

2024 Prior Authorization Criteria

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2024 Medicaid Preapproval Criteria

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ABATACEPT

Affected Medications: ORENCIA CLICKJET AUTO-INJECTOR, ORENCIA PREFILLED SYRINGE, ORENCIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

(IV) SOLUTION	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	o Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)
	objective scale):
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older
	Diagnosis of PsA confirmed by presence of:
	Arthritis and psoriasis OR
	 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
	Dactylitis
	Nail pitting or onycholysis
	Psoriasis in a first-degree relative
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD)
	global score) or active joint count



Acute GVHD Prophylaxis

 Documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- One of the following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola),
 Actemra IV AND
- Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
 - Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Acute GVHD Prophylaxis

Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor



	(tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate
	(casioninas) eyelospormej rato memori exace
	<u>QL</u>
	Intravenous:
	• RA/PsA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per
	below:
	o <60 kg: 500 mg
	o 60-100 kg: 750 mg
	o >100 kg: 1000 mg
	• JIA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per
	below:
	o <75 kg: 10 mg/kg
	o 75-100 kg: 750 mg
	o >100 kg: 1000 mg (max dose)
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: 2 to 16 years 15 mg/hg and day 1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12.
	o 2 to <6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12
	mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant o 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed
	by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000
	mg/dose)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Subcutaneous:
	RA: with or without IV loading dose, followed by 125 mg once weekly
	PsA: (no IV loading dose) 125 mg once weekly
	JIA and PsA (pediatrics): (no IV loading dose) 10-25 kg: 50 mg once weekly, 25-50 kg: 27 F mg once weekly, 50 kg or more: 125 mg once weekly.
	87.5 mg once weekly, 50 kg or more: 125 mg once weekly
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit
	For Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prior allogeneic HSCT, HIV infection or any uncontrolled
A D . stuistis	active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	RA, JIA, PsA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or dermatologist as
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or
	oncologist
Coverage	• RA, JIA, PsA:
Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified		
Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:		
 Authorization: 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no reauthorization, 		
unless otherwise specified		



ACNE AGENTS

Affected Medications: Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%, benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, erythromycin solution 2%, tretinoin cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Acne vulgaris
	o Severe Acne
	Compendia-supported uses
	Hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) (clindamycin only)
Required Medical	Severe Acne
Information:	For age 21 and above:
	 Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing scarring OR
	Documentation of acene fulminans OR
	For Acne Conglobata: Documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating sinuses
	Hidradenitis suppurativa
	For age 21 and above:
	 Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate	Acne:
Treatment	Step 1 agents:
Regimen & Other	 Clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin
Criteria:	phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, erythromycin solution 2%,
G. rec. iai	erythromycin 2% gel, sulfacetamide lotion 10%, oral antibiotics for treatment of acne
	(e.g., doxycycline, minocycline)
	Step 2 agents:
	Approval requires documented trial and failure with two Step 1 agents Advantage 10.40% advantage 10.20% advantage to the set 10.4.2.50%
	Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%, bananda anathananain ad 5.2% danaana ad 5.% danaana ad 7.5% tastiasia
	benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, tretinoin
	cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin cream 0.1%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin
	gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%
	Hidradenitis suppurativa
	Topical clindamycin (clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%,
	clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	HS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 5 years, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (Interferon Gamma - b)

	·
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	 Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD)
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level
	of 2A or higher
Required Medical	<u> </u>
Information:	Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed documented along with the prescribed documented along with the prescribed
imormation.	dose.
	Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with
	prescribed dose.
	Chronic granulomatous disease
	Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related
	mutation associated with CGD
	Sovere malignant esteenetrosis
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following:
	Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	Nadiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	OR
	 Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated
	with SMO
	Oncology indications
	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Regimen & Other	Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial and antifungal
Criteria:	
	All indications
	All indications • Does rounding to the pearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed does will be
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.
	enforced
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist	
	SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist	
	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO	
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Oncology indications:	
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



ADALIMUMAB

Affected Medications: Adalimumab-fkjp (unbranded Hulio), Hadlima (HC, LC), Adalimumab-adaz (unbranded Hyrimoz)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis
 - o Rheumatoid Arthritis
 - Psoriatic Arthritis
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis
 - Non-radigraphic axial spondyloarthritis
 - o Crohn's Disease
 - Uveitis
 - Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
 - Ulcerative Colitis
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
 - o Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point,
 OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point



- Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
- Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
- Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1
 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to NSAIDs
 - o Family history of SpA
 - Elevated CRP

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis

Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy

Crohn's disease

Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

Documented of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Uveitis

Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis uveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA),

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Crohn's disease

 Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture



- Presence of abscess/phlegmon
- Deep ulcerations
- Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
 AND
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids

Uveitis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus
- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS
- Doxycycline, Tetracycline, Minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acetretin)
- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

QL:

- Induction
 - Plaque Psoriasis/Uveitis: 160mg in first 28 days
 - Crohn's/Ulcerative Colitis/HS: 160mg day 1, then 80mg day 15
- Maintenance



	 RA/Psoriasis/Psoriatic Arthritis/Crohn's/UC/AS/Uveitis/JIA: 40mg every 14 days HS: 40mg every week OR 80mg every 14 days Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit Anterior Uveitis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT

Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADA-SCID) in pediatric and adult patients 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the ADA gene Laboratory findings show the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID)	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: ADUCANUMAB-AVWA

Affected Medications: ADUHELM (aducanumab-avwa)

Covered Uses:	· ·	nistration (FD	A) approved indications not otherwis	se excluded by plan
	design O Alzheimer's dise	200		
	 Alzheimer's dise 	ase		
Required	Documentation of mild of	cognitive imp	airment due to Alzheimer's disease o	r mild Alzheimer's
Medical	dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following:			
Information:	 Clinical Dementi 	a Rating (CDF	R) global score of 0.5	
	 Evidence of cog 	nitive impairn	ment at baseline using validated objec	ctive scales
	o Mini-Mental Sta	tus Exam (MI	MSE) score from 24 to 30	
	 Positron Emissic 	n Tomograph	ny (PET) scan positive for amyloid bet	a plaque
	Documentation of basel	ine brain mag	gnetic resonance (MRI) within the last	t year with no
	superficial siderosis or b	rain hemorrh	age	
Appropriate Treatment	Current weight			
Regimen & Other	Dosing			
Criteria:	Availability: 170mg/1.7n	nL vial and 30	00mg/3mL vial	
	,		e within 10% of the prescribed dose v	vill be enforced
	Dosing and Monitoring Sche	edule:		
	Infusion (every 4 weeks)	Dose	Monitoring	
	Infusion 1 and 2	1 mg/kg	Baseline MRI prior to Infusion 1	
	Infusion 3 and 4	3 mg/kg		
	Infusion 5 and 6	6 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 6 and 7	
	Infusion 7 to 11	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 11 and 12	
	Infusion 12 and after	10 mg/kg	MRI annually	
		10 mg/kg	MRI annually	
	Reauthorization			eline confirmed by
	Reauthorization Documentation of clinical	ally significan	t amyloid reduction compared to bas	eline confirmed by
	Reauthorization Documentation of clinication post-infusion PET scan (3)	ally significan Brd authoriza	t amyloid reduction compared to bas	,
	Reauthorization Documentation of clinical post-infusion PET scan (3) Documentation of update microhemorrhage and s	ally significan Brd authoriza ted surveillan uperficial side	t amyloid reduction compared to bas tion only) ace MRI showing absence of clinically erosis since prior approval	,
	Reauthorization Documentation of clinical post-infusion PET scan (3) Documentation of update microhemorrhage and some communication of one communication of one communication.	ally significan Brd authoriza ted surveillan uperficial side If the followir	t amyloid reduction compared to bas tion only) ace MRI showing absence of clinically erosis since prior approval ag when compared to baseline:	,
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	Reauthorization Documentation of clinical post-infusion PET scan (3) Documentation of upday microhemorrhage and so Cognitive or fundamentation of one companies of the compan	ally significan Brd authoriza ted surveillan uperficial side of the followir ctional impro tion	t amyloid reduction compared to bas tion only) ace MRI showing absence of clinically erosis since prior approval ag when compared to baseline:	significant
Exclusion	Reauthorization Documentation of clinical post-infusion PET scan (3) Documentation of upday microhemorrhage and so Cognitive or fundamentation of one companies of the compan	ally significan Brd authoriza ted surveillan uperficial side of the followir ctional impro tion nical decline c	t amyloid reduction compared to bas tion only) ice MRI showing absence of clinically erosis since prior approval ing when compared to baseline: evement	significant



	I
	Non-Alzheimer's dementia
	Concurrent anticoagulant use
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 7 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: **ADZYNMA**

Affected Medications: Adzynma (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP) 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:	
Information:	 Molecular genetic testing confirming mutation in the ADAMTS13 gene 	
	 ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity 	
	For on-demand treatment:	
	 Documentation of current or past acute event with 50% or greater drop in 	
	platelet count OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter AND	
	 Lactase dehydrogenase elevation (LDH) is more than 2 times baseline or more 	
	than 2 times upper limit of normal (ULN) as defined by laboratory values	
	For prophylactic use:	
	 Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic 	
	purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as	
	thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)	
Appropriate	• Dosing:	
Treatment	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week 	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing regimen 	
Criteria.	or clinical response	
	On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day	
	3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> :	
	• For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement	
	in the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms	
	For on-demand use:	
	 Documentation that after previous on-demand therapy, platelet counts 	
	increased to at least 150,000/microliter or 25% from baseline platelet count	
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP	
Age Restriction:	Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care	
	specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases	
Prescriber/Site of	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Care Restrictions:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
Care Restrictions:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



Coverage Duration:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded [By plan design]
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)



POLICY NAME: **AFAMELANOTIDE**

Affected Medications: Scenesse (afamelanotide injection)

	T
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototoxic reactions (including X-linked protoporphyria [XLP])
Required Medical Information:	Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant impact on activities of daily living
	 Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP) Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the ferrochelatase (FECH) gene Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free protoporphyrin
	 X-Linked Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (XLP) Documented diagnosis of XLP confirmed by gain-of-function mutations in the delta-aminolevulinic acid synthase (ALAS2) gene Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 50% metal-free protoporphyrin
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun exposure, increased quality of life, etc.) Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed and managed by a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR, AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), everolimus soluble tablet

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or higher
Required Medical	Oncology Indications
Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
	 Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens AND
	Documentation of treatment failure with epidiolex (cannabadiol solution) adjunct therapy
	 Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures OR
	 Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or
	Tuberous sclerosis complex—associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma
	(SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Oncology Indications
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	 TSC-Associated Partial-Onset Seizures or SGCT: Neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALEMTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ONE of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Ocrelizumab (Ocrevus), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection
Age Restriction:	Active infection
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to: Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle bulk) Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (e.g., tachypnea) Profound diffuse hypotonia Proximal muscle weakness Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design.		
	 Indicated for chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with 		
	clinical evidence of emphysema due to severe hereditary deficiency of Alpha1-		
	PI (alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency)		
Required Medical	Documentation of severe alpha1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency with emphysema or		
Information:	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) that includes ALL of the following:		
	 Baseline (pretreatment) alpha1-antitrypsin serum concentration less than 11 		
	micromol/L, OR less than 57 mg/dL by nephelometry, OR less than 80 mg/dL by		
	radial immunodiffusion		
	o Forced Expiratory Volume in one second (FEV1) between 30-64% of predicted,		
	OR FEV1 that is between 65-80% of predicted, but has declined by at least 100		
Appropriate	mL per year Documentation of non-smoker status		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other	 Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy 		
Criteria:	initiation and win continue to abstain from smoking during therapy		
	Coverage of Aralast NP, Glassia, or Zemaira will require a documented intolerable		
	adverse event to Prolastin-C		
	Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly		
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant		
	response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been		
	established		
	Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies		
	Prior lung or liver transplant		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			



POLICY NAME: AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS) 		
Required	Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following:		
Medical	 Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test 		
Information:	 Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum 		
	voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz)		
	 Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia 		
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following		
Treatment	(except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS):		
Regimen &	Combination oral prednisone and azathioprine therapy		
Other Criteria:	 Combination intravenous immunoglobulin therapy with one of the following: oral prednisone or azathioprine 		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success, confirmed by improved or sustained muscle strength on clinical assessments		
Exclusion	Seizure disorder		
Criteria:	Active brain metastases		
	Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes		
Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist		
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: AMVUTTRA

Affected Medications: AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Durin Administration (FDA) arranged in disable and		
Covered Oses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary 		
	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis in adults		
Required Medical Information:	, , , , ,		
	by genetic testing		
	 Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy 		
	 Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., 		
	peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular		
	dysfunction, renal dysfunction)		
	Documented failure with diflunisal		
	Documentation of one of the following:		
	 Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than 		
	or equal to IIIb		
	Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and		
	130		
	 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2 		
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization:		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of a positive clinical response to vutrisiran (e.g.,		
	improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function,		
	quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation		
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III or IV		
	Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or		
	leptomeningeal amyloidosis		
	Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or		
	patisiran		
	Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal,		
	tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine		
Age Restriction:	Adults aged 18 to 85 years old		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider		
	experience in management of amyloidosis		



Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ANAKINRA

Affected Medications: KINERET PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) 			
	 Neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID), also known as chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndrome Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) 			
	 Compendia-supported uses that will be covered Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Still's Disease (SD) 			
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): 			
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 			
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 			
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis			
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD)			
	global score) or active joint count			
	Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist			
A	Documentation of genetically confirmed DIRA			
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to telerate methotrevate or contraindications apply, another disease.			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide) 			
Criteria.	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 			
	12 weeks of each therapy:			
	 One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV 			
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis			
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide			
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids			
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least			
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies: O Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,			



	 QL RA/JIA: 100 mg once daily, 18.76 mL per 28 days DIRA: maximum dose of 8 mg/kg/day
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit
	Sepsis syndrome or graft versus host disease
	Use in the management of symptomatic osteoarthritis, lupus arthritis, or type 2 diabetes mellitus
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design.			
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) 			
Required Medical	Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ			
Information:	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement)			
Appropriate	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including			
Treatment	hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following:			
Regimen & Other	o cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil			
Criteria:	AND			
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of Benlysta			
	Dosing:			
	300 mg every 4 weeks			
	Reauthorization:			
	Documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a			
	decrease in flares or corticosteroid use			
Exclusion	Use in combination with other biologic therapies			
Criteria:	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus			
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 years or older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in			
Restrictions:	the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron injection), Varubi (rolapitant), Sustol (granisetron extended-release injection)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
- Varubi (rolapitant)
 - Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of emetogenic cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy
- Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy
- Sustol (granisetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of moderately emetogenic chemotherapy (MEC) or anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimens

Required Medical Information:

Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis

- Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen
- Varubi
 - o Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Akynzeo
 - o Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Sustol
 - Documentation of a moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen OR anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimen

Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy			
Any regimen that	Cyclophosphamide	Fam-trastuzumab	Sacituzumab
contains an		deruxtecan-nxki	govitecan-hziy
anthracycline and			
cyclophosphamide			
Carboplatin	Dacarbazine	Ifosfamide	Streptozocin
Carmustine	Doxorubicin	Mechlorethamine	FOLFOX
Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan	
May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients			
Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate	Trabectedin
		(250 mg/m2 or	
		greater)	
Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin	
Moderately Emetogenic Chemotherapy			



	Amifostine Bendamustine Busulfan Clofarabine	Dactinomycin Daunorubicin Dinutuximab Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of	Irinotecan Irinotecan (liposomal) Lurbinectedin Methotrexate (250 mg/m2 or greater)	Mirvetuximab soravtansine- gynx Naxitamab-gqgk Oxaliplatin Romidepsin Temozolomide
		cytarabine and daunorubicin		
	Trabectedin	dadilordolciii		
Appropriate	Chemotherapy Induce	ed Nausea and Vomit	ing Prophylaxis	
Treatment	 Varubi 			
Regimen &			•	or antagonist (e.g., ondansetron,
Other Criteria:			th dexamethasone w	hile receiving the current
	ChemotheAkynzeo	rapy regimen		
	•	ted treatment failure	with both of the follo	owing while receiving the current
		rapy regimen:		
	■ 5-	HT3 receptor antago	nist (e.g., ondansetro	n, granisetron or palonosetron)
		<1 receptor antagoni	st (e.g., aprepitant, fo	osaprepitant or rolapitant)
	• Sustol			
			with all the following	g while receiving the current
		rapy regimen: ranisetron oral tablet		
		ranisetron intravenou		
	QL:			
	• Varubi: 1 dose per	14 days		
	• Akynzeo: 1 dose p	er 7 days		
	• Sustol: 1 dose per	7 days		
				and initial criteria to be met
Exclusion		e or breakthrough na	_	
Criteria:	Used in anthracycle	line or cyclophosphai	mide-based chemoth	erapy (Akynzeo only)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age an	d older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or i	n consultation with, a	an oncologist	



Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, AlphaNine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate-P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, NovoEight, Novoseven RT, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

	T		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
Required Medical	Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, and the labeling discrete in the standard projections for the projection of the standard projections.		
Information:	product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal		
	or units/dL) and rationale for use		
	Patient weight		
	Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in past 3 months with		
	severity and cause of bleed		
	Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories:		
	Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B:		
	 Mild: factor levels greater than 5 and less than 30% 		
	 Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5% 		
	 Severe: factor levels of less than 1% 		
	• von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand		
	factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity		
	Documentation of one of the following indications:		
	Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with:		
	 Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B 		
	o Severe VWD		
	 Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding 		
	Perioperative management (prophylaxis and/or treatment) of moderate to severe		
	bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD		
	Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or		
	severe VWD		
	 For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis; documentation of severe 		
	Type 3 VWD		
Appropriate	Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels		
Treatment	Hamanhilia A (factor VIII deficiency)		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)		
спсепа:	 Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities 		
	For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (demopressin)		





POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN

Affected Medications: ATRYN (antithrombin alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information: Appropriate	 Diagnosed hereditary antithrombin deficiency via reduced plasma antithrombin level (not in midst of acute illness or surgery that could give falsely low antithrombin levels) Can be given for prophylaxis if negative personal/family history of thromboembolic events in high risk-settings as in surgery and pregnancy. Patient weight Documentation of intended dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling. Confirmed diagnosis of Hereditary Antithrombin deficiency
Treatment	Committee diagnosis of Hereditary Antitimornism deficiency
Regimen & Other	Peri-partum thromboembolic prophylaxis
Criteria:	 If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended prior to and at the time of delivery when anticoagulation cannot be administered, and used until anticoagulation can be resumed If negative personal history of VTE, patient may need single dose of ATryn ATryn use is limited to third trimester If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended Can be concomitantly given with LMWH or heparin Peri-operative thromboembolic event prophylaxis Used during warfarin interruption leading up to surgical procedure (with or without heparin) Utilized until patient can resume warfarin therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Hypersensitivity to goats and goat milk protein
	Administration within first two trimesters of pregnancy
	Active thromboembolic event
Age Restriction:	• 18 – 65 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an OB-GYN, MD
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHYMOCYTE

Affected Medications: ATGAM (Antithymocyte globulin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of allograft rejection in renal transplant patients Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone marrow transplantation National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)
Required Medical Information:	For myelodysplastic syndromes: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Aplastic anemia: 10 to 20 mg/kg once daily for 8 to 14 days, then if needed, may administer every other day for 7 more doses for a total of 21 doses in 28 days OR 40 mg/kg daily for 4 days MDS: 40 mg/kg once daily for 4 days Renal transplant rejection: 10 to 15 mg/kg once daily for 14 days. Additional alternate-day therapy up to a total of 21 doses may be given. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 All uses not listed in covered uses are considered experimental and are excluded from coverage Oncology: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology or transplant medicine
Coverage Duration:	Approval: Maximum 4 weeks per dosing above



POLICY NAME: APOMORPHINE

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI (apomorphine), APOKYN (apomorphine), APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APREMILAST

Affected Medications: OTEZLA, OTEZLA THERAPY PACK

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Psoriasis (PP) Oral Ulcers associated with Behcet's Disease
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND Documentation of one or more of the following:
	greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease Diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae (ulcer, sore) at least 3 times in a year AND Two of the following: Recurrent genital aphthae Eye lesions Skin lesions



	Positive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine,
	leflunomide)
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at
	least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	Documented clinical failure of at least 1 oral medication for Behcet's disease after at
	least 12 weeks (colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine)
	QL
	Induction (All indications): Titration pack
	Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate
Restrictions:	for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ARIPIPRAZOLE LONG ACTING INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTIONS

Affected Medications: ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole suspension, reconstituted), ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole suspension, prefilled syringe) (**Medical benefit only)

Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Restrictions:	psychiatry practice as appropriate for diagnosis
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a
Age Restriction:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
	significant response to therapy
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
Regimen & Other	
Appropriate Treatment	Documented failure or contraindication to Risperdal Consta
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral aripiprazole
	AND Desumentation of established televability to eval arining and
Information:	Diagnosis of bipolar I disorder and on maintenance treatment
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia and on maintenance treatment OR
	o Bipolar I disorder in adults
	 Schizophrenia in adults
	excluded by plan design
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise



ARISTADA

Affected Medications: ARISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxil), ARISTADA INITIO

	RISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxii), ARISTADA INITIO
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia
Information:	• Documentation of established tolerability with oral aripiprazole for a minimum of 14
	days prior to initiating treatment with Aristada.
	Documentation of comprehensive antipsychotic treatment regimen (including)
	dosing and frequency of all formulations)
	Documentation of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dose and
	frequency for the requested formulation
	requested formulation
	For initial authorization only:
	Documented plan for ensuring oral adherence during first 21 days of initial Aristada
	For Aristada Initio:
	Documentation of clinical rationale to avoid 21-day oral aripiprazole loading dose
	due to history of patient non-compliance or risk for hospitalization
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy.
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeated dosing (greater than 1 dose) of Aristada Initio
	Women who are pregnant, lactating, or breastfeeding.
	Patients with dementia-related psychosis
	Prior inadequate response to oral aripiprazole (unless poor adherence was a
	contributing factor)
	No current, or within the last 2 years, diagnosis of:
	Major Depressive Disorder
	 Comorbid schizoaffective disorder
	 Amnestic or other cognitive disorder
	o Bipolar disorder
	o Dementia
	o Delirium
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or behavioral health specialist
Restrictions:	2. 222. 224 27, 3. In consultation than, a payornation of behavioral fleatin specialist
Coverage Duration:	Aristada (aripiprazole lauroxil)
	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	<u>Aristada Initio</u>
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) lung disease confirmed by a MAC-positive sputum culture Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Arikayce must be used as part of a multi-drug regimen and will not be approved for use as a single agent treatment To be used with Lamira Nebulizer system only
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days. The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first recertification approval (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ASCIMINIB**

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX TABLET (asciminib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive chronic myeloid
	leukemia (CML) in chronic phase
Appropriate	Previous treatment with imatinib AND one or more additional tyrosine kinase
Treatment	inhibitor (TKI)
Regimen & Other	 Second line TKIs are bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR::ABL1
Criteria:	kinase domain mutation status for contraindications)
	OR
	Documented T315I positive mutation AND
	Documented clinical failure with ponatinib
	Quantity Limit in Philadelphia-positive CML with T315I mutation:
	40 mg tablets #300 per 30 days
	40 mg tablets #300 per 30 days
	Quantity Limit in Philadelphia-positive CML previously treated with imatinib and 1 or
	more additional TKIs:
	40 mg tablets #60 per 30 days
	20 mg tablets #60 per 30 days
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Presence of either A337T or P465S BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	The state of the s
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVACOPAN

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg Capsule

_	All Food and Dura Administration (FDA) and the distriction of the Control of the
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil
	cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including
	granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in
	combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Required	Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following:
Medical	Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs
Information:	 Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis
	 Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis,
	and concern for rapidly progressive disease
	Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with
	life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis,
	central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac
	involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia)
	Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course
	Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase,
	alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
	Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate	Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids
Treatment	Will be used during induction therapy only
Regimen &	Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios:
Other Criteria:	 In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses
	 In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73
	 In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more
	different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide-
	containing regimens (unless contraindicated)
	 During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to
	achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen)
	Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly)
	with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors)
	Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion	Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA)
Criteria:	 Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B,
	untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis
	Active, serious infections, including localized infections
	Totalite, serious infections, including localized infections



	History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established
	History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Oses.	by plan design
	Late-Onset Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as
	reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes
	 Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme.
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
	Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure:
Information:	Documentation of planned procedure including date
Imormación:	Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of one of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure • Approved for one time 5-day dosing regimen
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of
	 Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids or immunoglobulin Splenectomy
	Documented inability to respond adequately to Promacta
	Reauthorization (chronic ITP only):
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR
	• The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	·
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterologist/liver specialist
L	



Coverage Duration:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: 1 month (5 days of treatment maximum), unless otherwise specified Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BARICITINIB

Affected Medications: OLUMIANT

Covered Uses:	AUG. 1. 10. Al. 111. 11 (FDA) 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
Required Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Treatment	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Regimen & Other	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine,
Criteria:	leflunomide)
	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12
	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	QL
	RA: 30 tablets per 30 days
	, ,
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
	Treatment of alopecia areata
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	, ,
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 '



POLICY NAME: BEDAQUILINE

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline fumarate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	 Pulmonary multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB).
	,
Required Medical	Patient has failed, is resistant, or is allergic to quad therapy of any combination of
Information:	the following:
	Isoniazid
	Rifampin
	Ethambutol
	Pyrazinamide
	Fluoroquinolones
	Capreomycin (Kanamycin, Amikacin, Streptomycin)
	Ethionamide/Prothinamide
	Cycloserine/Terizidone
	Aminosalicylic acid (acidic salt)
Appropriate Treatment	 Documentation of being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT)
Regimen & Other	Baseline electrocardiogram (ECG)
Criteria:	Basic Metabolic Panel (BMP) (including K, Ca, Mg documentation of correction
	if needed)
	Liver Function Tests (LFTs)
Exclusion Criteria:	Drug-sensitive TB (DS-TB)
	Latent infection due to mycobacterium TB
	Extrapulmonary TB (e.g., central nervous system)
	QTc greater than 500 milliseconds
Age Restriction:	5 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	24 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (Belimumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
	 Lupus Nephritis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of patient's current weight (intravenous requests only)
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ
	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or
	hematologic involvement)
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease
	Documentation of blood pressure and lipid control or receiving treatment, if indicated
Appropriate	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
Treatment	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including
Regimen & Other Criteria:	hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following:
Criteria.	o cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	• <u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success defined as a clinically significant improvement in SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) or decrease in flares/corticosteroid use.
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Failure of at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with mycophenolate mofetil AND cyclophosphamide
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in
	eGFR, reduction in urinary protein:creatinine ratio, or decrease in flares/corticosteroid
	use
	Dosing:
	Loading dose - 400 mg subcutaneous once weekly for 4 doses (LN only)
	Maintenance - 200 mg subcutaneous once weekly
	Loading dose - 10 mg/kg intravenous every 2 weeks for 3 doses
	Maintenance - 10 mg/kg intravenous every 4 weeks
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with other biologic therapies
	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus



Age Restriction:	 Intravenous formulation: 5 years of age and older Subcutaneous formulation: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: Systemic Lupus Erythematosus - 12 months, unless otherwise specified Lupus Nephritis



POLICY NAME: BELZUTIFAN

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

T =	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	Diagnosis documented by the following:
	 Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least
	one of the following:
	 Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated
	tumor growth (growth of 5mm or more per year)
	 Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central
	nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery
	 Presence of pancreatic solid lesion or pancreatic neuroendocrine
	tumor (pNET) with rapid tumor growth
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Treatment-refractory advanced or metastatic clear cell renal carcinoma
	Advanced disease after use of the following treatments: (Per NCCN guidelines)
	 A Programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-
	L1) AND
	 A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI)
	7 Tradecial Chaothelia growth factor tyrosine kinase minister (VEO) Tray
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Reauthorization : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Metastatic pNET disease
	Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL
	disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: Fasenra (benralizumab)

C	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 12 years
	and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
Information:	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	, , ,
Exclusion Criteria:	response to therapy
	response to therapy • Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair,
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 response to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire) 12 years of age and older
Age Restriction:	 response to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire) 12 years of age and older
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 response to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire) 12 years of age and older



BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Davis Administration (FDA) approved indications at atherwise evaluded by
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DEB confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM)
	and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6mL usable dose)
	Maximum of 12-week course per wound
	Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	o Waximum of Feddes per 20 days
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria.	Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
	area anene or Epidermorysis bullosu
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	,



BETAINE

Affected Medications: CYSTADANE (betaine), Betaine

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homocystinuria
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of vitamin B6 (pyridoxine), vitamin B9 (folate), or vitamin B12 (cobalamin) supplementation Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEVACIZUMAB

Affected Medications: AVASTIN (bevacizumab), MVASI (bevacizumab-awwb), ZIRABEV (bevacizumab-bvzr),

ALYMSYS, VEGZELMA

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
	For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders:
	 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)
Treatment	Approval will be limited to NCCN category 1 recommended therapies for first line
Regimen & Other	treatment of advanced NSCLC
Criteria:	
	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following
	initial surgical resection
	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
	All Indications
	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires
	documentation of one of the following:
	 Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)
	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and
	Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed
	to the active ingredient
	 Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via
	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on
Restrictions:	indication)
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design In conjunction with antibacterial drug treatment for Clostridium difficile infection (CDI)
Required Medical Information:	 Stool test results showing one of the following: Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen AND Toxin A & B positive OR PCR (polymerase chain reaction) positive Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Stool test positive for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected no more than 7 days prior to infusion Patient must be receiving concurrent treatment for Clostridium difficile
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients at high risk for CDI recurrence (must have at least one risk factor): age >65, one or more episodes of <i>Clostridium Difficile</i> infection (CDI) in previous 6 months, immunocompromised status, clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score ≥2). Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart Failure
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: One treatment may be given while patient is receiving antibiotic therapy for treatment of C. difficile (usually 14 days)



POLICY NAME: **BLINATUMOMAB**

Affected Medications: BLINCYTO (blinatumomab)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, performance status and anticipated treatment course AND Philadelphia chromosome status AND Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Blincyto should permanently be discontinued for the following adverse reactions: grade 4 cytokine release syndrome, grade 4 neurological toxicity, or two Blincyto induced seizures Maximum approval: 9 cycles for Relapsed or Refractory Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL), 4 cycles for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with Minimal Residual Disease (MRD)
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 30 weeks for Relapsed or Refractory ALL; 24 weeks for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with MRD Reauthorization: 48 weeks for Relapsed or Refractory ALL (4 cycles of continued therapy x 12 weeks each, to complete a maximum of 9 cycles total); NO reauthorization for ALL in 1st or 2nd remission with MRD, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:BONJESTA & DICLEGIS

Affected Medications: BONJESTA (doxylamine succinnate and pyridoxine hydrochloride extended-release oral tablets), DICLEGIS (doxylamine-pyridoxine Tab delayed release tablet 10-10 mg)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pregnancy associated nausea and vomiting Estimated Delivery Date Documentation of all therapies tried/failed
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of trial and education on non-pharmacologic methods of controlling nausea and vomiting related to pregnancy (avoidance of triggers, proper rest, etc.) Documented failure, intolerance or clinical rationale for avoidance to ALL of the following: OTC pyridoxine with OTC doxylamine AND Dopamine antagonist (prochlorperazine, metoclopramide, etc.) OR H1 antagonist (promethazine, meclizine, dimenhydrinate, diphenhydramine, etc.) OR Ondansetron
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

вотох

Affected Medications: BOTOX (*onabotulinumtoxinA*)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Medical	Complete description of the site(s) of injection
Information:	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, drug-induced orofacial dyskinesia, blepharospasm, severe writer's cramp, laryngeal spasm or dysphonia, upper and lower limb spasticity or other conditions of central focal spasticity botulinum toxin is the preferred mode of therapy For use in all other FDA-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design, failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required
	Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (Overactive Bladder (OAB))/Urinary
	incontinence associated with neurologic condition:
	• Inadequate response to, or intolerance to, 2 or more urinary incontinence antimuscarinic or beta-3 adrenergic therapies (oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine, mirabegron, vibegron, etc.)
	Laryngeal stenosis or dysphonia:
	Must be associated with recurrent aspiration pneumonia or airway obstruction OR for children under 18 years of age with dysphagia persisting for at least 12 months
	Chronic migraine:
	 Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine AND documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine preventive therapy (beta-blocker, calcium channel blocker, anticonvulsant or tricyclic antidepressant) as follows: Propranolol 40 mg daily, Metoprolol 100 mg daily Amitriptyline 25 mg daily, Topiramate 50 mg daily, Valproic acid, Divalproex sodium
	Achalasia (Cardiospasm): Must meet 1 of the following: Failure or intolerance to peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM) or laparoscopic Heller myotomy AND failure or intolerance to pneumatic dilation Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications



	 Number of treatments must not exceed the following: Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (OAB) / Urinary incontinence associated with neurologic condition: 2 treatments/12 months Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months All other indications maximum of 4 treatments/12 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Cosmetic procedures For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention Hemifacial spasm: no longer above the line on the prioritized list Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics greater than or equal to 10 days per month for greater than or equal to three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) greater than or equal to 15 days per month for greater than or equal to 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established Combined use with Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP) Receptor Antagonists (Ajovy, Aimovig or Emgality) for the prevention of migraine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist or neurologist Chronic migraine: treatment is administered in consultation with a neurologist or headache specialist. OAB or urinary incontinence due to neurologic condition: urologist or neurologist Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned
Coverage	Chronic migraine:
Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Idiopathic or neurogenic detrusor over-activity (OAB) / Urinary incontinence associated with neurologic condition: Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified **Spasticity:**
- Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified **All other indications:**
- Approval 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BREXANOLONE

Affected Medications: Zulresso (brexanolone)

Conserved Harass	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of major depressive episode as diagnosed by DSM-5 Criteria Five or more of the following symptoms present during the same two week period and represent a change from previous function. Must include either (1) depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad, empty, hopeless) or observations made by others (e.g., appears tearful). (NOTE: In children and adolescents, can be irritable mood.) Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation) Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month) or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day. (NOTE: In children, consider failure to make expected weight gain.) Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down) Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick) Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by their subjective account or as observed by others) Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide
	AND
	 Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social,
	occupational, or other important areas of functioning AND
	 Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition
	Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the
	first 4 weeks following delivery



	 Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales: Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate	Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated
Treatment	or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of
Regimen & Other	the mother or infant at significant risk
Criteria:	
Exclusion	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	15 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Coverage Duration:	One month, one time approval per pregnancy



POLICY NAME:

BUPRENORPHINE INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: SUBLOCADE (Buprenorphine extended-release injection), BRIXADI (buprenorphine

extended-release injection)

PA applies to Pharmacy Benefit only: Authorization required after first two doses

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Moderate to severe opioid use disorder
Required Medical	Documentation that member is part of a comprehensive management program
Information:	that includes psychosocial support AND
	 Documentation of abstinence from alcohol/benzodiazepines/opioids through the first 1-2 months of treatment
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	• Reauthorization: Subsequent approvals require documentation of treatment
Criteria:	success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Age greater than or equal to 18 years
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval Duration: 36 months



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
	 The treatment of X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH)
	 The treatment of FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced
	osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors that
	cannot be curatively resected or localized
Required Medical	All indications:
Information:	Documentation of diagnosis by:
	 A blood test demonstrating:
	 Decreased phosphate AND
	■ Increased FGF-23 AND
	Decreased 1,25-(OH)2D AND
	 Normal parathyroid hormone (PTH) AND
	 A urine test demonstrating:
	■ Decreased tubular reabsorption of phosphate corrected for glomerular
	filtration rate (TmP/GFR) o Evidence of skeletal abnormalities, confirmed by radiographic evaluation
	Evidence of skeletal abnormalities, confirmed by radiographic evaluation
	Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia
	Documentation that tumor cannot be located or is unresectable AND
	Alternative renal phosphate-wasting disorders have been ruled out
Appropriate	For all diagnoses:
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with oral phosphate
Regimen & Other	and calcitriol supplementation in combination for at least 12 months, or
Criteria:	contraindication to therapy
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels AND
	improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	X-Linked Hypophosphatemia: Patient is at least 6 months of age
	Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia: Patient is at least 2 years of age



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist or provider experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is 2.3 times (or more) above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
Exclusion Criteria:	A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: Epidiolex (cannabidiol)

Covered Hees	405 1 15 41 11 11 (554)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	o Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable
	antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including:
	Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and
	 Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last month while on
	stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
	Valproate and
	Clobazam and
	Topiramate and
	 Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	<u>Tuberous Sclerosis Complex</u>
	Documentation of monotherapy failure for seizure control with two antiepileptic
	regimens AND
	Documentation of failure with at least one adjunctive therapy for seizure control
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome or Dravet Syndrome: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in
	seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration.



Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 1 year
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN

Affected Medications: Ycanth

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted
	centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever)
	 For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC,
	confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological
	examination, or biopsy
	Documentation persistent itching or pain AND one of the following:
	 Concomitant bacterial infection
	 Concomitant atopic dermatitis
	 Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention
	cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions
	with bandages or clothing
	 Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate	Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC
Treatment	lesions:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Cryotherapy
Criteria.	o Curettage
	o Laser therapy
	Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence
	supporting use, such as:
	 Topical podofilox (Condylox) for at least 1 month
	 Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months
	Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	Molloscum contagiosum is considered a below the line (non-funded) diagnosis per
	Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older.
Age Restriction:	2 to under 21 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and administered by a dermatologist
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: CAPLACIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab)

	T
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and
	immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of aTTP, meeting the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10°/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Testing for ADAMTS13 activity levels has been completed or is in progress Cablivi used as initial treatment will require documentation of high-risk disease meeting one of the following: Neurologic abnormalities (seizures, focal weakness, aphasia, dysarthria, confusion, coma) Altered mental status
	 Elevated serum troponin levels Cablivi will be used in combination with standard-of-care treatment for aTTP (plasma
	exchange and glucocorticoid).
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last therapeutic plasma exchange
Criteria:	Dosing:
	• First day of treatment: Intravenous (IV) followed by subcutaneous (SubQ): 11 mg IV at least 15 minutes prior to plasma exchange, followed by 11 mg SubQ after completion of plasma exchange on day 1.
	 Subsequent treatment days (during daily plasma exchange): SubQ: 11 mg once daily following plasma exchange. Treatment after plasma exchange period: SubQ: 11 mg once daily, continuing for 30 days following the last daily plasma exchange; if sign(s) of persistent underlying disease remain present (e.g., suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) after initial treatment course, treatment may be extended up to a maximum of 28 days. Discontinuation: Discontinue caplacizumab if more than 2 recurrences of aTTP occur
	Discontinuation: Discontinue caplacizumab if more than 2 recurrences of aTTP occur during treatment. Reauthorization requires documented signs of ongoing disease (e.g., suppressed)
	ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	•	18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematology specialist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) – approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL the following: Gabapentin Pregabalin Carbamazepine or oxcarbazepine or valproic acid/divalproex sodium Amitriptyline or nortriptyline Topical lidocaine Dose limited to single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days For renewal, your doctor must send in notes showing that this drug has worked well for you
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: carglumic acid

_	All Food and Days Administration (FDA) command indications not athermise and add
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
Required Medical	Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following:
Information:	 N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
	 Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA)
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Appropriate	Acute hyperammonemia
Treatment	Ammonia level greater than 100 micromol/L
Regimen & Other	Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy
Criteria:	(examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose,
	insulin, L-arginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis)
	 Prescribed treatment course not to exceed 7 days
	Prescribed treatment course not to exceed 7 days
	Chronic hyporammanamia dua to N. Asatulglutamata Synthasa (NAGS) deficiency
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
	Ammonia level greater than or equal to 50 micromol/L
	NAGS deficiency confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
	Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle:
	Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency
	Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency
	, , , ,
	Arginase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAYSTON

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam inhalation)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off Reauthorization: requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CENOBAMATE

Affected Medications: XCOPRI (cenobamate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Partial-onset seizures in adult patients
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline seizure frequency
Information:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least three adjunctive therapies for seizure management (carbamazepine, lamotrigine, levetiracetam, oxcarbazepine, topiramate,
	lamotrigine, divalproex, lacosamide, zonisamide, phenytoin, valproic acid, gabapentin, pregabalin)
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing not to exceed 400 mg daily
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response as determined by provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
O To slow the loss of ambulation in symptomatic pediatric patients 3 years of age and older with late infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency Provided Medical Information: ■ Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by ONE of the following: □ Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity □ Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the TPP1/CLN2 gene ■ Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following: □ Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains □ Score of at least 1 in the motor domain □ Score of at least 1 in the language domain Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: ■ Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale Exclusion Criteria: ■ Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) ■ Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) ■ Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis ■ Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older	Covered Uses:	
and older with late infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency Pequired Medical Information: Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by ONE of the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the TPP1/CLN2 gene Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following: Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains Score of at least 1 in the motor domain Score of at least 1 in the language domain Posing: 300 mg administered once every other week by intraventricular infusion Regimen & Other Criteria: Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale Exclusion Criteria: Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Information:		
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 Score of at least 1 in the motor domain Score of at least 1 in the language domain Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: 		Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale Exclusion Criteria: Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older		 Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains
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Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale Exclusion Criteria: Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older		 Score of at least 1 in the language domain
Regimen & Other Criteria: Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale Exclusion Criteria: Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older	Appropriate	Dosing: 300 mg administered once every other week by intraventricular infusion
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cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) • Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) • Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis • Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts • 3 years of age and older	Exclusion Criteria:	, , ,
 Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older 		
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 Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts Age Restriction: 3 years of age and older 		
Age Restriction: • 3 years of age and older		· ·
	A D. stuistis	
	Age Restriction:	3 years of age and older
Prescriber • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of	Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of
Restrictions: CLN2	Restrictions:	CLN2
Coverage • Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Coverage	 Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERTOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CIMZIA KIT. CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT. CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE STARTER KIT

	Ins: CIMZIA KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE STARTER KIT
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	 Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)
Information:	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	C Troighteen reasonable reasonabl
	Plaque Psoriasis
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	-
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point,
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Dactylitis (present of past, documented by a medinatologist). One point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	point
	point
i	



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least one spondyloarthritis feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - o Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - o Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - o Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Crohn's disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All indications

Exception for pregnancy requires documentation of actively attempting to conceive

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),
 Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

 Documented treatment failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

 Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease

OR



	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the
	following:
	Fistulizing disease
	o Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	Deep ulcerations
	Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal
	involvement
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	<u>QL</u>
	• Induction
	 CD/RA/PsA/AS/PP: 400 mg (2 injections) at week 0, 2 and 4
	Maintenance
	 CD/RA/PsA/AS: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days
	o PP:
	90 kg or less: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days
	>90 kg: 400 mg every other week
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist
Restrictions:	as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor, tezacaftor and ivacaftor; ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor tablets)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Cystic fibrosis in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis
	transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or
Information:	diagnostic testing (FDA approved CF mutation test)
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation
	Patient Registry Report
	• Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA-
	approved to treat
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator
Age Restriction:	Kalydeco: one month or older
	Orkambi: 1 year of age and older
	<u>Trikafta</u> : 2 years of age and older
	Symdeko: 6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CGRP INHIBITORS

PA policy applicable to:

Preferred drugs: Aimovig, Ajovy, Emgality

Medical infusion drugs: Vyepti

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request for combined use with Botox or another calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) inhibitor for the prevention of chronic migraine?	Yes – Criteria not met, considered experimental	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications (not otherwise excluded by plan design) at the approved dosing?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Pre	ronic or Episodic Migraine in adults eferred Drug – Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig edical Infusion Drugs – Vyepti		
1.	Is there a diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Go to #2
2.	Is there a diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 8 migraine days per month at baseline?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for treatment of possible medication overuse headache? Headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #4



O Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months O Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established 4. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine preventive therapy as follows: O Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid, divalproex sodium 5. Is the request for treatment with Vyepti? S Is there documented treatment failure with 6 months (two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required only for chronic migraine). 7. Is there documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality 1. Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? Renewal Criteria Pes — Document and go to #5 Yes — Approve up to 6 months No — Criteria not met months No — Criteria not met months Yes — Go to #2 No — Criteria not met months Yes — Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 6 fills per year)				
trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine preventive therapy as follows: Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily Amitriptyline 25 mg daily Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid, divalproex sodium 5. Is the request for treatment with Vyepti? See a Document and go to #7 Wes - Document and go to #7 No - Go to #6 No - Go to #6 No - Criteria not met months (two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required only for chronic migraine). 7. Is there documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality 1. Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)?		 or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no 		
6. Is there documented treatment failure with 6 months (two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required only for chronic migraine). 7. Is there documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality 1. Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? No – Criteria not met Yes – Approve up to 6 months No – Criteria not met Mo – Criteria not met fills per year)	4.	trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral migraine preventive therapy as follows: o Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily o Amitriptyline 25 mg daily o Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid, divalproex		No – Criteria not met
(two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required only for chronic migraine). 7. Is there documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality 1. Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? Mo – Criteria not met Yes – Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 6 fills per year)	5.	Is the request for treatment with Vyepti?		No – Go to #6
adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, Ajovy, Aimovig) AND Botox? Episodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality 1. Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? months Yes – Go to #2 No – Criteria not met months (Maximum 6 fills per year)	6.	(two treatments) with Botox therapy? (Required only for		No – Criteria not met
 Is there a history of episodic cluster headaches with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? Yes – Go to #2 Yes – Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 6 fills per year)	7.	adverse event to one of the preferred drugs (Emgality, months		No – Criteria not met
least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month? 2. Is there documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)? No –Criteria not met months (Maximum 6 fills per year)	Epi	sodic Cluster Headaches - Emgality		
trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)?	1.	least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) that were separated by pain-free	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria	2.	trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy	months (Maximum 6	No –Criteria not met
	Re	newal Criteria		



0	Is there documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting treatment?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
0	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 24 months	No – Criteria not met

Quantity Limitations

• Emgality

- o Availability: 120 mg/1 mL syringe or auto-injector; 100 mg/mL syringe (carton of 3)
- o Dosing:
 - Chronic migraine: 240 mg single loading dose then 120 mg every 30 days
 - Episodic cluster headache: 300 mg at the start of a cluster period and then 300 mg monthly until the end of the cluster period <u>Maximum 6 fills annually</u>

Ajovy

- Availability: 225 mg/1.5 mL syringe
- o Dosing: 225 mg every 30 days or 675 mg (3x 225 mg injection) every 90 days

Aimovig

- o Availability: 70 mg/mL & 140 mg/mL auto-injector or syringe
- Dosing: 70 mg once monthly, some may benefit from a dosage of 140 mg monthly

Vyepti

- Availability: 100 mg/1 mL single-use vial
- Dosing: 100 mg infusion every 3 months. Some patients may benefit from a dosage of 300 mg every 3 months



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

	ALLEATING AGENTS				
Pre	PA policy applicable to: Preferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jadenu (deferasirox)				
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2		
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met		
Pre	ronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodyspeferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet n -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), Jadenu (deferas				
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met		
4.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5		
5.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met		
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met		
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met		
	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet				



No	Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jadenu (deferasirox)				
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3		
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met		
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met		
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met		
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met		
	Indication: Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet, Jadenu (deferasirox tablet)				
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met		
Rei	Renewal Criteria				
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level? (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met		



Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource months quantity limitations?	2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug	Yes – Approve up to 12	No – Criteria not met
			months	

Quantity Limitations

- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets
 - o 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 - 14-28 mg/kg/day
- Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o 75-99 mg/kg/day
 - Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution)



POLICY NAME:

CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs)
	o Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum
	disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or
	complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Required Medical	Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR)
	Bile acid synthesis disorder
	Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass
	spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS)
	analysis)
	Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders
	Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA)
	levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing
	Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E.
	Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids)
	OR
	If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or
	complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Appropriate	Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic
Treatment	symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders
Regimen & Other	symptoms, or one dold synthesis disorders
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver
	function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria:
	Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin)
	Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis
	Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid
	(DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine
	 Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and
	serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E
	No. 2 Character Calculation and Caracter and Caracter and
	• •
	Body weight increased or stabilized
	Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of
	start of treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Start of treatment



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 RRMS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS ○ Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	 Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two disease-modifying therapies for MS
	Reauthorization (1 time only) requires provider attestation of treatment success
	Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion	Current malignancy
Criteria:	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis)
	Pregnancy
	1 regnancy



	Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation with one of the following diagnostic categories: On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes Reauthorization (Routine Prophylaxis only) requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval with severity, and cause of bleed
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dosing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted. In the case of a payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy. Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered. Compounds containing non-FDA approved ingredients will not be covered Non-FDA approved compounded medications will not be covered when an FDA approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	3 months unless otherwise specified



CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS (CGM)

Affected Medications: FREESTYLE LIBRE, DEXCOM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded by plan design	
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus 	
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin 	
	Gestational diabetes requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin	
Required Medical	For type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:	
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:	
	Currently on an insulin pump	
	o Baseline HbA1c Level 8.0% or higher	
	 Frequent or severe hypoglycemia 	
	 Impaired awareness of hypoglycemia 	
	 Diabetes related complications (e.g., peripheral neuropathy, end organ 	
	damage)	
	OR	
	Children and adolescents under 21	
	OR	
	Documentation of type 1 diabetes for women who are pregnant or actively	
	attempting to conceive	
Appropriate	When requested through the PHARMACY benefit:	
Treatment	Coverage for a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom is provided when the	
Regimen & Other	member meets the following criteria:	
Criteria:	Documentation of current use of an insulin pump that is compatible with a CGM	
- Ciricana	that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom	
	For type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:	
	Documentation of current use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin	
	Reauthorization:	
	Type 1 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control	
	Type 2 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control and	
	continued use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber		
Restrictions:		



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



COPPER CHELATING AGENTS

Affected Medications: Penicillamine, Trientine hydrochloride, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Wilson's disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Wilson's disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) OR
	 Documentation of at least two of the following:
	Presence of Kayser-Fleischer rings
	Serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Liver biopsy infamily consistent with willow subcase
	 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg
Appropriate Treatment	• For trientine hydrochloride, must have a documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine
Regimen & Other	For Cuvrior, must meet both of the following:
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine that was not due to tolerability AND
	 Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as shown by normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	For trientine hydrochloride:
	 Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis
	Treatment of cystinuria
	Treatment of biliary cirrhosis
Age Restriction:	,
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver
Care Restrictions:	transplant physician
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	- Nedationzation. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CORLANOR

Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (adjunctive agent) Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients 6 months and older. Compendia-supported uses that will be covered: Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical	Chronic heart failure
Information:	Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35%
	or less AND
	Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm)
	Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients
	Sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate
	Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
	Heart rate of at least 100 beats per minute, with average mean heart rate of at least 90
	beats per minute over 24 hours not due to appropriate physiologic response or primary
	abnormality (hyperthyroidism or anemia)
	Symptomatic (palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or decreased exercise
	capacity)
	 Documentation for absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of atrial tachycardia
Appropriate	Effective contraception is recommended in women of child-bearing age
Treatment	Effective contraception is recommended in women of child bearing age
Regimen & Other	Chronic heart failure
Criteria:	Documentation of tried or currently receiving one beta blocker (metoprolol succinate)
	extended release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated
	dose for heart failure treatment OR
	Documentation of medical reason for avoidance of beta-blockers
	Heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy in pediatric patients
	Trial with beta blocker or digoxin therapy or contraindication or intolerance to beta
	blocker or digoxin use.
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy; development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient
	from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Acute, decompensated heart failure
	Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg



	 Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable with functioning demand pacemaker) Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Paugh class C) Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	 Heart failure-dilated cardiomyopathy: infants ≥6 months, Children, and Adolescents <18 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Coverage Duration:	• 12 months



CORTICOTROPIN INJECTION GEL

Affected Medications: ACTHAR HP (repository corticotripin injection), PURIFIED CORTROPHIN GEL (repository corticotropin injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diagnostic adrenocortical function
Required Medical Information:	ACTHAR HP ONLY: Diagnosis of infantile spasms and the patient is currently receiving treatment with HP Acthar gel and has shown substantial clinical benefit from therapy, OR the patient has not received previous treatment with HP Acthar gel and the patient is less than 2 years of age (If yes, skip directly to exclusion criteria) All other indications:
	Coverage of Acthar HP requires a documented intolerable adverse event to a trial of Purified Cortrophin Gel and one of the following: Use for diagnostic testing of adrenocortical function and the patient cannot be tested with
	 Cosyntropin, OR For use in serum sickness and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 For use in rheumatic diseases, used as adjunctive treatment, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	The patient has a diagnosis of nephrotic syndrome, the therapy is being requested for induction of diuresis or for remission proteinuria, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	The therapy is requested for multiple sclerosis (MS) exacerbation and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The patient has Collagen diseases (eg, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), dermatomyositis, or polymyositis), Dermatologic disorders (eg, severe erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome), Ophthalmic disorders, acute or chronic (eg, iritis, keratitis, optic neuritis), or Symptomatic sarcoidosis AND the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids
Appropriate Treatment	 MS exacerbation: Failure to generic oral AND intravenous glucocorticoids SLE: Failure to hydroxychloroquine or chloroquine AND generic glucocorticoids
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Receipt of live or live attenuated vaccines within 6 weeks of corticotropin gel administration
	Suspected congenital infection (infants)



	- Calana da man
	Scleroderma
	Osteoporosis
	Systemic fungal infections
	Peptic ulcer disease
	Ocular herpes simplex
	Congestive heart failure
	Recent surgery
	Uncontrolled hypertension
	Known hypersensitivity to porcine proteins
	Primary adrenocortical insufficiency or hyperfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approvals:
Duration:	Infantile Spasms (ACTHAR HP ONLY), Rheumatic Diseases, Nephrotic Syndrome, Collagen
	Diseases, Dermatologic Diseases, Ophthalmic Disorders, or Symptomatic Sarcoidosis = 6
	months, unless otherwise specified
	Diagnostic Use = 1 dose, (30 days), unless otherwise specified
	Serum Sickness = 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	•
	,
Coverage	Infantile Spasms (ACTHAR HP ONLY), Rheumatic Diseases, Nephrotic Syndrome, Collagen Diseases, Dermatologic Diseases, Ophthalmic Disorders, or Symptomatic Sarcoidosis = 6 months, unless otherwise specified



COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Affected Medications: COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the type of test requested including: Molecular testing or antigen testing Rapid testing or sample collection Manufacturer of test or kit Documentation of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or who have confirmed or suspected exposure to COVID-19
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (including emergency use authorization)
Exclusion Criteria:	Tests not approved or cleared by the FDA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 days



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

6		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded by plan design	
	 To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and 	
	pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease	
Required Medical	Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months	
Information:	Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea	
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be	
Treatment	enforced	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in	
	the number of sickle cell-related crises	
Exclusion Criteria:	Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy	
	Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL	
	Chronic anticoagulation therapy (e.g., warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin	
	History of stroke within the past 2 years	
	Combined use with hemoglobin oxygen affinity modulator (voxelotor)	
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: CYSTAGON (cysteamine bitartrate), PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by one of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Increased leukocyte cystine concentration that is 3 to 20 nmol half-cystine/mg protein Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Coverage for Procysbi requires documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon	
Exclusion Criteria:	Documented history of hypersensitivity to cysteamine or penicillamine	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: DALFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: dalfampridine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
0010.00	plan design
	 Treatment to improve walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis (MS)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis (MS) with documented impairment, but able to walk with
Information:	or without assistance
	Documentation of baseline Timed 25-foot walk test (T25-FW)
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success compared to baseline walking
Treatment	ability as determined by treating provider
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion	History of seizures
Criteria:	Creatinine clearance less than or equal to 50mL/min
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or after consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	pp



POLICY NAME: DAPRODUSTAT

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	by plan design
	 Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis for at least four months
Required Medical	Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD
Information:	Documentation of dialysis use for 4 or more months
	Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level of less than 10 g/dL
	Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum
	ferritin level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater
	than or equal to 20%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	erythropoietin for the past 3 months, and hemoglobin for the past three months to calculate ERI
Appropriate	Documented lack of response to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA), defined as
Treatment	having an ERI of 2 or more OR intolerance to all ESAs
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
	Maximum 24 mg per day
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of less
Exclusion Criteria:	than 12 g/dL • Use in combination with ESAs
Exclusion Criteria.	
	Current uncontrolled hypertension
	Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome,
	stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to
	starting treatment
	Active malignancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a specialist, such as a hematologist or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 6 months
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: DAPTOMYCIN

Affected Medications: Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 350 mg Intravenous, Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 500 mg Intravenous

	Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive		
Covered Uses:	bacterial infection		
	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis caused by: 		
	 Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) 		
	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)		
	 Complicated Skin and Skin Structure Infections (cSSSI) caused by 		
	susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive bacteria:		
	MSSA		
	■ MRSA		
	Streptococcus pyogenes		
	Streptococcus agalactiae		
	 Streptococcus dysgalactiae subsp. equisimilis 		
	Enterococcus faecalis		
	Compendia-supported uses including		
	 Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) or vancomycin resistant 		
	staph aureus (VRSA) infections		
	Bacteremia associated with intravascular line		
	 Osteomyelitis 		
	 Septic arthritis 		
	 Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only) 		
	 Vertebral osteomyelitis 		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of confirmed or suspected gram-positive bacterial		
-	infection		
	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen		
	 Documentation of therapy intention (empiric, pathogen directed) 		
	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data or plan to adjust from		
	empiric to definitive therapy once culture results are available		
	Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable		
	Documentation of planned dosing, current weight, and patient renal		
	function		
	Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require		
	documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum		
	creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at		
	least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without		
	an alternative explanation		



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

• Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive bacterial infection for up to 7 days

Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis

- Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing:
 - o 6 to 12 mg/kg once daily
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours
- Pediatric dosing:
 - o 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily
 - o 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
 - o 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
- Duration of therapy: 2 to 6 weeks

Bacteremia associated with intravascular line

- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each.
- Adult dosing
 - For infections caused by MRSA: 6 to 8mg/kg once daily
 - For infections caused by
 - methicillin-resistant, coagulase-negative staphylococci:
 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-susceptible
 Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours

cSSSI

- Documentation of MSSA or MRSA infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to betalactams (e.g., cefazolin), clindamycin, doxycycline, linezolid, sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim, and vancomycin, or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing:
 - 4mg/kg once daily for 7 to 14 days



Exclusion Criteria:

Community Solutions	
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours Pediatric dosing: 1 to less than 2 years of age: 10mg/kg once daily 2 to 6 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily 7 to 11 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily 12 to 17 years of age: 5mg/kg once daily Duration of therapy: 7 to 14 days
	Osteomyelitis and Septic arthritis
	n
	Acute Hemotogonous Ostogonyalitis (Bodistvis only)
	Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to clindamycin and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
,	Vertebral osteomyelitis
	 Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
	Datation of the Constitution of the Constituti

• Treatment of pneumonia



	 Treatment of left-sided infective endocarditis or prosthetic valve endocarditis due to Staphylococcus aureus Treatment of VRE colonization of urine or respiratory tract Empiric therapy for patients discharged from a higher level of care on vancomycin
Age Restriction:	At least 1 year of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Empiric treatment of an infection caused by an undefined pathogen on an outpatient basis, approval: 7 days Other, approval: 1 month



POLICY NAME: DASATINIB

Affected Medications: SPRYCEL (dasatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months (2 week initial partial fill), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFIBROTIDE

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

_	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD
Information:	Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate	Administer for a minimum of 21 days. If after 21 days signs and symptoms of hepatic VOD
Treatment	have not resolved, continue until resolution of VOD or up to a maximum of 60 days
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Concomitant administration with systemic anticoagulant or fibrinolytic therapy
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients aged 4 through 5 years with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a
- c'	 Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients aged 4 through 5 years with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58
- c'	Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58
- c'	Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58
- c'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Information:	 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a
	wheelchair, walker, or cane
	 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more
	Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy
	 Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by
	ELISA
	Current weight
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone
Treatment	for at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion,
Regimen & Other	according to FDA approved labeling
Criteria:	 Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials
	 Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	 Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene
	 Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense
	oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen
	Current active infection
	Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime
	Acute liver disease or impaired liver function
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 or 5 years
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	,,
Coverage	Authorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization)
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS

Affected Medications: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS (all brands)

	All Food and Drug Administra	tion (EDA) approved indications no	at athornuica
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 		
	Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of complete & current treatment course		
Appropriate	If a patient requires a new meter, please call PacificSource pharmacy help desk at		
Treatment	541-330-4999		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Preferred products must be prescribed:		
Criteria:	 Freestyle Lite 		
	 Freestyle Precision No 	90	
	 Freestyle Precision Xt 	ra	
	Non-FreeStyle products will require a formulary exception request and will adhere to the following quantity limits below		
	Standard Quantity Limits:		
		Standard Quantity Limit	
	Insulin dependent DM	100 test strips per 25 days	
	Non-insulin dependent DM	(4x/day)	
	Quantity Limit exceptions: Exception	Quantity Limit	1
	Gestational DM	Qualitity Limit	-
	Insulin administration more	150 test strips per 25 days	
	than 4x/day	(6x/day)	
	New onset Adult DM	(OX) day)	
	Uncontrolled DM (HbA1c	-	
	greater than 10)		
	greater triair 10)		J
	Exception	Quantity Limit	
	Insulin Pump Start	250 test strips per 25 days	
	New onset Pediatric DM	(10x/day)	
			-
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients actively utilizing cont for greater than 4 times daily	cinuous glucose monitors (CGM) w testing (#100/25 days)	ill not be approved
	+		



Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from by also decide.
	from by plan design
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	prescribed dosing regimen
	 Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC):
	 An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR
	 Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites
	Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age)
	 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age
	Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology
	and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan or PET scan if MIBG is negative]
	• Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first-line multi-agent, multimodality therapy
Appropriate	Maximum duration: 5 cycles
Treatment	Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor
Regimen & Other	[GM-CSF; sargramostim], interleukin-2 [IL-2; aldesleukin], and 13-cis-retinoic acid [RA;
Criteria:	isotretinoin])
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 months, unless otherwise specified



DOJOLVI

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin)

	,
Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders. Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake Documentation of severe disease despite dietary management as evidenced by one of the following: Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 within the past year or 5 within the past 2 years)
	Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an over the counter (OTC) medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product Medium chain acyl-dehydrogenase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DONISLECEL**

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
by plan design	
Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years	
,	
Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive	
insulin management with all the following:	
 Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump 	
 Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous 	
glucose monitor	
Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less	
than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with	
either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration	
Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate	
autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia	
Reauthorization requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence	
within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous	
insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)	
• Pregnancy	
Malignancy	
Active infection	
Previous kidney or pancreas transplant	
Prior portal vein thrombosis	
18 years of age and older	
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist	
Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise	



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified.



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa enteral suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen 	
	 Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with both of the following: Oral levodopa/carbidopa Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: DUPILUMAB

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 6 years and older with
	moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype or oral
	corticosteroid dependent asthma
	 Treatment of patients aged 6 months and older with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis (AD)
	 Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older, weighing at least 40 kg, with eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE)
	o Add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled
	chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP)
	 Treatment of adult patients with prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by
	both of the following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	<u>AD</u>
	Diagnosis of severe atopic dermatitis with functional impairment, defined by one of the
	following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND one of the following:
	 Body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10%
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
	<u>EoE</u>
	Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy
	Documented history of two or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current
	treatment



CRSwNP

- Documentation of both the following:
 - Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
 - Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)

PN

- Documentation of all the following:
 - Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
 - o Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
 - Severe itching

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Eosinophilic asthma

- Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms

 AND
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
 - Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required

AD

- Documented treatment failure with at least 4 weeks of a topical non-steroidal agent (e.g., tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream) OR
- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate

EoE

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:
 - High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (PPI)
 - Swallowed ICS therapy (such as fluticasone or budesonide)

CRSwNP

• Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant

PΝ

 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine



clusion Criteria:	to therapy
ducion Critoria	Lisa in combination with another managinal antibody (e.g. Facenza Nucala Volair
dusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair,
	Tezspire, Cinqair)
e Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
•	AD: 6 months of age and older
•	EoE: 12 years of age and older
•	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older
	PN: 18 years of age and older
escriber/Site of	Eosinophilic asthma : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist,
re Restrictions:	or pulmonologist
•	AD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
•	EoE : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or
	gastroenterologist
	• CRSwNP: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	PN : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist
verage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
ration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

 PNH Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) • Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
•
 One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event
 Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
 aHUS Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acura kidney injury
 Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
 ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
 Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
gMG ■ Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by:

o Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor

Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV



- Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - o MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
 - o Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - o Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion
	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebral	Extensive periependymal lesion
syndrome	Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous
	corpus callosum lesion
	Long corticospinal tract lesion
	Large, confluent subcortical or deep white
	matter lesion

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

PNH

 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

aHUS

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure



	 Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	 pMG Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	NMOSD ■ Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following: □ Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima) □ Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) □ Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
Exclusion	 Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Criteria:	Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	 PNH, gMG, and NMOSD: 18 years of age or older aHUS: 2 months of age or older



Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist:
Restrictions:	o PNH: hematologist
	 aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist
	o gMG: neurologist
	 NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EDARAVONE

Affected Medication: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS (edaravone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised (Airlie House) criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function (defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values [% FVC] of at least 80%) Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Member is stable on riluzole Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole For Radicava ORS requests: Documented intolerable adverse event to Radicava (given intravenously) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient <u>Reauthorization</u>: Treatment success as determined by prescriber including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EFLORNITHINE**

Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma who achieve at
	least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have completed
	maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response
	Criteria (INRC):
	An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with]
	or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or
	serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR
	-
	Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with
	concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites
	Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age)
	 Stage 3 disease with MYCN gene NOT amplified in patients at least 18 months
	of age with International Neuroblastoma Pathology Classification (INPC) as
	unfavorable histology (UH)
	 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 12 months of age
	 Staging studies documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging as follows:
	Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan of the
	primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease
	Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [MIBG] scan and
	positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative).
	Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and completed
	maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab)
Appropriate	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy up to a total of 2
Treatment	years of treatment
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 years of
	treatment, unless otherwise specified



ELAGOLIX

Affected Medications: Orilissa (elagolix), Oriahnn (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain (Orilissa)
Denvised Medical	Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas (Oriahnn) Pain due to an demotrician
Required Medical Information:	Pain due to endometriosis
information:	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of osteoporosis
	Pregnancy
	 Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)
	 Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or
Care Restrictions:	reproductive endocrinology
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless
	otherwise specified

	*Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate
	hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months.
	Reauthorization not allowed.



POLICY NAME: ELAPRASE

Affected Medications: ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type II confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of iduronate 2-sulfatase enzyme activity or by DNA testing that shows pathologic iduronate 2-sulfatase gene mutation Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Hunters syndrome such as abnormal facial appearance, liver or spleen enlargement, cardiovascular disorders, neurocognitive decline, presence of pearly popular skin lesions Baseline values for one or more of the following: 6 minute walk test (6-MWT) Forced vital capacity (FVC) Liver and/or spleen volume Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAG) level
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed 0.5 mg/kg/week
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:
	Improvement in 6-MWT
	Improvement or stability in FVC
	Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume
	Reduction in urinary GAG level
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	16 months of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in the treatment of inherited metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ELIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	o Type 1 Gaucher Disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis must be documented in the members chart notes within the past 6 months
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay
	Documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6 (CYP2D6) Genotype by a FDA approved test
	indicating CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers, intermediated metabolizers, or poor metabolizers
	Documentation of complete and current treatment course
	Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver
	function tests, renal function tests.
Appropriate	Documentation of failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for the avoidance of
Treatment	combination therapy with Cerezyme, and failure with Cerezyme monotherapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Extensive or Immediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit- 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction,
	bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
	Treatment with Class 1A (e.g., quinidine, procainaminde) and Class III (e.g.,
	amiodarone, sotalol) antiarrhythmic medications
	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of
Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, liver, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	Reapproval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: Skysona (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients
Required Medical	
Information:	Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following:
Illioillation.	Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation
	 Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following:
	Concentration of C26:0
	Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0
	Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0
	 Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or
	mildly symptomatic disease)
	 Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic
	review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the
	following:
	 Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions
	 Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a
Treatment	hematopoietic stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender
	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or
Restrictions:	hematologist/oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)



POLICY NAME: ELOSULFASE ALFA

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A Syndrome)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome) confirmed by an enzyme assay or detection of biallelic pathogenic mutations in the GALNS gene by molecular genetic testing Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Morquio A syndrome such as knee deformity, hip deformity, protuberant sternum, kyphoscoliosis, and abnormal gait Baseline six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose does not exceed 2 mg/kg/week Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as improvement in six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ELTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag), PROMACTA PACKET

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult and pediatric patients 1 year and older with persistent or chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C to allow the initiation and maintenance of interferon-based therapy In combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy for the first-line treatment of adult and pediatric patients 2 years and older with severe aplastic anemia Patients with severe aplastic anemia who have had an insufficient response to immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic (ITP)
Information:	 Documentation of one of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure) Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter Severe aplastic anemia Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy AND Documentation of at least two of the following: Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Oral suspension formulation requires documented medical inability to use Promacta tablets
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	 Documentation of one of the following: Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids or immunoglobulin



Splenectomy

Reauthorization:

- Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400, 000/microliter) OR
- The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks

Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C

Reauthorization:

 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and Promacta used in combination with antiviral therapy

Severe aplastic anemia

- Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy
- For those less than 40 years old without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years old or older:
 - Documentation that Promacta is being used as first line treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)

Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only):

Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting one or more of the following criteria:

- Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
- Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL, or a reduction in greater than or equal to 4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
- ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter

Exclusion Criteria:

Age Restriction:

Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP

1 year of age and older

<u>Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and patients with severe aplastic anemia</u>

18 years of age and older



	Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy)
	2 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Severe aplastic anemia
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam
	Approval: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (Emicizumab-kxwh)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
 Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
• Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of
spontaneous bleeding into joints
Prophylactic agents must be discontinued
 Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMBLIRA
 Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMBLIRA
Loading Dose:
3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks
 Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
Maintenance dose:
• 1.5 mg/kg once every week or
• 3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or
6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks
 Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
Product Availability:
 Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since
last approval
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist



Coverage Duration:

Approval duration: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric (newborn and older) patients with primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) with refractory, recurrent or progressive disease or intolerance with conventional HLH therapy.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present: Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days) Splenomegaly Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate, hydrocortisone) Must be used in combination with dexamethasone (if established on the following, patient may instead continue: oral cyclosporine A; intrathecal methotrexate and/or glucocorticoids) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not received HSCT
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or
Restrictions:	provider with experience in the management of HLH
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN (bosentan), AMBRISENTAN (ambrisentan), Tracleer suspension

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) 			
	Group 1			
Required Medical	Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization			
Information:	(WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias:			
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 			
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND 			
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 			
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms			
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to			
	calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:			
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) 			
	 Low cardiac index OR 			
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 			
Appropriate	Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5			
Treatment	(PDE-5) inhibitor			
Regimen & Other	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking			
Criteria:	agents if postitive Acute Vasoreactivity Test			
	Requests for Tracleer oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow			
	tablets			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of			
	the following:			
	Improvement in exercise ability			
	Improvement in pulmonary function			
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist			
Care Restrictions:				
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:				



ENTERAL NUTRITION/ORAL NUTRITION SUPPLEMENTS

Affected Medications: ENTERAL NUTRITION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 		
Required	Nutritional Deficiency identified by one of the following:		
Medical	Documentation of chronic and permanent illness/trauma resulting in inability to be		
Information:	maintained through oral feeding and must rely on enteral/parenteral nutrition therapy.		
	(i.e., permanent enteral/parenteral prosthetic device is required)		
	OR		
	Documentation of functioning GI tract who, due to pathology to, or non-function of, the		
	structures that normally permit food to reach the digestive tract (oral feeding), cannot		
	maintain weight and strength commensurate with his/her general condition. (ex.		
	head/neck cancer with reconstructive surgery and CNS disease leading to interference with		
	the neuromuscular mechanism)		
	OR		
	Documentation of use for training in the ketogenic diet for children with epilepsy in cases		
	where the child has failed or not tolerated conventional therapy		
	Oral nutritional supplements may be approved when the following criteria has been met:		
	Clients age 6 and above:		
	Must have a nutritional deficiency identified by one of the following:		
	 Recent low serum protein levels OR 		
	 Recent registered dietician assessment shows sufficient caloric/protein intake is 		
	not obtainable through regular, liquefied or pureed foods OR		
	 Must meet all of the following: 		
	 Prolonged history (i.e., years) of malnutrition, and diagnosis or symptoms 		
	of cachexia		
	 Client residence in home, nursing facility, or chronic home care facility 		
	 Where the above conditions be futile and invasive 		
	AND		
	Must have a recent unplanned weight loss of at least 10%, PLUS one of the following: The recent depth by the plantage of the property of the propert		
	Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma OR Adalahas antique difficulties (a.g., about out our displacement in the profit of the profit o		
	 Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal dialysis) OR 		
	 dialysis) OR Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome 		
	(AIDS) or pulmonary insufficiency.		
	Note: Weight loss criteria may be waived if body weight is being maintained by supplements		
	due to patient's medical condition (e.g., renal failure, AIDS)		
	222 22 passes		
	Clients under age 6:		
	Diagnosis of failure to thrive AND		



	Must meet same criteria as above, with the exception of % of weight loss.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by a practitioner licensed to prescribe medications
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR FABRY DISEASE

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Fabry disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following: Males: Enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 3 percent) Males: Deficiency of alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Females: Molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease including severe neuropathic pain, dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas), corneal opacities, kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia), cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure), or cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (at least 12 weeks) or intolerable adverse event to Fabrazyme prior to Elfabrio approval Dose does not exceed 1 mg/kg every 2 weeks Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another ERT or Galafold
Age Restriction:	 2 years of age and older for Fabrazyme 18 years of age and older for Elfabrio
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EPLONTERSEN**

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated 		
	amyloidosis in adults		
Required Medical	• Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing		
Information:	Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy		
	Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic		
	neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, renal dysfunction)		
	Documentation with one of the following:		
	 Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb 		
	 Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130 		
	 Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2 		
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with diflunisal		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of a positive clinical response to eplontersen (e.g.,		
Criteria:	improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation		
	• Diagnosis of other (non-hATTR) forms of amyloidosis or eptomeningeal amyloidosis		
	Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran		
	• Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy, including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis		
	meglumine		
Age Restriction:	• 18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the		
Care Restrictions:	management of amyloidosis		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

Affected Medications:	EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required Medical	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the
	following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional
	Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure)
	to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	Low cardiac index
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Documentation of current patient weight
	Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy
Treatment	classes is required:
Regimen & Other	O PDE5 inhibitors AND
Criteria:	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more
	of the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria.	Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction
	Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist of pullifoliologist



Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Injection, Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Nasal Solution

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of migraines described as being moderate-severe Documentation of inadequate response or contraindication to all of the following: Minimum of two prescription strength NSAIDs or combination analgesics (e.g., ibuprofen, naproxen, or acetaminophen plus aspirin plus caffeine) Minimum of 1 oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5HT1) receptor agonists (e.g., sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, or zolmitriptan) Minimum of 1 NON-oral 5HT1 agonist (e.g., sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Injection doses should not exceed 3 mg in a 24 hour period, and 6 mg in one week QL 12mL/30 days Nasal solutions should not exceed 2 mg per day, no additional benefit shown QL 2mL/30 days (or 8mg/30 days) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	Patients 18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: Epogen (epoetin alfa), Mircera (methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta), Procrit (epoetin alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Epogen & Procrit & Mircera Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion Epogen & Procrit Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Epogen & Procrit only To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL Compendia-supported uses Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Required Medical Information:	 One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label or compendia support: Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular surgery Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when any of the following criteria is met: For Epogen or Procrit, a documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the

active ingredient



	 For Mircera, a documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Aranesp & Retacrit Currently receiving treatment with Mircera, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (hematologist, oncologist, nephrologist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETANERCEPT

Affected Medications: ENBREL SOLUTION, ENBREL KIT

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Psoriatic Arthritis Ankylosing Spondylitis Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis Plaque Psoriasis Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
- Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
- The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
- Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
- Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
- Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
- Severe disease on other validated tools
- Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
 - o Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - O Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - o Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - o Good response to NSAIDs
 - o Family history of SpA
 - o Elevated CRP

OR

- o HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

Documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - Arthritis and psoriasis

OR

- Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactylitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Enthesitis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV



AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

 Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND at least one of methotrexate or leflunomide for a minimum of 12 weeks



	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
	Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen,
	naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
	Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying
	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate,
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide
	Sullasalazille, lettutiotilide
	QL:
	 Induction (Plaque Psoriasis only): 50mg twice weekly for first 3 months
	Maintenance: 50mg once weekly
	Waintenance. Soring once weekly
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and
Criteria:	is not a covered benefit
	10 110 t G 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for
Restrictions:	diagnosis
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of both of the following: Currently on dialysis Intact parathyroid (iPTH) level greater than 300 pg/mL Documentation of iPTH that is persistently elevated above target range despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Cinacalcet
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic kidney disease who are not on hemodialysis Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: Hemgenix

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of current negative inhibitor testing and history defined as two tests in the last five years separated by at least 12 months Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% AND requiring prophylactic treatment Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Creatinine
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	● 2 x 10 ¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	 History or current presence of IX inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or uncontrolled HIV Life expectancy less than 1 year due to other advanced medical conditions
Age Restriction:	Ages 18 and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)



EVKEEZA

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)

	E EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial
	hypercholesterolemia
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 20
	years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects
Appropriate	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
Treatment	 Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic
Regimen & Other	(rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
Criteria:	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when
	statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
	History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in
	concurrence with statin use
	 Documented treatment failure defined as an LDL-C greater than 100mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
	 Maximally tolerated statin therapy
	o Ezetimibe
	 PCSK9 monoclonal antibody unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less
	 Dose rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
Exclusion Criteria:	to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline
LACIUSION CITCEITA	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid
Restrictions:	specialist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age SICKLE CELL DISEASE Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of β5/β5, β5/β0 or β5/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alphathalassemia and hemoglobin S/β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic	Covered Uses:	
of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age Required Medical Information: SICKLE CELL DISEASE Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of β5/βS, β5/β0 or β5/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute cheat Syndrome Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic		7.1
Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age SICKLE CELL DISEASE Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia and hemoglobin S/B-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alphathalassemia and hemoglobin S/B-thalassemia) as outlined by the following: Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic		
Required Medical Information: SICKLE CELL DISEASE		•
Sickle Cell DISEASE		
Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows:		
of βS/βS, βS/βO or βS/β+ genotype as follows: ○ Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR ○ Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND ○ Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions ● Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) ○ VOC/VOEs defined as: ■ Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions ■ Acute chest Syndrome ■ Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility ■ Splenic Sequestration ● Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor ● Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA ● Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia hariants) as outlined by the following: ○ Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic	-	
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AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions • Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) • VOC/VOEs defined as: • Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions • Acute chest Syndrome • Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility • Splenic Sequestration • Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor • Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA • Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alphathalassemia and hemoglobin S/β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: • Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic		
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pathogenic variants		
		pathogenic variants



	OR
	 Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and increased amounts of hemoglobin F Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at
	 least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions of pRBCs per year in the 2 years preceding therapy Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but
Appropriate	 unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells
Treatment Regimen & Other	 (3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg) Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence
Criteria:	 of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	Ages 12 and above
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Below the Medicaid Line of Coverage

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
Required Medical	Definitions:
Information:	Unfunded condition is a condition that is below the Oregon Health Authority (OHA)- funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services
	 Funded condition is a condition that is above the OHA-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services
	To review the line as well as examine guidelines to see if patient meets certain criteria for approval, please refer to the following website:
	https://intouch.pacificsource.com/LineFinder/
	For age 21 and above:
	 Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are not covered by PacificSource Community Solutions unless it can be shown that:
	 The unfunded condition is causing or exacerbating a medically related funded condition AND
	 Treating the unfunded condition would significantly improve the outcome of treating the medically related funded condition
	For age 20 or younger:
	 Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are covered by PacificSource
	Community Solutions if treatment is medically necessary, per the Early and Periodic
	Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment Program
Appropriate	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Case by case
Duration:	



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state Documentation that a delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of Clostridioides difficile (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Previous treatment with each of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Vancomycin OR fidaxomicin (Dificid) Zinplava OR fecal microbiota transplant (FMT) For Vowst requests: Documented treatment failure with all the above agents AND Rebyota
Exclusion Criteria:	Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE

Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
Information:	Current weight
	Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	<u>Dravet Syndrome</u>
	Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment	Dravet Syndrome
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
Criteria:	four of the following therapies:
	 Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide or topiramate
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
	three guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	<u>Dosing</u> : not to exceed 26 mg daily
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure
	severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
RESUICCIONS:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDAXOMICIN

Affected Medications: DIFICID (fidaxomicin)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Clostridioides difficile-associated diarrhea Documented diagnosis of <i>C. difficile</i> infection (CDI) with associated diarrhea, defined as: Prescence of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin A or B in the stool AND Greater than 3 unformed bowel movements in 24 hours 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of at least one trial/failure of an appropriate oral vancomycin regimen for CDI in the previous 6 months At least one of the following risk factors for recurrent or severe CDI: Age greater than 65 years Severe underlying medical disorders Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Reauthorization: Documentation of current active CDI with associated diarrhea Documentation of past treatment success with fidaxomicin, defined as symptom resolution at the end of treatment course 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Asymptomatic colonization with <i>C. difficile</i>	
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified	



FILSPARI

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day (labs current within 30 days of request) OR Urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than 1.5 g/g
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blockers (ARB) Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months
Exclusion Criteria:	Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist that is REMS certified
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 9 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
by plan design
 Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of:
 Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline
 End-stage kidney disease
 Cardiovascular death
 Non-fatal myocardial infarction
 Hospitalization for heart failure
Documentation of all the following:
o eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m ²
 Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g
 Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme
(ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or
contraindicated
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
response to therapy
18 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUCYTOSINE

Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Candidal endocarditis Candidiasis Candidiasis of urogenital site Cryptococcosis Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Candida endophthalmitis Central nervous system candidiasis Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required Medical Information:	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Infectious Disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 8 weeks, or lesser requested duration



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of one of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP ■ Documentation of one of the following: □ Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids or immunoglobulin □ Splenectomy ■ Documented inability to respond adequately to Promacta Reauthorization requires response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000 microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ (fluocinolone acetonide intravitreal implant)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis Iluvien Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise
	in intraocular pressure Retisert and Yutiq Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate	<u>Iluvien</u>
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz,
Criteria:	Cimerli)
	Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	Retisert and Yutiq
	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following:
	Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid
	At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate,
	azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil)
	 At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus) Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Concurrent use of intravitreal implants and injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF)
	Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified
	Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified
	Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: Dimethyl fumarate, BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate), VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Vumerity and Bafiertam: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL
Treatment	the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
Regimen & Other Criteria:	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



FYARRO

Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa)
Regimen & Other	Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease
Criteria:	confirmed by pathology.
	History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents:
	 Sirolimus oral tablet
	 Everolimus or temsirolimus
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR)
	inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months
	1



POLICY NAME: GALAFOLD

Affected Medications: GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Fabry disease in adults with an amenable galactosidase alpha gene (GLA) variant
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following: Males: Enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 3 percent) Males: Deficiency of alpha-galactosidase enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Females: Molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable galactosidase alpha (GLA) variant Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease including severe neuropathic pain, dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas), corneal opacities, kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia), cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure), or cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Concurrent use with Enzyme Replacement Therapy (Elfabrio or Fabrazyme) Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GALSULFASE

Affected Medications: NAGLAZYME (galsulfase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by benefit design
	 Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)
Information:	confirmed by an enzyme assay or detection of pathogenic mutations in the
	Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene by molecular genetic testing
	Documented clinical signs and symptoms of Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome such as coarse
	facial features, severe skeletal disease, joint abnormalities, respiratory disease, and
	cardiac abnormalities
	Baseline six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed 1 mg/kg/week
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as improvement in
Criteria:	six minute walk test (6-MWT) or three minute stair climb test (3-MSCT)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced for all medical infusion drugs
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE

Affected Medications: ZTALMY

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
excluded by plan design
 Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5
(CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing
Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment
Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure
management
Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a
reduction in seizure frequency when compared to baseline
West syndrome
Seizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type
2 years of age or older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GIVOSIRAN

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP)
 Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lab test utilized Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation for avoidance of exacerbating factors, including certain medications, smoking, drinking, and infections
 Documentation of active acute disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months requiring Hemin administration that are not attributable to a specific exacerbating factor For women: Documented 12-week trial and failure of gonadotropin releasing hormone analogue (ex. Leuprolide) OR Documentation that attacks are not related to the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of greater than 50% reduction in baseline acute attack frequency
 Active HIV, Hepatitis C, or Hepatitis B infection(s) History of Pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin
Greater than or equal to 12 years of age
• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specialize in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria
 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GLATIRAMER

Affected Medications: GLATIRAMER, GLATOPA

Affected Medication	ons: Glatiramer, Glatopa
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of releasing forms of multiple selenasis (MS), including the following:
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	CIS Description of a management of a manageme
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of dose and frequency as the 20 mg/mL and 40 mg/mL formulations are not interchangeable
Regimen & Other Criteria:	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS

Affected Medications: BYETTA Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON BCise Subcutaneous (Exenatide), OZEMPIC (semaglutide), VICTOZA Subcutaneous (Liraglutide), TRULICITY Subcutaneous (dulaglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults and pediatric patients 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	The patient is diagnosed as having type-2 diabetes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of all the following: Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to metformin Documented failure of an antidiabetic agent other than metformin (e.g., Steglatro, alogliptin, pioglitazone) A recent A1C level greater than 7% despite treatment (patient cannot be currently untreated) Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	 Byetta, Bydureon, Victoza and Trulicity – greater than or equal to 10 years. Ozempic – greater than or equal to 18 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GOLIMUMAB

Affected Medications: SIMPONI ARIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)
	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
	Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at
	least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	Insidious onset
	 Improvement with exercise
	 No improvement with rest
	Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
	o Arthritis
	 Enthesitis
	 Uveitis
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
	o Psoriasis
	Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis



- Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- o Family history of SpA
- Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids

QL

- RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, followed by every 8 weeks
- Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter



	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Endometriosis Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Endometriosis Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives Endometrial thinning Documentation of both the following:
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period 18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Endometriosis Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified Endometrial thinning Approval: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: GROWTH HORMONES

	1s: GENOTROPIN®, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK®, HUMATROPE®, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO®, , OMNITROPE®, SAIZEN®, ZOMACTON, SKYTROFA, SOGROYA, NGENLA
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pediatric indications: Growth Hormone Deficiency Pituitary dwarfism (short stature disorder due to growth hormone deficiency) Growth hormone deficiency without short stature NOT a funded indication Turner's syndrome Prader-Willi syndrome Noonan's syndrome Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease (stages 3, 4, 5 or ESRD) or renal transplant Small for gestational age
	Adult indications:Growth Hormone Deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 All indications: Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, and bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight Pediatric growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
	 Turner's syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND For patients less than 2 years of age:



- Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND
- No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays

Noonan's syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)
 OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)
 OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min)
 - Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age.

Prader-Willi syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND
 - Height velocity impaired

Small for gestational age

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Documentation of weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex at birth
 - At least two years old
 - Height standard deviation score of at least -2.5 at the start of therapy
 - Documentation of lab work ruling out other physiological and genetic conditions that cause short stature including:
 - IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 values within normal range
 - Evaluation for growth inhibiting medications
 - Absence of chronic illness impacting growth velocity
 - Absence of genetic condition impacting growth velocity



	Adult Growth Hormone
	For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
	 Growth hormone deficiency defined as IGF-1 outside of reference range for
	patients' sex and age
	 Failure of a growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test ITT or glucagon stimulation test)
	Reauthorization:
	Pediatric: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline
	per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
	Adult: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-1 within normal reference
	range for age and sex
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) of Norditropin
Treatment	prior to any other growth hormone agent
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Skytrofa and Ngenla
	Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of all formulary growth hormone options
	<u>Sogroya</u>
	Documented clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of Norditropin AND one additional daily growth hormone agent
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an age-appropriate endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: EPCLUSA (Sofosbuvir/Velptasvir), VOSEVI (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), MAVYRET (Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir)

Approval Criteria		
What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.	
2. Is the request for treatment of Hepatitis C infection?	Yes: Go to #3 Document baseline quantitative HCV RNA level	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
 Has <u>all</u> the following pre-treatment testing been documented: Genotype testing in past 3 years is required if the patient has decompensated cirrhosis, <u>prior treatment experience</u> with a DAA regimen, and if prescribed a regimen which is not pan-genotypic History of previous HCV treatment, viral load after treatment, and outcome are required only if there is documentation of treatment experience 	Yes: Record results of each test and go to #4	No: Pass to RPh. Request updated testing.
4. Which regimen is requested?	Document and go to #5	
5. Has the patient been treated with a direct acting antiviral regimen previously?	Yes: Go to #6	No: Go to #8



A	pproval Criteria		
6.	. Did the patient achieve a sustained virological response (SVR) at week 12 or longer following the completion of their last DAA regimen?	Yes: Go to #7	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	Is this likely a reinfection, indicated by at least one of the following: O Does the patient have ongoing risk factors for hepatitis C reinfection (e.g., sexually active men who have sex with men, persons who inject drugs), OR Is the hepatitis C infection a different genotype than previous	Yes: Document as reinfection. Use regimens recommended for treatment naïve patients. Go to #8	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	Is the prescribed drug: o Elbasvir/grazoprevir for GT 1a infection; or o Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir for GT 1a treatment- experienced infection; or o Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for GT 3 in cirrhosis or treatment-experienced infection	Yes: Go to #9	No: Go to #10
9.	 Has the patient had a baseline NS5a resistance test that documents a resistant variant to one of the agents in #8? Note: Baseline NS5A resistance testing is required. 	Yes: Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness	No: Go to #10 Document test and result.



10. Is the prescribed drug regimen a recommended regimen based on the patient's genotype, age, treatment status (retreatment or treatment naïve) and cirrhosis status (see Table 1 and Table 2)?	Yes: Approve for 8-24 weeks based on duration of treatment indicated for approved regimen	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
Note: Safety and efficacy of DAAs for children < 3 years of age have not been established Pediatric dosing available in Table 3 and Table 4	Referral will be made for optional case management (patient may choose to optin).	

<u>Table 1: Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults, and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with Hepatitis C virus.</u>

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
Treatment naïve, confirmed	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks	
reinfection or prior treatment with	cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
PEGylated interferon/ribavirin	Compensated cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
		SOF/VEL x 12 weeks (baseline	
		resistance testing recommended for	
		GT3)	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x	
		24 weeks (if ribavirin	
		ineligible*)	
Treatment Experienced (Genotype 1-6)			
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x12 weeks G/P x	
failures, including:	cirrhosis	16 weeks (except GT3)	
Sofosbuvir + ribavirin			
Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir			
Velpatasvir/sofosbuvir			
Elbasvir/grazoprevir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks	
failures	cirrhosis		



Glecaprevir/pibrentasvir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks
failures	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks (plus RBV if
		compensated cirrhosis)
Multiple DAA Treatment Failures,	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks
including:	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 24 weeks
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir		
glecaprevir/pibrentasvir + sofosbuvir		

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; EBV/GZR = elbasvir/grazoprevir; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; PEG = pegylated interferon; RAV = resistance-associated variant; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; SOF/VEL/VOX = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir

- * Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils < 750 mm³, 2) hemoglobin < 10 g/dl, 3) platelets <50,000 cells/mm³, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin
- ^ Rarely, genotyping assays may indicate the presence of a mixed infection (e.g., genotypes 1a and 2). Treatment data for mixed genotypes with direct-acting antivirals are limited. However, in these cases, a pangenotypic regimen is appropriate.

Ribavirin-containing regimens are absolutely contraindicated in pregnant women and in the male partners of women who are pregnant. Documented use of two forms of birth control in patients and sex partners for whom a ribavirin containing regimen is chosen is required.

All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).

There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Definitions of Treatment Candidates • Treatment-naïve: Patients without prior HCV treatment. • Treat as treatment-naïve: Patients who discontinued HCV DAA therapy within 4 weeks of initiation or have confirmed reinfection after achieving SVR following HCV treatment. • Treatment-experienced: Patients who received more than 4 weeks of HCV DAA therapy.

Table 2: Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 - 12 years of age with Hepatitis C virus.

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen
Treatment Naïve Genotype 1-6	•	
Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks G/P x 8 weeks
pegylated interferon/ribavirin	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks
Treatment Experienced with DAA regimen		



Note: Efficacy and safety extremely limited in treatment experienced to other DAAs in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist.

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir

- All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).
- There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Table 3: Recommended dosage of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Body weight	Dosing of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir
Less than 17 kg	One 150 mg/37.5 mg pellet packet once daily
17 kg to less than 30 kg	One 200 mg50 mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
At least 30 kg	Two 200 mg/50 mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400
	mg/100 mg tablet once daily

Table 4: Recommended dosage of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

0 0 1 71	, , ,
Body weight	Dosing of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir
Less than 20 kg	Three 50mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
20 kg to less than 30 kg	Four 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
30 kg to less than 45 kg	Five 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
45 kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40 mg tablets once daily
12 years or age and order	



HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE)

Affected Medications: BERINERT, CINRYZE, ICATIBANT ACETATE, SAJAZIR, HAEGARDA, RUCONEST, KALBITOR,

TAKHZYRO, ORLADEYO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Hereditary angioedema (HAE) official diagnosis documented in member's chart AND Laboratory confirmed diagnosis for HAE Type I or II: Low C4 level (C4 below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test) AND one of the following: C1-inhibitor functional level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR C1-inhibitor antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR
	 Family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of antihistamine (e.g., diphenhydramine) for at least one month or confirmed factor 12 (FXII) mutation All other causes of acquired angioedema (e.g., medications, auto-immune diseases) have been excluded Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Acute Treatment For requests to treat 3 or less attacks per month: Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight. Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year.
	 If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate OR Currently receiving treatment with Berinert, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs



- Icatibant Acetate: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. Additional doses may be administered at 6-hour intervals if response is inadequate or symptoms recur. Maximum 3 doses in 24 hours
- **Ruconest**: 50 units/kg IV, not to exceed 4200 units per dose. If attack symptoms persist, a second dose may be administered. Not to exceed 2 doses in 24 hours. (Effectiveness not demonstrated in patients with laryngeal attacks)
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Ruconest, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
- **Kalbitor**: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. If attack persists, an additional dose of 30mg may be given within 24 hours.
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Kalbitor, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
- For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month:
 - Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
 - Documentation of current treatment or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of prophylactic therapies such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze
 - Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose



<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline

Prophylaxis

- Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
- At least ONE of the following:
 - o Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month
 - Laryngeal edema or history of laryngeal edema
 - A history of self-limiting, non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema, without urticaria, which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours
 - Self-limiting, recurrent abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours

AND

- A history of TWO or more severe attack(s) per month on average for the past 3 months (defined as an attack that significantly interrupts daily activities despite short-term treatment)
- **Cinryze Prophylaxis**: 1000 units IV twice a week.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Cinryze for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline
- Doses up to 2,500 units (not exceeding 100 units/kg) may be appropriate if inadequate response with 1000 units
- Orladeyo Prophylaxis: 150 mg once daily.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

 Currently receiving treatment with Orladeyo for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline



	 Haegarda Prophylaxis: 60 units/kg SC twice a week Takhzyro Prophylaxis: If patient is dosing every 2 weeks and has been attack free for 6 	
	Takhzyro Prophylaxis: If patient is dosing every 2 weeks and has been attack free for 6 months, dosing will be reduced to every 4 weeks	
	 2 years of age to less than 6: 150 mg SC every 4 weeks 	
	 6 years of age to less than 12: 150 mg SC every 2 weeks 	
	 12 years of age and older: 300 mg SC every 2 weeks 	
	5 12 years of age and older. Soo mg Se every 2 weeks	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline	
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs	
Exclusion Criteria:	Documentation that the requested acute treatment drug will not be used in combination with another acute HAE drug such as Berinert, Ruconest or Icatibant Acetate	
	 Documentation that the requested prophylactic treatment drug will not be used in combination with another prophylactic HAE drug such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze Orladeyo in the setting of End-Stage Renal Disease or those requiring hemodialysis 	
Age Restriction:	 Berinert: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in adult and pediatric patients Cinryze: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Icatibant Acetate: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 18 and older Haegarda: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Ruconest: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks (non-laryngeal) in patients 13 	
	 and older Kalbitor: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older Takhzyro: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 2 years and older Orladeyo: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and 	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Older Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/immunologist or physician that specializes in HAE or related disorders. 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1)

Affected Medications: NITISINONE, ORFADIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by: Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH) Current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine Orfadin requires: A documented intolerable adverse event to nitisinone, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success confirmed by: Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specializes in the treatment of hereditary tyrosinemia or related disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	
	plan design.
	Central precocious puberty (CPP)
	Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious puberty
Information:	Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating
	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent
	for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
A	(WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Approval requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron formulations
Regimen & Other	Describe wing tion will require describe a few street and selection of the street and selection and selection of the street and selection of t
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Equal or greater than 2 years old
Prescriber	Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



Hormone supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, estradiol twice weekly patch, estradiol weekly patch, estradiol tablets, estradiol valerate oil, estropipate, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone Enanthate solution, Testosterone gel

PA applies to New Starts only

• • •	Only
Covered Uses:	Gender dysphoria
	Applies to patients under the age of 18
Required Medical	Gender dysphoria
Information:	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	 Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new
	comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone
	supplementation
Appropriate	<u>Transdermal Testosterone</u>
Treatment	 Requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the
Regimen & Other	testosterone injections
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
Restrictions:	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: EUFLEXXA, GENVISC, GEL-ONE, GEL-SYN, HYALGAN, HYMOVIS, MONOVISC, ORTHOVISC,

SUPARTZ, SYNVISC, SYNVISC-ONE, TRI-VISC

Covered Uses:	 Coverage of Hyaluronic Acids is excluded based Oregon Health Authority: Viscosupplementation of the knee (CPT 20610) is not covered for treatment of osteoarthritis of the knee.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Here:	1 485 1 10 41 111 11 (504)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	, , , ,
	Glucocorticold replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenesertical insufficiency.
Required Medical	 adrenocortical insufficiency Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test
Information:	
inomation.	Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate) Current beight and weight velocity.
	Current height and weight velocity
	 For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
	 Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the
Regimen & Other	following:
Criteria:	Hydrocortisone tablets
	 Cortisone acetate tablets
	 Prednisolone or prednisone tablets
	 Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	 Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	 When switching from other oral hydrocortisone formulations, use the
	same total hydrocortisone dosage
	 Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15
	mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	mg, m , and m o annual deces
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height
	Use for stress dosing
	Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency
	Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC)
	 Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC).
Required Medical	Diagnosis of RVVC:
Information:	 Documented three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis
	infection within the past 12 months.
	Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with
	a positive KOH test
	Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
Appropriate	Treatment failure with vaginally administered treatment (such as clotrimazole cream,
Treatment	miconazole cream, terconazole cream or suppository)
Regimen & Other	Treatment failure with fluconazole defined as:
Criteria:	 For RVVC - Documented recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy
	with oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 12
	weeks.
	o For VVC – Failure to 7-day course of fluconazole taken orally every third day for a
	total of 3 doses (days 1, 4, and 7) for the current episode
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
	symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need
	for additional treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ICOSAPENT ETHYL

Affected Medications: icosapent ethyl

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Cardiovascular risk reduction with hypertriglyceridemia
	Severe hypertriglyceridemia
Required Medical	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Information:	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 150 mg/dL, despite current therapy
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Established cardiovascular disease (CVD) (e.g., coronary artery disease,
	cerebrovascular disease, peripheral artery disease)
	 Diabetes mellitus and 2 or more risk factors for CVD (e.g., hypertension,
	cigarette smoking, chronic kidney disease, family history of CVD)
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 500 mg/dL
Appropriate	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Treatment	Documentation of minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximum
Regimen & Other	tolerated dose prior to request AND treatment plan includes intent to continue statin
Criteria:	therapy with icosapent ethyl
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	Documentation of inadequate response with minimum 12-week trial of fenofibrate
	AND omega-3-acid ethyl esters (generic Lovaza)
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.
Duration:	



ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
documentation:	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg, Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg, Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is required: PDE5 inhibitors AND Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Approval Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS),
 Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD),
 Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic
 Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS),
 Gout Flares

Required Medical Information:

Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)

 Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene

Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)

- Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following:
 - Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA
 - Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
- Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6 month period

Still's Disease

- Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients aged 2 years and older
- Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin

Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)

- Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following:
 - Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the following manifestations:
 - Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss, musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities
 - Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations

Gout Flares

Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies



	Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 TRAPS Documented clinical failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone) and at least a 12-week trial with Enbrel
	 HIDS/MKD Documented treatment failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra
	 FMF Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) AND
	 Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of Anakinra
	Still's Disease ■ Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: □ NSAIDs or Glucocorticoids □ Methotrexate or leflunomide □ Kineret (anakinra) □ Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra or contraindication to use
	 Gout Flares Documented treatment failure with all the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: ○ Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) ○ Colchicine ○ Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion	• Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile
Criteria:	neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic
	obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus
	 When used in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Humira, Cimzia, Infliximab, Simponi), Kineret, Arcalyst
	Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed under covered uses
Age Restriction:	FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older
	CAPS: 4 years of age and older
	Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/Immunologist/Rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMIGLUCERASE

Affected Medications: CEREZYME (imiglucerase)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Type 1 Gaucher disease with one or more of the following conditions:
	 Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	 Thrombocytopenia (low platelet count)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Type 1 Gaucher disease confirmed by enzyme assay
Information:	Documented patient weight, dose, and frequency
	Documented adult patients with symptomatic disease: platelet count less than
	60,000/microL, liver greater than 2.5 times normal size, spleen greater 15 times normal
	size, radiologic evidence of skeletal disease, etc.
	Documented symptomatic children: includes those with malnutrition, growth retardation,
	impaired psychomotor development, and/or fatigue (early presentation is associated with more severe disease)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with velaglucerase if not currently established on
Treatment	treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment efficacy based on improved labs or patient symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Combination treatment with more than one targeted therapy for Gaucher disease
	Dose increases due to osteonecrosis and fibrosis of liver, spleen, or lung
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider experienced in the treatment of Gaucher disease
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, GAMASTAN, OCTAGAM, PRIVIGEN, PANZYGA

Covered Uses:

- Food and Drug Administration-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows:
 - o Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott Aldrich syndrome
 - o Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)
 - Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)
 - Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
 - o Myasthenia Gravis
 - Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
 - Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
 - o Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
 - Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
 - o Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
 - Hemolytic disease of the newborn
 - Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
 - Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
 - Toxic Shock Syndrome
 - Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
 Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

Initial Approval Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome

Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - o IgG level less than 200
 - Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 - Recurrent or deep skin abscesses



- Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
- Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia; AND
- Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all the following:
 - Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
 - o Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination

Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)

For Acute disease state:

• Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 30,000/microliter)

OR

To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy.
 (Platelet counts less than 100,000/microliter)

OR

• Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):

- Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than 30,000/microliter
- History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
- Duration of illness more than 6 months

Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)

- Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
- Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

- Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis
- Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400mg/dL)
 OR
- Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections

Myasthenia Gravis

Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise)



- Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity)
- Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Documented severe active disease state on physical exam
- Documentation of at least two of the following:
 - Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 - o Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level
 - Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 - Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma
 - Nailfold abnormalities
 - Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
- Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
- Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (Methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)

Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant

Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:

- Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
- Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
- Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
- Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
- Transplant was less than 100 days ago

Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric)

- Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease
- 13 years of age or under

Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)

Documentation of one or more of the following:



- Previous FAIT pregnancy
- o Family history of the disease
- Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies
- Authorization is valid until delivery date only

Hemolytic disease of the newborn

• Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient

Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following:
 - Pemphigus vulgaris
 - o Pemphigus foliaceus
 - o Bullous Pemphigoid
 - o Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid)
 - o Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita
 - Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis)
 - Linear IgA dermatosis
- Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating
- Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil)

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

- Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL
- A documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous antibiotics or hospitalization

Toxic Shock Syndrome

• Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not
 effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as
 measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed
 at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or
 sequentially and may include:
 - o Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., Fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline)
 - Behavioral therapy



- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen)
- o Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)
- Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment

Renewal Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT)

Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a
platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding

Multifocal Motor Neuropathy

Renewals will require documentation that there has been a demonstrated clinical response
to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research
Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

Age 13 years or less

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower upon renewal request AND
- Documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam

Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant

• Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Renewal requires documentation that the IgG is less than or equal to 400mg/dL; AND
- Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation

Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases:

 Renewal requires a documented clinically significant improvement over baseline per physical exam

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- Renewal requires all the following:
 - o Documentation of a clinical reevaluation at three months after treatment initiation



0	Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing
	with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and
	posttreatment)

Dosing and Coverage Duration:

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Approval durations are as stated below, unless otherwise specified

Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	Acute ITP:
FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum
Myasthenia Gravis	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks)	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
Auto- immune blistering diseases	Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Approval: up to 6 months



	Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-transplant	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to one-year post-transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn	, , ,	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses)
			Total 6 monthly doses only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	· ·	by a specialist for the condition being munologist, hematologist)	treated (such as neurologist,



INCLISIRAN

Affected Medications: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)

	is Electio (mension subcutaneous injection)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia)
	[HeFH])
	 Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1
	first-degree relative affected
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR],
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss-
	of-function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8
	points
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria
	Clinical ASCVD
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS)
	History of myocardial infarction (MI)
	 Stable or unstable angina
	Coronary or other arterial revascularization
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Documentation of intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or
Regimen & Other	ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated
Criteria:	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
	 Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic (rosuvastatin,
	pravastatin)
	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin
	therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
	History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence
	Greatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence



,		
	with statin use	
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-w by inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or gree Maximally tolerated combination statin/eze Repatha OR Praluent Clinical ASCVD Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 we combination statin/ezetimibe therapy, as shown by Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patien events, based on history of multiple major A multiple high-risk conditions (see below) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to min Praluent	eater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL: timibe therapy eeks of consistent maximally tolerated ONE of the following: ts at very high risk of future ASCVD ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event
	Major ASCVD Events • ACS within the past 12 months • History of MI (distinct from ACS event) • Ischemic stroke • Symptomatic PAD • High-Risk (• Age 65 • HeFH • Prior of percut major of the major o	years and older oronary artery bypass or aneous intervention (outside of ASCVD events) es
Exclusion	Reauthorization will require updated lipid panel showing pretreatment baseline LDL-C and continued adherence. Concurrent use with other PCSK9 inhibitors	· · ·
Criteria:	Concerned as with other resident minoritors	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

Covered Uses:	from plan design O Neuromyelitis of	inistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are -4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required Medical Information:	by all the following: Documentation Exclusion of alt At least one con Acute of Acute of Acute of Sympton NMOSE (MRI) [s	area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained so or nausea/vomiting) brainstem syndrome brainstem syndrome braic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging see table below] berebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see
	Clinical presentation Diencephalic syndrome Acute cerebral syndrome • History of at least 1 atta requiring rescue therapy	Possible MRI findings Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion ck in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years,



Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the
Treatment	following:
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)
Criteria:	Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection
	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INFLIXIMAB

Affected Medications: INFLECTRA, AVSOLA, REMICADE, INFLIXIMAB (J1745) INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - o Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
 - Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 - Crohn's Disease (CD)
 - Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
- Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
 - Uveitis
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
 - o Generalized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - o At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:



- Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
- o Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
- o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
- Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
- Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - o Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's Disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Uveitis

Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare

- Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following:
 - The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin



- Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques
- Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:
 - A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3
 - A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very highdensity pustules)
 - Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications

- Coverage of Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), or Renflexis requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Inflectra, Avsola, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- · Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)

Plaque Psoriasis

Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
 methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid

Crohn's disease

- Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease



- Stricture
- Presence of abscess/phlegmon
- Deep ulcerations
- Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

Uveitis

 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare

- Documented 1 week treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with:
 - Cyclosporine

QL

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg
- PsA/PP/GPP: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
- RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4 weeks
- AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy



Exclusion	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is
Criteria:	not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/
Restrictions:	dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INOTERSEN

Affected Medications: TEGSEDI (inotersen sodium)

	by plan design	
Information:	 Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy Documented amyloid deposits determined on biopsy Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, and renal dysfunction) Documentation with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2 	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of a positive clinical response to inotersen (e.g.,	
	improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life	
- 3	assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.)	
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L prior to start of Tegsedi 	
	 Urinary protein to creatinine ratio (UPCR) is 1000 mg/g or higher 	
	Prior or planned liver transplantation	
	NYHA class III or IV	
	Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy including inotersen or patisiran	
	 Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine 	
Age Restriction:	Adults 18 years and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the	
Restrictions:	management of amyloidosis	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: AVONEX (interferon beta-1a), BETASERON (interferon beta-1b), EXTAVIA (interferon beta-1b), PLEGRIDY (pegylated interferon beta-1a), REBIF (interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	RRMS
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
	diagnostic criteria for MS
	Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	Consistent with MS
	<u>cis</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense
	lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions
	(periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal
	cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in
	neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Betaseron, Plegridy, and Rebif: Documentation of treatment failure with (or
Treatment	intolerance to) at least one preferred product: Avonex, dimethyl fumarate, Extavia,
Regimen & Other	fingolimod, glatiramer, Glatopa
Criteria:	Avonex: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL of the
	following:
	Glatiramer OR Glatopa
	 Dimethyl fumarate OR fingolimod
	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment
	of MS
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VARYSMO (faricimab)

), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab)	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) 	
	Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo	
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) 	
	Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo	
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)	
	Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu	
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus 	
	Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis	
	 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) 	
	Lucentis	
	 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) 	
	■ Eylea	
Required Medical Information:	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes.	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitred Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP 	
	Eylea Dosing	
	Approval requires documentation of one of the following:	
	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of 	
	ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)	
	o Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger	
	AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks	
	 Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing 	
	• RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks	
	 RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 ml) every 8 weeks ROP - 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a minimum interval of 10 days 	



Eylea HD Dosing

- Approval requires documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD and DME 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
- DR 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 weeks to 12 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only

Lucentis Dosing

- Approval requires documentation of adverse event not attributed to the active ingredient to a biosimilar product (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD and RVO maximum 0.5mg every 4 weeks
- DME and DR 0.3 mg every 28 days
- mCNV 0.5 mg monthly for up to 3 months
- ROP 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be repeated up to 2 times at a minimum of 28-day intervals

Beovu Dosing

- AMD 6 mg every month for the first three doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks
- DME 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks

Susvimo Dosing

- Must be established on ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) injections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5mg every 4 weeks)
- AMD- 2mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.

Vabysmo Dosing

- Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses

DME

- Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 weeks
- Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4



	 injections, followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments) Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses RVO - 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months Reauthorization requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)
Exclusion Criteria:	Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections
	Active intraocular inflammation (aflibercept)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo:
Duration:	Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP):
	Approval: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

by plan design Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization: Syfovre Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or better Izervay - No reauthorization — maximum duration up to 12 months Exclusion Criteria: Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment Age Restriction: 6 0 years of age and older for Syfovre 5 0 years of age and older for Izervay Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Overage Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization: Syfovre Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or better Izervay - No reauthorization - maximum duration up to 12 months Exclusion Criteria: Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment Age Restriction: GO years of age and older for Syfovre SO years of age and older for Izervay Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: O Triteria atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration of preated of preated at provider of preating showing: Documentation (AMD) and preating showing: Documentation (AMD) at preating showing: Documentation (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts of generation of preated at preating showing: Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider of the preating showing: Documentation (AMD) Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider of the preatin	Covered Uses:	7 in 1 ood and 2 rag , tarring attent (1 2 ri) approved maleutions not other wise excluded
degeneration (AMD) Required Medical Information:		, ,
Information: (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization: Syfovre Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or better Documentation up to 12 months Exclusion Criteria: Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment Age Restriction: 60 years of age and older for Syfovre 50 years of age and older for Izervay Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
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■ Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² ■ If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater ■ Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts □ Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization: Syfovre □ Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider □ BCVA remains 24 letters or better Izervay - No reauthorization - maximum duration up to 12 months Exclusion Criteria: ■ Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment Age Restriction: ■ 60 years of age and older for Syfovre ■ 50 years of age and older for Izervay Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		, ,
■ If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater ■ Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts □ Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) ■ Dosing not to exceed: □ Every 25 day dosing for Syfovre □ Every 30 day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay ■ Reauthorization: Syfovre □ Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider □ BCVA remains 24 letters or better ■ Izervay - No reauthorization — maximum duration up to 12 months ■ Exclusion Criteria: ■ Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment ■ Age Restriction: ■ 60 years of age and older for Syfovre ■ 50 years of age and older for Izervay ■ Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: ■ Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		. , , ,
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Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist Coverage • Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		50 years of age and older for Izervay
Care Restrictions: Coverage • Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Prescriber/Site of	
	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Duration:	



POLICY NAME: INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON A (Interferon Alfa-2B)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ damage.
Required Medical Information:	 For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent electrocardiogram Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 Hepatitis B greater than or equal to 1 year of age Hepatitis C greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INVEGA INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: INVEGA SUSTENNA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA TRINZA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA HAFYERA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Schizophrenia (Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, and Invega Hafyera) Schizoaffective disorder (Invega Sