAVONE	145



EFLORNITHINE	146
ELAGOLIX	148
ELAPRASE	149
ELIGLUSTAT	150
ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	151
ELOSULFASE ALFA	152
ELTROMBOPAG	153
EMICIZUMAB	156
EMAPALUMAB	158
ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS	
ENTERAL NUTRITION/ORAL NUTRITION SUPPLEMENTS	161
ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR FABRY DISEASE	
EPLONTERSEN	164
EPOPROSTENOL	165
ERGOT ALKALOIDS	167
ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)	
ETANERCEPT	170
ETELCALCETIDE	174
ETRANACOGENE	175
EVKEEZA	176
EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	177
FDA APPROVED DRUG – Below the Medicaid Line of Coverage	179
FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement	
FECAL MICROBIOTA	
FENFLURAMINE	
FIDAXOMICIN	
FILSPARI	
FINERENONE	
FLUCYTOSINE	



FOSTAMATINIB	
FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT	
FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	
FYARRO	
GALAFOLD	
GALSULFASE	
GANAXOLONE	
GIVOSIRAN	
GLATIRAMER	
GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS	
GOLIMUMAB	
GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT	
GROWTH HORMONES	
HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS	
HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE)	
HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1)	
HISTRELIN	
Hormone supplementation under 18 years of age	
HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES	
HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES	
IBREXAFUNGERP	
ICOSAPENT ETHYL	
ILOPROST	
ILARIS	
IMIGLUCERASE	
IMMUNE GLOBULIN	
INCLISIRAN	
INEBILIZUMAB-CDON	
INFLIXIMAB	



INOTERSEN	244
INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	245
INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY	247
INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS	250
INTRON-A	251
INVEGA INJECTABLES	252
ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE	254
ISOTRETINOIN ORAL	255
ITRACONAZOLE	257
KESIMPTA	258
LARONIDASE	
LAROTRECTINIB	
LECANEMAB	
LENACAPAVIR	
LENIOLISIB	
LETERMOVIR	
LEUPROLIDE	
LEVOKETOCONAZOLE	
LIDOCAINE PATCH	270
LONAFARNIB	271
LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE RISPERIDONE	273
LOTILANER	274
LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	275
LUSUTROMBOPAG	277
MANNITOL	278
MARALIXIBAT	279
MARIBAVIR	
MAVACAMTEN	
MEBENDAZOLE	



MECASERMIN	
MEPOLIZUMAB	
METRELEPTIN	
MIACALCIN	
MIGLUSTAT	291
MILTEFOSINE	292
MIRIKIZUMAB-MRKZ	293
MITAPIVAT	294
MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT	
MOTIXAFORTIDE	297
MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY	
MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS	
NATALIZUMAB	
NAXITAMAB	
NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS	
NILOTINIB	
NIROGACESTAT	
NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES	
NON-PREFERRED SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTERS (SGLT2)	
NULIBRY	
NUSINERSEN	
OBETICHOLIC ACID	
OCRELIZUMAB	
ODEVIXIBAT	
OFEV	
OLIPUDASE ALFA	
OMALIZUMAB	
OMAVELOXOLONE	
OMIDUBICEL	



ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI	
ONCOLOGY AGENTS	
OPICAPONE	
OPIOID NAÏVE 7 DAY LIMIT	
OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)	
OPZELURA	341
ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL	
ORENITRAM	345
ORGOVYX	347
ORITAVANCIN	
OTESECONAZOLE	
OSILODROSTAT	350
OXERVATE	351
OXYBATES	352
PALFORZIA	354
PALIVIZUMAB	356
PALOVAROTENE	358
PALYNZIQ	359
PARATHYROID HORMONE	
PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS	
PAROMOMYCIN	
PATISIRAN	
PCSK9 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES	
PEDIATRIC WEIGHT LOSS	
PEDMARK	
PEGASYS	
PEGLOTICASE	
PHENOXYBENZAMINE	
PHESGO	



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION	
PIRFENIDONE	
POMBILITI AND OPFOLDA	
POSACONAZOLE	
POZELIMAB	
PRAMLINTIDE	
PRETOMANID	
PROLIA	
PROSTAGLANDIN INTRACAMERAL IMPLANTS	
PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR	
PYRIMETHAMINE	
RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ	
REBLOZYL	
RELYVRIO	
REMODULIN	
RESLIZUMAB	
RETHYMIC	
RILONACEPT	
RIOCIGUAT	
RISANKIZUMAB	
RISDIPLAM	403
RITUXIMAB	405
RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1	410
ROMIPLOSTIM	411
ROMOSOZUMAB	413
RYPLAZIM	414
SACROSIDASE	416
SAPROPTERIN	417
SARILUMAB	418



SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE	
SEBELIPASE ALFA	
SECUKINUMAB	
SELEXIPAG FOR INJECTION	
SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)	
SELUMETINIB	430
SEROSTIM	432
SIGNIFOR	434
SIGNIFOR LAR	435
SILTUXIMAB	437
SIROLIMUS GEL	438
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE	439
SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS	
SPESOLIMAB	
SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS	
SPRAVATO	
STIRIPENTOL	
STRENSIQ	
SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN	
SUTIMLIMAB	
TAFAMIDIS	454
TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS	
TALIGLUCERASE	457
TARPEYO	458
TEDIZOLID	459
TEDUGLUTIDE	
TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE	
TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW	
TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV	



TERIFLUNOMIDE	466
TESTOPEL AND TESTOSTERONE	468
TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO	470
THALIDOMIDE	471
THICK-IT	473
THYMOGLOBULIN	474
TILDRAKIZUMAB	475
TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION	476
TOCILIZUMAB	477
TOFACITINIB	480
TOFERSEN	484
TOLVAPTAN	485
TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)	487
TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS	488
TRALOKINUMAB	490
TRASTUZUMAB	492
TRIPTORELIN	493
TROFINETIDE	495
TROGARZO	496
TUCATINIB	497
TYVASO	498
UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY	500
USTEKINUMAB	502
VAGINAL CONTRACEPTIVES	506
VAGINAL PROGESTERONE	507
VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX	508
VARIZIG	509
VEDOLIZUMAB	510
VELAGLUCERASE ALFA	512



VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV	513
VERTEPORFIN INJECTION	514
VESTRONIDASE ALFA	515
VIGABATRIN	516
VIJOICE	517
VISTOGARD	518
VMAT2 INHIBITORS	519
VOCLOSPORIN	
VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC	
VORICONAZOLE	
VOSORITIDE	
VOXELOTOR	
WEGOVY	
XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY	
XGEVA	
XIAFLEX	530
XIFAXAN	531
XURIDEN	532
YONSA	533
ZAFIRLUKAST	534
ZILUCOPLAN	535
ZORBTIVE	537
ZYNTEGLO	538



POLICY NAME:

ABATACEPT

Affected Medications: ORENCIA CLICKJET AUTO-INJECTOR, ORENCIA PREFILLED SYRINGE, ORENCIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

 plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis Rheumatoid Arthritis Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 Psoriatic Arthritis Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis Rheumatoid Arthritis Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 Psoriatic Arthritis Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis Rheumatoid Arthritis Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 Psoriatic Arthritis Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis <u>Rheumatoid Arthritis</u> Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 <u>Psoriatic Arthritis</u> Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis <u>Rheumatoid Arthritis</u> Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 <u>Psoriatic Arthritis</u> Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 <u>Rheumatoid Arthritis</u> Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 <u>Psoriatic Arthritis</u> Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
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 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 <u>Psoriatic Arthritis</u> Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 <u>Psoriatic Arthritis</u> Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
greater based on chart notes:
 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older
Diagnosis of PsA confirmed by presence of:
 Arthritis and psoriasis OR
 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 Dactylitis
 Nail pitting or onycholysis
 Psoriasis in a first-degree relative
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
 Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
global score) or active joint count



	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis
	Documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including
	procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Regimen & Other	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	• One of the following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola),
	Actemra IV AND
	• Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab
	(preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred
	biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation
	Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older
	• Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen,
	naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
	• Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying
	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate,
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or
	leflunomide
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis
	Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor



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	(tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate
	QL
	Intravenous:
	• RA/PsA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per
	below:
	○ <60 kg: 500 mg
	 ○ 60-100 kg: 750 mg
	○ >100 kg: 1000 mg
	• JIA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per
	below:
	○ <75 kg: 10 mg/kg
	○ 75-100 kg: 750 mg
	 >100 kg: 1000 mg (max dose)
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
	 2 to <6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12
	mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant
	• 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed
	by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000
	mg/dose)
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Subcutaneous:
	RA: with or without IV loading dose, followed by 125 mg once weekly
	 PsA: (no IV loading dose) 125 mg once weekly
	• JIA and PsA (pediatrics): (no IV loading dose) 10-25 kg: 50 mg once weekly, 25-50 kg:
	87.5 mg once weekly, 50 kg or more: 125 mg once weekly
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit
	For Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prior allogeneic HSCT, HIV infection or any uncontrolled
	active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• RA, JIA, PsA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or dermatologist as
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or
	oncologist
Coverage	• RA, JIA, PSA:
Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
L	



	 Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
•	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
	 Authorization: 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ACNE AGENTS

Affected Medications: Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%, benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, erythromycin solution 2%, tretinoin cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Acne vulgaris
	o Severe Acne
	Compendia-supported uses
	 Hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) (clindamycin only)
Required Medical	Severe Acne
Information:	For age 21 and above:
	 Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing scarring OR
	Documentation of acene fulminans OR
	• For Acne Conglobata: Documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating sinuses
	Hidradenitis suppurativa
	For age 21 and above:
	Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate	Acne:
Treatment	Step 1 agents:
Regimen & Other	Clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin
Criteria:	phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, erythromycin solution 2%, erythromycin 2% gel, sulfacetamide lotion 10%, oral antibiotics for treatment of acne (e.g., doxycycline, minocycline)
	Step 2 agents:
	 Approval requires documented trial and failure with two Step 1 agents
	 Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%,
	benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, tretinoin
	cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin cream 0.1%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin
	gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%
	Hidradenitis suppurativa
	• Topical clindamycin (clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%,
	clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	HS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (Interferon Gamma - b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed dose. Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with prescribed dose.
	 <u>Chronic granulomatous disease</u> Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with CGD
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following: Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis OR Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated
Annuarista Trastmant	 with SMO <u>Oncology indications</u> Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Chronic Granulomatous Disease</u> Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial and antifungal
	 <u>All indications</u> Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
	• SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Oncology indications:
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ADALIMUMAB

Affected Medications: Adalimumab-fkjp (unbranded Hulio), Hadlima (HC, LC), Adalimumab-adaz (unbranded Hyrimoz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis
	 Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis
	 Non-radigraphic axial spondyloarthritis
	 Crohn's Disease
	○ Uveitis
	 Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	 Ulcerative Colitis
	 Hidradenitis Suppurativa
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	• The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3 Plaque Psoriasis
	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	• At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment
	OR
	 Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
	• Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point,
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point



 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
point
Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1
Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 Insidious onset
 Improvement with exercise
 No improvement with rest
Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
o Arthritis
 Enthesitis
o Uveitis
 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
• Psoriasis
 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 Good response to NSAIDs
 Family history of SpA
• Elevated CRP
OR
 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
• Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity
index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale
Ulcerative Colitis
 Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
<u>Crohn's disease</u>
• Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
• Documented of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
global score) or active joint count
<u>Uveitis</u>
• Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis uveitis
Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
• Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules



Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide) Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV
	<u>Plaque Psoriasis</u>
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA), Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
	 For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parentera glucocorticoid
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	<u>Crohn's disease</u>
	 Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
	 Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR
	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
	 Fistulizing disease Stricture



	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	• Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
Ju	venile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide AND
•	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
Uv	<u>eitis</u>
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive
	agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus
•	Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of
	infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)
Hio	dradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS
•	Doxycycline, Tetracycline, Minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin
•	Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acetretin)
•	Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)
Ule	cerative Colitis
•	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-
	mercaptopurine
	OR
•	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
_	AND
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
QL	
•	Induction
	 Plaque Psoriasis/Uveitis: 160mg in first 28 days
	 Crohn's/Ulcerative Colitis/HS: 160mg day 1, then 80mg day 15
•	Maintenance



	 RA/Psoriasis/Psoriatic Arthritis/Crohn's/UC/AS/Uveitis/JIA: 40mg every 14 days HS: 40mg every week OR 80mg every 14 days <u>Reauthorization</u> Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit Anterior Uveitis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADA-SCID) in pediatric and adult patients
 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the ADA gene Laboratory findings show the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma
 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections
 Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental
• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID)
 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADUCANUMAB-AVWA

Affected Medications: ADUHELM (aducanumab-avwa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Alzheimer's disease 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following: Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) global score of 0.5 Evidence of cognitive impairment at baseline using validated objective scales Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score from 24 to 30 Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque Documentation of baseline brain magnetic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no superficial siderosis or brain hemorrhage 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current weight <u>Dosing</u> Availability: 170mg/1.7mL vial and 300mg/3mL vial Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced 		
	Dosing and Monitoring Schedule: Infusion (every 4 weeks) Dose Monitoring Infusion 1 and 2 1 mg/kg Baseline MRI prior to Infusion 1 Infusion 3 and 4 3 mg/kg Infusion 5 and 6 6 mg/kg MRI between Infusion 6 and 7 Infusion 7 to 11 10 mg/kg MRI between Infusion 11 and 12 Infusion 12 and after 10 mg/kg MRI annually Reauthorization • Documentation of clinically significant amyloid reduction compared to baseline confirmed by post-infusion PET scan (3rd authorization only) • Documentation of updated surveillance MRI showing absence of clinically significant microhemorrhage and superficial siderosis since prior approval • Documentation of one of the following when compared to baseline: • Cognitive or functional improvement • Disease stabilization • Reduction in clinical decline compared to natural disease progression		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior stroke or brain hemorrhage Evidence of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease 		



	Non-Alzheimer's dementia
	Concurrent anticoagulant use
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 7 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: ADZYNMA

Affected Medications: Adzynma (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Information:	 Molecular genetic testing confirming mutation in the ADAMTS13 gene
	 ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity
	For on-demand treatment:
	 Documentation of current or past acute event with 50% or greater drop in
	platelet count OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter AND
	• Lactase dehydrogenase elevation (LDH) is more than 2 times baseline or more
	than 2 times upper limit of normal (ULN) as defined by laboratory values
	For prophylactic use:
	• Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic
	purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as
	thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing regimer
Citteria:	or clinical response
	 On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day
	3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved
	Reauthorization:
	For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement
	in the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms
	For on-demand use:
	 Documentation that after previous on-demand therapy, platelet counts
	increased to at least 150,000/microliter or 25% from baseline platelet count
	increased to at reast 150,000/interonter of 25% from baseline platelet count
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria
Exclusion Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care



Coverage Duration:	•	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded [By plan design]
	•	Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)



POLICY NAME: AFAMELANOTIDE

Affected Medications: Scenesse (afamelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	\circ Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototoxic
	reactions (including X-linked protoporphyria [XLP])
Required Medical	• Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant
Information:	impact on activities of daily living
	Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP)
	Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the
	ferrochelatase (FECH) gene
	• Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free
	protoporphyrin
	X-Linked Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (XLP)
	• Documented diagnosis of XLP confirmed by gain-of-function mutations in the delta-
	aminolevulinic acid synthase (ALAS2) gene
	• Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 50% metal-free
	protoporphyrin
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	• Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Regimen & Other	decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun
Criteria:	exposure, increased quality of life, etc.)
	 Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to
	prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and managed by a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME:

AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR, AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), everolimus soluble tablet

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Oncology Indications Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed
Information:	treatment regimen
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
	 Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens AND
	 Documentation of treatment failure with epidiolex (cannabadiol solution) adjunct therapy
	 Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	 OR Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or
	Tuberous sclerosis complex-associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma
Appropriate	(SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	Readinonzation requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Oncology Indications
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	 TSC-Associated Partial-Onset Seizures or SGCT: Neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALEMTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ONE of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Ocrelizumab (Ocrevus), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS <u>Reauthorization</u> requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. o Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to: Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle bulk) Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (e.g., tachypnea) Profound diffuse hypotonia Proximal muscle weakness Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design.			
	 Indicated for chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with 			
	clinical evidence of emphysema due to severe hereditary deficiency of Alpha1-			
	PI (alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency)			
Required Medical	Documentation of severe alpha1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency with emphysema or			
Information:	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) that includes ALL of the following:			
	 Baseline (pretreatment) alpha1-antitrypsin serum concentration less than 11 			
	micromol/L, OR less than 57 mg/dL by nephelometry, OR less than 80 mg/dL by			
	radial immunodiffusion			
	 Forced Expiratory Volume in one second (FEV1) between 30-64% of predicted, 			
	OR FEV1 that is between 65-80% of predicted, but has declined by at least 100			
	mL per year			
Appropriate	Documentation of non-smoker status			
Treatment	• Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy			
Regimen & Other	initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy			
Criteria:				
	Coverage of Aralast NP, Glassia, or Zemaira will require a documented intolerable			
	adverse event to Prolastin-C			
	Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
	response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been			
	established			
	Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies			
	 Prior lung or liver transplant 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist			
Restrictions:				
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:				



POLICY NAME: AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following: Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz) Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS): Combination oral prednisone and azathioprine therapy Combination intravenous immunoglobulin therapy with one of the following: oral prednisone or azathioprine Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success, confirmed by improved or sustained muscle strength on clinical assessments 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Seizure disorder Active brain metastases Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes 		
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 6 years of age or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: AMVUTTRA

Affected Medications: AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) any manual indication of		
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 		
	 Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary 		
	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis in adults		
Required Medical Information:	Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed		
	by genetic testing		
	Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with		
	polyneuropathy		
	• Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g.,		
	peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular		
	dysfunction, renal dysfunction)		
	Documented failure with diflunisal		
	Documentation of one of the following:		
	 Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than 		
	or equal to IIIb		
	\circ Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and		
	130		
	 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2 		
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization:		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Documentation of a positive clinical response to vutrisiran (e.g.,		
	improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function,		
	quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation		
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III or IV 		
	• Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or		
	leptomeningeal amyloidosis		
	 Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or 		
	patisiran		
	 Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, 		
	tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine		
Age Restriction:	Adults aged 18 to 85 years old		
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider 		
	experience in management of amyloidosis		



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specif		



ANAKINRA

Affected Medications: KINERET PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID), also known as
	chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndrome
	 Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	 Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
	 Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	 Still's Disease (SD)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information.	
	objective scale):
	• Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	• Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
	Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist
	Documentation of genetically confirmed DIRA
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Regimen & Other	• If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of each therapy:
	• One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola),
	Actemra IV
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or
	leflunomide
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	• Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria



	 QL RA/JIA: 100 mg once daily, 18.76 mL per 28 days DIRA: maximum dose of 8 mg/kg/day 		
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit Sepsis syndrome or graft versus host disease 		
	Use in the management of symptomatic osteoarthritis, lupus arthritis, or type 2 diabetes mellitus		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design.			
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) 			
Required Medical	Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ			
Information:	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement)			
Appropriate	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including			
Treatment	hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following:			
Regimen & Other	 cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil 			
Criteria:	AND			
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of Benlysta			
	Dosing:			
	• 300 mg every 4 weeks			
	Reauthorization:			
	Documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a			
	decrease in flares or corticosteroid use			
Exclusion	Use in combination with other biologic therapies			
Criteria:	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus			
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 years or older			
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in			
Restrictions:	the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron injection), Varubi (rolapitant), Sustol (granisetron extended-release injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug	Administration (FDA)-	approved indications	not otherwise excl	uded by plan
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by pla design 				
	 Varubi (rolapitant) 				
		n of delayed nausea ar	nd vomiting associate	d with initial and re	peat courses
		, enic cancer chemothe	-		•
	chemothe	rapy			
	 Akynzeo (fosnetup 	itant and palonosetro	n)		
		n of acute and delayed			itial and
	•	irses of highly emetog	enic cancer chemoth	erapy	
	 Sustol (granisetror 				
		n of acute and delayed			
	•	irses of moderately er	•		acycline and
Dequired		phamide (AC) combina		egimens	
Required Medical	Chemotherapy Induce	of planned chemothera			
Information:		n plaimed chemothera	apyregimen		
	• Varubi				
		ntation of a highly OR	moderately emetoger	hic chemotherapy r	egimen
	 Akynzeo 				
	 Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen 				
	• Sustol				
	 Documer 	ntation of a moderatel	y emetogenic chemo	therapy regimen O	R
	anthracyd	cline and cyclophosph	amide (AC) combinat	ion chemotherapy	regimen
					7
		Highly Emetogenie			_
	Any regimen that	Cyclophosphamide	Fam-trastuzumab	Sacituzumab	
	contains an		deruxtecan-nxki	govitecan-hziy	
	anthracycline and				
	cyclophosphamide Carboplatin	Dacarbazine	Ifosfamide	Streptozocin	-
	Carmustine	Doxorubicin	Mechlorethamine	FOLFOX	-
	Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan		-
	May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients			-	
	Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate	Trabectedin	-
			(250 mg/m2 or		
			greater)		
	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin]
		Moderately Emetoge	enic Chemotherapy]



	Aldesleukin	Cytarabine	Idarubicin	Mirvetuximab soravtansine- gynx
	Amifostine Bendamustine	Dactinomycin Daunorubicin	Irinotecan Irinotecan (linocecan)	Naxitamab-gqgk Oxaliplatin
	Busulfan	Dinutuximab	(liposomal) Lurbinectedin	Romidepsin
	Clofarabine	Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of cytarabine and daunorubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m2 or greater)	Temozolomide
	Trabectedin			
Appropriate		ced Nausea and Vomi	ting Prophylaxis	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis</u> Varubi Documented treatment failure with a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetror 		hile receiving the current owing while receiving the current on, granisetron or palonosetron) osaprepitant or rolapitant)	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of act	ite or breakthrough na	ausea and vomiting	and initial criteria to be met
Age Restriction:	 Used in anthracy 18 years of age a 	cline or cyclophospha nd older	mue-based chemoth	erapy (Akynzeo only)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or	in consultation with,	an oncologist	



Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, AlphaNine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate-P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, NovoEight, Novoseven RT, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed
	Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories:
	Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B:
	 Mild: factor levels greater than 5 and less than 30%
	 Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5%
	 Severe: factor levels of less than 1%
	• von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand
	factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity
	Documentation of one of the following indications:
	 Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with: Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B
	 Severe VWD
	 Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding
	• Perioperative management (prophylaxis and/or treatment) of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD
	 Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or severe VWD
	 For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis; documentation of severe Type 3 VWD
Appropriate	Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)
Criteria:	Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to
	exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities
	For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (demopressin)



	 For NovoEight, Afstyla, and Nuwiq: Must have documentation of failure or contraindication to Advate or Hemofil M. For Eloctate and Altuviiio: documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	 Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency) For Benefix, Idelvion and Rebinyn: documentation of failure or contraindication to Rixubis For Alprolix: documentation of contraindication to Rixubis in perioperative management
	 Von Willebrand disease (VWD) For Vonvendi: Documentation of failure or contraindication to Humate P AND Alphanate for perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Wilate for routine prophylaxis Reauthorization: requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute
	bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII, and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency Jivi and Adynovate for VWD Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD
Age Restriction:	 Subject to review of FDA label for each product Jivi and Adynovate: 12 years and older Vonvendi: 18 years and older Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN

Affected Medications: ATRYN (antithrombin alfa)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosed hereditary antithrombin deficiency via reduced plasma antithrombin level (not in midst of acute illness or surgery that could give falsely low antithrombin levels) Can be given for prophylaxis if negative personal/family history of thromboembolic events in high risk-settings as in surgery and pregnancy. Patient weight Documentation of intended dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling.
Appropriate	Confirmed diagnosis of Hereditary Antithrombin deficiency
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Peri-partum thromboembolic prophylaxis
Criteria:	 If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended prior to and at the time of delivery when anticoagulation cannot be administered, and used until anticoagulation can be resumed If negative personal history of VTE, patient may need single dose of ATryn ATryn use is limited to third trimester If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended Can be concomitantly given with LMWH or heparin
	 Used during warfarin interruption leading up to surgical procedure (with or without heparin) Utilized until patient can resume warfarin therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other and a state of the state of t
Age Restriction:	• 18 – 65 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an OB-GYN, MD
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHYMOCYTE

Affected Medications: ATGAM (Antithymocyte globulin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of allograft rejection in renal transplant patients Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone marrow transplantation National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)
Required Medical Information:	 For myelodysplastic syndromes: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Aplastic anemia: 10 to 20 mg/kg once daily for 8 to 14 days, then if needed, may administer every other day for 7 more doses for a total of 21 doses in 28 days OR 40 mg/kg daily for 4 days MDS: 40 mg/kg once daily for 4 days Renal transplant rejection: 10 to 15 mg/kg once daily for 14 days. Additional alternate-day therapy up to a total of 21 doses may be given. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 All uses not listed in covered uses are considered experimental and are excluded from coverage Oncology: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology or transplant medicine
Coverage Duration:	Approval: Maximum 4 weeks per dosing above



POLICY NAME: APOMORPHINE

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI (apomorphine), APOKYN (apomorphine), APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APREMILAST Affected Medications: OTEZLA, OTEZLA THERAPY PACK

d Uses: •	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Psoriasis (PP)
	 Oral Ulcers associated with Behcet's Disease
ed Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
ation:	• Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in
	functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	• Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	AND
	 Documentation of one or more of the following:
	-
	OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	-
	•
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	AND
	-
<u>I</u>	 functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND Documentation of one or more of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Psoriatic Arthritis Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – on point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes) one point Dral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease Diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae (ulcer, sore) a least 3 times in a year AND Two of the following: Recurrent genital aphthae Eye lesions



	 Positive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
Criteria:	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	Documented clinical failure of at least 1 oral medication for Behcet's disease after at least 12 weeks (colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine)
	QL
	Induction (All indications): Titration pack
	Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ARIPIPRAZOLE LONG ACTING INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTIONS

Affected Medications: ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole suspension, reconstituted), ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole suspension, prefilled syringe) (**Medical benefit only)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Schizophrenia in adults
	 Bipolar I disorder in adults
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia and on maintenance treatment OR
Information:	 Diagnosis of bipolar I disorder and on maintenance treatment AND
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral aripiprazole
Appropriate Treatment	Documented failure or contraindication to Risperdal Consta
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a
Restrictions:	psychiatry practice as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ARISTADA

Affected Medications: ARISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxil), ARISTADA INITIO

Allected medications: A	KISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxil), ARISTADA INITIO
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia
Information:	• Documentation of established tolerability with oral aripiprazole for a minimum of 14
	days prior to initiating treatment with Aristada.
	Documentation of comprehensive antipsychotic treatment regimen (including
	dosing and frequency of all formulations)
	Documentation of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dose and
	frequency for the requested formulation
	For initial authorization only:
	• Documented plan for ensuring oral adherence during first 21 days of initial Aristada
	For Aristada Initio:
	Documentation of clinical rationale to avoid 21-day oral aripiprazole loading dose
	due to history of patient non-compliance or risk for hospitalization
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy.
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Repeated dosing (greater than 1 dose) of Aristada Initio
	Women who are pregnant, lactating, or breastfeeding.
	Patients with dementia-related psychosis
	Prior inadequate response to oral aripiprazole (unless poor adherence was a
	contributing factor)
	No current, or within the last 2 years, diagnosis of:
	 Major Depressive Disorder
	 Comorbid schizoaffective disorder
	 Amnestic or other cognitive disorder
	 Bipolar disorder
	o Dementia
	o Delirium
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or behavioral health specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Aristada (aripiprazole lauroxil)
	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Aristada Initio
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) lung disease confirmed by a MAC-positive sputum culture Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Arikayce must be used as part of a multi-drug regimen and will not be approved for use as a single agent treatment To be used with Lamira Nebulizer system only
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days. The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first recertification approval (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ASCIMINIB

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX TABLET (asciminib)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase Previous treatment with imatinib AND one or more additional tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) Second line TKIs are bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation status for contraindications) OR Documented T315I positive mutation AND Documented clinical failure with ponatinib
	 Quantity Limit in Philadelphia-positive CML with T315I mutation: 40 mg tablets #300 per 30 days Quantity Limit in Philadelphia-positive CML previously treated with imatinib and 1 or more additional TKIs: 40 mg tablets #60 per 30 days
	 20 mg tablets #60 per 30 days 20 mg tablets #60 per 30 days <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Presence of either A337T or P465S BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVACOPAN

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg Capsule

- ···	• All Food and Drug Administration (EDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluated by
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil
	cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including
	granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in
	combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Required	Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following: Tissue bissue of bidgeu on other effected ergens
Medical	• Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs
Information:	 Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis
	• Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis,
	and concern for rapidly progressive disease
	• Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with
	life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis, central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia)
	Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course
	Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase,
	alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
	Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate	Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids
Treatment	 Will be used during induction therapy only
Regimen &	 Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios:
Other Criteria:	 In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses
	 In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m²
	 In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more
	different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide- containing regimens (unless contraindicated)
	 During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to
	achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen)
	 Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly
	with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors)
	Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion	Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA)
Criteria:	• Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B,
	untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis
	 Active, serious infections, including localized infections



	History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established
	 History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-Onset Pompe Disease Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen. One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease. Approval, 12 months, upless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: Documentation of planned procedure including date Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta
Fuchacian	 <u>Reauthorization (chronic ITP only):</u> Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterologist/liver specialist



Coverage Duration:	• Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: 1 month (for a one time 5-day regimen), unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BARICITINIB Affected Medications: OLUMIANT

Covered Uses	
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
Required Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Treatment	• If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Regimen & Other	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine,
Criteria:	leflunomide)
	• Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12
	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	RA: 30 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	• Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
	Treatment of alopecia areata
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEDAQUILINE

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pulmonary multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB).
Required Medical Information:	 Patient has failed, is resistant, or is allergic to quad therapy of any combination of the following: Isoniazid Rifampin Ethambutol Pyrazinamide Fluoroquinolones Capreomycin (Kanamycin, Amikacin, Streptomycin) Ethionamide/Prothinamide Cycloserine/Terizidone Aminosalicylic acid (acidic salt)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT) Baseline electrocardiogram (ECG) Basic Metabolic Panel (BMP) (including K, Ca, Mg documentation of correction if needed) Liver Function Tests (LFTs)
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Drug-sensitive TB (DS-TB) Latent infection due to mycobacterium TB Extrapulmonary TB (e.g., central nervous system) QTc greater than 500 milliseconds 5 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist 24 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (Belimumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
	 Lupus Nephritis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of patient's current weight (intravenous requests only)
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ
	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement)
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease
	Documentation of blood pressure and lipid control or receiving treatment, if indicated
Appropriate	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
Treatment	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including
Regimen & Other Criteria:	hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following:
Criteria.	 cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	• <u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success defined as a clinically significant improvement in SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) or decrease in flares/corticosteroid use.
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Failure of at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with mycophenolate mofetil AND
	cyclophosphamide
	• <u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in
	eGFR, reduction in urinary protein:creatinine ratio, or decrease in flares/corticosteroid
	use
	Dosing:
	 Loading dose - 400 mg subcutaneous once weekly for 4 doses (LN only)
	Maintenance - 200 mg subcutaneous once weekly
	 Loading dose - 10 mg/kg intravenous every 2 weeks for 3 doses
	Maintenance - 10 mg/kg intravenous every 4 weeks
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with other biologic therapies
	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus



Age Restriction:	Intravenous formulation: 5 years of age and older
	Subcutaneous formulation: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: Systemic Lupus Erythematosus - 12 months, unless otherwise specified Lupus Nephritis Initial: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELZUTIFAN

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	 Diagnosis documented by the following: Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least one of the following: Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated tumor growth (growth of 5mm or more per year) Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery
	 Treatment-refractory advanced or metastatic clear cell renal carcinoma Advanced disease after use of the following treatments: (Per NCCN guidelines) A Programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) AND
	 A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Metastatic pNET disease Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: Fasenra (benralizumab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 12 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
Information:	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	\circ Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM)
	and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	• Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez
Criteria:	• Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	• Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6mL usable dose)
	 Maximum of 12-week course per wound
	 Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	• Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment
	Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETAINE Affected Medications: Betaine

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homocystinuria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following: Cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency Cobalamin cofactor metabolism (cbl) defect
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of vitamin B6 (pyridoxine), vitamin B9 (folate), or vitamin B12 (cobalamin) supplementation <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEVACIZUMAB

Affected Medications: AVASTIN (bevacizumab), MVASI (bevacizumab-awwb), ZIRABEV (bevacizumab-bvzr), ALYMSYS (bevacizumab-maly), VEGZELMA (bevacizumab-adcd)

or higher • For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders: Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Required Medical Information: • Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: • Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Criteria: • Ouse for ophthalmic condition (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication)	•	ily), vedzelivia (bevacizulilab-aucu)
 For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders: Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Required Medical Information: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: 	Covered Uses:	
 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Required Medical Information: Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy All Indications		
 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Required Medical Information: Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following:		·
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o Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Required Medical Information: • Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: • • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • • • Adocumented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Required Medical Information: Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy All Indications Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)		 Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
Information: course Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Criteria: • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy • All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Required Medical	• Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment
Treatment initial surgical resection Regimen & Other Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy Criteria: All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Information:	course
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Criteria: All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescriber Prescriber • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Treatment	initial surgical resection
Criteria: All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) • A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Regimen & Other	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
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Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: • Prescriber Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		to the active ingredient
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Prescriber Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on indication) Coverage Duration: Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Restrictions: indication) Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Age Restriction:	
Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on
	Restrictions:	indication)
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
		Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 In conjunction with antibacterial drug treatment for Clostridium difficile
	infection (CDI)
Required Medical	Stool test results showing one of the following:
Information:	 Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen AND Toxin A & B positive
	OR
	 PCR (polymerase chain reaction) positive
	Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours
	• Stool test positive for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected no more than 7 days prior
	to infusion
	Patient must be receiving concurrent treatment for Clostridium difficile
Appropriate	• Patients at high risk for CDI recurrence (must have at least one risk factor): age >65, one
Treatment	or more episodes of Clostridium Difficile infection (CDI) in previous 6 months,
Regimen & Other	immunocompromised status, clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score \geq 2).
Criteria:	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion	Heart Failure
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	• Approval: One treatment may be given while patient is receiving antibiotic therapy for
Duration:	treatment of C. difficile (usually 14 days)



POLICY NAME: BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of an induced blister with
Information:	immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	• Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the following genes: COL7A1,
	COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2
	Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail changes,
	and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
	• Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Dosing does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	 Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	 Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BLINATUMOMAB

Affected Medications: BLINCYTO (blinatumomab)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, performance status and anticipated treatment course AND Philadelphia chromosome status AND Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Blincyto should permanently be discontinued for the following adverse reactions: grade 4 cytokine release syndrome, grade 4 neurological toxicity, or two Blincyto induced seizures Maximum approval: 9 cycles for Relapsed or Refractory Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL), 4 cycles for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with Minimal Residual Disease (MRD)
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 30 weeks for Relapsed or Refractory ALL; 24 weeks for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with MRD Reauthorization: 48 weeks for Relapsed or Refractory ALL (4 cycles of continued therapy x 12 weeks each, to complete a maximum of 9 cycles total); NO reauthorization for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with MRD, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

BONJESTA & DICLEGIS

Affected Medications: BONJESTA (doxylamine succinnate and pyridoxine hydrochloride extended-release oral tablets), DICLEGIS (doxylamine-pyridoxine Tab delayed release tablet 10-10 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pregnancy associated nausea and vomiting
Required Medical	Estimated Delivery Date
Information:	Documentation of all therapies tried/failed
Appropriate	Documentation of trial and education on non-pharmacologic methods of controlling
Treatment	nausea and vomiting related to pregnancy (avoidance of triggers, proper rest, etc.)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Citteria.	Documented failure, intolerance or clinical rationale for avoidance to ALL of the following:
	OTC pyridoxine with OTC doxylamine AND
	Dopamine antagonist (prochlorperazine, metoclopramide, etc.) OR
	• H1 antagonist (promethazine, meclizine, dimenhydrinate, diphenhydramine, etc.) OR
	Ondansetron
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BOTOX

Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing Complete description of the site(s) of injection Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, drug-induced orofacial dyskinesia, blepharospasm, severe writer's cramp, laryngeal spasm or dysphonia, upper and lower limb spasticity or other conditions of central focal spasticity botulinum toxin is the preferred mode of therapy For use in all other FDA-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design, failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required
	 Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (Overactive Bladder (OAB))/Urinary incontinence associated with neurologic condition: Inadequate response to, or intolerance to, 2 or more urinary incontinence antimuscarinic or beta-3 adrenergic therapies (oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine, mirabegron, vibegron, etc.)
	 Laryngeal stenosis or dysphonia: Must be associated with recurrent aspiration pneumonia or airway obstruction OR for children under 18 years of age with dysphagia persisting for at least 12 months
	 <u>Chronic migraine:</u> Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine AND documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine preventive therapy (beta-blocker, calcium channel blocker, anticonvulsant or tricyclic antidepressant) as follows: Propranolol 40 mg daily, Metoprolol 100 mg daily Amitriptyline 25 mg daily, Topiramate 50 mg daily, Valproic acid, Divalproex sodium
	 Achalasia (Cardiospasm): Must meet 1 of the following: Failure or intolerance to peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM) or laparoscopic Heller myotomy AND failure or intolerance to pneumatic dilation Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications



	 Number of treatments must not exceed the following: Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (OAB) / Urinary incontinence associated with neurologic condition: 2 treatments/12 months Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months All other indications maximum of 4 treatments/12 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion	Cosmetic procedures
Criteria:	 For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention Hemifacial spasm: no longer above the line on the prioritized list Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics greater than or equal to 10 days per month for greater than or equal to three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) greater than or equal to 15 days per month for greater than or equal to 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established Combined use with Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP) Receptor Antagonists (Ajovy, Aimovig or Emgality) for the prevention of migraine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist or neurologist
Restrictions:	 Chronic migraine: treatment is administered in consultation with a neurologist or headache specialist. OAB or urinary incontinence due to neurologic condition: urologist or neurologist Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned
Coverage	Chronic migraine:
Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (OAB) / Urinary incontinence associated with
	neurologic condition:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Spasticity:
Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified All other indications:
Approval 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BREXANOLONE

Affected Medications: Zulresso (brexanolone)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of major depressive episode as diagnosed by DSM-5 Criteria Five or more of the following symptoms present during the same two week period and represent a change from previous function. Must include either (1) depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad, empty, hopeless) or observations made by others (e.g., appears tearful). (NOTE: In children and adolescents, can be irritable mood.) Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation) Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month) or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day. (NOTE: In children, consider failure to make expected weight gain.) Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down) Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick) Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by their subjective account or as observed by others)
	 Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for
	committing suicide
	AND
	 Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social,
	occupational, or other important areas of functioning AND
	 Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition
	• Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the first 4 weeks following delivery



	 Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales: Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of the mother or infant at significant risk
Exclusion Criteria:	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Age Restriction:	15 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Coverage Duration:	One month, one time approval per pregnancy



POLICY NAME:

BUPRENORPHINE INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: SUBLOCADE (Buprenorphine extended-release injection), BRIXADI (buprenorphine extended-release injection)

Covered Uses: All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise • excluded by plan design o Moderate to severe opioid use disorder **Required Medical** Documentation that member is part of a comprehensive management program • **Information:** that includes psychosocial support AND Documentation of abstinence from alcohol/benzodiazepines/opioids through the • first 1-2 months of treatment **Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other** • **Reauthorization:** Subsequent approvals require documentation of treatment Criteria: success **Exclusion Criteria:** Age Restriction: • Age greater than or equal to 18 years Prescriber **Restrictions: Coverage Duration:** • Approval Duration: 36 months

PA applies to Pharmacy Benefit only: Authorization required after first two doses



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. The treatment of X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) The treatment of FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors that cannot be curatively resected or localized
Required Medical Information:	 <u>All indications:</u> Documentation of diagnosis by:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Alternative renal phosphate-wasting disorders have been ruled out For all diagnoses: Documentation of treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with oral phosphate and calcitriol supplementation in combination for at least 12 months, or contraindication to therapy Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: requires documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels AND improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 X-Linked Hypophosphatemia: Patient is at least 6 months of age Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia: Patient is at least 2 years of age



Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist or provider experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is 2.3 times (or more) above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Vitamin D2 (ergocalciferol) or Vitamin D3 (cholecalciferol) Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy, evidenced by increased serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level (to at least 30 ng/mL) and reduced plasma iPTH to goal therapeutic range (or an approximate 30% reduction compared to baseline)
Exclusion Criteria:	• A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

CANNABIDIOL Affected Medications: Epidiolex (cannabidiol)

a	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	 Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable
	antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and
	 Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	 Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate and
	 Clobazam and
	Topiramate and
	 Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex
	• Documentation of monotherapy failure for seizure control with two antiepileptic regimens AND
	Documentation of failure with at least one adjunctive therapy for seizure control
Appropriate Treatment	 <u>Dosing</u>: Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome or Dravet Syndrome: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration.



Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 1 year
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN Affected Medications: Ycanth

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	• Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted
	centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever)
	• For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC,
	confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological examination, or biopsy
	 Documentation persistent itching or pain AND one of the following:
	 Concomitant bacterial infection
	 Concomitant atopic dermatitis
	 Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention
	cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions
	with bandages or clothing
	 Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate	• Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC
Treatment	lesions:
Regimen & Other	 Cryotherapy
Criteria:	 Curettage
	 Laser therapy
	Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence
	supporting use, such as:
	 Topical podofilox (Condylox) for at least 1 month
	 Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months
	• Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	Molloscum contagiosum is considered a below the line (non-funded) diagnosis per
	Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older.
Age Restriction:	2 to under 21 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and administered by a dermatologist
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of aTTP, meeting all the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of <u>ONE</u> of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab Documentation of high-risk disease meeting <u>ONE</u> of the following: Neurologic abnormalities (seizures, focal weakness, aphasia, dysarthria, confusion, coma) Altered mental status
Appropriate Treatment	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last TPE treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as, suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP-like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematology specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) – approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate Treatment	• Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL the following:
Regimen & Other	o Gabapentin
Criteria:	o Pregabalin
	 Carbamazepine or oxcarbazepine or valproic acid/divalproex sodium
	 Amitriptyline or nortriptyline
	 Topical lidocaine
	 Dose limited to single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days
	• For renewal, your doctor must send in notes showing that this drug has worked
	well for you
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID Affected Medications: carglumic acid

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Uses:	by plan design
Dequired Medical	 Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following:
Required Medical Information:	 N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Information	 Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA)
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Appropriate	Acute hyperammonemia
Treatment	Ammonia level greater than 100 micromol/L
Regimen & Other	 Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy
Criteria:	(examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose,
	insulin, L-arginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis)
	 Prescribed treatment course not to exceed 7 days
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
	 Ammonia level greater than or equal to 50 micromol/L
	 NAGS deficiency confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
	 Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle:
	Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency
	Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency
	Arginase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAYSTON

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam inhalation)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered oses.	by plan design.
	• Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis
Information:	Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs
	Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate	Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin
Treatment Regimen & Other	Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	 Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
·····	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CENOBAMATE

Affected Medications: XCOPRI (cenobamate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Partial-onset seizures in adult patients Desumentation of baseline seizure frequency.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline seizure frequency Documentation of treatment failure with at least three adjunctive therapies for seizure management (carbamazepine, lamotrigine, levetiracetam, oxcarbazepine, topiramate, lamotrigine, divalproex, lacosamide, zonisamide, phenytoin, valproic acid, gabapentin, pregabalin)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing not to exceed 400 mg daily <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response as determined by provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered oses.	plan design
	• To slow the loss of ambulation in symptomatic pediatric patients 3 years of age
	and older with late infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also
	known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by ONE of the following:
Information:	 Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity
	TPP1/CLN2 gene
	• Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2
	Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following:
	 Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains
	 Score of at least 1 in the motor domain
	 Score of at least 1 in the language domain
Appropriate	Dosing: 300 mg administered once every other week by intraventricular infusion
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization:
Criteria:	• Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR
	a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale
Exclusion Criteria:	• Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device
	insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g.,
	cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis)
	Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage,
	extravasation of fluid, or device failure)
	Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis
	Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts
Age Restriction:	3 years of age and older
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of
Restrictions:	CLN2
Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: CERTOLIZUMAB

CERTOLIZUMAB	
Affected Medicati	ons: CIMZIA KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE STARTER KIT
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	 Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	 Crohn's Disease (CD)
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Medical	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Plaque Psoriasis
	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (DEQI) 11 of greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	 Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dastulitis (present or past, dosumented by a rhoumatelegist): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumateid factor (PE): one point
	• Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	point



	nkylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with
A	xial Involvement
•	Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least
	one spondyloarthritis feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	 Insidious onset
	 Improvement with exercise
	 No improvement with rest
	 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
	• Arthritis
	 Enthesitis
	• Uveitis
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
	 Psoriasis
	 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
	 Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Family history of SpA
	 Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)
	OR
	 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
•	Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity
	index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale
Ci	rohn's disease
•	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
•	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate A	Il indications
Treatment •	Exception for pregnancy requires documentation of actively attempting to conceive
Regimen &	
-	heumatoid Arthritis
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of each therapy:
	 One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola),
	Actemra IV
	AND
	 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret,
	rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),
	Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



Pla	ique Psoriasis
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of each therapy:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-
	fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya
Pse	oriatic Arthritis
•	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of each therapy:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	• One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred
	biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
<u>An</u>	kylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with
Ax	ial Involvement
•	Documented treatment failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-
	inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1
	month trial each
	OR
•	For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered
	parenteral glucocorticoid
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars:
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
Cro	ohn's Disease
•	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks
	trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,
	balsalazide
	OR
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
	OR



	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: 		
	following:		
	 Fistulizing disease 		
	• Stricture		
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 		
	• Deep ulcerations		
	• Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal		
	involvement		
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12		
	weeks of:		
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) 		
	AND		
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz) 		
	TKjp, Haulilla, Aualillullab-auaz)		
	QL		
	• Induction		
	 CD/RA/PsA/AS/PP: 400 mg (2 injections) at week 0, 2 and 4 		
	 Maintenance 		
	 CD/RA/PsA/AS: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days 		
	o PP:		
	 90 kg or less: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days 		
	 >90 kg: 400 mg every other week 		
	Reauthorization		
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion			
Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit 		
	and is not a covered benefit		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist		
Restrictions:	as appropriate for diagnosis		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor, tezacaftor and ivacaftor; ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor tablets)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Cystic fibrosis in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis
	transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene
Required Medical	• Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or
Information:	diagnostic testing (FDA approved CF mutation test)
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation
	Patient Registry Report
	• Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA-
	approved to treat
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator
Age Restriction:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : one month or older
	<u>Orkambi</u> : 1 year of age and older
	• <u>Trikafta</u> : 2 years of age and older
	<u>Symdeko</u> : 6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CGRP INHIBITORS PA policy applicable to: Preferred drugs: Aimovig, Ajovy, Emgality Medical infusion drugs: Vyepti

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request for combined use with Botox or another calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) inhibitor for the prevention of chronic migraine?	Yes – Criteria not met, considered experimental	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications (not otherwise excluded by plan design) at the approved dosing?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Pre	ronic or Episodic Migraine in adults eferred Drug – Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig edical Infusion Drugs – Vyepti		
1.	Is there a diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Go to #2
2.	Is there a diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 8 migraine days per month at baseline?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for treatment of possible medication overuse headache? Headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache- causing condition possibly due to o Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #4



 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for least 3 months Use of combination of any previously men products without overuse of any one agen causative pattern can be established 	ioned
 4. Is there documented treatment failure with an addition trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine prevention therapy as follows: Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 m Amitriptyline 25 mg daily Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid, divasodium 	g daily
5. Is the request for treatment with Vyepti?	Yes – Document and go No – Go to #6 to #7
 Is there documented treatment failure with 6 mon (two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required o chronic migraine). 	
 Is there documented treatment failure or intoleral adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emga Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? 	
Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality	
 Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches wit least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 y (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 	ar
2. Is there documented treatment failure with an add trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate vera contraindications apply, another oral preventative (lithium, topiramate)?	a months (Maximum 6 amil or fills per year)
Renewal Criteria	



0	Is there documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting treatment?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
0	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 24 months	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Li	imitations		
• Emgali	ty		
0	Availability: 120 mg/1 mL syringe or auto-injector; 1	.00 mg/mL syringe (carton	of 3)
0	Dosing:		
	 Chronic migraine: 240 mg single loading dos 	se then 120 mg every 30 d	ays
	 Episodic cluster headache: 300 mg at the sta 	art of a cluster period and	then 300 mg monthly until
	the end of the cluster period – <u>Maximum 6</u>	fills annually	
• Ajovy			
0	Availability: 225 mg/1.5 mL syringe		
0	Dosing: 225 mg every 30 days or 675 mg (3x 225 mg	g injection) every 90 days	
Aimovi	ig		
0	Availability: 70 mg/mL & 140 mg/mL auto-injector c	or syringe	
0	Dosing: 70 mg once monthly, some may benefit from	m a dosage of 140 mg moi	nthly
• Vyepti			
0	Availability: 100 mg/1 mL single-use vial		
0	Dosing: 100 mg infusion every 3 months. Some patient months	ents may benefit from a d	osage of 300 mg every 3



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

Pre	policy applicable to: eferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet n -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jac	lenu (deferasirox)	
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	2. Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Yes – Go to appropriate section below No – Criteria not mere		No – Criteria not met
Pre	ronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodysp eferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet n -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), Jadenu (deferas		
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5
5.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met

Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet



No	n -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jac	lenu (deferasirox)	
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
	lication: Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Depender eferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet,	-	
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level? (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met



Adn	2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?		No – Criteria not met
Quantit	/ Limitations		
• Jade • Ferr	 Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) – available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets 20-40 mg/kg/day Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) – available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets 14-28 mg/kg/day Ferriprox (deferiprone) – 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets 75-99 mg/kg/day Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution) 		



POLICY NAME: CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs) Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR)
	Rilo acid synthesis disordor
	Bile acid synthesis disorder
	 Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS) analysis)
	Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders
	Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA)
	levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing
	• Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E.
	• Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids)
	OR
	 If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Appropriate	 Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic
Treatment	symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver
	function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria:
	Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin)
	Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis
	Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid
	(DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine
	Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and sorum lovels of vitamins A. D. and F.
	 serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy
	 Body weight increased or stabilized
	• Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of start of treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 <u>RRMS</u> Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two disease-modifying therapies for MS
	Reauthorization (1 time only) requires provider attestation of treatment success
	• Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion	Current malignancy
Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	 Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis)
	 Pregnancy



	Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation with one of the following diagnostic categories: On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes Reauthorization (Routine Prophylaxis only) requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval with severity, and cause of bleed
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dosing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted. In the case of a payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy. Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered. Compounds containing non-FDA approved ingredients will not be covered Non-FDA approved compounded medications will not be covered when an FDA approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	3 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS (CGM) Affected Medications: FREESTYLE LIBRE, DEXCOM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting
	insulin
	 Gestational diabetes requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
Required Medical	For type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Currently on an insulin pump
	 Baseline HbA1c Level 8.0% or higher
	 Frequent or severe hypoglycemia
	 Impaired awareness of hypoglycemia
	 Diabetes related complications (e.g., peripheral neuropathy, end organ
	damage)
	OR
	Children and adolescents under 21
	OR
	• Documentation of type 1 diabetes for women who are pregnant or actively
	attempting to conceive
Appropriate	When requested through the PHARMACY benefit:
Treatment	Coverage for a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom is provided when the
Regimen & Other	member meets the following criteria:
Criteria:	• Documentation of current use of an insulin pump that is compatible with a CGM
	that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom
	For type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:
	Documentation of current use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
	Reauthorization:
	Type 1 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control
	 Type 2 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control and
	continued use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COPPER CHELATING AGENTS

Affected Medications: Penicillamine, Trientine hydrochloride, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Wilson's disease
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of Wilson's disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	\circ Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in
	either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals)
	OR
	 Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Presence of Kayser-Fleischer rings
	 Serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL
	 Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease
	 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg
Appropriate	For trientine hydrochloride, must have a documented treatment failure (or intolerable
Treatment	adverse event) with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine
Regimen & Other	For Cuvrior, must meet both of the following:
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine
	that was not due to tolerability
	AND
	 Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of
	generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected
	adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy as shown by normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound
	copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	For trientine hydrochloride:
	 Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis
	 Treatment of cystinuria
	 Treatment of biliary cirrhosis
Age Restriction:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver
Care Restrictions:	transplant physician
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CORLANOR

Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (adjunctive agent) Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients 6 months and older.
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered: Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical	Chronic heart failure
Information:	Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35% or less AND
	Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm)
	Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients
	Sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate
	Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
	Heart rate of at least 100 beats per minute, with average mean heart rate of at least 90
	beats per minute over 24 hours not due to appropriate physiologic response or primary
	 abnormality (hyperthyroidism or anemia) Symptomatic (palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or decreased exercise
	capacity)
	Documentation for absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of
Appropriate	atrial tachycardia
Treatment	Effective contraception is recommended in women of child-bearing age
Regimen & Other	Chronic heart failure
Criteria:	Documentation of tried or currently receiving one beta blocker (metoprolol succinate
	extended release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated
	dose for heart failure treatment OR
	Documentation of medical reason for avoidance of beta-blockers
	Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients
	• Trial with beta blocker or digoxin therapy or contraindication or intolerance to beta
	blocker or digoxin use.
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy; development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient
	from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Acute, decompensated heart failure
	Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg



	 Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable with functioning demand pacemaker) Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Paugh class C) Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	• Heart failure-dilated cardiomyopathy: infants ≥6 months, Children, and Adolescents <18 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months



CORTICOTROPIN INJECTION GEL

Affected Medications: ACTHAR HP (repository corticotripin injection), PURIFIED CORTROPHIN GEL (repository corticotropin injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diagnostic adrenocortical function
Required Medical Information:	• ACTHAR HP ONLY: Diagnosis of infantile spasms and the patient is currently receiving treatment with HP Acthar gel and has shown substantial clinical benefit from therapy, OR the patient has not received previous treatment with HP Acthar gel and the patient is less than 2 years of age (If yes, skip directly to exclusion criteria)
	All other indications:
	Coverage of Acthar HP requires a documented intolerable adverse event to a trial of Purified Cortrophin Gel and one of the following:
	• Use for diagnostic testing of adrenocortical function and the patient cannot be tested with Cosyntropin, OR
	• For use in serum sickness and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	• For use in rheumatic diseases, used as adjunctive treatment, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	• The patient has a diagnosis of nephrotic syndrome, the therapy is being requested for induction of diuresis or for remission proteinuria, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	• The therapy is requested for multiple sclerosis (MS) exacerbation and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	• The patient has Collagen diseases (eg, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), dermatomyositis, or polymyositis), Dermatologic disorders (eg, severe erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome), Ophthalmic disorders, acute or chronic (eg, iritis, keratitis, optic neuritis), or Symptomatic sarcoidosis AND the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids
Appropriate	MS exacerbation: Failure to generic oral AND intravenous glucocorticoids
Treatment Regimen &	• SLE: Failure to hydroxychloroquine or chloroquine AND generic glucocorticoids
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receipt of live or live attenuated vaccines within 6 weeks of corticotropin gel administration Suspected congenital infection (infants)



	Scleroderma
	Osteoporosis
	Systemic fungal infections
	Peptic ulcer disease
	Ocular herpes simplex
	Congestive heart failure
	Recent surgery
	Uncontrolled hypertension
	Known hypersensitivity to porcine proteins
	Primary adrenocortical insufficiency or hyperfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approvals:
Duration:	Infantile Spasms (ACTHAR HP ONLY), Rheumatic Diseases, Nephrotic Syndrome, Collagen
	Diseases, Dermatologic Diseases, Ophthalmic Disorders, or Symptomatic Sarcoidosis = 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Diagnostic Use = 1 dose, (30 days), unless otherwise specified
	Serum Sickness = 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	MS Exacerbation = 3 weeks, unless otherwise specified



COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Affected Medications: COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the type of test requested including: Molecular testing or antigen testing Rapid testing or sample collection Manufacturer of test or kit Documentation of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or who have confirmed or suspected exposure to COVID-19
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (including emergency use authorization)
Exclusion Criteria:	Tests not approved or cleared by the FDA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 days



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease
Required Medical	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months
Information:	• Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea
Appropriate	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Treatment	enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises
Exclusion Criteria:	Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy
	Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL
	• Chronic anticoagulation therapy (e.g., warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin
	History of stroke within the past 2 years
	Combined use with hemoglobin oxygen affinity modulator (voxelotor)
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: CYSTAGON (cysteamine bitartrate), PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by one of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Increased leukocyte cystine concentration that is 3 to 20 nmol half-cystine/mg protein Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Coverage for Procysbi requires documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon	
Exclusion Criteria:	Documented history of hypersensitivity to cysteamine or penicillamine	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months unless otherwise specified	



DALFAMPRIDINE Affected Medications: dalfampridine

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment to improve walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis (MS) 		
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis (MS) with documented impairment, but able to walk with		
Information:	or without assistance		
	 Documentation of baseline Timed 25-foot walk test (T25-FW) 		
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success compared to baseline walking		
Treatment	ability as determined by treating provider		
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:			
Exclusion	History of seizures		
Criteria:	Creatinine clearance less than or equal to 50mL/min		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or after consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist 		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			



POLICY NAME: DAPRODUSTAT

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat)

Covered lless	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis for at least four months
Required Medical	Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD
Information:	Documentation of dialysis use for 4 or more months
	Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level of less than 10 g/dL
	• Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum
	ferritin level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater
	than or equal to 20%
	• Current Erythropoietin Resistance Index (ERI) or current body weight, weekly doses
	erythropoietin for the past 3 months, and hemoglobin for the past three months to
	calculate ERI
Appropriate	• Documented lack of response to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA), defined as
Treatment	having an ERI of 2 or more OR intolerance to all ESAs
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
	Maximum 24 mg per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with ESAs
	Current uncontrolled hypertension
	• Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome,
	• Major auverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome,
	stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to
	stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to
Age Restriction:	stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment Active malignancy
-	 stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment Active malignancy 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	 stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment Active malignancy 18 years of age and older



DAPTOMYCIN

Affected Medications: Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 350 mg Intravenous, Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 500 mg Intravenous

Covered Uses	• Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive		
Covered Uses:	bacterial infection		
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not 		
	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis caused 		
	by:		
	 Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aurous (MASA) 		
	 Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) Complicated Skip and Skip Structure Infections (aSSSI) aswed by 		
	 Complicated Skin and Skin Structure Infections (cSSSI) caused by currential isolator of the following Gram positive bestories 		
	susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive bacteria:		
	MSSA		
	MRSA		
	 Streptococcus pyogenes 		
	 Streptococcus agalactiae 		
	 Streptococcus dysgalactiae subsp. equisimilis 		
	Enterococcus faecalis		
	Compendia-supported uses including		
	 Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) or vancomycin resistant 		
	staph aureus (VRSA) infections		
	 Bacteremia associated with intravascular line 		
	 Osteomyelitis 		
	 Septic arthritis 		
	 Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only) 		
	 Vertebral osteomyelitis 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected gram-positive bacterial 		
-	infection		
	• Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen		
	• Documentation of therapy intention (empiric, pathogen directed)		
	• Documentation of culture and sensitivity data or plan to adjust from		
	empiric to definitive therapy once culture results are available		
	 Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable 		
	 Documentation of planned dosing, current weight, and patient renal 		
	function		
	 Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require 		
	documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum		
	creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at		
	least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without		
	an alternative explanation		



Appropriate Treatment	• Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive
Regimen & Other Criteria:	bacterial infection for up to 7 days
	bacterial infection for up to 7 days
	Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis
	 Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection
	 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid
	and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to
	therapy with each
	Adult dosing:
	 6 to 12 mg/kg once daily
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
	Pediatric dosing:
	 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily
	 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
	 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
	 Duration of therapy: 2 to 6 weeks
	Buruton of therapy. 2 to o weeks
	Bacteremia associated with intravascular line
	Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid
	and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to
	therapy with each.
	Adult dosing
	 For infections caused by MRSA: 6 to 8mg/kg once daily
	 For infections caused by
	 methicillin-resistant, coagulase-negative staphylococci:
	6mg/kg once daily
	 ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-susceptible
	Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
	 ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus
	faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
	<u>cSSSI</u>
	 Documentation of MSSA or MRSA infection
	 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to beta-
	lactams (e.g., cefazolin), clindamycin, doxycycline, linezolid,
	sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim, and vancomycin, or contraindication or
	rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
	Adult dosing:
	 4mg/kg once daily for 7 to 14 days



	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
	Pediatric dosing:
	 1 to less than 2 years of age: 10mg/kg once daily
	 2 to 6 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
	 7 to 11 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
	 12 to 17 years of age: 5mg/kg once daily
	 Duration of therapy: 7 to 14 days
	Osteomyelitis and Septic arthritis
	Documentation of MRSA and VRE infection
	Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to
	vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance
	to therapy with each
	• Adult dosing: 6 to 10 mg/kg
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
	Pediatric dosing: 6 to 10mg/kg once daily
	Duration of therapy
	 Osteomyelitis: 8 weeks Sentia arthritis: 2 to 4 weeks
	 Septic arthritis: 3 to 4 weeks
	Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only)
	 Documentation of MRSA infection
	 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to
	clindamycin and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for
	avoidance to therapy with each
	Pediatric dosing:
	 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily
	 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
	 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
	Duration of therapy: 3 to 6 weeks
	Vertebral osteomyelitis
	 Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection
	 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to
	vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance
	to therapy with each
	 Adult dosing: 6 to 8 mg/kg once daily
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
	Duration: 6 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of pneumonia



	 Treatment of left-sided infective endocarditis or prosthetic valve endocarditis due to Staphylococcus aureus Treatment of VRE colonization of urine or respiratory tract Empiric therapy for patients discharged from a higher level of care on vancomycin
Age Restriction:	At least 1 year of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Empiric treatment of an infection caused by an undefined pathogen on an outpatient basis, approval: 7 days Other, approval: 1 month



POLICY NAME: DASATINIB

Affected Medications: SPRYCEL (dasatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For patients with Chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	• Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months (2 week initial partial fill), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFIBROTIDE

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients aged 4 through 5 years with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA Current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion, according to FDA approved labeling Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	 Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen Current active infection Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime Acute liver disease or impaired liver function
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 or 5 years
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization)



POLICY NAME: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS

Affected Medications: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS (all brands)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administra	ation (FDA) approved indications no	ot otherwise
	excluded by plan design		
	 Diabetes Mellitus (DI 		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of complete	& current treatment course	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 541-330-4999 Preferred products must be p Freestyle Lite Freestyle Precision N Freestyle Precision X 	eo tra require a formulary exception reque	
	Exception	Quantity Limit]
	Gestational DM		-
	Insulin administration of 4	150 test strips per 25 days	
	times daily or greater	(6x/day)	
	New onset Adult DM		
	Uncontrolled DM (HbA1c	-	
	greater than 10)		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
	Exception	Quantity Limit	
	Insulin Pump Start	250 test strips per 25 days	
	New onset Pediatric DM	(10x/day)	
Exclusion Criteria:	• Patients actively utilizing con for greater than 4 times daily	tinuous glucose monitors (CGM) wi v testing (#100/25 days)	ill not be approved
Age Restriction:			



Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from by plan design National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 		
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and		
Information:	prescribed dosing regimen		
	 Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): 		
	 An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR 		
	 Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites 		
	Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:		
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) 		
	 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age 		
	• Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology		
	and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan or PET scan if MIBG is negative]		
	• Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first- line multi-agent, multimodality therapy		
Appropriate	Maximum duration: 5 cycles		
Treatment	• Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	[GM-CSF; sargramostim], interleukin-2 [IL-2; aldesleukin], and 13-cis-retinoic acid [RA; isotretinoin])		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater		
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age		
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: DOJOLVI

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
	• A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult
	patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders.
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay
	Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake
	• Documentation of severe disease despite dietary management as evidenced by one of the following:
	 Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting
	 Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management
	 Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 within the past year or 5 within the past 2 years)
	 Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an over the counter (OTC) medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product
Criteria:	Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
Exclusion Criteria:	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product
	Medium chain acyl-dehydrogenase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DONISLECEL

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
Required Medical	Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years		
Information:	 Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive insulin management with all the following: 		
	 Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump 		
	 Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous glucose monitor 		
	 Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with 		
	either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration		
	• Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia		
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence		
Treatment	within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous		
Regimen & Other	insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)		
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy		
	Malignancy		
	Active infection		
	Previous kidney or pancreas transplant		
	Prior portal vein thrombosis		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise		



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.	
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	1 month or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified.	



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa enteral suspension)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with both of the following: Oral levodopa/carbidopa Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor 		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: DUPILUMAB

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 6 years and older with
	moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype or oral
	corticosteroid dependent asthma
	• Treatment of patients aged 6 months and older with moderate-to-severe atopic
	dermatitis (AD)
	 Treatment of patients aged 1 year and older, weighing at least 15 kg, with
	eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE)
	• Add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled
	chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP)
	 Treatment of adult patients with prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	• Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by
	both of the following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL AND
	• FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	AD
	• Diagnosis of severe atopic dermatitis with functional impairment, defined by one of the
	following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND one of the following:
	 Body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10%
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
	EoE
	 Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils
	per high power field (HPF)
	 Documented history of two or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current
	treatment
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	CRSwNP		
	 Documentation of both the following: 		
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total 		
	ethmoidectomy		
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent 		
	symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus		
	obstruction)		
	<u>PN</u>		
	Documentation of all the following:		
	 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy 		
	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months 		
	 Severe itching 		
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma		
Treatment	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta 		
Regimen & Other	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms		
Criteria:	AND		
	Documentation of one of the following:		
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or 		
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination		
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence		
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required 		
	AD		
	Documented treatment failure with at least 4 weeks of a topical non-steroidal agent		
	(e.g., tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream) OR		
	• Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:		
	phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate		
	ΕοΕ		
	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ONE of the following: 		
	 High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (PPI) 		
	 Swallowed corticosteroid (such as fluticasone or budesonide) 		
	CRSwNP		
	 Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant 		
	PN		
	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: 		
L			



	phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response	
	to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	• Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Tezspire, Cingair)	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	<u>Eosinophilic asthma</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist	
	<u>AD</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist	
	• <u>EoE</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or gastroenterologist	
	• CRSwNP : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist	
	• <u>PN</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AchR) antibody positive Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required	PNH
Medical	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
Information:	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	• Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	• History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	<u>aHUS</u>
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
	• Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status,
	seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	 gMG Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test OR
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test OR
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV



	Desitive service to the test	
	Positive serologic test f	
	Documentation of ONE	0
		of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative M 	lyasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	NMOSD	
	Diagnosis of seropositiv	ve aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by
	all the following:	
	 Documentation 	n of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
	 Exclusion of alt 	ernative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
	 At least one co 	re clinical characteristic:
	Acute of the second	optic neuritis
		nyelitis
		area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups
		sea/vomiting)
		prainstem syndrome
		omatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with
		D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
		ble below]
	-	cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [<i>see table</i>
	below]	
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion
		Hypothalamic/thalamic
		lesion
	Acute cerebral	Extensive
	syndrome	periependymal lesion
		Long, diffuse, beterogeneue, er
		heterogenous, or
		edematous corpus
		callosum lesion
		Long corticospinal tract
		lesion
		Large, confluent
		subcortical or deep
		white matter lesion
Appropriate	PNH	
Treatment	<u></u>	
	1	



Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	aHUS
	 Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present: Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
	 Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	gMG
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	NMOSD
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima)
	 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
	 Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
	Reauthorization requires:
	• gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG
	scores from baseline
	NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement
	in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
	PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH,
	stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in
	thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH,
	stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline



Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication Current meningitis infection 	
Age Restriction:	 PNH, gMG, and NMOSD: 18 years of age or older aHUS: 2 months of age or older 	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist: PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: EDARAVONE

Affected Medication: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS (edaravone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical Information:	 Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised (Airlie House) criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function (defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values [% FVC] of at least 80%) Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Member is stable on riluzole Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole For Radicava ORS requests: Documented intolerable adverse event to Radicava (given intravenously) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient <u>Reauthorization</u>: Treatment success as determined by prescriber including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EFLORNITHINE

Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma who achieve at least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites] Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 3 disease with MYCN gene NOT amplified in patients at least 18 months of age with International Neuroblastoma Pathology Classification (INPC) as unfavorable histology (UH) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 12 months of age Staging studies documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging as follows: Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan of the primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [MIBG] scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative). Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy up to a total of 2 years of treatment • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist



Coverage	Initial ap	proval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reautho	rization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 years of
	treatme	nt, unless otherwise specified



ELAGOLIX

Affected Medications: Orilissa (elagolix), Oriahnn (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain (Orilissa)
	 Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas (Oriahnn)
Required Medical	Pain due to endometriosis
Information:	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis
Treatment	• Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of osteoporosis
	 Pregnancy
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn)
_	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified *Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage	 Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ELAPRASE

Affected Medications: ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type II confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of iduronate 2-sulfatase enzyme activity or by DNA testing that shows pathologic iduronate 2-sulfatase gene mutation Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Hunters syndrome such as abnormal facial appearance, liver or spleen enlargement, cardiovascular disorders, neurocognitive decline, presence of pearly popular skin lesions Baseline values for one or more of the following: 6 minute walk test (6-MWT) Forced vital capacity (FVC) Liver and/or spleen volume Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAG) level
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose does not exceed 0.5 mg/kg/week Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in 6-MWT Improvement or stability in FVC Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Reduction in urinary GAG level
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	16 months of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in the treatment of inherited metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ELIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Type 1 Gaucher Disease
Required Medical	• Diagnosis must be documented in the members chart notes within the past 6 months
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay
	• Documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6 (CYP2D6) Genotype by a FDA approved test
	indicating CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers, intermediated metabolizers, or poor metabolizers
	Documentation of complete and current treatment course
	• Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests.
Appropriate	Documentation of failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for the avoidance of
Treatment Regimen & Other	combination therapy with Cerezyme, and failure with Cerezyme monotherapy
Criteria:	Extensive or Immediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit- 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction,
	bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
	• Treatment with Class 1A (e.g., quinidine, procainaminde) and Class III (e.g.,
	amiodarone, sotalol) antiarrhythmic medications
	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of
Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, liver, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: Skysona (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients
Required Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following:
Information:	 Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation
	 Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following:
	 Concentration of C26:0
	 Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0
	 Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0
	\circ Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or
	mildly symptomatic disease)
	 Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic
	review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the
	following:
	 Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions
	 Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a
Treatment	hematopoietic stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender
	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy
Age Restriction:	• 4 to 17 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or
Restrictions:	hematologist/oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)



POLICY NAME: ELOSULFASE ALFA

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A Syndrome)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome) confirmed by an enzyme assay or detection of biallelic pathogenic mutations in the GALNS gene by molecular genetic testing Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Morquio A syndrome such as knee deformity, hip deformity, protuberant sternum, kyphoscoliosis, and abnormal gait Baseline six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed 2 mg/kg/week
Treatment	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Regimen & Other	enforced for all medical infusion drugs
Criteria:	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as improvement in six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• 5 years of age and older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ELTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag), PROMACTA PACKET

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Thrombocytopenia in adult and pediatric patients 1 year and older with
	persistent or chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an
	insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	• Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C to allow the initiation and
	maintenance of interferon-based therapy
	• In combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy for the first-line
	treatment of adult and pediatric patients 2 years and older with severe aplastic
	anemia
	• Patients with severe aplastic anemia who have had an insufficient response to
	immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	 Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy
	Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter
	Severe aplastic anemia
	Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy
	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate	Oral suspension formulation requires documented medical inability to use Promacta
Treatment	tablets
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	• Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
	50,000/microliter, to ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia,
	including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin



	o Splenectomy
	 Reauthorization: Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400, 000/microliter) OR The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	 Reauthorization: Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and Promacta used in combination with antiviral therapy
	 Severe aplastic anemia Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR Severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR Severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR Severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR Severe aplastic anemia as indicated severe aplastic anemia as indicated severe approximately and the severe approximately and the severe approximately and the severe approximately approxi
	 For those less than 40 years old without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years old or older: Documentation that Promacta is being used as first line treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	 Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only): Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting ONE or more of the following criteria: Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts
	 Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL, or a reduction in greater than or equal to 4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Nplate, Tavalisse, Doptelet)
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Severe aplastic anemia
 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam
 Approval: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (Emicizumab-kxwh)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
Information:	Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
Treatment Regimen & Other	• Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints
Criteria:	Prophylactic agents must be discontinued
	• Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMBLIRA
	 Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMBLIRA
	Loading Dose:
	 3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks
	 Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	Maintenance dose:
	• 1.5 mg/kg once every week or
	• 3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or
	6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks
	 Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
	Product Availability:
	 Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
	spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since
	last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist



Coverage Duration:	•	Approval duration: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric (newborn and older) patients with primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) with refractory, recurrent or progressive disease or intolerance with conventional HLH therapy.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present: Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days) Splenomegaly Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate, hydrocortisone) Must be used in combination with dexamethasone (if established on the following, patient may instead continue: oral cyclosporine A; intrathecal methotrexate and/or glucocorticoids) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not
	received HSCT
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or
Restrictions:	provider with experience in the management of HLH
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN (bosentan), AMBRISENTAN (ambrisentan), Tracleer suspension

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered oses.	
	 by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	 Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization
Information:	(WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias:
Information	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index OR Dressence of course summations (functional class I) ()
Appropriate	• Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Treatment	 Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor
Regimen & Other	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking
Criteria:	agents if postitive Acute Vasoreactivity Test
cincenta.	 Requests for Tracleer oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow
	tablets
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of
	the following:
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENTERAL NUTRITION/ORAL NUTRITION SUPPLEMENTS Affected Medications: ENTERAL NUTRITION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered uses:	plan design
Required	Nutritional Deficiency identified by one of the following:
Medical	Documentation of chronic and permanent illness/trauma resulting in inability to be
Information:	maintained through oral feeding and must rely on enteral/parenteral nutrition therapy. (i.e., permanent enteral/parenteral prosthetic device is required)
	OR
	 Documentation of functioning GI tract who, due to pathology to, or non-function of, the structures that normally permit food to reach the digestive tract (oral feeding), cannot maintain weight and strength commensurate with his/her general condition. (ex. head/neck cancer with reconstructive surgery and CNS disease leading to interference with the neuromuscular mechanism) OR
	 Documentation of use for training in the ketogenic diet for children with epilepsy in cases where the child has failed or not tolerated conventional therapy
	Oral nutritional supplements may be approved when the following criteria has been met:
	Clients age 6 and above:
	Must have a nutritional deficiency identified by one of the following:
	 Recent low serum protein levels OR
	• Recent registered dietician assessment shows sufficient caloric/protein intake is
	not obtainable through regular, liquefied or pureed foods OR
	 Must meet all of the following: Prolonged history (i.e., years) of malnutrition, and diagnosis or symptoms of cachexia
	 Client residence in home, nursing facility, or chronic home care facility
	 Where the above conditions be futile and invasive
	AND
	Must have a recent unplanned weight loss of at least 10%, PLUS one of the following:
	 Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma OR Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal
	 Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal dialysis) OR
	 Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) or pulmonary insufficiency.
	Note: Weight loss criteria may be waived if body weight is being maintained by supplements
	due to patient's medical condition (e.g., renal failure, AIDS)
	Clients under age 6:
	Diagnosis of failure to thrive AND



	• Must meet same criteria as above, with the exception of % of weight loss.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by a practitioner licensed to prescribe medications
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR FABRY DISEASE

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Fabry disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following: Males: Enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 3 percent) Males: Deficiency of alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Females: Molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease including severe neuropathic pain, dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas), corneal opacities, kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia), cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure), or cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (at least 12 weeks) or intolerable adverse event to Fabrazyme prior to Elfabrio approval Dose does not exceed 1 mg/kg every 2 weeks Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another ERT or Galafold
Age Restriction:	 2 years of age and older for Fabrazyme 18 years of age and older for Elfabrio
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPLONTERSEN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
by plan design
 Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated
amyloidosis in adults
 Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing
Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy
• Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic
neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, renal dysfunction)
Documentation with one of the following:
\circ Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb
 Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130
 Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2
Documented treatment failure with diflunisal
<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to eplontersen (e.g.,
improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life
improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)
assessment, serum TTR levels)
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine 18 years of age and older
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine 18 years of age and older
 assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the



POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Information:	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy
Treatment	classes is required:
Regimen & Other	 PDE5 inhibitors AND
Criteria:	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction
	Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist



Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Injection, Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Nasal Solution

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered oses.	by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of migraines described as being moderate-severe Documentation of inadequate response or contraindication to all of the following: Minimum of two prescription strength NSAIDs or combination analgesics (e.g., ibuprofen, naproxen, or acetaminophen plus aspirin plus caffeine) Minimum of 1 oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5HT1) receptor agonists (e.g., sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, or zolmitriptan) Minimum of 1 NON-oral 5HT1 agonist (e.g., sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Injection doses should not exceed 3 mg in a 24 hour period, and 6 mg in one week QL 12mL/30 days Nasal solutions should not exceed 2 mg per day, no additional benefit shown QL 2mL/30 days (or 8mg/30 days) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	Patients 18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: Epogen (epoetin alfa), Mircera (methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta), Procrit (epoetin alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Epogen & Procrit & Mircera Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion Epogen & Procrit Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Epogen & Procrit only To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL Compendia-supported uses Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Required Medical Information:	 One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label or compendia support: Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular surgery Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when any of the following criteria is met: For Epogen or Procrit, a documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient



	 For Mircera, a documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Aranesp & Retacrit Currently receiving treatment with Mircera, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (hematologist, oncologist, nephrologist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETANERCEPT

Affected Medications: ENBREL SOLUTION, ENBREL KIT

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis 	
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis 	
	• Psoriatic Arthritis	
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis 	
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis 	
	• Plaque Psoriasis	
	 Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis 	
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent	
	objective scale)	
	• Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2	
	• The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10	
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3 	
	Plaque Psoriasis	
	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional 	
	impairment as defined by one of the following:	
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater 	
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater 	
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 	
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement 	
	preventing normal social interaction	
	AND	
	 Documentation of one or more of the following: 	
	• At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR	
	 Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement 	
	Psoriatic Arthritis	
	 Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes: 	
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one 	
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point	
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point 	
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point 	
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point 	
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one 	
	point	
	l	



	Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)	
	 Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at 	
	least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:	
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met): 	
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years 	
	 Insidious onset 	
	 Improvement with exercise 	
	 No improvement with rest 	
	 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising) 	
	o Arthritis	
	 Enthesitis 	
	 Uveitis 	
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) 	
	·	
	• Family history of SpA	
	• Elevated CRP	
	OR	
	 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features 	
	Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity	
	index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
	 Documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD 	
	global score) or active joint count	
	Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)	
	 Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of: 	
	 Arthritis and psoriasis 	
	OR	
	 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following: 	
	 Dactylitis 	
	 Nail pitting or onycholysis 	
	 Enthesitis 	
	 Psoriasis in a first-degree relative 	
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Treatment	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate 	
Regimen & Other	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease 	
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)	
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 	
	12 weeks of each therapy:	
	 One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), 	
	Actemra IV	



	AND
0	Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab- adaz)
Plaque Pso	priasis
• Docum	nented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Metho	trexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
• Docum	nented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
12 wee	eks of each therapy:
0	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
0	One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-
	fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya
Psoriatic A	rthritis
	nented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
0	If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
 Docum 	nented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
12 wee	eks of each therapy:
0	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
AND	
0	One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
Ankylosing	<u>g Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)</u>
Docum	nented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory
drugs	(ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial
each	
OR	
•	ripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered
-	eral glucocorticoid
	nented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
12 wee	
0	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
AND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0	One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars:
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
Juvenile Id	liopathic Arthritis
• Docum	nented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND at
least o	ne of methotrexate or leflunomide for a minimum of 12 weeks



	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
	Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
	• Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
	• Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide
	<u>QL:</u>
	 Induction (Plaque Psoriasis only): 50mg twice weekly for first 3 months Maintenance: 50mg once weekly
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:
Information:	 Currently on dialysis
	 Intact parathyroid (iPTH) level greater than 300 pg/mL
	Documentation of iPTH that is persistently elevated above target range despite at least
	12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose,
	unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
	 Calcitriol
	 Doxercalciferol
	o Paricalcitol
	o Cinacalcet
Appropriate	
Treatment	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Regimen & Other	response to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	• Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic
	kidney disease who are not on hemodialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE Affected Medications: Hemgenix

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of current negative inhibitor testing and history defined as two tests in the last five years separated by at least 12 months Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% AND requiring prophylactic treatment Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Creatinine
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Dosing</u> 2 x 10¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	 History or current presence of IX inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or uncontrolled HIV Life expectancy less than 1 year due to other advanced medical conditions
Age Restriction:	Ages 18 and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)



EVKEEZA

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered uses.	by plan design
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical	 Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
Information:	
Information.	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial
	hypercholesterolemia
	• Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 20
	years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects
Appropriate	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
Treatment	• Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic
Regimen & Other	(rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
Criteria:	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when
	statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in
	concurrence with statin use
	• Documented treatment failure defined as an LDL-C greater than 100mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
	 Maximally tolerated statin therapy
	o Ezetimibe
	 PCSK9 monoclonal antibody unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less
	 Dose rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization : Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid
Restrictions:	specialist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years 	
	of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises	
	 Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric 	
	patients at least 12 years of age	
Required Medical	SICKLE CELL DISEASE	
Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: 	
	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay 	
	OR	
	 Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND 	
	\circ Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α -globin gene deletions	
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: 	
	 Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome 	
	 Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration 	
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen 	
	TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA	
	 Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alpha- thalassemia and hemoglobin S/β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: 	
	 Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic pathogenic variants 	



	OR
	 Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and increased amounts of hemoglobin F
	• Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions of pRBCs <i>per year</i> in the 2 years preceding therapy
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment	• Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	Ages 12 and above
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Below the Medicaid Line of Coverage

Covered Uses:	• Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Definitions:
Information:	 Unfunded condition is a condition that is below the Oregon Health Authority (OHA)-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services Funded condition is a condition that is above the OHA-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services To review the line as well as examine guidelines to see if patient meets certain criteria for
	approval, please refer to the following website: https://intouch.pacificsource.com/LineFinder/
	 For age 21 and above: Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are not covered by PacificSource Community Solutions unless it can be shown that: The unfunded condition is causing or exacerbating a medically related funded condition AND Treating the unfunded condition would significantly improve the outcome of treating the medically related funded condition For age 20 or younger: Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are covered by PacificSource Community Solutions if treatment is medically necessary, per the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment Program
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed
Information:	• Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state
	 Documentation that a delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME:

FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Previous treatment with each of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Vancomycin OR fidaxomicin (Dificid) Zinplava OR fecal microbiota transplant (FMT) For Vowst requests: Documented treatment failure with all the above agents AND Rebyota
Exclusion Criteria:	Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
Information:	Current weight
	 Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	Dravet Syndrome
	 Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment	Dravet Syndrome
Regimen & Other	• Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
Criteria:	four of the following therapies:
	 Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide or topiramate
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
	three guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	• Valproate, lamotrigine, runnamide, topiraniate, reibaniate, or ciobazani
	Dosing: not to exceed 26 mg daily
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure
	severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDAXOMICIN

Affected Medications: DIFICID (fidaxomicin)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Clostridioides difficile-associated diarrhea Documented diagnosis of <i>C. difficile</i> infection (CDI) with associated diarrhea, defined as: Prescence of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin A or B in the stool AND
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Greater than 3 unformed bowel movements in 24 hours Documentation of at least one trial/failure of an appropriate oral vancomycin regimen for CDI in the previous 6 months At least one of the following risk factors for recurrent or severe CDI: Age greater than 65 years Severe underlying medical disorders Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Reauthorization: Documentation of current active CDI with associated diarrhea Documentation of past treatment success with fidaxomicin, defined as symptom resolution at the end of treatment course
Exclusion Criteria:	Asymptomatic colonization with <i>C. difficile</i>
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FILSPARI

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

	1
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy
	(IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression
Required Medical	Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy
Information:	• Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day (labs current within 30 days of
	request)
	OR
Annxonxisto	
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of an angiotensin-
Treatment	converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blockers (ARB)
Regimen & Other	• Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy
Criteria:	such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as
	proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two or more
	glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class)
	No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months
Exclusion Criteria:	Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist that is REMS certified
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 9 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of:
	 Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline
	 End-stage kidney disease
	 Cardiovascular death
	 Non-fatal myocardial infarction
	 Hospitalization for heart failure
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	\circ eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m ²
	\circ Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g
	 Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate	Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme
Treatment	(ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or
Regimen & Other	contraindicated
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUCYTOSINE Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	•	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Candidal endocarditis Candidiasis Candidiasis of urogenital site Cryptococcosis Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Candida endophthalmitis Central nervous system candidiasis Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required Medical Information:	•	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	•	Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Infectious Disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 8 weeks, or lesser requested duration



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta Reauthorization requires response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000 microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatment for thrombocytopenia (such as Promacta, Doptelet, or Nplate)
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT **Affected Medications:** ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ (fluocinolone acetonide intravitreal implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Iluvien</u> Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure
	 <u>Retisert and Yutiq</u> Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Iluvien</u> Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	 Retisert and Yutiq Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following: Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate, azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil) At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus) Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections Concurrent use of intravitreal implants and injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF) Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: Dimethyl fumarate, BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate), VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 <u>RRMS</u> Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Vumerity and Bafiertam: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	٠	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: FYARRO Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or better
Required Medical	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa)
Regimen & Other	 Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease
Criteria:	confirmed by pathology.
	• History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents:
	 Sirolimus oral tablet
	 Everolimus or temsirolimus
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	• Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	 History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: GALAFOLD **Affected Medications:** GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Fabry disease in adults with an amenable galactosidase alpha gene (GLA) variant
Required	Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following:
Medical Information:	 Males: Enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 3 percent)
11101 mation:	 Males: Deficiency of alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Females: Molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable galactosidase alpha (GLA) variant Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease including severe neuropathic pain, dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas), corneal opacities, kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia), cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure), or cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes)
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Concurrent use with Enzyme Replacement Therapy (Elfabrio or Fabrazyme)
Criteria:	• Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GALSULFASE

Affected Medications: NAGLAZYME (galsulfase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by benefit design	
	 Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome) 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)	
Information:	confirmed by an enzyme assay or detection of pathogenic mutations in the	
	Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene by molecular genetic testing	
	• Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome such as coarse	
	facial features, severe skeletal disease, joint abnormalities, respiratory disease, and	
	cardiac abnormalities	
	• Baseline six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)	
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed 1 mg/kg/week	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as improvement in	
Criteria:	six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)	
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of		
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE Affected Medications: ZTALMY

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	• Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5
	(CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical	Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing
Information:	Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure management
Cincentar	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in seizure frequency when compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	West syndrome
	 Seizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type
Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GIVOSIRAN

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

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Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP) Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lab test utilized 	
	 Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation for avoidance of exacerbating factors, including certain medications, smoking, drinking, and infections 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of active acute disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months requiring Hemin administration that are not attributable to a specific exacerbating factor For women: Documented 12-week trial and failure of gonadotropin releasing hormone analogue (ex. Leuprolide) OR Documentation that attacks are not related to the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of greater than 50% reduction in 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 baseline acute attack frequency Active HIV, Hepatitis C, or Hepatitis B infection(s) 	
	 Active Fiv, Repatitis C, of Repatitis B infection(s) History of Pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin 	
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 12 years of age	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specialize in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: GLATIRAMER

Affected Medications: GLATIRAMER, GLATOPA

	ns : GLATIKAMIER, GLATOPA
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated sundrama (CIS)
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	• Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	• Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Annxonxisto	
Appropriate Treatment	• Documentation of dose and frequency as the 20 mg/mL and 40 mg/mL formulations are not
Regimen &	interchangeable
Other Criteria:	• No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS

Affected Medications: BYETTA Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON BCise Subcutaneous (Exenatide), OZEMPIC (semaglutide), VICTOZA Subcutaneous (Liraglutide), TRULICITY Subcutaneous (dulaglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults and pediatric patients 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	The patient is diagnosed as having type-2 diabetes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of all the following: Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to metformin Documented failure of an antidiabetic agent other than metformin (e.g., Steglatro, alogliptin, pioglitazone) A recent A1C level greater than 7% despite treatment (patient cannot be currently untreated) Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	 Byetta, Bydureon, Victoza and Trulicity – greater than or equal to 10 years. Ozempic – greater than or equal to 18 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GOLIMUMAB

Affected Medications: SIMPONI ARIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) 		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) 		
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA) 		
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) 		
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis		
Information:	• Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent		
	objective scale)		
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 		
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 		
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or		
	greater based on chart notes:		
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one 		
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point		
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point 		
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point 		
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point 		
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one 		
	point		
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis		
	 Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at 		
	least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:		
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met): 		
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years 		
	 Insidious onset 		
	 Improvement with exercise 		
	 No improvement with rest 		
	 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising) 		
	• Arthritis		
	o Enthesitis		
	o Uveitis		
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) 		
	o Psoriasis		
	 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis 		



	 Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Family history of SpA
	 Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)
	OR
	 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
	• Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity
	index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Regimen & Other	• If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
	 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory
	drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial
	each
	OR
	 For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered
	parenteral glucocorticoid
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or
	leflunomide
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
	QL DA/DEA/ASt 2 mg/kg at weaks 0 and 4 followed by even 8 weaks
	RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, followed by every 8 weeks
	Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter



	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
	Reauthorization:		
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Endometriosis 			
	 Endometrial thinning 			
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of			
	2A or better			
Required Medical	Endometriosis			
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis			
Appropriate	Endometriosis			
Treatment	• Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3			
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:			
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 			
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 			
	Endometrial thinning			
	Documentation of both the following:			
	 Diagnosis of dysfunctional uterine bleeding 			
	 Planning to use as an endometrial-thinning agent prior to endometrial ablation 			
	Reauthorization for oncologic uses requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period 			
Age Restriction:	• 18 years and older			
Prescriber	For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist			
Restrictions:	• For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist			
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses			
	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Endometriosis			
	Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified			
	Endometrial thinning			
	Approval: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified			





POLICY NAME:

GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN[®], GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK[®], HUMATROPE[®], NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO[®], NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN[®], OMNITROPE[®], SAIZEN[®], ZOMACTON, SKYTROFA, SOGROYA, NGENLA

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	Pediatric indications:				
	 Growth Hormone Deficiency 				
	• Pituitary dwarfism (short stature disorder due to growth hormone deficiency)				
	 Growth hormone deficiency without short stature NOT a funded 				
	indication				
	 Turner's syndrome 				
	 Prader-Willi syndrome 				
	 Noonan's syndrome 				
	 Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency 				
	• Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease (stages 3, 4, 5 or ESRD) or				
	renal transplant				
	 Small for gestational age 				
	Adult indications:				
	 Growth Hormone Deficiency 				
Required Medical	All indications:				
Information:	• Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, and bone age (pediatrics), and patient				
	weight				
	Pediatric growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism				
	 For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed bage AND 				
	 Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) 				
	OR				
	 Height velocity impaired AND 				
	 Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age 				
	Turner's sundrome				
	Turner's syndrome				
	For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:				
	 Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND 				
	 For patients less than 2 years of age: 				
	 Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on WHO 				
	growth curves at equivalent age, AND				
	 No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays 				
	delays				
	 For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age: 				



•	Height below the 5th p	percentile for bone age, AND	
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• No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays

Noonan's syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min)
 - Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age.

Prader-Willi syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND
 - Height velocity impaired

Small for gestational age

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Documentation of weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex at birth
 - At least two years old
 - \circ Height standard deviation score of at least -2.5 at the start of therapy
 - Documentation of lab work ruling out other physiological and genetic conditions that cause short stature including:
 - IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 values within normal range
 - Evaluation for growth inhibiting medications
 - Absence of chronic illness impacting growth velocity
 - Absence of genetic condition impacting growth velocity



	Adult Growth Hormone
	• For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
	 Growth hormone deficiency defined as IGF-1 outside of reference range for
	patients' sex and age
	\circ Failure of a growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test ITT or
	glucagon stimulation test)
	Reauthorization:
	• Pediatric: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
	Adult: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-1 within normal reference range for age and sex
Appropriate	• Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) of Norditropin
Treatment	prior to any other growth hormone agent
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Skytrofa and Ngenla
	• Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of all
	formulary growth hormone options
	<u>Sogroya</u>
	• Documented clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of Norditropin AND one additional daily growth hormone agent
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an age-appropriate endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: EPCLUSA (Sofosbuvir/Velptasvir), VOSEVI (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), MAVYRET (Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir)

A	Approval Criteria		
1.	What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.	
2.	Is the request for treatment of Hepatitis C infection?	Yes: Go to #3 Document baseline quantitative HCV RNA level	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
•	 Has <u>all</u> the following pre-treatment testing been documented: Genotype testing in past 3 years is required if the patient has decompensated cirrhosis, <u>prior treatment experience</u> with a DAA regimen, and if prescribed a regimen which is not pan-genotypic History of previous HCV treatment, viral load after treatment, and outcome are required only if there is documentation of treatment experience 	Yes: Record results of each test and go to #4	No : Pass to RPh. Request updated testing.
4.	Which regimen is requested?	Document and go to #5	
5.	Has the patient been treated with a direct acting antiviral regimen previously?	Yes: Go to #6	No: Go to #8



A	Approval Criteria		
6.	Did the patient achieve a sustained virological response (SVR) at week 12 or longer following the completion of their last DAA regimen?	Yes: Go to #7	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	 Is this likely a reinfection, indicated by at least one of the following: Does the patient have ongoing risk factors for hepatitis C reinfection (e.g., sexually active men who have sex with men, persons who inject drugs), OR Is the hepatitis C infection a different genotype than previous 	Yes: Document as reinfection. Use regimens recommended for treatment naïve patients. Go to #8	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	Is the prescribed drug: Elbasvir/grazoprevir for GT 1a infection; or Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir for GT 1a treatment- <u>experienced</u> infection; or Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for GT 3 in cirrhosis or treatment-experienced infection 	Yes: Go to #9	No: Go to #10
9.	 Has the patient had a baseline NS5a resistance test that documents a resistant variant to one of the agents in #8? Note: Baseline NS5A resistance testing is required. 	Yes: Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness	No: Go to #10 Document test and result.



10. Is the prescribed drug regimen a recommended regimen based on the patient's genotype, age, treatment status (retreatment or treatment naïve) and cirrhosis status (see Table 1 and Table 2)?	Yes: Approve for 8-24 weeks based on duration of treatment indicated for approved regimen	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
Note: Safety and efficacy of DAAs for children < 3 years of age have not been established Pediatric dosing available in Table 3 and Table 4	Referral will be made for optional case management (patient may choose to opt- in).	

Table 1: Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults, and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with HepatitisC virus.

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
Treatment naïve, confirmed	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks	
reinfection or prior treatment with	cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
PEGylated interferon/ribavirin	Compensated cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
		SOF/VEL x 12 weeks (baseline	
		resistance testing recommended for	
		GT3)	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x	
		24 weeks (if ribavirin	
		ineligible*)	
Treatment Experienced (Genotype 1-6)			
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x12 weeks G/P x	
failures, including:	cirrhosis	16 weeks (except GT3)	
Sofosbuvir + ribavirin			
Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir			
Velpatasvir/sofosbuvir			
Elbasvir/grazoprevir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks	
failures	cirrhosis		



Glecaprevir/pibrentasvir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks
failures	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks (plus RBV if
		compensated cirrhosis)
Multiple DAA Treatment Failures,	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks
including:	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 24 weeks
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir		
glecaprevir/pibrentasvir + sofosbuvir		
Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antivira	l I; EBV/GZR = elbasvir/grazoprevir; G/P	= glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; PEG
= pegylated interferon; RAV = resistance-as	ssociated variant; RBV = ribavirin; SOF	= sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL =
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; SOF/VEL/VOX = sof	osbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir	
* Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may inclu		
cells/mm ³ , autoimmune hepatitis or other		
^ Rarely, genotyping assays may indicate the		
for mixed genotypes with direct-acting ant	ivirals are limited. However, in these	cases, a pangenotypic regimen is
appropriate.		
Ribavirin-containing regimens are absolute	ely contraindicated in pregnant wome	n and in the male partners of women
who are pregnant. Documented use of two forms of birth control in patients and sex partners for whom a ribavirin		
containing regimen is chosen is required.		
All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be		
used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).		
There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These		
patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.		
Definitions of Treatment Candidates • Treatment-naïve: Patients without prior HCV treatment. • Treat as treatment-		
naïve: Patients who discontinued HCV DAA therapy within 4 weeks of initiation or have confirmed reinfection after		
achieving SVR following HCV treatment. • Treatment-experienced: Patients who received more than 4 weeks of HCV		
DAA therapy.		

Table 2: Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 - 12 years of age with Hepatitis C virus.

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen
Treatment Naïve Genotype 1-6		
Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with pegylated interferon/ribavirin	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks G/P x 8 weeks SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks
Treatment Experienced with DAA regimen		



Note: Efficacy and safety extremely limited in treatment experienced to other DAAs in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist.

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir

- All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).
- There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Table 3: Recommended dosage of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Body weight	Dosing of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir	
Less than 17 kg	One 150 mg/37.5 mg pellet packet once daily	
17 kg to less than 30 kg	One 200 mg50 mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily	
At least 30 kg Two 200 mg/50 mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400 mg/100 mg tablet once daily		

Table 4: Recommended dosage of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Body weight	Dosing of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir
Less than 20 kg	Three 50mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
20 kg to less than 30 kg	Four 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
30 kg to less than 45 kg	Five 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
45 kg and greater OR	Three 100mg/40 mg tablets once daily
12 years of age and older	



POLICY NAME:

HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE)

Affected Medications: BERINERT, CINRYZE, ICATIBANT ACETATE, SAJAZIR, HAEGARDA, RUCONEST, KALBITOR, TAKHZYRO, ORLADEYO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Hereditary angioedema (HAE) official diagnosis documented in member's chart AND Laboratory confirmed diagnosis for HAE Type I or II: Low C4 level (C4 below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test) AND one of the following: C1-inhibitor functional level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR C1-inhibitor antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR C1-inhibitor antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR
	• Family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of antihistamine (e.g., diphenhydramine) for at least one month or confirmed factor 12 (FXII) mutation
	 All other causes of acquired angioedema (e.g., medications, auto-immune diseases) have been excluded Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Acute Treatment • For requests to treat 3 or less attacks per month: • Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight. • Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year. Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose.
	 Berinert: Treatment of acute attacks 20 units/kg IV If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate OR Currently receiving treatment with Berinert, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs



• Icatibant Acetate: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. Additional doses may be administered at 6-hour intervals if response is inadequate or symptoms recur. Maximum 3 doses in 24 hours
 Ruconest: 50 units/kg IV, not to exceed 4200 units per dose. If attack symptoms persist, a second dose may be administered. Not to exceed 2 doses in 24 hours. (Effectiveness not demonstrated in patients with laryngeal attacks) If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate OR
 Kalbitor: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. If attack persists, an additional dose of 30mg may be given within 24 hours. If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate OR If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert
 For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month: Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year Documentation of current treatment or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of prophylactic therapies such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose



<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline
 Prophylaxis Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year At least ONE of the following: Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month Laryngeal edema or history of laryngeal edema A history of self-limiting, non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema, without urticaria, which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours Self-limiting, recurrent abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours
AND
• A history of TWO or more severe attack(s) per month on average for the past 3 months (defined as an attack that significantly interrupts daily activities despite short-term treatment)
 Cinryze Prophylaxis: 1000 units IV twice a week. Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro OR
 Currently receiving treatment with Cinryze for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline Doses up to 2,500 units (not exceeding 100 units/kg) may be appropriate if inadequate response with 1000 units
 Orladeyo Prophylaxis: 150 mg once daily. Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro
 OR Currently receiving treatment with Orladeyo for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline



	Haegarda Prophylaxis: 60 units/kg SC twice a week
	 Takhzyro Prophylaxis: If patient is dosing every 2 weeks and has been attack free for 6 months, dosing will be reduced to every 4 weeks 2 years of age to less than 6: 150 mg SC every 4 weeks 6 years of age to less than 12: 150 mg SC every 2 weeks 12 years of age and older: 300 mg SC every 2 weeks Reauthorization requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and
	 severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Exclusion Criteria:	 enforced for all medical infusion drugs Documentation that the requested acute treatment drug will not be used in combination with another acute HAE drug such as Berinert, Ruconest or Icatibant Acetate Documentation that the requested prophylactic treatment drug will not be used in combination with another prophylactic HAE drug such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze Orledowa in the actting of End Stage Danal Diagona on these requiring hemedial with
Age Restriction:	 Orladeyo in the setting of End-Stage Renal Disease or those requiring hemodialysis Berinert: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in adult and pediatric patients Cinryze: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Icatibant Acetate: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 18 and older Haegarda: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Ruconest: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks (non-laryngeal) in patients 13 and older Kalbitor: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older
Duccovillar	 Takhzyro: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 2 years and older Orladeyo: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/immunologist or physician
Prescriber Restrictions:	that specializes in HAE or related disorders.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1) Affected Medications: NITISINONE, ORFADIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by: Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH) Current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine Orfadin requires: A documented intolerable adverse event to nitisinone, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of treatment success confirmed by: Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specializes in the treatment of hereditary tyrosinemia or related disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Central precocious puberty (CPP) Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious puberty
Information:	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating
	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	• The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent
	for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	-
Annensiste	(WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Approval requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron formulations
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
P	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Equal or greater than 2 years old
Prescriber	Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	• Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



Hormone supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, estradiol twice weekly patch, estradiol weekly patch, estradiol tablets, estradiol valerate oil, estropipate, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone Enanthate solution, Testosterone gel

PA applies to New Starts only

Covered Uses:	Gender dysphoria
	 Applies to patients under the age of 18
	Applies to patients ander the age of 10
Required Medical	Gender dysphoria
Information:	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	• A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	• Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new
	comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone
	supplementation
Appropriate	Transdermal Testosterone
Treatment	Requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the
Regimen & Other	testosterone injections
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
Restrictions:	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: EUFLEXXA, GENVISC, GEL-ONE, GEL-SYN, HYALGAN, HYMOVIS, MONOVISC, ORTHOVISC, SUPARTZ, SYNVISC, SYNVISC-ONE, TRI-VISC

Covered Uses:	Coverage of Hyaluronic Acids is excluded based Oregon Health Authority: Viscosupplementation of the knee (CPT 20610) is not covered for treatment of osteoarthritis of the knee.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise avaluade by plan design
	excluded by plan design
	 Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with
Required Medical	adrenocortical insufficiency
Information:	Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test
	Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate)
	Current height and weight velocity
	For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain
	open
Appropriate Treatment	 Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	following: • Hydrocortisone tablets
Citteria:	 Cortisone acetate tablets
	 Prednisolone or prednisone tablets
	 Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution
	 <u>Dosing</u> is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	 Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	• When switching from other oral hydrocortisone formulations, use the
	same total hydrocortisone dosage
	 Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15
	mg/m ² /day in 3 divided doses
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height
	Use for stress dosing
	Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency
Are Destrict	Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered 03e3.	
	plan design
	 Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC)
De maine d Me dised	 Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC).
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of RVVC:
Information:	 Documented three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis information within the most 12 months
	infection within the past 12 months.
	• Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with
	a positive KOH test
	• Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
Appropriate	 Treatment failure with vaginally administered treatment (such as clotrimazole cream,
Treatment	miconazole cream, terconazole cream or suppository)
Regimen & Other	Treatment failure with fluconazole defined as:
Criteria:	• For RVVC - Documented recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy
	with oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 12
	weeks.
	• For VVC – Failure to 7-day course of fluconazole taken orally every third day for a
	total of 3 doses (days 1, 4, and 7) for the current episode
	• <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need
	for additional treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ICOSAPENT ETHYL Affected Medications: icosapent ethyl

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) annual indications not otherwise avaluated
covered uses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Cardiovascular risk reduction with hypertriglyceridemia
	 Severe hypertriglyceridemia
Required Medical	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Information:	• Documented current triglyceride level of at least 150 mg/dL, despite current therapy
	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Established cardiovascular disease (CVD) (e.g., coronary artery disease,
	cerebrovascular disease, peripheral artery disease)
	 Diabetes mellitus and 2 or more risk factors for CVD (e.g., hypertension,
	cigarette smoking, chronic kidney disease, family history of CVD)
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	 Documented current triglyceride level of at least 500 mg/dL
Appropriate	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Treatment	Documentation of minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximum
Regimen & Other	tolerated dose prior to request AND treatment plan includes intent to continue statin
Criteria:	therapy with icosapent ethyl
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	• Documentation of inadequate response with minimum 12-week trial of fenofibrate
	AND omega-3-acid ethyl esters (generic Lovaza)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
documentation:	• Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criterias:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg,
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg,
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class
	III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes
Treatment	is required:
Regimen:	 PDE5 inhibitors AND
	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of
	the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Approval Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications and other with a state
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS),
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD),
	Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS),
	Gout Flares
Required	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)
Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as
Information:	recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented
	genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)
	Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following:
	 Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA
	 Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the
	mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
	Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6 month period
	Still's Disease
	Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and
	Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients aged 2 years and older
	• Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia,
	pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte
	sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin
	Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)
	 Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold
	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the
	following:
	 Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the
	following manifestations:
	 Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss,
	musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities
	 Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations
	Gout Flares
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies
	- commendations of Boar (nation rendered) to standard therapies



	Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 TRAPS Documented clinical failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone) and at least a 12-week trial with Enbrel
	 <u>HIDS/MKD</u> Documented treatment failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra
	 <u>FMF</u> Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) AND
	 Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of Anakinra
	 Still's Disease Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: NSAIDs or Glucocorticoids Methotrexate or leflunomide Kineret (anakinra) Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra or contraindication to use
	 Gout Flares Documented treatment failure with all the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) Colchicine Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	• Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus
	 When used in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Humira, Cimzia, Infliximab, Simponi), Kineret, Arcalyst
	 Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed under covered uses
Age Restriction:	• FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older
	CAPS: 4 years of age and older
	 Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/Immunologist/Rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMIGLUCERASE

Affected Medications: CEREZYME (imiglucerase)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Type 1 Gaucher disease with one or more of the following conditions:
	 Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	 Thrombocytopenia (low platelet count)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Type 1 Gaucher disease confirmed by enzyme assay
Information:	Documented patient weight, dose, and frequency
	Documented adult patients with symptomatic disease: platelet count less than
	60,000/microL, liver greater than 2.5 times normal size, spleen greater 15 times normal
	size, radiologic evidence of skeletal disease, etc.
	• <u>Documented symptomatic children</u> : includes those with malnutrition, growth retardation,
	impaired psychomotor development, and/or fatigue (early presentation is associated with
	more severe disease)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with velaglucerase if not currently established on
Treatment	treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment efficacy based on improved labs or
	patient symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Combination treatment with more than one targeted therapy for Gaucher disease
	Dose increases due to osteonecrosis and fibrosis of liver, spleen, or lung
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider experienced in the treatment of Gaucher
Restrictions:	disease
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, GAMASTAN, OCTAGAM, PRIVIGEN, PANZYGA

Covered Uses:	East and Drug Administration approved and compandia supported uses not otherwise
covered oses.	 Food and Drug Administration-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows:
	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome Idianathia thrombon to noning numbers (ITD)
	 Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP) Guillein Berne Gundreuse (Acute influenceste numerication)
	 Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy) Dedictric UN (s Destacial construction
	 Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
	 Myasthenia Gravis
	• Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
	 Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and
	bone marrow transplant
	 Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
	 Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
	 Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
	 Hemolytic disease of the newborn
	 Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
	 Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
	 Toxic Shock Syndrome
	 Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
	Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)
Initial Approval	Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome
Criteria:	Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 IgG level less than 200
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following:
	 Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
	 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses



 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia; AND
Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
including all the following:
 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP) For Acute disease state:
Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts loss than 20.000 (microliter)
counts less than 30,000/microliter)
• To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy.
(Platelet counts less than 100,000/microliter)
OR
• Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 20,000/microliter) and is
considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage
Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):
• Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than
30,000/microliter
 History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
Duration of illness more than 6 months
Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)
Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)
Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
 Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis
 Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400mg/dL)
OR
• Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or
recurrent bacterial infections
Myasthenia Gravis
Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise)



Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability loading to dispertinguishing of physical activity)
 functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity) Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or
cyclophosphamide)
Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
 Documented severe active disease state on physical exam
 Documentation of at least two of the following:
 Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level
 Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption,
poikiloderma
 Nailfold abnormalities
 Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
• Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
• Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (Methotrexate, azathioprine,
cyclophosphamide)
Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone
marrow transplant
marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
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 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus) Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus) Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
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 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus) Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic Transplant was less than 100 days ago Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric)
 marrow transplant Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus) Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic Transplant was less than 100 days ago Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric) Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease



 Previous FAIT pregnancy
 Family history of the disease
 Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies
Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Hemolytic disease of the newborn
 Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient
Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
 Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following:
 Pemphigus vulgaris
 Pemphigus foliaceus
 Bullous Pemphigoid
 Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid)
 Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita
 Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis)
 Linear IgA dermatosis
 Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating
• Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with
corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide,
mycophenolate mofetil)
 Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL
 A documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous
antibiotics or hospitalization
Taxis Shack Sundroma
 Toxic Shock Syndrome Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome
Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)
 A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as
measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or
sequentially and may include:
• Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., Fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline)
 Behavioral therapy



	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen) Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment
Renewal Criteria:	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID) Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT) Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention Age 13 years or less Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower upon renewal request AND Documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Renewal requires a documentation that the IgG is less than or equal to 400mg/dL; AND Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases: Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS) Renewal requires all the following: Documentation of a clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and
	posttreatment)



Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days	Acute ITP: • Approval: 1 month only
	May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	 Chronic ITP: Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum
Myasthenia Gravis	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks)	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
Auto- immune blistering diseases	Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Approval: up to 6 months
Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cel	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to



	Transplant	transplant	one-year post-transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn		Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Total 6 monthly doses only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	d by a specialist for the condition bein munologist, hematologist)	g treated (such as neurologist,



INCLISIRAN

Affected Medication	ns: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)		
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia 		
	[HeFH])		
	 Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)		
	rimary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH		
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:		
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected 		
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss- 		
	of-function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])		
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 points 		
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 		
	nical ASCVD		
	• Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:		
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 		
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 		
	 Stable or unstable angina 		
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 		
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 		
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin 		
Appropriate	All Indications		
Treatment	Documentation of intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated		
Citteria	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:		
	• Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic (rosuvastatin,		
	pravastatin)		
	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin 		
	therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged		
	 History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in 		
	creatining kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence		



	with statin use		
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH		
	• Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-week trial with ALL the following, shown		
	by inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL:		
	 Maximally tolerated combination statin/ezetimibe therapy 		
	 Repatha OR Praluent 		
	Clinical ASCVD		
	Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent maximally tolerated		
	combination statin/ezetimibe therapy, as shown by ONE of the following:		
	 Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL 		
	 Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD 		
	events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event		
	+ multiple high-risk conditions (see below)		
	• Documented treatment failure or intolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha OR		
	Praluent		
	Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions		
	ACS within the past 12 Age 65 years and older		
	months • HeFH		
	History of MI (distinct from Prior coronary artery bypass or		
	ACS event) percutaneous intervention (outside of		
	Ischemic stroke major ASCVD events) Symptomatic PAD Diabetes		
	Symptomatic PAD Diabetes Hypertension		
	Chronic kidney disease		
	Current smoking		
	History of congestive heart failure		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require updated lipid panel showing a clinically significant reduction in pretreatment baseline LDL-C and continued adherence to therapy		
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other PCSK9 inhibitors		
Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Admi	inistration (FDA)-approved ir	dications not otherwise ex	cluded from
	plan design			
	• Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-			
		QP4) antibody positive		
Required	<u>NMOSD</u>			
Medical	Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed			
Information:	by all the following:			
	 Documentation 	of AQP4-IgG-specific antibo	dies on cell-based assay	
	 Exclusion of alternative 	ernative diagnoses (such as r	nultiple sclerosis)	
	 At least one core clinical characteristic: 			
	 Acute c 	optic neuritis		
	 Acute r 	nyelitis		
	 Acute a 	irea postrema syndrome (epi	isode of otherwise unexpla	ained
	hiccups	or nausea/vomiting)		
	 Acute b 	orainstem syndrome		
		omatic narcolepsy OR acute o	liencephalic clinical syndro	ome with
		D-typical diencephalic lesion	. ,	
		ble below]		0000
	-	erebral syndrome with NMC	SD-typical brain lesion on	MRI [see
	table b			
]		
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
	Diencephalic syndrome	•	Periependymal lesion	
		•	Hypothalamic/thalamic	
			lesion	
	Acute cerebral	•	Extensive	
	syndrome		periependymal lesion	
		•	Long, diffuse,	
			heterogenous, or	
			edematous corpus callosum lesion	
		•	Long corticospinal tract	
			lesion	
		•	Large, confluent	
			subcortical or deep	
			white matter lesion	



	
	• History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection Active or untreated latent tuberculosis Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INFLIXIMAB

Affected Medications: INFLECTRA, AVSOLA, REMICADE, INFLIXIMAB (J1745) INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan		
	design		
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 		
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) 		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) 		
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA) 		
	 Crohn's Disease (CD) 		
	 Ulcerative Colitis (UC) 		
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered		
	o Uveitis		
	 Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) 		
	 Generalized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare 		
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis		
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective		
Information:	scale)		
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 		
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 		
	• Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient index Data 5 (RAPD5) of at least 2.5		
	Plaque Psoriasis		
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional		
	impairment as defined by one of the following:		
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 		
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater 		
	 Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 		
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction 		
	AND		
	Documentation of one or more of the following:		
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment 		
	OR		
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater 		
	based on chart notes:		



• Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a
family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
 Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1
spondyloarthritis feature:
 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 Insidious onset
 Improvement with exercise
 No improvement with rest
 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
○ Arthritis
 Enthesitis
 Uveitis
 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
• Psoriasis
 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 Family history of SpA
 Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)
OR
 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
• Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index
(BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale
Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's Disease
 Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
 Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
<u>Uveitis</u>
 Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis
Hidradenitis Suppurativa
 Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
 Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare
 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following:
 The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin



	 Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques 	
	• Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:	
	• A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater	
	than or equal to 3	
	\circ A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very high-	
	density pustules)	
	• Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the	
	presence of pustules	
Appropriate	All Indications	
Treatment	 Coverage of Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), or Renflexis requires documentation of one of the 	
Regimen &	following:	
Other Criteria:	-	
Other Criteria:	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Inflectra, Avsola, 	
	and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active	
	ingredient	
	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate 	
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease 	
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)	
	Plaque Psoriasis	
	• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:	
	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]	
	Psoriatic Arthritis	
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate 	
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease 	
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)	
	mounying antimedinatic drug (sunasalazine, cyclosponne, lendholmde)	
	Anladoring Chandulitic Non-radiographic Avial Chandulaerthritic	
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis	
	Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs	
	(ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each	
	OR	
	• For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral	
	glucocorticoid	
	<u>Crohn's disease</u>	
	• Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks	
	trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide	
	OR	
	 Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease 	
	OR	
	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: 	
	 Fistulizing disease 	



	o Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	 Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
Uv	<u>eitis</u>
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such a cyclosporine, tacrolimus
<u>Hic</u>	Iradenitis Suppurativa
•	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as doxycycline, tetracyc minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)
•	Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)
<u>Ulc</u>	erative Colitis
•	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine
OR	
•	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater that equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicit (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerat colitis
<u>Ge</u>	neralized Pustular Psoriasis Flare
•	Documented 1 week treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable
•	adverse event) with: • Cyclosporine
• QL	
	• Cyclosporine
<u>QL</u> •	 Cyclosporine Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For
<u>QL</u> •	• Cyclosporine Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 m PsA/PP/GPP: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
<u>QL</u> • •	 Cyclosporine Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg



Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is
Criteria:	not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/
Restrictions:	dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INOTERSEN

Affected Medications: TEGSEDI (inotersen sodium)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy Documented amyloid deposits determined on biopsy Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, and renal dysfunction) Documentation with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to inotersen (e.g., improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L prior to start of Tegsedi Urinary protein to creatinine ratio (UPCR) is 1000 mg/g or higher Prior or planned liver transplantation NYHA class III or IV Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy including inotersen or patisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine
Age Restriction:	Adults 18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the management of amyloidosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: AVONEX (interferon beta-1a), BETASERON (interferon beta-1b), EXTAVIA (interferon beta-1b), PLEGRIDY (pegylated interferon beta-1a), REBIF (interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	RRMS
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	CIS
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense
	lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions
	(periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal
	cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in
	neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Betaseron, Plegridy, and Rebif: Documentation of treatment failure with (or
Treatment	intolerance to) at least one preferred product: Avonex, dimethyl fumarate, Extavia,
Regimen & Other	fingolimod, glatiramer, Glatopa
Criteria:	• Avonex: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL of the
	following:
	 Glatiramer OR Glatopa
	 Dimethyl fumarate OR fingolimod
	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment
	of MS
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab)

plan design Neovascular (Vet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eviea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing RVO - 2 mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks), SUSVIMO (ranibizumad impiant), VABYSMO (raricimad)
 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu	Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP		
 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Information: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Evlea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks DME and DR - 2mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks		 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
 Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea, HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea		 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo
 Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus 		 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
 Eylea, Eylea, HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea		 Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo
 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea		 Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Required Medical Information: Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing RVO - 2 mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a 		 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu
 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Required Medical Information: Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks		 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
 Lucentis Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: 		 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis
 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Evlea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)		 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV)
 Eylea Eylea Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing Approval requires documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks 		 Lucentis
Required Medical Information: Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing 		 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
Required Medical Information: Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes. Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing 		
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Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity • Exception: treatment of ROPEylea Dosing • Approval requires documentation of one of the following: • Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) • Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or youngerAMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks • Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing • RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks • DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks • DME and DR- 2mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a	Information:	
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Regimen & Other Criteria: as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity • Exception: treatment of ROP Eylea Dosing • Approval requires documentation of one of the following: • Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) • Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger • AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks • Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing • RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks • DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks • DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks		
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 ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a 		
		minimum interval of 10 days



Eylea	HD Dosing
	pproval requires documentation of one of the following:
	• Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of
	ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
• A	MD and DME – 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg
	0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks
	 Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
• n	R - 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL)
	very 8 weeks to 12 weeks
	 Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
Lucer	itis Dosing
	pproval requires documentation of adverse event not attributed to the active
	gredient to a biosimilar product (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
• A	MD and RVO – maximum 0.5mg every 4 weeks
• D	ME and DR – 0.3 mg every 28 days
	CNV - 0.5 mg monthly for up to 3 months
	OP - 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be repeated
u	p to 2 times at a minimum of 28-day intervals
Beovu	u Dosing
	MD – 6 mg every month for the first three doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks
	ME - 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks
<u>Susvir</u>	no Dosing
	lust be established on ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
	ijections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing
-).5mg every 4 weeks)
• A	MD– 2mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.
Vaby	smo Dosing
	pproval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at
	east 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
	MD – 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16
	reeks
	 Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the
	initial doses
• D	ME
	• Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections, followed by
	6 mg every 8 weeks • Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4
1	\circ variable interval regiments once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4



	 injections, followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments) Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses RVO - 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections Active intraocular inflammation (aflibercept)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo:
Duration:	Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP):
	Approval: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

<u> </u>	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular
	degeneration (AMD)
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration
Information:	(AMD) confirmed by all the following:
	 Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing:
	 Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm²
	 If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater
	Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study
	(ETDRS) charts
	• Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent)
Appropriate	Dosing not to exceed:
Treatment	 Every 25 day dosing for Syfovre
Regimen & Other	 Every 30 day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization:
	<u>Syfovre</u>
	 Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider
	 BCVA remains 24 letters or better
	Izervay - No reauthorization – maximum duration up to 12 months
Exclusion Criteria:	• Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment
Age Restriction:	60 years of age and older for Syfovre
	50 years of age and older for Izervay
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Prescriber/Site of	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
-	 Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON A (Interferon Alfa-2B)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ damage.
Required Medical Information:	 For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent electrocardiogram Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Hepatitis B greater than or equal to 1 year of age Hepatitis C greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INVEGA INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: INVEGA SUSTENNA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA TRINZA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA HAFYERA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Schizophrenia (Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, and Invega Hafyera) Schizoaffective disorder (Invega Sustenna only)
Required Medical Information:	• A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medications, or unable to be stabilized on oral medications
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented anticipated dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling Invega Sustenna Documented history of receiving at least one of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of dementia-related psychosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or a psychiatric practice



Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Feed and Dure Administration (FDA) successed in directions wat athomatics			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Invasive aspergillosis 			
	 Invasive mucormycosis 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one o			
Information:	more of the following:			
	 Sputum fungal staining and culture 			
	 Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms 			
	 Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or 			
	polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing			
Appropriate Treatment	Aspergillosis			
Regimen & Other	• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-			
Criteria:	week trial of all the following:			
	 Voriconazole 			
	 Posaconazole 			
	Mucormycosis			
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6- 			
	week trial of one of the following:			
	 Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy) 			
	• Posaconazole (if request is for oral step-down therapy after initial			
	therapy)			
	Deputh eviation will require depute extension of the two two established a divised by			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically			
Exclusion Criteria:	significant response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant			
	physician, or oncologist			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Coverage Duration:	• Initial Authorization. 5 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME:

ISOTRETINOIN ORAL

Affected Medications: AMNESTEEM ORAL, ISOTRETINOIN ORAL, MYORISAN ORAL, ZENATANE ORAL

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe acne Compendia-supported uses Hidradenitis suppurative (HS)
Required Medical	For all indications
Information:	Current Weight Severe Acne
	For age 21 and above:
	 Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing scarring OR
	Documentation of acne fulminans OR
	For Acne Conglobata: documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating sinuses
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
	For age 21 and above:
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease AND
	Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate	Severe Acne
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documented trial and failure with at least 80% adherence to 12 continuous weeks of treatment with one of the following:
Criteria:	 Oral antibiotic (such as doxycycline or minocycline)
	 Topical combination therapy (such as topical antibiotic with topical retinoid)
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa
	 Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as
	doxycycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and current cumulative isotretinoin dose
Exclusion Criteria:	Dosing above 150mg/kg cumulative lifetime dose.
	Symptoms of depression, mood disturbance, psychosis, or aggression.
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 5 months Reauthorization: determined by cumulative lifetime dose



POLICY NAME: ITRACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia supported
	indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design
Required Medical Information:	• Documented diagnosis of onychomycosis or any other susceptible unresolved fungal infection (tinea pedis, tinea corporis, tinea cruris, and tinea capitis) AND
	• The member has a secondary risk factor that is considered a covered condition per Oregon Health Authority (e.g., diabetes mellitus, peripheral vascular disease, immunocompromised) AND
	 If the indication is onychomycosis, the diagnosis must be confirmed with a fungal diagnostic test (KOH preparation, fungal culture, or nail biopsy)
Appropriate	• For tinea pedis, tinea corporis, tinea cruris, and tinea capitis, the member has had an
Treatment	adequate trial on a topical antifungal agent and either oral griseofulvin or
Regimen & Other	ketoconazole
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Approval: All but onychomycosis and other tinea infections – 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	• Approval: Onychomycosis – fingernails 6 weeks (allows two fills), toenails 12 weeks (allows three fills), unless otherwise specified
	 Approval: Other tinea infections – 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: KESIMPTA

Affected Medications KESIMPTA (ofatumumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	• Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	CIS
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	 Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Ruxience, Riabni)
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs)
Other Criteria:	 No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LARONIDASE

Affected Medications: ALDURAZYME (laronidase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise		
Required Medical Information:	 excluded by plan design Diagnosis of one the following type I mucopolysaccharidosis: Hurler Mucopolysacchardiosis I (MPS I H) Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I H/S) Scheie form of Mucopolysacchardiosis (MPS I S) with moderate to severe symptoms Diagnosis confirmed by an enzyme assay showing deficiency of alpha-L-iduronidase enzyme activity or by detection of biallelic pathogenic mutations in the IDUA gene by molecular genetic testing Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS I such as skeletal abnormalities, significant joint stiffness, liver or spleen enlargement, corneal clouding, umbilical or inguinal hernia, cord compression, recurrent sinopulmonary infections. Baseline values for one or more of the following: 6 minute walk test (6-MWT) Forced vital capacity (FVC) Liver and/or spleen volume Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAG) level 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose does not exceed 0.58 mg/kg/week Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in 6 minute walk test (6MWT) Improvement or stability in pulmonary function tests (FVC) Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Reduction in urinary GAG level 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Improvement in sleep apnea and shoulder flexion Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder 		
	 6 months of age and older 		
Age Restriction:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in the treatment 		
Prescriber Restrictions:	of inherited metabolic disorders		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) <u>Reauthorization</u>: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LECANEMAB

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Admin plan design Alzheimer's dise 		approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Required Medical Information:	Alzheimer's dementia as Clinical Dementi Evidence of cogr Mini-Mental Sta Positron Emissio	s evidenced by A ia Rating (CDR) nitive impairme tus Exam (MMS on Tomography ine brain magne	global score of 0.5 nt at baseline using validated objective scales SE) score of at least 22 (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque etic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current weight Dosing Availability: 500 mg/5 mL vial and 200 mg/2 mL vial Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced 		
	 confirmed by post-infusion Documentation of update microhemorrhage and some constraints Documentation of one constraints Cognitive or funtion Disease stabilization 	Dose 10 mg/kg 10 mg/kg 10 mg/kg 10 mg/kg 10 mg/kg ally significant a ion PET scan (3r ted surveillance uperficial siderco of the following ctional improvention	MRI showing absence of clinically significant osis since prior approval when compared to baseline: ement
Exclusion Criteria:	Reduction in clir Prior stroke or brain her		npared to natural disease progression



	 Evidence of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease Non-Alzheimer's dementia Concurrent anticoagulant use
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR Affected Medications: SUNLENCA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing <u>Reauthorization</u>: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of lenacapavir resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria: Age	
Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	• Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENIOLISIB

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS) 			
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of an APDS-associated PIK3CD/PIK3R1 mutation without concurrent use of immunosuppressive medication			
	 Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan Documentation of both of the following: 			
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation 			
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction (e.g., lung, liver) 			
	Current member weight (must be at least 45 kg)			
Appropriate	• Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective			
Treatment	contraception during therapy			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the following:			
	• Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in lymphadenopathy			
	 Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:	• 12 to 75 years of age			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: LETERMOVIR

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in adult CMV-seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant Prophylaxis of CMV disease in high-risk adult patients undergoing kidney transplant 		
Required Medical	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)		
Information:	 Is cytomegalovirus (CMV) seropositive OR 		
	• Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient CMV seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection		
Appropriate	• Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at		
Treatment	least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet (HSCT only)		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 HSCT Dosing: 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post-transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation. Kidney transplant Dosing: 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post 		
	kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV seropositive/recipient CMV seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the		
Care Restrictions:	prevention and treatment of CMV infection		
Coverage	HSCT: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Kidney transplant: 7 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: Leuprolide Acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

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Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Endometriosis 			
	 Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) 			
	 Central precocious puberty (CPP) 			
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level 2A or			
	higher			
	Gender dysphoria			
Required Medical	Endometriosis			
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis			
	Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)			
	Documentation of all the following:			
	 Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) 			
	 Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less 			
	 Planning to use in combination with iron supplements 			
	Gender dysphoria			
	 Documentation of all the following: 			
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and 			
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty			
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent 			
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give 			
	consent for treatment			
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled 			
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed 			
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most			
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health			
	(WPATH) Standards of Care			
	Central precocious puberty			
	Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating bormone (FSU) and either estradial or testactorene concentrations			
Annuantista	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations			
Appropriate	Endometriosis			
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3			
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:			
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 			
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 			



	Central precocious puberty
	Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA
Exclusion	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Criteria:	• Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery.
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding
	Use for infertility
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years or older
	• Central precocious puberty (CPP): age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber	• Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Restrictions:	in the treatment of gender dysphoria
	• All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist,
	endocrinologist, or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Corticotropin (ACTH)-producing pituitary tumor (Cushing's disease)
	 Ectopic ACTH secretion by a non-pituitary tumor
	 Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	AND
	• Documentation that surgery is not an option or has not been curative
	AND
	• A mean of at least three 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (mUFC) levels greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN)
Appropriate	• Documented clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of ketoconazole for at least
Treatment	8 weeks
Regimen & Other	OR
Criteria:	
	 Intolerable adverse event to ketoconazole and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success as determined by mUFC less
	than or equal to the ULN based on central laboratory results
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIDOCAINE PATCH

Affected Medications: Lidocaine Patch

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	Diabetic neuropathic pain
Dequired Medical	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia OR
Information:	Diagnosis of diabetes (for diabetic neuropathy)
	All medications tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
Appropriate	Post Herpetic Neuralgia:
Treatment	Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to gabapentin
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Diabetic Neuropathic Pain:
	 Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to a minimum of 3 other pharmacologic therapies commonly used to treat neuropathic pain such as gabapentin, serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs): duloxetine, venlafaxine, desvenlafaxine, and tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB Affected Medications: Zokinvy (lonafarnib)

• • • •	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	\circ To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome
	 For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical	A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational
Information:	analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene)
	OR
	• A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the
	following:
	• Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation
	 Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate	Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA)
Treatment	• Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect
Regimen & Other	the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g., strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers)
Criteria:	• Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
	contraception during treatment
	Labs:
	• Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes)
	greater than 1,000/microliters
	 Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent)
	 Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	Dosing:
	Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg
	 Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose
	twice daily
	 Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a weak CYP3A4 inhibitor
	 Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
	Reauthorization : Documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies
	 Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam,
	lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
	 Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction
	 BSA less than to 0.39 m2
Age Restriction:	 Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2



Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE RISPERIDONE

Affected Medications: PERSERIS (risperidone subcutaneous injection), RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone intramuscular injection), RYKINDO (risperidone intramuscular injection) (*Medical benefit only)

Concerned	
Covered	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Uses:	design
	o Schizophrenia
	• Bipolar I disorder maintenance treatment as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to
	lithium and valproate (Risperdal Consta and Rykindo only)
Required	Treatment Initiation
Medical	
Information:	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medication, or cannot be
Information.	stabilized on oral medications
	 Documentation of established tolerability to oral risperidone (if risperidone-naïve)
	Continuation of Therapy
	 Documentation showing that member is stable on current treatment with Perseris, Rykindo or
	Risperdal Consta
Annronriato	
Appropriate Treatment	Requests for Perseris require documentation of treatment failure or clinical rationale for
	avoidance of Risperdal Consta or Rykindo
Regimen & Other	
• • • • •	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Criteria:	response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a psychiatry
Restrictions:	
	practice
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LOTILANER Affected Medications: Xdemvy

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Demodex blepharitis (DB) 		
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:		
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin 		
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR 		
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination		
	• Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and repeated at least once after 7 days		
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require		
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes		
Regimen & Other	requiring retreatment		
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an optometrist or ophthalmologist		
Care Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization Able to provide the minimum recommended dose of Lyfgenia: 3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease
	Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40



Age Restriction:	•	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL the following: Planned procedure including date Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	• Approval: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date



POLICY NAME: MANNITOL Affected Medications: Bronchitol

1.	Is the request for add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	 Is the diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing? a. Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (eg pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.) 	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documentation that the Bronchitol Tolerance Test has been passed?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to appropriate section below
Ind	lication: Add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis		
1.	Is there documented failure of 6 months with twice daily hypertonic saline defined as one of the following despite at least 80% adherence with hypertonic saline: a. Increase in pulmonary exacerbations from baseline? b. Decrease in FEV1?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Will Bronchitol be used in conjunction with standard therapies for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Re	newal Criteria		
1.	I. Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider? Yes – Go to #2 No – Criteria not met		No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met



MARALIXIBAT

Affected Medications: LIVMARLI (Maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS)
Required Medical	Documentation of Alagille syndrome confirmed by:
Information:	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation, or
	 Liver biopsy
	Documentation of patient's current weight
	Documentation of history of significant pruritus
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 30 days) of all the following: rifampin, ursodiol, AND cholestyramine
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated cirrhosis
	• History or presence of other concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non-PFIC related cholestasis)
	Prior liver transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by a gastroenterologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of ALGS
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection Documentation of patient's current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an adequate trial (of at least 14 days) of at least ONE of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet <u>Reauthorization:</u> Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina.
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the treatment of CMV infection
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. O Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM) New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy Pregnancy should be excluded prior to treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use of effective contraception in females of reproductive potential Trial with a beta blocker or if unable to tolerate (or contraindication to) beta blockers, trial with verapamil. Reauthorization will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50%
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months <u>Reauthorization</u> : 12 months



POLICY NAME:

MEBENDAZOLE

Affected Medications: EMVERM (mebendazole)

Covered Uses:	All Feederal Dure Administration (FDA) and an and indications and table muine and add	
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Gastrointestinal (GI) infections caused by any of the following: 	
	 Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) 	
	 Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) 	
	 Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm) 	
	 Necator americanus (hookworm) 	
	 Trichuris trichiura (whipworm) 	
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)	
	 Capillariasis (C. hepatica, C. philippinensis) 	
	 Cystic echinococcus 	
	 Toxocariasis 	
	 Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) 	
	 Trichostrongyliasis 	
Required Medical	Documentation of current helminth infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing	
Information:		
Annyonvinto		
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to	
Treatment	albendazole is required for the following conditions:	
Regimen & Other	 Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) 	
Criteria:	 Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) 	
	 Capillariasis 	
	 Necator americanus (hookworm) 	
	 Toxocariasis (roundworm) 	
	 Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) 	
	Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to	
	albendazole AND pyrantel pamoate is required for the following conditions:	
	 Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm) 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of		
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Authorization:	
Duration:	 Cystic echinococcus: 6 months 	
	 Other indications: 2 months 	



POLICY NAME: MECASERMIN

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Hees	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Uses:	by plan design
	 Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD)
	 Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizine antibodies
	to GH
Required Medical	• Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for
Information:	chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the
	mean for chronological age and sex.
	One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level.
Appropriate	Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg SQ twice daily.
Treatment	Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg SQ twice daily
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over
	baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain
	open.
Exclusion Criteria:	• Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with
	GH therapy.
	• Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy,
	chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease).
Age Restriction:	• For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Pediatric Endocrinologist
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	• Approval. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEPOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered Uses.	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years
	and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	• Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis
	(EGPA)
	• Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome
	(HES)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response
	to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL AND
	• FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	EGPA
	Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all the following:
	 Chronic rhinosinusitis
	o Asthma
	 Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline
	 Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion
	Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose
	HES
	Diagnosis of HES with all the following:
	 Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL
	 Disease duration greater than 6 months
	 At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
	 Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha
	(FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease
	• Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth
	infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out
	Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated



	glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in
	eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)
	CRSwNP
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total
	ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	• Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria.	AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	• Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 EGPA Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	 <u>HES</u> Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea
	(not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES])
	Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	CRSwNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older



	• EGPA: 18 years of age and older
	<u>HES</u> : 12 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	 <u>EGPA</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist) <u>HES</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as an immunologist or hematologist) <u>CRSwNP</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: METRELEPTIN

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

Covered Uses:	
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin
	deficiency
Required Medical	Weight
Information:	Baseline serum leptin levels, HbA1c, fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting
	serum insulin
	Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies
Appropriate	Documented leptin deficiency and at least ONE of the following:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
Criteria:	• Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two
	triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum
	tolerated doses
	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes
	• Persistent hyperglycemia ((HgbA1C 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention
	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by
	improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Partial lipodystrophy
	 General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency
	 HIV-related lipodystrophy
	 Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without
	concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy
Age Restriction:	 Age at least 1 year
Age Restriction.	• Age at least 1 year
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Subsequent: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN Injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
covereu oses.	plan design			
	 Paget's disease of bone 			
	o Hypercalcemia			
Required Medical	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>			
Information:	Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)			
	Paget's disease of bone			
	Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions			
	 Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase 			
	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months			
Appropriate	Hypercalcemia			
Treatment	 Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as 			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	intravenous fluids) did not result in adequate efficacy OR			
Criteria:	 Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for 			
	other methods to show efficacy			
	Paget's disease of bone			
	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of			
	both of the following:			
	 Zoledronic acid (at least one dose) 			
	 Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks 			
	OR			
	Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g.,			
	creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)			
	AND			
	Documentation of all of the following:			
	 Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation 			
	 Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., 			
	bone pain, bone deformity)			
	Re-Authorization criteria – Paget's disease of bone:			
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy			
	(such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other symptoms)			
Exclusion Criteria:	Related to Paget's disease of bone			
	 History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases 			
	 Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates 			
	 Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone 			



	Treatment of prevention of osteoporosis
Age Restriction:	18 years or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatic, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
Required Medical	Current weight
Information:	Documentation of Visceral leishmaniasis OR Cutaneous leishmaniasis OR Mucosal
	leishmaniasis
Appropriate	Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved dosing of 30 to 44 kg: one 50 mg
Treatment	capsule twice daily for 28 consecutive days OR 45 kg or greater: one 50 mg capsule
Regimen & Other	three times daily for 28 consecutive days
Criteria:	Weight equal to or greater than 30kg (66lbs)
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy (category D)
	Sjögren-Larsson-Syndrome
Age Restriction:	Age less than 12 years of age
J	Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs)
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial coverage: 1 month unless otherwise specified
-	Subsequent coverage: 1 month unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIRIKIZUMAB-MRKZ

Affected Medications: OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Ulcerative Colitis
Required Medical	Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with
Information:	moderate to severely active disease
	Documentation of disease severity Mayo Clinic Score for Assessment of Ulcerative
	Colitis Activity score
Appropriate	• Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
Treatment	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-
Regimen & Other	mercaptopurine
Criteria:	OR
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
	AND
	• Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available
	formulary alternatives: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola),
	Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz),
Exclusion Criteria:	Xeljanz, Entyvio
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: MITPIVAT (pyrukynd tablet)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemolytic anemia
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), defined by ALL the following: Presence of at least two mutant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell (PKLR) gene At least one of the mutant alleles is a missense mutation
	ONE of the following applies:
	 If receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following: A minimum of 6 transfusion episodes in the 12-month period prior to treatment
	 Baseline transfusion amount, including date of transfusion and number of red blood cell (RBC) units transfused
	OR
	 If not receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following: No more than 4 transfusions in the 12-month period prior to treatment and no transfusions in the 3-month period prior to treatment Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to 10 g/dL
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 response to therapy, defined as: For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed Discontinue therapy after 6 months if no benefit in transfusion requirement or Hb has been observed
	 Dose: Approve 5 mg, 20 mg, and 50 mg tablets (QL of 56 per 28 days) per dosing schedule below



	Table 1: Dose Titration Schedule		
		Duration	Dosage
		Week 1 through Week 4	5 mg twice daily
		Week 5 through Week 8	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Increase to 20 mg twice daily and maintain for 4 weeks.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Maintain 5 mg twice daily.
		Week 9 through Week 12	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Increase to 50 mg twice daily and maintain thereafter.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Maintain current dose (5 mg twice daily or 20 mg twice daily).
		Maintenance	If Hb decreases, consider up-titration to the maximum of 50 mg twice daily as per the above schedule.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Homozygous for the c.1436G>A (p.R479H) variant or have 2 non-missense variants (without the presence of another missense variant) in the PKLR ger Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant Receiving hematopoietic stimulating agents or anabolic steroids (including testosterone preparations) within 28 days prior to treatment 		
Age Restriction:	Must be	18 years or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescrib	ed by, or in consul	tation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:			nths, unless otherwise specified is, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
	• Indicated for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with at least 3 months of two intranasal corticosteroids after ethmoidectomy
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of previous Sinuva implant use Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: Not eligible, there are no studies evaluating repeat implantation of the SINUVA Sinus Implant



POLICY NAME: MOTIXAFORTIDE

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF])
	to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation
	to facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation
	(ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM).
	• NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required Medical	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	• Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:
Treatment	 Single agent Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Regimen & Other	 Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) in combination with plerixafor
Criteria:	No reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group
	(ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME:

MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

Affected Medications: Amondys 45 (casimersen), Exondys 51 (eteplirsen), Vyondys 53 (golodirsen), Viltepso (viltolarsen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Casimersen (Amondys 45) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 45 skipping Deletions potentially amenable to exon 45 skipping include, but are not limited to: 12 to 44, 18 to 44, 44, 46 to 47, 46 to 48, 46 to 49, 46 to 53, or 46 to 55 Eteplirsen (Exondys 51) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 51 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 43 to 50; 45 to 50; 47 to 50; 48 to 50; 49 to 50; 50; or 52 			
	 Golodirsen (Vyondys 53) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58 Viltepso (viltolarsen) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58 			
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) with documentation of genetic testing to confirm appropriate use A baseline functional assessment using a validated tool (e.g., the 6- minute walk test or North Star Ambulatory Assessment, etc.) 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12 weeks prior to treatment <u>Reauthorization</u> requires that the patient's functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease			
	above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression *Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent treatment with more than one antisense oligonucleotide			



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of
Restrictions:	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
	Required to utilize pharmacy benefit
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Continuation: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim – apgf), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (Pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (Eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (Pegfilgrastim-fpgk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	plandesign
	Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, and Zarxio
	 Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever
	 Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation Chemotherapy Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia
	 Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation
	Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy
	(Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)
	 Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis
	Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia
	 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia
	Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)
	Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation



Leukine
Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia
Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute
myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence
of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death
Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor
Cells
 Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for
collection by leukapheresis. Mobilization allows for the collection of increased numbers of
progenitor cells capable of engraftment as compared with collection without mobilization.
After myeloablative chemotherapy, the transplantation of an increased number of
progenitor cells can lead to more rapid engraftment, which may result in a decreased need
for supportive care. Myeloid reconstitution is further accelerated by administration of
Leukine following peripheral blood progenitor cell transplantation
Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation
Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
(NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous
bone marrow transplantation (BMT)
Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation
Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT from
human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors
Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay
 Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom
engraftment is delayed or has failed
Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend and Rolvedon
Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy
 Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever
associated with a significant incluence of severe neutropenia with lever
Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca)
Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of
radiation
Granix
 Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with non-
myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a
clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia



Medical Information:and regularly throughout therapy• Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia• Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia• Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen• Documentation of planned treatment course • Documentation of current patient weightAppropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, GranixWhen requested via the MEDICAL benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided wher member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and NivestymWhen requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided wher member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and ReleukoSargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:		 Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine: Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL) Stem cell transplantation-related indications Agranulocytosis Aplastic anemia Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) 					
Appropriate Treatment Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix Regimen & Other Criteria: When requested via the MEDICAL benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 	ledical	 Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline and regularly throughout therapy Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen Documentation of planned treatment course 					
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:When requested via the MEDICAL benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and NivestymWhen requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and ReleukoSargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:							
Regimen & Other Criteria:When requested via the MEDICAL benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and NivestymWhen requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and ReleukoSargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:		Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix					
Other Criteria: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:							
 member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 	-	•					
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 	other Criteria:						
 When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 		-					
 Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 		Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym					
 Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 		When requested through the encodelty DUADNAACY herefits					
 member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 							
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko <u>Sargramostim product: Leukine</u> Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria: 							
Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:							
Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:		• • •					
Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one the following criteria:		Sargramactim products Louking					
the following criteria:							
1 eukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone many		 Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow 					
transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure							
above							



<u>Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra,</u> <u>Stimufend, Rolvedon</u>

When requested via the PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo, Fulphila and Udenyca

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Nyvepria, Fulphila, and Flynetra is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo or Udenyca

Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products

For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:

Meets **ONE** of the following:

- Curative Therapy:
 - High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen **OR**
 - Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical consequences **OR**
 - Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued

• Palliative Therapy:

 Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If, however, a dose limiting neutropenic event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis

For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia:

- Must meet ALL the following:
 - o Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia



	 Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microL Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Coverage Duration:	6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise evoluted by				
covered oses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated sundrama (CIS) 				
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) 				
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 				
	 Crohn's disease (CD) 				
Required Medical	Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy				
Information:					
	RRMS				
	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS 				
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 				
	<u>CIS</u>				
	• Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)				
	Active SPMS				
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic				
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)				
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory				
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)				
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 				
	<u>Crohn's disease</u>				
	Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment				
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS				
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:				
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience) OR 				
Criteria:	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment, excluding via 				
	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program OR				
	 Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease 				



	Crohn's disease				
	• Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12				
	weeks each: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,				
	balsalazide				
	OR				
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease				
	OR				
	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the				
	following:				
	 Fistulizing disease 				
	 Stricture 				
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 				
	 Deep ulcerations 				
	• Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal				
	involvement				
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12				
	weeks of:				
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) 				
	AND				
	• One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products:				
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)				
	Reauthorization:				
	Anti-JCV antibody <u>negative</u> : documentation of positive clinical response to therapy				
	 Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and 				
	periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML)				
Exclusion	Current or prior history of PML				
Criteria:	MS: concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS				
	CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of CD				
Age Restriction:					
Prescriber	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist				
Restrictions:	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist				
Coverage	MS				
Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				
	CD				
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified				
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				





POLICY NAME: NAXITAMAB

Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design				
	 Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone 				
	marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor				
	[GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response,				
	or stable disease to prior therapy				
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 				
Required	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and				
Medical	prescribed dosing regimen				
Information:	 Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): 				
	 An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR 				
	 Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites 				
	Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:				
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) 				
	 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age 				
	• Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or				
	appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan if MIBG is negative]				
	 Documented history of previous treatment with at least one systemic therapy to treat disease outside of the bone or bone marrow 				
	• Documentation of clinical rationale for avoiding use of Dinutuximab plus chemotherapy (if under 18 years of age)				
Appropriate	• Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor				
Treatment	(GM-CSF)				
Regimen &					
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy				
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater				
Criteria:	 Patients with progressive disease 				
Age Restriction:	• 1 year of age or older				



Prescriber Restrictions:	• Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Vyvgart & Vyvgart Hytrulo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Rystiggo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle- 					
	specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive					
Required Medical	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following:					
Information:	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor 					
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV					
	Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo)					
	 Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater 					
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo 					
	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) 					
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced					



	Reauthorization requires:					
	• Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:					
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score 					
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline 					
	• That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity					
	Note: a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/ Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo mu have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle					
Exclusion Criteria:						
	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for treatment of gMG 					
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older					
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist					
Care Restrictions:						
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified					
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					
L						



POLICY NAME: NILOTINIB

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status 			
Required Medical Information:				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success (as applicable, BCR- ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) 			
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded					
	by plan design					
	 Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 					
Required Medical	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and					
Information:	anticipated treatment course					
	• Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with					
	documentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain,					
	disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)					
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib					
Treatment						
Regimen & Other	Deputh evidentians depundentation of disease responsive pass to the response					
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	• Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater					
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older					
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist					
Care Restrictions:						
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified					
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					



POLICY NAME: NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: Bortezomib, Pemetrexed

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 plan design For oncology ind with evidence le Approval of a no intolerable adve 	ications: National Comprehe vel of 2A or higher n-preferred medical drug list rse event to all the preferred	ninistration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded b ns: National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications 2A or higher Ferred medical drug listed below requires documentation of an ent to all the preferred alternatives, and the adverse event was se event attributed to the active ingredient	
Criteria:	Drug Bortezomib Pemetrexed (Pemfexy)	Non-Preferred code (Manufacturer) J9046 (Dr. Reddys) J9304 (Apotex)	Preferred Alternatives J9041, J9048, J9049 J9294, J9296, J9297, J9305, J9314 ase responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME:

NON-PREFERRED SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTERS (SGLT2)

Affected Medications: JARDIANCE (empagliflozin), Dapagliflozin, INVOKANA (canagliflozin), INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin), INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Heart failure regardless of ejection fraction (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) Chronic kidney disease at risk of progression (dapagliflozin, Jardiance)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of one of the following: Type 2 Diabetes Heart failure (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) Chronic kidney disease (dapagliflozin, Jardiance)
Appropriate	Jardiance
Treatment	Type 2 Diabetes AND:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	 Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	 Heart failure
	 Established chronic kidney disease
	 Age of 10 years to under 18 years
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression
	\circ eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73 m ²
	AND
	\circ albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300mg/g)
	Dapagliflozin
	Type 2 Diabetes AND:
	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	 Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)



	 Multiple risk factors for cardiovascular disease (ex. Dyslipidemia,
	hypertension, family history of CVD, etc.)
	 Heart failure
	 Established chronic kidney disease
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (ediunctive egent):
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression:
	 eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73m²
	AND
	 albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300 mg/g)
	Invokana/Invokamet
	Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro
	OR
	Documented diagnosis of established cardiovascular disease (coronary artery disease, history of studies, on agrich and artery disease)
	disease, history of stroke, or peripheral artery disease) OR
	 Documented diagnosis of diabetic nephropathy and albuminuria greater than
	300mg/day
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of more than one SGLT2
	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	• 10 years and up (Jardiance only)
	18 years and up (dapagliflozin, Invokana)
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A based on following: Family history Affected siblings with confirmed Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A or a history of deceased sibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)] Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD AND Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, hi pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC), elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or blood
	 Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A Genetic confirmation of the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1(MOSC1) to confirm MoCD Type A In patients with a presumptive diagnosis of MoCD Type A, the diagnosis must be confirmed immediately using genetic testing Reauthorization: Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing physician Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially approved for presumptive diagnosis



Exclusion Criteria:	 Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NUSINERSEN

Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

Covered Uses: All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: 	Casara dul	
Appropriate • Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi Appropriate • Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi • Exclusion Criteria: • Documentation of impove failus of failus of the solution of solution solutis solutis solution solution of solutis solution solutio	Covered Uses:	
Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following:		
Information: demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test - Fatient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) - This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen Appropriate Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms Exclusion Criteria: SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation 		 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms Exclusion Criteria: SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation 		 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and 		 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance
Criteria: clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms Exclusion Criteria: • SMA type 4 • Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation)		Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi
 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation 	-	clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
 support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.) 	Exclusion Criteria:	 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene
Age Restriction:	Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 8 months, unless otherwise specified
	٠	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OBETICHOLIC ACID

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Primary biliary cholangitis Without cirrhosis or With compensated cirrhosis who do not have evidence of portal hypertension
Required Medical	Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin)
Information:	Child-Pugh score
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The patient has an alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) and/or bilirubin above the upper limit of normal while on ursodiol (with demonstrated adherence) after at least 12 months of therapy or has demonstrated a clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol ULN ALP defined as 118 U/L for females or 124 U/L for males ULN of total bilirubin defined as 1.1 mg/dL for females or 1.5 mg/dL for males Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion	Complete biliary obstruction
Criteria:	 Decompensated cirrhosis (eg, Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (eg, ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia)
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	 PPMS Documented diagnosis of PPMS, with at least of one year of disease progression (retrospectively or prospectively determined), independent of clinical relapse, AND two of the following: One or more T2- hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in one or more of the periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial areas brain regions Two or more T2- hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	 <u>Active SPMS</u> Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	 Evidence of active SPNS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of EDSS score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment	 RRMS: Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) requires documentation of one of the following: Documentation of inadequate disease response or intolerance to rituximab (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ODEVIXIBAT Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat)

 For PFIC: Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2
 For ALGS: Documentation of Alagille syndrome confirmed by: Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation, OR Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: Chronic cholestasis Cardiac disease Ocular or skeletal abnormalities Characteristic facial features Renal and vascular disease Documentation of patient's current weight Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or ALGS Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal reference range for the reporting laboratory
 Documented trial and failure with a one-month trial of at least two the following: Rifampin Ursodiol Cholestyramine or colesevelam Reauthorization: Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Prior hepatic decompensation events Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non-PFIC related cholestasis)



	 ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the upper limit of normal (ULN) Prior liver transplant
Age Restriction:	 3 months and older for PFIC 12 months and older for ALGS
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of PFIC or ALGS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV CAPSULE 100 MG ORAL, OFEV CAPSULE 150 MG ORAL

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
	 Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a progressive phenotype
	 Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline liver function tests in all patients, at regular intervals during
Information:	the first three months, then periodically thereafter or as clinically indicated
	Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF):
	 Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis supported by one of the
	following:
	 Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP)
	 High resolution computed tomography (HRCT)
	 Surgical lung biopsy
	 Documentation of baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% of the
	predicted value
	 Documentation of predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or
	equal to 30%
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD)
	 Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	from the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism
	classification criteria
	 Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years
	 Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution
	computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months.
	 Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted
	 Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted
	Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Diseases with a Progressive Phenotype
	Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a
	progressive phenotype
	Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest high
	resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan with clinical signs of progression (defined
	as FVC decline at least 10%, FVC decline at least 5% with worsening symptoms and/or
	imaging in the previous 24 months)
	FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted
	DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted



Appropriate	IPD
Treatment	• Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone.
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>SSc-ILD:</u>
	 Documented treatment failure with each of the following: mycophenolate (MMF), cyclophosphamide
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	• Documentation of airway obstruction (i.e., pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7)
Criteria:	• Concomitant administration of moderate or strong CYP3A4 and P-gp inhibitors / inducers should be avoided while taking Ofev
	• Transaminases more than 5 times the upper limit of normal or elevated transaminases accompanied by symptoms (jaundice, hyperbilirubinemia).
	Ofev is not approved for use in combination with Esbriet
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA Affected Medications: XENPOZYME

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric
	patients
Required Medical	Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the
Information:	following:
	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic SMPD1 mutation
	Documentation of clinical presentation (e.g., hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung
	disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood) outside the central nervous
	system
	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	 For adults aged 18 years and older, documentation of both of the following:
	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted
	normal value
	\circ Spleen volume greater than or equal to 6 multiples of normal (MN) measured
	by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	• For pediatrics aged 18 years and younger, documentation of both of the following:
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI
	 Height of -1 Z-score or lower
Appropriate	Dosing: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label
Treatment	Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight
Regimen & Other	(kg)
Criteria:	BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
	Adjusted body weight= (actual height in m ²) x 30
	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of improvement in patient specific disease presentation
	such as:
	Improvement in PFT or DLCO
	Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function
	Improvement/Stability in platelet counts
	I



	 Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: XOLAIR (omalizumab)

	S: XOLAIR (omalizumab)
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients
	6 years of age and older
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients
	• Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) up to a maximum
	age of 20 years
Required Medical	Allergic Asthma
Information:	• Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all the following:
	 A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores) A serum total IgE level at baseline of
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients aged 12 years or older OR
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients aged 6 to 11 years
	\circ FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	CRSwNP
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms
	of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
	<u>CSU</u>
	 Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria
	 Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of
	six weeks or longer
	 Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs])
	 Documented severe disease (despite treatment) based on score from an objective clinical
	evaluation tool, such as:
	 Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher)
	 Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12)



	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher) Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher) Documentation of pruritus severe enough to interfere with the ability to grow, develop
	and participate in school despite treatment with at least 80% adherence
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Allergic Asthma</u> Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND Documentation of one of the following: A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	 inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence. Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 <u>CRSwNP</u> Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	 CSU Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of one of the following second generation H1- antihistamine products for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL the following for at least one month each: Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast) Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine) Add-on therapy with a corticosteroid
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	• Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Cinqair)Treatment of CSU in patients 21 years of age and older
Age Restriction:	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
	 CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older
	<u>CSU</u> : up to 20 years of age



Prescriber Restrictions:	• <u>Allergic Asthma</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	• <u>CSU</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: SKYCLARYS (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	• Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities with daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Must be 16 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL Affected Medications: Omisirge

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD), mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available Documentation that NONE of the following are present: Other active malignancy Active or uncontrolled infection Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : None- Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater HLA (Human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo- HSCT (Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years old
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime



POLICY NAME: ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABRAXANE (paclitaxel), ABECMA (idecabtagene vicleucel), ABIRATERONE, ADCETRIS (brentuximab vedotin), ADSTILADRIN (nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg), AKEEGA (niraparib + abiraterone), ALECENSA, ALKERAN, ALIQOPA (copanlisib), ALUNBRIG (brigatinib), ASPARLAS (asparaginase), ARZERRA (ofatumumab), AUGTYRO (repotrectinib), AYVAKIT (avapritinib), AZEDRA (iobenguane I-131), BAVENCIO (avelumab), BALVERSA (erdafitinib), BELEODAQ (belinostat), BELRAPZO (bendamustine), BENDEKA (bendamustine), BESPONSA (inotuzumab ozogamicin), BESREMI (ropeginterferon), BLENREP (belantamab mafodotin-blmf), BOSULIF (bosutinib), BRAFTOVI (encorafenib), BREYANZI (lisocabtagene maraleucel), BRUKINSA (zanubrutinib), CABOMETYX (cabozantinib), CALQUENCE (calabrutinib), CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI (ciltacabtagene autoleucel), COLUMVI (glofitamabgxbm), COMETRIQ (cabozantinib), COPIKTRA (duvelisib), COSELA (trilaciclib), COTELLIC, CYRAMZA (ramucirumab), DACOGEN (decitabine), DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO (daratumumab-hyaluronidase), DAURISMO (glasdegib), ELAHERE, ELREXFIO (elranatamab), EMPLICITI, ENHERTU (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan), EPKINLY (epcoritamab), ERBITUX (cetuximab), ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA (apalutamide), ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, EXKIVITY (mobocertinib), FARYDAK, FOTIVDA (tivozanib), FRUZAQLA (fruquintinib), GAVRETO (pralsetinib), GAZYVA, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE (palbociclib), ICLUSIG, IDHIFA (enasidenib), IMATINIB, IMBRUVICA (ibrutinib), IMFINZI (durvalumab), IMJUDO (tremelimumab), IMLYGIC (talimogene laherparepvec), INLYTA, INQOVI (decitabine and cedazuridine), INREBIC, ISTODAX (romidepsin), IXEMPRA (ixabepilone), JAKAFI (ruxolitinib), JAYPIRCA (pirtobrutinib), JELMYTO (mitomycin pyelocaliceal), JEMPERLI (dostarlimab), JEVTANA (cabazitaxel), Kadcyla (Adotrastuzumab), KEYTRUDA (pembrolizumab), KIMMTRAK, KISQALI (ribociclib), KISQALI & FEMARA CO-PACK, KRAZATI (adagrasib), KYMRIAH (tisagenlecleucel), KYPROLIS (carfilzomib), LARTRUVO, LENVIMA (lenvatinib mesylate), LIBTAYO (cemiplimab-rwlc), LIPOSOMAL DOXORUBICIN, LONSURF, LOQTORZI (toripalimab-tpzi), LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS (sotorasib), LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO (mosunetuzumab), LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI (futibatinib), MARGENZA (margetuximab-cmkb), MAROIBO (liposomal vincristine), MATULANE (procarbazine hydrochloride), MEKINIST (trametinib), MEKTOVI (binmetinib), MONJUVI (tafisitamab-cxix), MYLOTARG, NERLYNX (neratinib), SORAFENIB TOSYLATE, NILANDRON, NINLARO (ixazomid), NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJJAARA (momelotinib), ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE (irinotecan), ONUREG (azacitidine), OPDIVO (nivolimumab), OPDUALAG (nivolimumab/relatlimab), ORSERDU (elacestrant), PADCEV (enfortumab vedotin), PEMAZYRE (pemigatinib), PEPAXTO (melphalan flufenamide), PERJETA (pertuzumab), PHOTOFRIN (porfimer), PIQRAY (alpelisib), PLUVICTO (lutetium), POLIVY (polatuzumab vedotin-piiq), POMALYST, PORTRAZZA (necitumumab), POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN (aldesleukin), PROVENGE (sipuleucel-t), QINLOCK (ripretinib), RETEVMO (selpercatinib), REVLIMID, REZLIDHIA (olutasidenib), REZUROCK (belumosudil), ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT (amivantamab), RYDAPT, RYLAZE (asparaginase erwinia chrysanthemi), SARCLISA (isatuximab), STIVARGA (regorafenib), sunitinib, SYNRIBO (omacetaxine), TABRECTA (capmatinib), TAFINLAR (dabrafenib), TAGRISSO, TALVEY (talquetamab-tgvs), TALZENNA (talazopairb), TAZVERIK (tazemetostat), TECARTUS (brexucabtagene autoleucel), TECENTRIQ (atezolizumab), TECVAYLI, TEMOZOLOMIDE, TEPADINA (thiotepa), TEPMETKO (tepotinib), TIBSOVO (ivosidenib), TIVDAK (tisotumab), TORISEL (temsirolimus), TREANDA (bendamustine), TRODELVY (sacituzumab govitecan), TRUSELTIQ (infigratinib), TRUQAP (capivasertib), TURALIO (pexidartinib oral capsules), TYKERB, UKONIQ (umbralisib tosylate), VANFLYTA (quizartinib), VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA (venetoclax), VERZENIO (abemaciclib), VIDAZA (Azacitidine), VIVIMUSTA (bendamustine), VIZIMPRO (dacotiminib), VONJO (pacritinib), VOTRIENT, VYXEOS (Daunorubicin and Cytarabine (Liposomal)), XALKORI (crizotinib), XALKORI (crizotinib) pellets, XELODA, XOFIGO (Radium 223), XOSPATA (gilteritinib), XPOVIO (selinexor), XTANDI (enzalutamide), YERVOY (ipilimumab), YESCARTA (axicabtagene ciloleucel), YONDELIS (trabectedin), ZALTRAP (ziv-aflibercept), ZEJULA (niraparib), ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA (lurbinectedin), ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA (loncastuximab tesirine), ZYNYZ (retifanlimab-dlwr) injection



Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, disease staging, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of use with National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) 2A or higher level of evidence regimen Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPICAPONE

Affected Medications: ONGENTYS (Opicapone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• Adjunctive treatment to levodopa/carbidopa in patients with Parkinson's
	Disease (PD) experiencing "off" episodes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of PD
Information:	• Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure of the following:
Treatment	• Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose
Regimen & Other Criteria:	and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes:
Criteria:	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	AND
	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose and entacapone
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction from baseline in "off" episodes associated with Parkinson's disease
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
	Concomitant use of non-selective monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors
	Pheochromocytoma, paraganglioma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPIOID NAÏVE 7 DAY LIMIT Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of previous and current opioid treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that first opioid prescription in current treatment course will not exceed 7 days Exceptions require all of the following: Documentation that a 7 day supply would be inadequate for treatment Follow-up for evaluation within 7 days is not possible
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-naïve patients (has had a prescription for opioid within the last 180 days) Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Based on exceptional circumstance, not to exceed 1 month



POLICY NAME: OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME) Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Short term use of opioids with an MME per day greater than 90 MME requires one of the following: Recent surgery Acute injury Chronic use of opioids with a Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) per day greater than 90 MME requires: A comprehensive individual treatment plan including attestation of a pain management agreement between the prescriber and patient Continued assessment and documentation of risk of abuse Documentation that previous tapers have been attempted or documentation of a taper plan or rationale for avoidance of taper initiation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA 1.5% CREAM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Atopic dermatitis
Required Medical	Severe Atopic Dermatitis and Nonsegmental Vitiligo
Information:	Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment
	(inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement
	preventing normal social interaction) AND
	Body Surface Area (BSA) of at least 10% OR
	Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate	Severe Atopic Dermatitis
Treatment	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:
Regimen & Other	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine,
Criteria:	methotrexate, mycophenolate, Dupixent, AND Adbry (prior authorization required for
	Dupixent and Adbry).
	Reauthorization
	No reauthorization permitted: treatment beyond 8 weeks has not been studied or found to
	be safe and effective.
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo
	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:
	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, mometasone furoate, clobetasol, prednisone,
	dexamethasone, phototherapy, cyclosporine, methotrexate, AND mycophenolate.
Exclusion	Severe Atopic Dermatitis
Criteria:	Combination use with monoclonal antibody (such as Dupixent)
	Previous 8-week treatment course
	 Nonsegmental Vitiligo Previous 24-week treatment course
Age Destriction:	
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (example: dermatologist, allergist, or
Restrictions:	immunologist)
Coverage	Severe Atopic Dermatitis
Duration:	Initial: Maximum for 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: No reauthorization permitted.



Nonsegmental Vitiligo
Initial: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization : Additional 16 weeks, unless otherwise specified. Further reauthorization
not permitted. (Maximum lifetime approval of 24 weeks).



POLICY NAME: ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL Affected Medications: FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic cancer pain, management of breakthrough pain episodes
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that a long-acting opioid is being prescribed for around-the clock treatment of the cancer pain. The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as: Taking at least 60 mg of oral morphine per day OR 25 mcg of transdermal fentanyl/hr OR 30 mg of oral oxycodone daily OR 8 mg of oral hydromorphone daily OR 25 mg oral oxymorphone daily OR An equianalgesic dose of another opioid for a week or longer Patient is unable to swallow, has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting OR Patient is unable to take 2 other short-acting narcotics (e.g., oxycodone, morphine
	 Patient is unable to take 2 other short-acting narcotics (e.g., oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.) secondary to allergy or severe adverse events AND Patient is on or will be on a long-acting narcotic (e.g., Duragesic), or the patient is on intravenous, subcutaneous, or spinal (intrathecal, epidural) narcotics (e.g., morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, fentanyl citrate)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer-related pain
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (treprostinil oral)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Cirrhosis
	 Anorexigens
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Drugs and toxins
	 Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II
	or higher symptoms
	• Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90), or
	 Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of failure with Remodulin
Treatment	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Regimen & Other Criteria:	treatment of the identified condition
Other Criteria:	• Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,
	Tyvaso, Orenatriam should not be used in combination)
	• Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been
	considered and ruled out
	• Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided
	atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the
	respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease,
	obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation
	disorders, etc.)



Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolrix)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment	Prostate Cancer
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



ORITAVANCIN Affected Medications: KIMYRSA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections caused or suspected to be caused by susceptible isolates of designated Gram-positive microorganisms
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 1200 mg (1 vial) intravenous (IV) infusion over 1 hour as a single dose Documented clinical failure with Orbactiv (oritavancin)
Exclusion Criteria:	Known hypersensitivity to oritavancin products
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 week, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole. Diagnosis of RVVC defined as four or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months. Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive KOH test Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g. due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months Documented provider attestation that the patient has been informed of the risk of pregnancy given their fertility status (such as tubal ligation failure, misdiagnosed/temporary menopause, etc.), the severe fetal harm that can occur with pregnancy that follows the administration of Vivjoa, AND documentation that the patient acknowledges and understands these risks and agrees to be vigilant in avoiding pregnancy during Vivjoa therapy and for a minimum of 2 years following their last dose of Vivjoa Not to exceed one treatment course per year Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Women of reproductive potential
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Cushing's disease
Required Medical	• Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery or
Information:	previous surgery has not been curative
	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	• The mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC)
	greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL
	• Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8
Appropriate	mcg/dL Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by the mean UFC
Treatment	levels being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Care Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



OXERVATE Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	All Feed and Dure Advision (FDA) and an indications wat athematics and had be
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using the Cochet-Bonnet aesthesiometer) within the area of the recurrent/persistent epithelial defect or corneal ulcer AND outside of the area of the defect in at least one corneal quadrant Documentation of one of the following: Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of recurrent or persistent corneal epithelial defect Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of corneal ulceration (with
	or without stromal melting and perforation)
Appropriate	Documentation of disease progression despite treatment with all the following:
Treatment	 Preservative-free artificial tears, gel, or ointments
Regimen & Other	 Therapeutic corneal or scleral contact lenses
Criteria:	 Amniotic membrane transplantation and conjunctival flap surgery, tarsorrhaphy, cyanoacrylate glue, or soft-bandage contact lenses
	• Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment response as shown by reduction in corneal staining with fluorescein
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	 Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), sodium oxybate, XYWAV (oxybate salts)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in patients with narcolepsy
Required Medical Information:	 <u>All Indications</u> Polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test results confirming diagnosis Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	 Narcolepsy with EDS Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Authorization for Xywav and Lumryz for current and new utilizers requires documented treatment failure with sodium oxybate
Cintenta	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documented treatment failure (inadequately controlled cataplexy) despite treatment with each of the following for at least 1 month unless contraindicated: Venlafaxine, fluoxetine, and a tricyclic antidepressant OR Must meet criteria for EDS
	 Narcolepsy with EDS: Documented treatment failure with at least 3 of the following (1 in each category required) for at least 1 month, unless contraindicated: Modafinil or armodafinil Methylphenidate or dextroamphetamine or lisdexamfetamine Sunosi
	Reauthorization:



	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy with EDS: clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
Age Restriction:	7 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PALFORZIA

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
Information:	 Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
	 A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at
	least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g., hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	 The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion of peanut or peanut-containing food
	 The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine injection
Appropriate	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies Dosing:
Treatment	 Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 4 and 17 years of age
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 4 years of age and older
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy,
	defined by one or more of the following:
	Improvement in quality of life
	Reduction in severe allergic reactions
	Reduction in epinephrine use
	Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
	Uncontrolled asthma
	• History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled
	hypertension
	 History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and hereditary or idiopathic angioedema



Age Restriction:	• 4 years of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of one of the following conditions:
	 Congenital heart disease (CHD): With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extra-corporeal membrane oxygenation That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension)
	 Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater than 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6-month period prior to RSV season (e.g., corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen)
	 3. Cystic Fibrosis and: Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable) A weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	• 4. Congenital airway abnormality or neuromuscular condition (not cystic fibrosis) that impairs the ability to clear airway secretions
	• 5. Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate Treatment	Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV season
	 Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season (Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then dosing schedule should resume monthly)



Exclusion Criteria:	For use in the treatment of RSV disease
	Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season
Age Restriction:	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical Information":
J	• 1a. Less than 2 years of age
	• 1b. Less than 2 years of age
	• 2a. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	• 2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	• 3a. Less than 2 years of age
	• 3b. Less than 2 years of age
	• 3c. Less than 2 years of age
	• 4. Less than 2 years of age
	• 5. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval:
Duration:	• 5 months (November 1 through March 31) 5 monthly doses, unless otherwise specified
	• 1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region
	according to the CDC 1 monthly dose, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Required Medical	• Documented diagnosis of FOP confirmed by ACVR1 R206H mutation by molecular
Information:	genetic testing
	Radiographic features of FOP including joint malformations (such as hallux valgus
	deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint), and
	progressive heterotopic ossification (HO)
	• Documentation of experiencing at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring
	prescription non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids
	such as prednisone
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO
Treatment	volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients weighing less than 10 kg
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	Females 8 years of age and older
	Males 10 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in rare connective
Care Restrictions:	tissue diseases
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALYNZIQ

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with sapropterin <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: NATPARA (parathyroid hormone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Uses:	by plan design
	 Adjunct to calcium and vitamin D to control hypocalcemia in hypoparathyroidism
Required Medical	Documentation of the following lab values:
Information:	 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels within normal limits (approximately 30-74 ng/mL)
	while on standard of care (such as calcitriol)
	 Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.5 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure with at least 8 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as follows: Calcium 2000 mg daily Vitamin D (metabolite or analog) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) within the lower half of the normal range (approximately 8-9 mg/dL)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Endocrinologist or nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score -2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site <u>AND</u> increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following: Oral or Intravenous bisphosphonate (such as alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures For Forteo requests: documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid analogues should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime



	• Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two
	years of parathyroid analogue use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following
	criteria:
	 Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T score while on Forteo or teriparatide Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score
Exclusion Criteria:	Paget's Disease
	 Open epiphyses (such as pediatric or young adult patient)
	Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies
	Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma
	Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton
	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand
	inhibitors
	Pre-existing hypercalcemia
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: PAROMOMYCIN

Affected Medications: HUMATIN (paromomycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• Intestinal amebiasis, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica)
	• Hepatic abscess, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica)
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with human
	immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
	 Dientamoeba fragilis
Required Medical	Documentation of current infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing
Information:	• Hepatic abscess: Confirmed by diagnostic imaging (conventional ultrasound,
	computed tomography scan, or magnetic resonance imaging)
	• Dientamoeba fragilis: Identification of D. fragilis trophozoites in fecal smears
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with HIV: Stool specimen
	microscopic examination (acid-fast staining, direct fluorescent antibody, and/or
	enzyme immunoassays for detection of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> sp. antigens) or molecular methods
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Intestinal obstruction
	Use as monotherapy in <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> infections
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 3 months
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: PATISIRAN

Affected Medications: ONPATTRO (patisiran sodium)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, renal dysfunction) Documented failure with diflunisal Documentation with one of the following: Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization:</u> Documentation of a positive clinical response to patisiran (e.g., improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior or planned liver transplantation NYHA class III or IV Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy including inotersen or vutrisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine
Age Restriction:	Adults age 18 and up
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the management of amyloidosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PCSK9 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab), PRALUENT (alirocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	• Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)		
	• Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia		
	[HeFH])		
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) 		
Required Medical			
Information:	Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months		
	• Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)		
	Documentation of dietary measures being undertaken to lower cholesterol		
	Clinical ASCVD		
	• Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:		
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 		
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 		
	 Stable or unstable angina 		
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 		
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 		
	• Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin		
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH		
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:		
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults 		
	AND 1 first-degree relative affected		
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], 		
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9]		
	gain-of-function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])		
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 		
	points		
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 		
	HoFH		
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:		
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL 		
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial 		
	hypercholesterolemia		



	years Presence of two abnormal LDL- 	th aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 20 C-raising gene defect (excluding double-null LDLR
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated 	
	therapy at maximally tolerated doses w following: O Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/ O Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/	/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD tiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD
	 Major ASCVD Events ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD 	 High-Risk Conditions Age 65 years and older HeFH Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events) Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure



	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH		
	• Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination		
	therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use		
	Reauthorization: Documentation of updated lipid panel showing clinically significant		
	reduction in LDL-C from baseline AND continued compliance to therapy		
Exclusion			
Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			



PEDIATRIC WEIGHT LOSS

Affected Medications: Saxenda (liraglutide), Wegovy (semaglutide), Qsymia (phentermine/topiramate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
Required Medical Information:	 Patient age of 12 to 20 years Severe obesity defined as one of the following: Body Mass Index (BMI) of greater than or equal to 35kg/m² Equal to or greater than 120% of the 95th percentile for age and sex 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current intensive health behavior and lifestyle treatment which includes Physical activity goals Nutrition education Behavior change counseling axenda and Wegovy Documentation of treatment failure with Qsymia, defined as failure to experience 5% reduction in BMI after 12 weeks at max tolerated dosage Beauthorization Qsymia: documentation of reduction of weight of at least 5% of baseline BMI since initiation Saxenda and Wegovy: documentation of at least 2.4mg daily dose and reduction of 		
Exclusion Criteria:	weight of at least 1% of BMI since initiation		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatrician or weight loss specialist		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: PEDMARK

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required Medical	Documentation of the following:
Information:	 Treatment plan is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non- metastatic solid tumor
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen



PEGASYS

Affected Medications: PEGASYS® (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Covered Uses:		d and Drug Administration (FDA)-a erwise excluded by plan design	oproved indications and compendia-supp	orted
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of anticipated treatment course, to include full antiviral regimen, and duration of therapy			
	Docume approve	patitis C (CHC): entation chronic hepatitis C virus (I ed serum test e HCV RNA level	HCV) genotype by liver biopsy or by FDA-	
	DocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaDocumentariaD		Ag-negative chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV ninase (ALT) level	/)
	Current bilirubii score w			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		e if used in combination with FDA- ot otherwise excluded from Pacific n	and/or AASLD/IDSA- recommended regir Source policies of other medications in th	
		entation of ONE of the following so	cenarios:	
	HBeAg	HBV DNA	ALT	
	Without c	irrhosis		
	Positive	Greater than 20,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the upper limit of normal (ULN)	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the ULN	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	1-2 times the ULN and moderate/severe liver inflammation/fibrosis	
	With com	pensated cirrhosis		
	Either	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Any ALT	



Exclusion	Treatment of patients with CHC who have had solid organ transplantation		
Criteria:	Autoimmune hepatitis		
	Hepatic decompensation (Child-Pugh score greater than 6)		
Age Restriction:	CHC: 5 years of age or older		
	CHB: 18 years of age or older		
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious		
Restrictions:	disease specialist		
Coverage	• CHC: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (depends on regimen and diagnosis)		
Duration:	CHB: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



PEGLOTICASE

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design:			
	 Chronic gout in adult patients refractory to conventional therapy 			
Required Medical	Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL			
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:			
	\circ Two or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by			
	colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or			
	oral/injectable corticosteroids			
	 At least one non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus 			
Appropriate	• Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to			
Treatment	reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated			
Regimen & Other	dose to BOTH:			
Criteria:	 Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat) 			
	 Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as 			
	probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with			
	uricosuric agent required			
	Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination oral methotrexate 15mg weekly			
	unless contraindicated			
	Reauthorization will require ALL the following:			
	 Documentation of SUA less than 6mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose 			
	• Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of			
	flares or affected joints			
	Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms			
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in combination with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist			
Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: Phenoxybenzamine

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with pheochromocytoma
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of pheochromocytoma and one of the following: Documentation of preoperative preparation for surgical resection. Documentation of chronic treatment for metastatic pheochromocytoma.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 If use is projected to be greater than 14 days: Documentation of failure or contraindication to a selective alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of pheochromocytoma.
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.



PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on
	 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing
	OR
	 Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate	• Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to two of the following preferred
Treatment Regimen & Other	products and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients
Criteria:	• Preferred products: Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in
	combination with Ogivri, Perjeta in combination with Trazimera, Perjeta in
	combination with Herzuma, Perjeta in combination with Ontruzant
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: tadalafil 20 mg tablet, sildenafil 20 mg tablet

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart
Information:	catheterization meeting the following criterias:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of
Treatment	the following:
Regimen & Other	Improvement in walking distance
Criteria:	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis
	 Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator
	Use for erectile dysfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: PIRFENIDONE Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent of the predicted value AND Predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) great than or equal to 30 percent
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pirfenidone is not approved for use in combination with Ofev. <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• 18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POMBILITI AND OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 by plan design Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity
	 DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene
	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease:
	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution
	 Delayed gross-motor development in childhood
	 Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as
	reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing)
	 Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata)
	 Low/absent reflexes
	• Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more
	Documentation has a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or
	more
	Patient weight
Appropriate	 Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are
Treatment	within FDA-labeling
Regimen & Other	 Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current
Criteria:	
	enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of progression in percent predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception
	during treatment
	• Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while awake
	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
	 Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme
	 Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy



	Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	• 18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: posaconazole suspension, posaconazole delayed release tablets

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
	 Prophylaxis of Invasive Aspergillus and Candida Infections
	 Treatment of Oropharyngeal Candidiasis Including Oropharyngeal Candidiasis
	Refractory to Itraconazole and/or Fluconazole
Required Medical	Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity
Information:	Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition
Appropriate	Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
Treatment	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
	• Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with
	hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy
	 Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-
	supported systemic agent (e.g., fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC):
	 Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with
	all the following:
	• Fluconazole
	o Itraconazole
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than
-	40kg
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	- Approval o months, and so other wise specified



POZELIMAB

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	• Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE
	disease
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation
Information:	using molecular genetic testing
	 Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less)
	• Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral
	edema, or facial edema
	• Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate	• Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
Treatment	 Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose
Regimen & Other	 Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8,
Criteria:	10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly
	May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4
	 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following:
	Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms
	 Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations
	Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab)
	Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus
	influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist gastroenterologist, or provider
	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider
Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases
-	



POLICY NAME: PRAMLINTIDE

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Type 1 diabetes mellitus Type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent) on optimal insulin therapy AND Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	HbA1c level greater than 9 percent.Weight loss treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRETOMANID Affected Medications: pretomanid

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Extensively drug resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB) Treatment-intolerant multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (TI MDR-TB) Nonresponsive multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (NR MDR-TB)
Required Medical Information:	• Patient has failed, is resistant, or is allergic to quad therapy of any combination of the following: Isoniazid, Rifampin, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Fluoroquinolone, Capreomycin (Kanamycin, Amikacin, Streptomycin), Ethionamide/Prothinamide, Cycloserine/Terizidone, Aminosalicylic acid (acidic salt)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Drug-sensitive TB (DS-TB) Latent Infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis Extrapulmonary TB (e.g., central nervous system)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, infectious disease specialist.
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PROLIA

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

Covered Uses: • Required Medical Information: Os	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture Treatment of bone loss in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer Treatment of bone loss in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for prostate cancer steoporosis T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral
	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: • T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral
	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: • T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral
•	 neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site. T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only) luccocrticoid-Induced Osteoporosis If 50 years old and greater, must provide documentation of one of the following: Baseline bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of less than or equal to -2.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck BMD T-score less than or equal to -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck AND a history of osteoporotic fracture If less than 50 years old, must provide documentation of a history of osteoporotic fracture lin addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following: Initiation or continuation of systemic glucocorticoids equivalent to 7.5 mg or greater of prednisone and expected to remain on glucocorticoids for at least 6 months



	Bone Loss in Men Receiving Androgen Deprivation Therapy for Prostate Cancer
	 If less than 70 years old, must provide documentation of one of the following:
	• BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
	 History of osteoporotic fracture
Appropriate	Osteoporosis and Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis
Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	• Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with an oral or intravenous
Criteria:	bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
	• Severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)
	 Multiple osteoporotic fractures in the setting of T-scores less than -3.5
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of bisphosphonate therapy or antineoplastic therapy apart from aromatase inhibitors or androgen deprivation therapy.
	 Preexisting hypocalcemia Pregnancy
	+
Age Restriction:	
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	
Prescriber	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



PROSTAGLANDIN INTRACAMERAL IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: DURYSTA (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma
	(OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	• Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-
Treatment	lowering agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which
Regimen & Other	must include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost
Criteria:	For iDose TR requests:
	 Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	• Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated
	Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified



PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

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Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to
Information:	initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory
	Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	• Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
Appropriate	• For Empaveli: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Treatment	ravulizumab (Ultomiris)
Regimen & Other	• For Fabhalta: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Criteria:	another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli
	another complement inhibitor such as ravulzumab (offormins) of Empaveli
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion	• Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta)
Criteria:	except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing
	 Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by
	encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: PYRIMETHAMINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Toxoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection Documentation of one of the following: Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Regimen (adult): Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 500mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
PNH
 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
aHUS
Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and
acute kidney injury
 Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.) ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
• Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
gMG
Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive adrophonium chloride test
 A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
Documentation of ONE of the following:
 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater



Appropriate	aHUS
Treatment	Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
Regimen & Other	 Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
Criteria:	 Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
	<u>gMG</u>
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart)
	Reauthorization requires:
	 gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL or QMG scores from baseline
	 PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	 aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion	Current meningitis infection
Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	 PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years and older
Prescriber	8
Restrictions:	
	C C
	 aHUS: Hematologist or Nephrologist gMG: Neurologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



REBLOZYL

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia in adult patients with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR Diagnosis of anemia failing an erythropoiesis stimulating agent and requiring 2 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T) Documentation of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis-stimulating agent (ESA) use (ESA-naive) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes Baseline complete blood count (CBC) within 2 months and then prior to each administration, or more frequently as indicated Documentation of current RBC transfusion regimen
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	(very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS))
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a 20% reduction in red blood cell (RBC) transfusion burden from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia
	Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions
	Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia
	Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RELYVRIO

Affected Medications: RELYVRIO (sodium phenylbutyrate-taurursodiol)

Covered Head	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical	• Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised
Information:	(Airlie House) criteria
	Symptom onset within 18 months
	Slow vital capacity (SVC) of at least 60 percent
	• Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points
	on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	• Member is stable on riluzole
Criteria:	 Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole
	• Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success as determined by prescriber
	including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of a tracheostomy
	Use of permanent assisted ventilation
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: REMODULIN

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in Patients Requiring Transition from Epoprostenol
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	 PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis Anorexigens Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Drugs and toxins Portal Hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	 calcium channel blocker) unless contraindications: o Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) o Low cardiac index OR o Presense of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	• Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,
Other Criteria:	 Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III symptoms



Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc.) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial coverage: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Subsequent coverage: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RESLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CINQAIR IV (reslizumab-interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antiboty (IgG4 kappa))

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an
	eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
Information:	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from
	normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred
	products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair)
	Availability: 100 mg/10 mL vials
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	• Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	• 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
i	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following:
	 Complete DiGeorge Syndrome (cDGS)
	 Forkhead Box N1 (FOXN1) deficiency
	o 22q11.2 deletion
	 CHARGE Syndrome (Coloboma, Heart defects, Atresia of the nasal choanae,
	Retardation of growth and development, Genitourinary anomalies, Ear
	anomalies)
	• CHD7 mutation
	 10p13-p14 deletion
Appropriate	Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates:
Treatment	 Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood
Regimen & Other	OR
Criteria:	 Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber
Restrictions:	experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified
	• Initial Authonization: I month (I treatment only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (Rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Medical	Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold
Information:	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	 Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	 Disease must currently be in remission
	• Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the following:
	 Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count, elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium enhancement (LGE) on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial contrast enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment Regimen &	• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)
Other Criteria:	Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all the
	following:
	• Colchicine
	 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin
	• Glucocorticoid
	 Dosing for CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis: Adults: loading dose of 320 mg followed by 160 mg once weekly Pediatric patients (age 12 to 17): loading dose of 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) followed by 2.2 mg/kg once weekly (maximum 160 mg)



	Dosing for DIRA:
	Adults: 320 mg once weekly
	• Pediatric patients (weighing 10 kg or more): 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) once weekly
	Reauthorization will require:
	• All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	• Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection
Criteria:	Concurrent therapy with anakinra, TNF inhibitors, or other biologics
Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis, 12 years of age and older
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or
Restrictions:	dermatologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4)
Required Medical	Chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH)
Information:	 Documentation of Chronic-Thromboemolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria: Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mmHg PAWP less than 15 mmHg Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)
	• Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	 Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease) New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
_	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 CTEPH Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy surgery
Criteria:	 Current therapy with anticoagulants <u>PAH</u> Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of



	the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite)
	• Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



RISANKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE, SKYRIZI AUTO-INJECTOR, SKYRIZI SOLUTION CARTRIDGE, SKYRIZI INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
covered uses.			
	plan design		
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Crohn's Disease (CD) 		
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis		
Information:	Documentation of disease that is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional		
	impairment as defined by one of the following:		
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11 		
	• Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13		
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 		
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 		
	involvement preventing normal social interaction		
	Documentation of one or more of the following:		
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement; or 		
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or		
	greater based on chart notes		
	• Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one		
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point		
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point 		
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point 		
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point 		
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one 		
	point		
	<u>Crohn's Disease</u>		
	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy		
	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment		
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies:		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)		



•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
-	12 weeks of each therapy:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya
Psor	iatic Arthritis
• 1	Documented treatment failure of at least 12 weeks with methotrexate
	\circ If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
	modifying anti-rheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
•	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of each therapy:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred
	biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
Croh	nn's Disease
	nn's Disease Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
•	
• (Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
• (Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,
• ((Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: • Fistulizing disease
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement AND
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement AND Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement AND Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
• 	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:



	QL • PP/PsA: • Induction: 150 mg at week 0 and 4 • Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days • Crohn's Disease: • Induction: 600 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8 • Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Age Restriction:	 and is not a covered benefit 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, dermatologist, or gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (Risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2
Information:	demonstrating ONE of the following:
	 Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1)
	 Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	 Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
	 Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for
	patient age and motor function:
	• Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2)
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME)
	 Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders
	(CHOP-INTEND)
	 Upper Limb Module (ULM) test
	 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
	Documentation of previous treatment history
	 Documentation of ventilator use status:
	• Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16
	hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)
	 This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance
	 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score,
Treatment	clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
Regimen & Other	symptoms
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	SMA type 4
Exclusion enterna.	 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation
	support)
	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
	Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene
Age Restriction:	abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.)
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in
Restrictions:	treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCLEA (rituximab & hyaluronidase subcutaneous), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications				
	not otherwise excluded by plan design				
	 Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) 				
	 Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) 				
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) 				
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) 				
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 				
	 Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) 				
	 Microscopic polyangiitis (MPA) 				
	 Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) 				
	 Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) 				
	 Pemphigus vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases 				
	 Immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), relapsed or refractory 				
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2 or				
	higher				
Required Medical	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course				
Information:	Decumentaria (DA)				
	 <u>Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)</u> Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment 				
	 Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current deatment Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent 				
	objective scale):				
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 				
	 Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 				
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 				
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3 				
	Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) or Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA)				
	Documentation of active MPA or GPA				
	Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)				
	Documentation of active EGPA				
	• For severe EGPA: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as				
	defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF)				
	guidelines				



RF	<u>MS</u>		
•	-	nagnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McD	Donald
	diagnostic criteria for MS	one will suffice; additional evidence desirable but r	nust ho
	consistent with MS		nust be
CI			
•		phasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symp	
		nical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperint	
		IS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periver	itricular,
	cortical or juxtacortical, init	ratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)	
<u>A</u>	tive SPMS		
•		MS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening i	n neurologic
		nths (independent of relapses)	
		s shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflam	natory activity
_		(lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)	
•	Documentation of Expande	ed Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5	
N	NOSD		
•		quaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD	confirmed by
	all the following:		
		AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay	
		ative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) linical characteristic:	
	 At least one core cl Acute optic 		
	 Acute Option Acute mye 		
		postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexpla	ained hiccups
	or nausea/		
	 Acute brain 	nstem syndrome	
	 Symptoma 	tic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndro	ome with
	NMOSD-ty	pical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance im	aging (MRI)
	[see table l	-	
		bral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on	MRI [see
	table belov	v]	
(linical presentation Pc	ossible MRI findings	
[iencephalic syndrome •	Periependymal lesion	
	•	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion	



	Acute cerebral syndrome • Extensive periependymal lesion • Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion • Long corticospinal tract lesion • Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases (such as but not limited to pemphigus foliaceus, bullous pemphigoid, cicatricial pemphigoid, epidermolysis bullosa acquisita, and paraneoplastic pemphigus) • Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy • Documented severe or refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral systemic therapies Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP), Relapsed or Refractory • Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter AND • One of the following: • Documented steroid dependence to maintain platelets/prevent bleeding with ITP equal or greater than 3 months • Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcl) All Uses Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Coverage of Rituxan or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following:



•	Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 do
	or 375 mg/m^2 once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic
	glucocorticoid
•	Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require
	documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
<u>EG</u>	<u>SPA</u>
•	Non-severe
	 Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid
	 Documented treatment failure with an oral immunosuppressive therapy:
	azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide
•	Severe
	 Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a system glucocorticoid
Re	elapsing Forms of MS
•	Initiation: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2
	doses)
•	Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support
<u>NN</u>	MOSD
•	Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2
	doses)
•	Maintenance : Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
ΡV	and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases
	Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic
•	glucocorticoid (if or when appropriate)
•	
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate
•	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy



	Documented treatment failure with first line recommended and conventional therapies
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 For RA, GPA, MPA, EGPA– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist For CLL, NHL– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For MS, NMOSD- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist For PV- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization MPA, GPA, EGPA, PV: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Oncology: 4 months, unless otherwise specified RA, MS, NMSOD: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) 		
Required Medical Information:	 A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Netabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more 		
Appropriate Treatment	For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo		
Regimen & Other	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of the following criteria related to treatment		
Criteria:	success:		
	Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels		
	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) 		
Exclusion Criteria:	• Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation		
Exclusion Criteria:	• Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 		
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria 		
	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 		
Age Restriction:	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 For Rivfloza: Age in accordance with FDA labeling 		
Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 For Rivfloza: Age in accordance with FDA labeling Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or 		



ROMIPLOSTIM Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an 			
	insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy			
	 Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who 			
	have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or			
	splenectomy			
	 Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to 			
	myelosuppressive radiation doses.			
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:			
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:			
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter 			
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding 			
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such 			
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding			
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)			
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:			
	• Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)			
Appropriate	Current weight			
Treatment	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:			
	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least So 200 (view) the table falle view theorem.			
	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:			
	• ONE of the following:			
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for ITP, including 			
	corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin			
	 Splenectomy 			
	o Promacta			
	Reauthorization (ITP only):			
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 			
	400,000/microliter)			
	OR			



	 The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome
	Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10mcg/kg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Doptelet, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Duration:	 Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:
	 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture, 		
	defined as one of the following:		
	 History of osteoporotic fracture 		
	 Multiple risk fractures for fracture 		
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available 		
	osteoporosis therapy		
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:		
Information:	\circ T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral		
	neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site		
	\circ T-score between –1.0 and –2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or		
	1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the		
	following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:		
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or 		
	greater		
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater 		
	History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders		
Appropriate	 Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all the following: 		
Treatment	 Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate) 		
Regimen & Other	 Prolia (denosumab) 		
Criteria:			
	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime		
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year		
	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs or RANK ligand		
	inhibitors		
	 Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity 		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber			
Restrictions:			
-	Approval: 12 months lifetime maximum		
Coverage Duration:	• Approval. 12 months metime maximum		



POLICY NAME: RYPLAZIM Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded [By plan design]			
	 Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1 			
Required				
Medical	Plasminogen Deficiency type 1 (must meet all of the following):			
Information:	• Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) as evidenced by documentation of all of the following			
	 Genetic testing showing presence of biallelic pathogenic variants in plasminogen (PLG) 			
	 Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard 			
	 Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documented size, location and number of total lesions 			
	 Abnormal plasminogen antigen plasma level less than 9 mg/dL as confirmed by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay 			
	• Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing)			
Appropriate Treatment	Initial dosing: 6.6 mg/kg every three days			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Obtain a trough plasminogen activity level approximately 72 hours following the initial dose and prior to the second dose (same time of day as initial dosing)			
	 If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then increase to every 2 day dosing 			
	 If between 10-20% of baseline then maintain every 3 day dosing If above 20% of baseline then change dosing to every 4 days. 			
	Maintain dosing frequency as determined above for 12 weeks while treating active lesions			
	 If lesions do not resolve by 12 weeks, or there are new or recurrent lesions, increase dosing frequency in one-day increments every 4-8 weeks up to Q2D dosing while reassessing clinical improvement until lesion resolution or until the lesions stabilize without further worsening. 			
	• If desired clinical change does not occur by 12 weeks, check trough plasminogen activity level.			
	 If plasminogen activity is greater than 10% above baseline level then consider other treatment options, such as surgical removal of the lesion in addition to plasminogen treatment. 			





POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (Sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) <u>Reauthorization</u>: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	5 months or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

Affected Medications: SAPROPTERIN, JAVYGTOR

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age and older with phenylketonuria (PKU) 		
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU		
Information:	 Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL) 		
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet		
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of one of the following:		
	 Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120 to 360 micromol/L (2 to 6 mg/dL) 		
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance		
	Improvement in clinical symptoms		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or endocrinologist 		
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: SARILUMAB

Affected Medications: KEVZARA AUTO-INJECTOR, KEVZARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR) 			
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale) Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) is greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is greater than 10 			
	• Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3			
	Polymyalgia Rheumatica			
	Age 50 years or older at onset			
	Elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP)			
	 Confirmation of PMR according to the American College of Rheumatology/European Union League against Rheumatism (ACR/EULAR) classification criteria (score of 4 or more) 			
	 Morning stiffness greater than 45 min in duration -2 points 			
	 Hip pain or limited range of motion - 1 point 			
	 Absence of rheumatoid factor (RF) or anticitrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) – 2 points 			
	 Absence of other joint involvement – 1 point 			
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Treatment	• Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide) 			
	• Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12			
	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV			
	Polymyalgia Rheumatica			
	• Clinical response to low dose glucocorticoids (prednisone 15mg/day or equivalent) within a week of initiation with inability to complete gradual (2- 4 week) taper			
	<u>QL</u> RA/PMR: 200 mg every 2 weeks			



	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses:	-	inistration (FDA)-approved ir	ndications not otherwise ex	xcluded by
	plan design			
	 Neuromyelitis d 	optica spectrum disorder (NN	AOSD) in adult patients wh	no are anti-
	aquaporin-4 (A	QP4) antibody positive		
Required	<u>NMOSD</u>			_
Medical	- · ·	e aquaporin-4 immunoglobu	ulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD	confirmed
Information:	by all the following:			
	 Documentation 	of AQP4-IgG-specific antibo	dies on cell-based assay	
	 Exclusion of alternative 	ernative diagnoses (such as r	multiple sclerosis)	
	 At least one con 	re clinical characteristic:		
	 Acute c 	optic neuritis		
	 Acute n 	nyelitis		
	 Acute a 	area postrema syndrome (ep	isode of otherwise unexpla	ained
	hiccups	s or nausea/vomiting)		
	 Acute b 	orainstem syndrome		
	 Sympto 	omatic narcolepsy OR acute o	diencephalic clinical syndro	ome with
	NMOSE	D-typical diencephalic lesion	on magnetic resonance im	aging (MRI)
		ble below]	0	0 0 0 7
	-	erebral syndrome with NMC)SD-typical brain lesion on	MRI [see
	table be			
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
	Diencephalic syndrome	•	Periependymal lesion	
		•	Hypothalamic/thalamic	
			lesion	
	Acute cerebral	•	Extensive	
	syndrome		periependymal lesion	
		•	Long, diffuse,	
			heterogenous, or	
			edematous corpus callosum lesion	
		•	Long corticospinal tract	
		•	lesion	
		•	Large, confluent	
			subcortical or deep	
			white matter lesion	



	 History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab
Treatment	(preferred agents Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience)
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection
Criteria:	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis
	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6
Information:	months of life confirmed by one of the following:
	 Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity
	 Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (LIPA) gene
	Documentation of patient weight
	Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency)
	• Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required
	for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency)
Appropriate Treatment	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Regimen & Other	enforced
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization
	• Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in weight-for-
	age Z-score
	LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist
Restrictions:	,,
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SECUKINUMAB

Affected Medications COSENTYX PREFILLED SYRINGE, COSENTYX SENSOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX UNOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX IV SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	 Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	 Enthesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA)
	 Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)
	 Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in
	functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment
	OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	• Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	point



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at
least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 Insidious onset
 Improvement with exercise
 No improvement with rest
 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
• Arthritis
 Enthesitis Uveitis
 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) Psoriasis
 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 Family history of SpA
• Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)
OR
 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
• Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity
index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale
Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
 Diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following:
 Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present
OR
 Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features:
 Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain
 Positive HLA-B27
 Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age
 Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis
 First-degree relative with ERA, sacroilitis associated with inflammatory
bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis
OR
 Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
• Arthritis and psoriasis
OR
 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 Dactylitis
 Nail pitting or onycholysis
 Psoriasis in a first-degree relative



	 <u>Hidradenitis Suppurativa</u> Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Plaque Psoriasis Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA] Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) AND One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya
	 Psoriatic Arthritis Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide) Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) AND One of the following: Orencia, Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Simponi Aria Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for concomitant plaque psoriasis use)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti- inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) AND One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for
	concomitant plaque psoriasis use)
	Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
	• Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen,
	naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
	• Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying
	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate,
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa
	 Documented failure with at least 12-week trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS:
	 Doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline OR
	o Clindamycin plus rifampin
	Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)
	• Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of
	infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra and Avsola)
	QL
	Induction
	 Adult PP: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
	• Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
	 Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
	• HS: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
	Maintenance
	 Adult PP: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
	 Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
	 Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
	 PsA without PP/AS/NR-axSPA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
	 If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be
	considered
	 HS: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
	Reauthorization
	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental
	and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
	126



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SELEXIPAG FOR INJECTION

Affected Medications: UPTRAVI Intravenous (IV)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by right heart catheterization Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II to III symptoms Current and complete treatment course Current and/or anticipated barriers to continuing oral therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For temporary use in patients established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi who are temporarily unable to continue oral therapy. Dose of twice daily intravenous infusion corresponds to current dose of Uptravi tablets.
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	• Use in patients not established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi to initiate therapy.
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	1 month, unless otherwise specified



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

PA Policy Applicable to: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• In the hospital outpatient setting, the pharmacy benefit will cover pharmaceutical agents that the member can reasonably take or use on their own, while the medical benefit will cover any agents given intravenously (IV) or other forms that the member cannot give to themselves.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage	
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: SELUMETINIB

Affected Medications KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
	in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or
	better
Required	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
Medical	• Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined
Information:	as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk
	for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures,
	invasiveness, or high vascularity
	 Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a
	multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met):
	 Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal
	individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in postpubertal individuals
	• Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region
	 Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma
	 Optic pathway glioma
	 Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities
	• A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of
	the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone
	 A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in
	apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	apparently normal tissue such as write blood cens
	NCCN Indications
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Documented body surface area (BSA) and prescribed dose
Treatment	
Regimen &	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Other Criteria:	• For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in
	symptoms, such as pain



Exclusion Criteria:	 NCCN Indications Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas 2 years of age to less than 19 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	 <u>Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas</u> Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of neurofibromatosis <u>NCCN Indications</u> Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEROSTIM

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

	1
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) -associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical Information:	• Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body weight (IBW)
	• Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has documented compliance
	Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption,
	 opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated
	• Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the following:
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior 12 months
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior 6 months
	\circ BMI less than 20 kg/m ²
	 Weight is less than 90% of IBW
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	• Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Criteria:	improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.)
	Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen
Exclusion	• Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery,
Criteria:	multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure
	Active malignancy
	Acute respiratory failure
	 Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months Reauthorization: 8 months (maximum duration of therapy 48 weeks total)



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery or previous surgery has not been curative Documentation of at least two of the following: Mean 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to ketoconazole and cabergoline <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined by mean UFC levels being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal
Exclusion Criteria:	 Poorly controlled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c >8%) Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C) Hypokalemia or hypomagnesemia present Evidence of QT prolongation present
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Acromegaly
	• Cushing's Disease
Required Medical	Acromegaly:
Information:	 Clinical evidence of acromegaly Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to Somatuline Depot (lanreotide) or Somavert (pegvisomant) Patient has had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy which include: Medically unstable conditions Patient is at high risk for complications of anesthesia because of airway difficulties Lack of an available skilled surgeon Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy Severe hypertension Uncontrolled diabetes
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased or normalized IGF-1 levels
	Cushing's Disease:
	 Patient meets the following criteria for initiation of therapy: Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery or previous surgery has not been curative Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Mean 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
	• Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to ALL the following: ketoconazole, cabergoline, mifepristone
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by mean UFC levels being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Dosing</u> is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed: 60 mg every 4 weeks for Acromegaly (after 3 months of 40 mg) 40 mg every 4 weeks for Cushing's Disease (after 4 months of 10 mg)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Poorly controlled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c greater than 8%) Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C) Hypokalemia or hypomagnesemia present Evidence of QT prolongation present
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8 Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Consider delaying first dose if absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 1.0 x 10⁹/L, platelets less than 75 x 10⁹/L, and hemoglobin less than or equal to 17 g/dL Subsequent doses may be delayed if ANC less than 1.0 x 10⁹/L, platelets less than 50 x 109/L, and hemoglobin less than or equal to 17 g/dL Dosing: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Cytokine release syndrome: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIROLIMUS GEL Affected Medications: HYFTOR

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC).
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC. Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms and complications, and overall severity. Complete treatment history related to FA.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery, unless contraindicated. FAs are rapidly changing in size and/or number, causing functional interference, pain or bleeding or are inhibiting social interactions. <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease in size and/or redness of FAs).
Exclusion Criteria:	 Those on systemic mammalian target of rapamycin inhibitors. Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma.
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified. Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE Affected Medications: sodium phenylbutyrate

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) All patients with neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life) Patients with late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month of life) who have a history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment	Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone The prescribed medication will be used in combination with dietary protein restriction <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success (i.e., ammonia levels maintained within normal limits) and that this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Used to manage acute hyperammonemia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist or specialist who focuses on the treatment of metabolic diseases
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: BYNFEZIA, OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE (Somatuline Depot)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR: Acromegaly Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome) Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas) Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot): Acromegaly Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy) Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Acromegaly • Initiation of therapy, patient meets the following: • Clinical evidence of acromegaly • Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) level for age/gender • Patient has had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy • Clinical reasons for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy include: • Medically unstable conditions • Patient is at high risk for complications of anesthesia because of airway difficulties • Lack of an available skilled surgeon • Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery • Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy • Severe hypertension • Uncontrolled diabetes
	All other indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course



Appropriate	All indications
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 May use the long-acting IM depot formulation as initial therapy OR may consider 1 or 2 doses of subcutaneous (SQ) octreotide to assess tolerability prior to starting the long-acting IM depot For patients experiencing breakthrough symptoms while taking the long-acting depot, supplementary doses of SQ octreotide may be necessary
	 Bynfezia Bynfezia authorization requires a trial and inadequate treatment response or contraindication to octreotide solution for injection
	 Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot) GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection
	Reauthorization: Acromegaly: requires that the IGF-1 level is decreased or normalized All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval = 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPESOLIMAB Affected Medications: SPEVIGO (spesolimab-SBZO injection)

Course of the s	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch
	psoriasis)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following:
Information:	 The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin
	 Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques
	• Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as
	follows:
	 A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3
	 A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to
	very high-density pustules)
	 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with
	erythema and the presence of pustules
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable
Regimen & Other	adverse event) with:
Criteria:	 A 1-week trial of cyclosporine
	AND
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilars Inflectra, Avsola)
	 Treatment for each flare is limited to two 900mg infusions of Spevigo separated by 1 week
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous use of Spevigo
	• Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to
	psoriatic plaques
	Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome
	 Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: One month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: Fingolimod, MAYZENT (siponimod), PONVORY (ponesimod), VELSIPITY (etrasimod), ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

(ozanimod)	
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following
	(fingolimod, Mayzent, Ponvory, Zeposia):
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
	 Ulcerative colitis (UC) (Velsipity, Zeposia)
Required	RRMS
Medical	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions
	that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular,
	cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	 Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	becamentation of Expanded Disability status scale (EDSS) scole of 5.0 to 0.5
	<u>uc</u>
	 Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	 Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment	Mayzent, Ponvory, and Zeposia: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance
Regimen &	to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
Other Criteria:	No concurrent use of other disease modifying medications indicated for the treatment of
	MS



	<u>UC</u>
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine OR
	 Severely active disease despite current treatment, defined by greater than 5 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), OR recent hospitalization for UC Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz,
	Entyvio
	Zeposia: Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with (or intolerance to) Velsipity
	 Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia, excluding via samples or
	manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	Mayzent: CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	MS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Restrictions:	UC: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization:
Duration:	 UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	 MS: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

r	
Covered Uses: Required	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded Indicated, in conjunction with an oral antidepressant, for the treatment of treatment resistant depression (TRD) in adults and depressive symptoms in adults with major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior <u>Diagnosis of treatment-resistant depression:</u>
Medical	 Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse
Information:	• Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score at baseline (or other standard rating scale)
	 <u>Diagnosis of MDD with acute suicidal ideation or behavior:</u> Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score greater than 28, PHQ-9 score above 15 or other standard rating scale indicating severe depression
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Treatment – Resistent Depression: • Failure to clinically respond to three trials of antidepressant drugs at highest tolerated doses for at least 6 weeks from two or more different classes during the current depressive episode as defined by less than 50% reduction in symptom severity using a standard rating scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms (such as PHQ-9) and at least one trial must have used an augmentation strategy (aripiprazole, lithium, olanzapine, quetiapine, risperidone, thyroid hormone) • Failure to respond to evidence based psychotherapy such as Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by an objective scale such as a PHQ-9 or similar rating scale for depressive symptoms • Will use Spravato in addition to oral antidepressant therapy • Reauthorization (for TRD indication only) requires documentation of treatment success defined as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression compared to baseline using a standard rating scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms and that Spravato continues to be used in addition to antidepressant therapy • Dose: Approve #8 dose packs in first 28 days, then limit of #4 per 28 days (maximum). Per table below Recommended Dosage for SPRAVATO



		Induction Phase	Weeks 1 to 4:	Day 1 starting dose: 56	
				mg	
			Administer twice per week	Subsequent doses: 56 mg or 84 mg	
		Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8:		
			Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg	
			Week 9 and after:		
			Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg	
		*Dosing frequency should remission/response	be individualized to the le	ast frequent dosing to main	tain
	M	DD with acute suicidal idea			
	•			italization OR documentatio	on of why
		patient is not currently at	•		
	•	•	•	herapy (at a therapeutic do	-
	•	for TRD met)	kiy for 4 weeks maximum (r	No reauthorization unless re	quirements
Exclusion	•	Concomitant psychotic di	sorder		
Criteria:	•	Bipolar or related disorde	ers		
	•	History of substance use	disorder		
	•	Use as an anesthetic ager	nt		
	•	Pregnancy			
	•	Aneurysmal vascular dise	ase (including thoracic and	abdominal aorta, intracrania	al, and
		peripheral arterial vessels	s) or arteriovenous malform	nation	
	•	History of intracerebral h	emorrhage		
	•	Hypersensitivity to esketa	amine, ketamine, or any of t	the excipients	
Age Restriction:	•	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	REMS Program certified (Behavioral health speciali	others will be unable to ord st	ler drug)	



Coverage	Initial authorization
Duration:	 Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24 nasal spray devices in 28 days of treatment only), unless otherwise specified TRD: 2 months (Induction phase – maximum of 23 nasal spray devices in first 28 days followed by once weekly maintenance phase), unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization (TRD indication only): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL

Affected Medications: Diacomit (stiripentol) capsules

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline directed therapies including: Valproate and Clobazam and Topiramate and Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	6 months of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP)
Required Medical	Baseline 6 minute walk test
Information:	Bone density testing (such as DEXA scan)
	Diagnosis of Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the following:
	 Age of onset less than 18 years
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophospatasia at onset prior to age 18
	including any of the following: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, skeletal abnormalities
	(such as rachitic chest deformity or bowed arms/legs), failure to thrive
	 Radiographic imaging to support presence of skeletal abnormalities
	 Molecular genetic test confirming mutations in the ALPL gene that encodes the tissue
	nonspecific isoenzyme of ALP (TNSALP)
	• Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below lab
	standard for age and gender adjusted normal range
	One of the following:
	 elevated (urine or serum) concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA)
	\circ elevated serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP/Vitamin B6) in the
	absence of vitamin supplements within one week prior to the test
	 elevated urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)
Appropriate	Weight based dosing according to package insert (following recommendations for
Treatment	appropriate vial size selection)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Perinatal/Infantile-Onset HPP
	 Maximum dose 9 mg/ kg per week Juvenile-Onset HPP
	Maximum dose 6 mg/ kg per week
	**Please note 80mg/0.8ml vial is for patients greater than 40kg
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of: All of the above criteria at time of initiation Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) or urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) Chart notes showing one or more of the following Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth Improvement in 6 minute walk test Improved bone density Reduction in fractures Adult-onset hypophosphatasia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist OR specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic bone disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Gamunex-C, Hizentra, Hyqvia, Xembify

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
	 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency
	(CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, immunoglobulin G
	(IgG) subclass deficiency with or without immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency,
	antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined
	deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-
	linked lymphoproliferative syndrome) [list not all inclusive]
Required Medical	Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning
Information:	Patient weight
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)
	Type of immunodeficiency
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Recent IgG level less than 200
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a
	history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
	following:
	 Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
	 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
	including all the following:
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
	 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
Appropriate	Meets all criteria for IVIG approval
Treatment	• Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC)
Regimen & Other	immune globulin use
Criteria:	 Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy
	Renewal Criteria
	45



	Renewal requires documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	 IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components Hyperprolinemia type I or II
Age Restriction:	PID: 2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUTIMLIMAB

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD) 	
Required Medical	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)	
Information:	Documentation of current weight	
	Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all the following:	
	 Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND elevated indirect bilirubin level 	
	 Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d 	
	 A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less 	
	 Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C 	
Appropriate	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)	
Treatment	Dosing:	
Regimen & Other	 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose 	
Criteria:	 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter. 	
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased	
	hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase,	
	reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)	
Exclusion Criteria:	• Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus,	
	or overt hematologic malignancy	
	Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
Coverage		



TAFAMIDIS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	• For the treatment of the cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary	
	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) in adults to reduce	
	cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related hospitalization.	
Required Medical	• Documented diagnosis of cardiomyopathy of wild-type (ATTRwt) or hereditary (ATTRm)	
Information:	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis confirmed by	
	 Presence of amyloid deposits on analysis of cardiac biopsy specimens 	
	OR	
	• Presence of grade 2 or 3 positive bone tracer cardiac scintigraphy in the absence	
	of monoclonal protein (i.e., free light chain ratio is normal and serum and urine	
	immunofixation results are both normal)	
	• Genetic test results identifying a mutation in the transthyretin (TTR) gene (Val122Ile or	
	Thr60Ala mutation) or wild-type amyloidosis	
	• For those with ATTRwt: documented presence of transthyretin precursor	
	protein confirmed on immunohistochemical analysis, scintigraphy, or mass	
	spectrometry is required	
	Cardiac involvement has been confirmed by echocardiography or cardiac magnetic	
	resonance imaging	
	 Diagnosis of heart failure with NYHA Class I to III symptoms 	
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to tafamidis (e.g.,	
Treatment	improved symptoms, quality of life, slowing of disease progression, decreased	
Regimen & Other	hospitalizations, etc.)	
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart Failure NYHA Class IV	
	Presence of light-chain amyloidosis	
	Prior liver or heart transplant	
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device	
	Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran	
Age Restriction:	18 years and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a physician who specializes in the	
Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Concerned	
Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by allocations
	plan design
	• Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and
	in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or
	better
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) made by a board- certified Hematopathologist or Dermatopathologist
	 If diagnosis of BPDCN is based on skin biopsy, clear plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells are
	present by morphology and confirmed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or using flow cytometry. Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and leukemia cutis must be excluded from diagnosis
	 If BPDCN presents as the leukemic form or if there is bone marrow involvement, acute myeloid leukemia (AML), T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia, and natural killer (NK-cell) leukemia must be excluded from diagnosis
	 Diagnosis is confirmed by presence of at least 4 of 6 BPDCN antigens:
	• CD123
	○ CD4
	○ CD56
	o C2AP
	• CD303/BDCA-2
	AND
	 No myeloid markers present (myeloperoxidase (MPO), lysozyme, CD14, CD34, CD116, and CD163)
	CD116, and CD163)
	 No T or B lineage expression markers present
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria:	 Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	For adults and pediatric patients 2 years and older only



Prescriber Restrictions:	• Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TALIGLUCERASE

Affected Medications: ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 Gaucher Disease 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta- glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity At least one of the following disease complications: anemia, thrombocytopenia, bone disease, hepatomegaly, or splenomegaly 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with velaglucerase if not currently established on treatment Dosing: 60 units/kg every 2 weeks; dosing is individualized based on disease severity Supplied as 200 unit vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients currently taking miglustat (Zavesca) or eliglustat (Cerdelga)	
Age Restriction:	4 years of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, liver, genetic or orthopedic specialist)	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



TARPEYO

Affected Medications: BUDESONIDE DELAYED RELEASE CAPSULE 4MG

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1g/day (labs current within 30 days of request)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure of a minimum of 12 weeks of Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to Filspari) <u>No reauthorization</u> – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with other glomerulopathies and nephrotic syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEDIZOLID

Affected Medications: Sivextro powder for IV injection, Sivextro tablets

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible
	isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms:
	 Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and
	methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates)
	 Streptococcus pyogenes
	 Streptococcus agalactiae
	 Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus,
	Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus)
	 Enterococcus faecalis
Required	Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis
Medical	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen
Information:	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data
	Documentation of planned treatment duration
Appropriate	Dosing: 200 mg once daily for 6 days
Treatment	
Regimen &	Trial and failure with either intravenous antibiotics or oral antibiotics per below:
Other Criteria:	Intravenous
	 Documentation of treatment failure of intravenous Linezolid, or contraindication to
	therapy AND
	 Documentation of treatment failure of at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes, or
	contraindication to therapy:
	• Vancomycin
	 Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require
	documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum
	creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at least
	50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an
	alternative explanation
	 Daptomycin
	 Cephalosporin (Cefazolin)
	<u>Oral tablets</u>
	• Documentation of treatment failure of oral Linezolid, or contraindication to therapy AND



	 Documentation of treatment failure of at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes, or 	
	contraindication to therapy:	
	 Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole 	
	 Tetracycline (Doxycycline, Minocycline) 	
	o Clindamycin	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older	
Prescriber		
Restrictions:		
Coverage	1 month, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: TEDUGLUTIDE Affected Medications: GATTEX KIT (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis
Information:	• Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously
	Receiving three or more days per week of parenteral nutrition (PN) support such as
	fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate	Documentation of unable to be weaned from PN despite use of the following
Treatment	conventional measures:
Regimen & Other	 Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions
Criteria:	 Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate
	 Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors
	OR
	Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to
	parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related
	bloodstream infections, and liver disease)
	Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight of less than 10 kg
	Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease
	Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease
	Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy
	Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE Affected Medications: Vemlidy tablet

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with compensated liver disease 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection	
Information:	• Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one or more of the following: Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event to tenofovir disoproxil fumarate CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications) Diagnosis of osteoporosis or osteopenia OR high risk (i.e., chronic use of steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause) Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant 	
	response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)	
Age Restriction:	12 years or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious disease specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	\circ Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration	
Required Medical	• Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following:	
Information:	 Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3-mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender 	
	 OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender 	
Appropriate Treatment	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) 	
Regimen &	• Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes	
Other Criteria:	 Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery 	
	 Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve involvement within the previous 6 months Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration	n (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design	
		, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in
D		ents with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following:	
Information:		of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies
	within the past 6 months	5
	 Glutamic acid de 	carboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies
	 Insulin autoantib 	ody (IAA)
	Insulinoma-asso	ciated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)
	 Zinc transporter 	8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)
	 Islet cell autoant 	ibody (ICA)
	 Dysglycemia on oral gluc 	ose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6
	months, as shown by one	e of the following:
	 Fasting blood glu 	icose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL
	 2 hour glucose g 	reater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200
	mg/dL	
		nute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200
		parate occasions
	•	, has a first-degree or second-degree relative with
	type 1 diabetes and one of the fo	
		rother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be
	between 8 and 45 years	
		e (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin),
	patient must be between	
	·	current body surface area (BSA) or height and
	weight to calculate BSA	
	-	ed dose and frequency
Appropriate	 Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency Approved for one-time 14-day infusion only, based on the following dosing schedule: 	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Treatment Day	Dose
Criteria:	Day 1	65 mcg/m ²
	Day 2	125 mcg/m ²
	Day 3	250 mcg/m ²
	Day 4	500 mcg/m ²
	Days 5 - 14	1,030 mcg/m ²



	 Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/mL) single-dose vials
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment with Tzield
	Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)
	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes
	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	• 8 to 45 years of age
	• See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second-degree relative
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



TERIFLUNOMIDE Affected Medications: TERIFLUNOMIDE

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



TESTOPEL AND TESTOSTERONE

Affected Medications: Testopel (testosterone pellets), Testosterone gel, Jatenzo capsules (testosterone undecanoate capsules), Tlando (testosterone undecanoate capsules), Kyzatrex (testosterone undecanoate capsules)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Uses.	
	plan design
	 Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a
	deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or
	hypogonadotropic hypogonadism
	Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	All therapies tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
	 If age 65 years and older:
	 Yearly evaluation of need is completed, discussing need for hormone
	replacement therapy
	 Yearly documentation that provider has educated patient on risks of hormone replacement (heart attack, stroke)
	• Yearly documentation that provider has discussed limited efficacy and safety
	for hormone replacement in patients experiencing age related decrease in
	testosterone levels
	Hypogonadism in Adults
	Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning
	free or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous
	The of bioavailable testosterone less than 5 hg/dL) of absence of endogenous
	testosterone
	Gender Dysphoria
	 Documented diagnosis of gender dysphoria
	• If under 18 years of age, documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	• A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
L	



	 Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate	STEP 1 MEDICATIONS: Testosterone injections
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	STEP 2 MEDICATIONS: Transdermal testosterone, Kyzatrex capsules, Tlando, and Jatenzo
Criteria:	capsules
	 Initial approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the testosterone injections
	STEP 3 MEDICATIONS: Testopel
	 Approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of generic transdermal testosterone, Tlando, OR Jatenzo capsules AND Kyzatrex capsules Testopel dosage (in milligrams) or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum of 450 mg per treatment
	 <u>Reauthorization Criteria:</u> Documentation of recent testosterone level while on replacement therapy within normal limits Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	• Gender Dysphona. Documentation of treatment success
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Gender Dysphoria:
Duration:	 Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified All other formulations: 5 years, unless otherwise specified
	 All Other indications: Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified All other formulations: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma 		
Required Medical			
Information:			
Information.	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal 		
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal 		
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta		
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms		
Regimen & Other	AND		
Criteria:	• A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixont, Cinquir)		
Age Restriction:	Dupixent, Cinqair) • 12 years of age and older		
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:			
Prescriber/Site of	12 years of age and older		



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia-supported
	indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Multiple Myeloma (MM)
	 Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	 Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	 AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis
	 Waldenström macroglobulinemia
	 Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory)
	• NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of
	2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Multiple Myeloma
Treatment	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
Regimen & Other Criteria:	2A or higher
	Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
	2A or higher
	Waldenström Macroglobulinemia
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
	AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis
	Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	 Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type 2 reaction)
	Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence
	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THICK-IT

Affected Medications: THICK-IT ORIGINAL POWDER, THICK-IT #2, THICK-IT LIQUID

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dysphagia Swallowing disorder
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of esophageal or throat dysfunction that compromises ability to safely consume food or liquids OR Documentation of high risk for aspiration pneumonia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Maintained on enteral or parenteral nutrition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THYMOGLOBULIN

Affected Medications: THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin - rabbit derived)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Renal transplant acute rejection treatment and induction therapy Off-label uses: Heart transplant Intestinal and multivisceral transplantation Lung transplant Chronic graft-versus-host disease prevention
Required Medical Information:	 For prophylaxis: Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Treatment of acute renal graft rejection - **No PA required for this diagnosis** Prophylaxis: 1.5 mg/kg of body weight administered daily for 4 to 7 days. Clinical rationale for avoiding Simulect (Basiliximab) in prophylaxis Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Active acute or chronic infections that contraindicates any additional immunosuppression
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Physicians experienced in immunosuppressive therapy for the management of renal transplant patients.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TILDRAKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ILUMYA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Feederal Dave Advisition (FDA) commend indications at otherwise control of	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 	
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis	
Information: • Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resul		
	functional impairment as defined by one of the following:	
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 	
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater 	
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 	
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 	
	involvement preventing normal social interaction	
	AND	
	 Documentation of one or more of the following: 	
	• At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment	
	OR	
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 	
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis	
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: 	
Regimen & Other	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies. methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA] 	
Criteria:		
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 we also af lefticiare to (anote and biosissiles are due to lefte the Average)	
	least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)	
	• PP: 100 mg at week 0 and 4, followed by every 12 weeks	
	Reauthorization	
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered	
	experimental and is not a covered benefit	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber		
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	 Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified 	
	Readmonzation. 24 months, unless otherwise specified	



TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin inhalation powder), tobramycin nebulized solution, KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), BETHKIS (tobramycin), Tobi (tobramycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs For Tobi Podhaler: Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 80% For Bethkis: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 40% but equal to or less than 80% For Kitabis Pak: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 75%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to 28 days on and 28 days off regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



TOCILIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ACTEMRA INTRAVENOUS (IV), ACTEMRA ACTPEN AUTO-INJECTOR, ACTEMRA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
covered oses.	design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA)
	 Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA)
	 Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)
Poguirod Modical	Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective
Information:	scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Giant Cell Arteritis
	Confirmed diagnosis of GCA based on:
	 Temporal artery biopsy
	 Color doppler ultrasound OR
	 Confirmed diagnosis of large vessel GCA based on:
	 Vascular tree imaging computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging
	(MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET)
	or PET with CT
	Cytokine Release Syndrome
	Documentation of previous chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell therapy treatment plan
	Documentation of active cytokine release syndrome
	Dolvarticular Invanila Idianathic Arthritic
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
	Biodal score / or active joint count
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease from
	the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism classification
	criteria with the following:
	 Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years



	- SSa UD confirmed by a chect high recolution computed tomography (UDCT) coop	
	 SSC-ILD confirmed by a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan and ustad within the providue 12 months 	
	conducted within the previous 12 months.	
	 Documentation of baseline observed forced vital capacity (FVC) and percent predicted forced vital capacity (ppFVC) 	
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate	
Regimen & Other	• If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease	
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)	
Citteria.	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented	
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation or Infliximab (preferred biosimilar	
	products Inflectra, Avsola)	
	Giant Cell Arteritis and Cytokine Release Syndrome	
	 Documentation of disease refractory to glucocorticoid treatment 	
	 Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented 	
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
	• Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide	
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids	
	Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented	
	intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation	
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease	
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with mycophenolate and 	
	cyclophosphamide	
	QL	
	Intravenous	
	• RA: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks; may increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical	
	response (maximum 800 mg/dose)	
	• CRS:	
	<30 kg: 12 mg/kg once, may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)	
	■ ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg once (maximum 800 mg/dose), may repeat every 8 hours	
	(maximum 4 doses)	
	○ PJIA:	
	<30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks	
	 ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose) 	
	• SJIA:	
	 <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks 	
	 ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose) 	



 Subcutaneous RA: <100 kg: 162 mg every other week; m clinical response 	nay increase to 162 mg weekly based on
<100 kg: 162 mg every other week; m	nay increase to 162 mg weekly based on
	nay increase to 162 mg weekly based on
clinical response	
■ ≥100 kg: 162 mg weekly	
 GCA: 162 mg weekly 	
o PJIA	
<30 kg: 162 mg every 3 weeks	
■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks	
o SJIA	
<30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks	
■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg weekly	
 SSc-ILD: 162 mg weekly 	
Reauthorization	
 Documentation of treatment success and clinically sig 	gnificant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: • Concurrent use with any other targeted immune mod	lulator is considered experimental and
is not a covered benefit	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologi	ist/oncologist/pulmonologist as
Restrictions: appropriate for diagnosis	
Coverage • Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise spec	cified
Duration: • Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specifie	ed



POLICY NAME: TOFACITINIB

Affected Medications: XELJANZ, XELJANZ XR, XELJANZ SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis
	 Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Ulcerative Colitis
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	\circ The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point,
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point o Dactylitis (present or past,
	documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	point
	Ulcerative Colitis
	 Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
	Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	• Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1
	Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	 Insidious onset
	Improvement with exercise



	 No improvement with rest 			
	 Pain at night (with improvement upon arising) 			
	○ Arthritis			
	 Enthesitis 			
	o Uveitis			
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) 			
	 Psoriasis 			
	 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis 			
	 Family history of SpA Elevated CBP 			
	• Elevated CRP			
	• Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale			
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate			
Regimen &	\circ If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease			
Other Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)			
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12			
	weeks of each therapy:			
	 One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), 			
	Actemra IV AND			
	 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, 			
	rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),			
	Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)			
	 Psoriatic Arthritis Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate 			
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide) 			
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 			
	weeks of each therapy:			
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) 			
	AND			
	• One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred			
	biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)			
	Ulcerative Colitis			
	 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: 			
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-			
	mercaptopurine			



	OR
	 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis AND Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) AND
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	• Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide AND
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of Actemra IV and Simponi Aria
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) AND One of the following: Simponi Aria, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	 QL: Xeljanz tablets (5mg, 10mg): One tablet twice daily Xeljanz XR tablets (11mg, 22mg): One tablet daily
	Xeljanz Solution: 240 mL/30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOFERSEN

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 		
Required Medical Information:			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following: Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression 		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, tolvaptan (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	• Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic			
	hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia			
	that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including			
	patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone			
	(SIADH)			
	• Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing			
	autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)			
Required	<u>Hyponatremia</u>			
Medical	Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline			
Information:	OR			
	 Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, headerbacker letherery confusion) 			
	headache, lethargy, confusion)			
	ADPKD			
	 Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic 			
	testing			
	 Age 18 to 55 years old and estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or 			
	equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m ²			
	 High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E 			
Anneopeisto				
Appropriate	<u>Hyponatremia</u>			
Treatment	Patients should be in hospital for initiation and re-initiation of therapy			
Regimen &	Do not administer for more than 30 days			
Other Criteria:				
	ADPKD			
	 Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting 			
	enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated			
	enzyme (ACL) minister of anglotensin receptor blocker (ARD), unless contraindicated			
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
	response to therapy			
Exclusion	 Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious 			
Criteria:	neurological symptoms			
	Patients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst			
	Hypovolemic hyponatremia			



	AnuriaUncorrected urinary outflow obstruction			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist			
Coverage Hyponatremia Duration: • Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified				
	 ADPKD Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome) Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

Covered Uses:						
	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design					
	by plan design					
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A section of the sect					
	or higher					
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and					
Information:	anticipated treatment course					
	• Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by					
	biopsy.					
	 Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized) 					
Appropriate	Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine)					
Treatment	Documented clinical failure to ALL the following:					
Regimen & Other	 Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, 					
Criteria:	betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol					
	 Topical imiguimod 					
	 Phototherapy 					
	Generalized skin involvement (Topical mechlorethamine only)					
	Generalized skin involvement (Topical mechlorethamine only)					
	 <u>Generalized skin involvement</u> (Topical mechlorethamine only) Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy 					
	Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater 					
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy					
Age Restriction:	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older 					
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 					
Age Restriction:	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older 					
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older 					
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist 					



TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: TACROLIMUS OINTMENT (0.1%, 0.03%), PIMECROLIMUS CREAM (1%), CALCIPOTRIENE CREAM (0.005%), VTAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
covered uses.					
	plan design				
	 Atopic Dermatitis (AD) Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 				
Required Medical	O Plaque Psoriasis (PP) All Ages				
Information:					
Information.	Documentation of body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement				
	Age 21 and above				
	• Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional				
	impairment as defined by one of the following:				
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 				
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 				
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 				
	involvement preventing normal social interaction				
	AND				
	 BSA of at least 10% OR 				
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 				
Appropriate	Topical Tacrolimus, Pimecrolimus, Calcipotriene cream:				
Treatment	Documented failure with prescription strength topical corticosteroids and emollients or				
Regimen & Other	r facial involvement				
Criteria:					
	Zoryve cream:				
	• Documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as				
	betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)				
	Documented failure with calcipotriene cream				
	• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy,				
	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin				
	Vtama cream:				
	Documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as				
	betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)				
	Documented failure with calcipotriene cream				
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, 				
	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin				
	 Documented treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve cream 				
	Documented treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve cream				



	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy defined as Body		
	Surface Area (BSA) reduction from baseline		
Exclusion	• Atopic dermatitis or plague psoriasis not meeting the above criteria is considered a below		
Criteria:	the line (non-funded) diagnosis per Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older. Please refer to OHA GUIDELINE NOTE 21, SEVERE INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISEASE.		
Age Restriction: • Tacrolimus ointment 0.03%: 2 years of age and older			
	• Tacrolimus ointment 0.1%: 16 years of age and older		
	Vtama: 18 years of age and older		
	• Zoryve: 6 years of age and older		
 Prescriber Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, (example: dermatologist, allerging) 			
Restrictions:	immunologist)		
Coverage	Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

		1		
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
•	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Мо	Moderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis			
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documented failure of a 4-week trial of a combination of topical moderate to high potency topical steroids and a topical non-steroidal agent?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Go to #4	
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met	



5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Quantity Limitations				
•	 Adbry Availability: 150mg/ml prefilled syringes Dosing: Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks If less than 100kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300mg every 4 weeks Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks 			



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (Trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
 Required Medical Information: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months <u>All Indications</u> Coverage for a non-preferred product (Herceptin or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to two preferred products (Kanjinti, Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant and Ogivri), and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Covered Uses:	
Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or
	higher
	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Prostate Cancer (Trelstar)
	 Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur)
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
	 Gender Dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious Puberty (CPP)
Information:	Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs:
	\circ Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L
	 Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on
	type of assay used)
	Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	\circ Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	For all Triptodur requests:
Treatment	 Documentation of treatment failure to Lupron (leuprolide)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	Use as peediment ADT for radical prostatestary
Criteria:	Use as neoadjuvant ADT for radical prostatectomy



Age Restriction:	3. CPP: Age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 (Oncology) Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified CPP Approval/Oncology reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROFINETIDE Affected Medications: DAYBUE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the <i>MECP2</i> gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	 Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the management of Rett syndrome
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in
	combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults
	with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral
	regimen
Required Medical	Documentation of all prior therapies used
Information:	 Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months
	• Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes:
	 Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs)
	 Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs)
	 Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs)
	 Protease inhibitors (PIs)
	• Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200
	copies/mL
Appropriate	Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization:
Criteria:	• Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen
	• Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following:
	• Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load
	• Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated
	mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TUCATINIB

Affected Medications: Tukysa (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	 Documentation of RAS wild-type, HER2 (human epidermal growth factor receptor-2) - positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan based chemotherapy OR
	Advanced unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth factor receptor 2
	(HER2)-positive breast cancer, with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based
	regimens in the metastatic setting.
Annvonvieto	Colorestal concern
Appropriate	<u>Colorectal cancer</u>
Treatment	Documented intolerable adverse event to both preferred products Lapatinib and
Regimen & Other	Pertuzumab
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil), TYVASO REFILL, TYVASO STARTER, TYVASO DPI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 3
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	• Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	○ Drugs
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III
	or higher symptoms
	• Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO GROUP 3
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of
	usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy OR
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR
	Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate Treatment	• The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)
	,,



	 WHO Group 1 only: Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 (PDE-5) inhibitor has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III
Exclusion	 Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Criteria:	 PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as (left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system such as (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (Ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolating syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis</u> Diagnosis of relapsing or active secondary progressive forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (Revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 <u>Clinically Isolated Syndrome</u> Documentation of CIS as shown by patients who do not fulfill McDonald criteria for a diagnosis of MS but have an abnormal brain MRI with one or more hyperintense T2 lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions at presentation or within three to six months of the event
	 Secondary-Progressive MS Documentation of prior history of relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) with progressive increase in disability over at least 6 months, independent of, or in the absence of, relapses Documentation of active disease classified as the presence of clinical relapse or inflammatory activity (i.e. new or enlarging T2 lesions or gadolinium enhancing lesions on MRI) in the last 2 years Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Relapsing forms of MS: Coverage of Briumvi requires documentation of one of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred Rituximab products, Truxima, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.



	No concurrent use of medications indicated for treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis
	 How Supplied: 0 150 MG/6 ML
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B infection
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Coverage Duration	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: USTEKINUMAB

Affected Medications: STELARA IV, STELARA SOLUTION, STELARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque Psoriasis (PP) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Crohn's Disease (CD) Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required Medical Information:	 Plaque Psoriasis Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13 Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction Documentation of one or more of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement; or Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Currently receiving treatment with Stelara, excluding via samples or manufacturer's
Regimen & Other	patient assistance programs, will not be required to have documented failure with all
Criteria:	formulary alternatives
	Plaque psoriasis
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA) AND
	• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 1. weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Ilumya, Cimzia
	Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	AND
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 1
	weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred
	biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Simponi Aria, Cimzia, Orencia (SQ or IV)
	<u>Crohn's Disease</u>
	 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
	 Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR
	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by:
	 Fistulizing disease
	o Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	 Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement
	AND



• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Cimzia, Entyvio
Ulcerative Colitis
 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine OR
 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis AND
 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred
biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Entyvio, Xeljanz
<u>QL</u> • Induction
• Induction • PP:
60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4
 60-100 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
 >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0 and 4
 PsA: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
<60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4
■ ≥60 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
\circ PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0
and 4
• CD/UC: A single IV infusion per below:
■ ≤55 kg: 260 mg
>55-85 kg: 390 mg
> 85 kg: 520 mg
Maintenance
\circ PP:
 <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks 60-100 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks
 >100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks >100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks



	 PsA: <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks ≥60 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks CD/UC: 90 mg every 8 weeks
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months initiation, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL CONTRACEPTIVES Affected Medications: Annovera (J7294), Nuvaring (J7295)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 For Annovera and Nuvaring through the medical benefit: Failure, contraindication, or reason for avoidance to all covered formulary products for treatment of your condition.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	FDA-approved or compendia supported dosing.
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical	• Pregnancy with maternal risk factor(s) for preterm birth (such as race, low maternal
Information:	weight, smoking, substance use, or short interpregnancy interval)
	Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (Medical Benefit only)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A
Information:	 Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal
	to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII
	 Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved / CLIA-compliant test
	• Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year
	 Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST
	 Total bilirubin
	 Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	6×10^{13} vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors
	 Prior gene therapy administration
	 Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection
	Cirrhosis
	 Female gender at birth
	 Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	
	the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion)



VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from benefit design. o For postexposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as: Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial administration
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VEDOLIZUMAB

Affected Medication: ENTYVIO (Vedolizumab)

Covered Uses: Required documentation:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Crohn's Disease (CD) Ulcerative Colitis (UC) <u>All Indications:</u> Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	 Crohn's Disease Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease OR Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement AND Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) Ulcerative Colitis Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine OR Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis AND Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)



	 QL CD: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks UC: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks OR 108 mg SQ every 2 weeks
	 Consideration of every 4-week dosing for all indications: Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months Clinical failure is defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70-point improvement in Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score for Crohn's disease) Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Approval Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VELAGLUCERASE ALFA

Affected Medications: VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Admninistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Type 1 Gaucher Disease
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of Gaucher disease is confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a
	deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity
	• Therapy is initiated for a patient with one or more of the following conditions:
	 Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	 Thrombocytopenia (low platelet count)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response or an intolerable adverse event with imiglucerase
Treatment	(Cerezyme)
Regimen & Other	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Criteria:	enforced for all medical infusion drugs
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
Exclusion Criteria:	 significant response to therapy Concomitant therapy with miglustat
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of
Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatic, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV Affected Medications: LAMZEDE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha- mannosidosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in motor function, forced viral capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Patients with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist familiar with the treatment of lysosomal storage disorders
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VERTEPORFIN INJECTION

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following:
	 Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)
	 Pathologic myopia
	 Presumed ocular histoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) lesions caused by age-related macular degeneration (AMD) OR
	Ocular histoplasmosis OR
	Pathologic myopia
	 Note: Most individuals treated with verteporfin will need to be re-treated every 3 months. All individuals having a re-treatment will need to have a fluorescein angiogram or ocular coherence tomography (OCT) performed prior to each treatment. Re-treatment is necessary if fluorescein angiograms or OCT show any signs of recurrence or persistence of leakage
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of Avastin and ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals (if evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a continued need for treatment with
	the non-preferred product
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VESTRONIDASE ALFA Affected Medications: MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Definitive diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly syndrome) syndrome confirmed by BOTH of the following: Beta-glucuronidase enzyme deficiency in peripheral blood leukocytes AND Detection of pathogenic mutations in the GUSB gene by molecular genetic testing Baseline value for one or more of the following: Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency 6-minute walk test Liver and/or spleen volume Pulmonary function tests
Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization will require</u>: Documentation of absence of unacceptable toxicity (ex. anaphylaxis or severe allergic reactions) AND Patient has responded to therapy compared to pretreatment baseline in one or more of the following: Improvement in Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency Improvement in 6-minute walk test Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Stability or improvement in pulmonary function tests
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Age 8 - 25 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber with experience in treating MPS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: SABRIL (vigabatrin), VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	• Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	 Infantile spasms
Required Medical	Infantile Spasms
Information:	• Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	Used as adjunctive therapy only
Appropriate	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Treatment	• Documentation the patient has tried at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine,
Regimen & Other	phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in
	seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as a first line agent for Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Age Restriction:	Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater
	than 2 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Infantile Spasms
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum (PROS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of PIK3CA-Related Overgrowth Spectrum (PROS) with severe clinical manifestations of lesions as assessed by the treating provider (such as those associated with CLOVES, Megalencephaly-Capillary Malformation Polymicrogyria [MCAP], Klippel-Trenaunay Syndrome [KTS], Facial Infiltrating Lipomatosis [FIL]) Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior to request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that severe clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both of the following: Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider Causing functional impairment Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations of disease 	
	 Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following: Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume confirmed by at least one subsequent imaging assessment Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target lesion, progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS	
Age Restriction:	Must be 2 years of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



VISTOGARD Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 7 days, unless otherwise specified	



VMAT2 INHIBITORS Affected Medications: tetrabenazine, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications	
	not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Chorea associated with Huntington's disease 	
	 Tardive dyskinesia 	
Required Medical	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease	
Information:	 Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment 	
	Tardive Dyskinesia	
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following: A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor- blocking agent exposure 	
	 Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation) Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded 	
	 Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following: 	
	 Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) 	
	 Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS) 	
Appropriate	Tardive Dyskinesia	
Treatment	Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent	
Regimen & Other	OR	
Criteria:	 Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent 	
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
	 Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or suicidal ideation 	
	 Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine 	
	Hepatic impairment	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist 	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

-		1	
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
1.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Lu	ous Nephritis (LN)		
1.	Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy- proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	 Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of IV or subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist, or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #10	No – Criteria not met



7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Rei	newal Criteria		
•	 Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use? Yes – Go to #2 No – Criteria not met 		
•	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy)	No – Criteria not met
Qu	antity Limitations		
•	Lupkynis*		
	 Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID) 		
	 Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows: 		
	 eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8mg BID 		
	 Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8mg BID 		
 Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8mg in morning and 7.9mg in afternoon. 			

* Lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy.



VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses:• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise plan design. • Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retine epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene.Required Medical Information:• Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrop Leber's congenital amaurosis (LCA), Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Sc Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.); AND • Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene; AND • Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eyreceiving treatment AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND • Visual acuity of less assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physicianAppropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:• Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for reti dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment • Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent th from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g. severe diabetic retinopathy)Age Restriction:• 12 months of age and olderPrescriber Restrictions:• Ophthalmologist or reti	
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	ections
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:• Approval: 1 month - 1 injection per eye, per lifetime	



POLICY NAME: VORICONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VFEND tablet; Voriconazole tablet; VFEND Intravenous; Voriconazole Intravenous

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from benefit design. Empiric treatment of presumed fungal infections in febrile neutropenic, high-risk patients pending susceptibility cultures. Continuation therapy for patients started/stabilized on intravenous (IV) or oral 	
	voriconazole for a systemic infection.	
Required Medical Information:	 All indications: Susceptibility cultures matching voriconazole activity Exceptions made for empiric therapy as long as treatment is adjusted when susceptibility cultures are available Esophageal candidiasis Trial of one other systemic agent (such as fluconazole, IV amphotericin B, itraconazole) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	Patients older than 2 years of age	
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 month, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: VOSORITIDE

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open epiphyses
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of all the following: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr <u>Reauthorization:</u> Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hypochondroplasia Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia Evidence of growth plate closure
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasias
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 12 months Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: VOXELOTOR

Affected Medications: Oxbryta (voxelotor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Oxbryta is indicated for the treatment of sickle cell disease (SCD) in adults and pediatric patients 4 years of age and older. 		
Required Medical Information:	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months (defined as acute painful crisis or acute chest syndrome for which there are no explanation other than vaso-occlusive crisis). Therapeutic failure of 6 month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea. Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) greater than or equal to 5.5 or less than or equal to 10.5 g/dL Current weight 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Tablets for oral suspension, must be unable to swallow tablets <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined by an increase in hemoglobin of more than 1 gm/dL from baseline or a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises. 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving regular red-cell transfusion therapy or have received a transfusion in the past 60 days Have been hospitalized for vaso-occlusive crisis within 14 days of request Combined use with anti-P selectin monoclonal antibody (crizanlizumab) 		
Age Restriction:	Patients aged 4 years and older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Coverage Duration:	 Intial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: 12 months 		



POLICY NAME: WEGOVY

Affected Medications: WEGOVY (semaglutide)

Covered Uses:		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Used in combination with a reduced calorie diet and increased physical activity 	
	to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (cardiovascular death,	
	non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke) in adults with established	
	cardiovascular disease and either obesity or overweight	
Required Medical	Documented history of prior cardiovascular event defined as one of the following:	
Information:	 Myocardial infarction 	
	 Stroke (ischemic or hemorrhagic stroke) 	
	• Symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) such as intermittent claudication	
	with ankle-brachial index (ABI) less than 0.85 at rest, or history of peripheral	
	arterial revascularization procedure	
	• BMI of 27 kg/m ² or greater	
	 Used in combination with caloric restriction (diet), increased physical activity, and 	
	behavioral modification	
Appropriate	 Currently established on standard of care treatment of CVD at therapeutic doses (one 	
Treatment	from each category):	
Regimen & Other	 Lipid-lowering therapy: statins, ezetimibe, Repatha, Praluent 	
Criteria:	 Antiplatelet/anticoagulant therapy: aspirin, clopidogrel, Brilinta, Xarelto 	
Exclusion Criteria:	• A personal or family history of medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or in patients with	
	Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2)	
	BMI of less than 27	
	NYHA Class IV heart failure	
	 History of type 1 or type 2 diabetes 	
Age Restriction:	 45 years of age and older 	
Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist 	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months	



XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinumtoxinA), DYSPORT (AbobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC (RimabotulinumtoxinB), JEUVEAU (prabotulinumtoxinA-xvfs), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing	
Information:	 Complete description of the site(s) of injection 	
	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used	
Appropriate Treatment	Dysport	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approved first-line for focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, orofacial dyskinesia, upper or lower limb spasticity 	
	Xeomin	
	• For the uses of cervical dystonia and upper limb spasticity documented failure with Botox and Dysport is required	
	• In the treatment of blepharospasm, documented failure with Botox is required Myobloc	
	• For the treatment of cervical dystonia documented failure with Botox and Dysport is required	
	• For the treatment of overactive bladder or urinary incontinence due to spinal cord injury, documented failure with Botox is required	
	Jeuveau	
	Jeuveau is only indicated in the treatment of cosmetic conditions and is excluded from coverage	
	Daxxify	
	Cervical Dystonia	
	 Documented failure with Botox, Xeomin and Dysport is required 	
	Other criteria	
	• All indications not listed are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit	
	 Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months (2 treatments for Myobloc in overactive bladder) 	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic procedures (including glabellar lines)	
	 Headaches/Migraines Hemifacial spasm: no longer above the line on the prioritized list 	



	 For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention Current aminoglycoside use (or current use of other agents interfering with neuromuscular transmission) 	
	Use in the treatment of sialorrhea	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older for Myobloc and Daxxify	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Blepharospasm: ophthalmologist or optometrist	
	OAB or urinary incontinence due to neurologic condition: urologist or neurologist	
	Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned	
Coverage Duration:	Overactive Bladder:	
	Initial approval: 3 months	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	All other indications	
	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Giant cell tumor Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Multiple myeloma National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple myeloma Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30mL/min
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: 18 years of age or older
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	 <u>Dupuytren's</u> Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	• Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (separate approval is required for each hand)



POLICY NAME: XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy
Required Medical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course required.
Information:	Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate	For recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Patient has failed or has contraindication to 30-day attempt of lactulose therapy, with documentation of continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upward titration of lactulose.
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	For recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy:
	• Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of two 550 mg tablets daily for treatment or 400 mg 3 times daily for the prevention of hepatic encephalopathy.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Hepatic encephalopathy: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: XURIDEN

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by one of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as megaloblastic anemia, leukopenia, developmental delays, failure to thrive, and urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range
Appropriate	• Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 120 mg/kg or 8 grams
Treatment	per day
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success based on one of the
	following:
	Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia
	Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Child-Pugh Class C Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZAFIRLUKAST Affected Medications: Zafirlukast

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Admninistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis and chronic treatment of asthma in adults and children 5 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current diagnosis of asthma OR exercise induced bronchospasm AND Treatment failure with montelukast Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZILUCOPLAN

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti- acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq. Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as: A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZORBTIVE

Affected Medications: ZORBTIVE (somatropin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of SBS diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of receiving and attempting to wean specialized nutritional support (e.g., TPN, IPN, PPN, rehydration solutions, electrolyte replacement, high complex-carbohydrate, low-fat diet) in conjunction with one or more of the following conventional pharmacological measures: Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors Active malignancy (newly diagnosed or recurrent). Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, accidental trauma or acute respiratory failure. Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy.
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 4 weeks with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ZYNTEGLO

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as: Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the beta-globin gene (<i>HBB</i> gene) Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy while awaiting manufacture) Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of
	mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (5x10⁶ CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior HSCT or other gene therapy Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating physician Uncorrected bleeding disorder Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) White blood cell count less than 3x10⁹/L and/or platelet count less than 100x10⁹/L that is unrelated to hypersplenism Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified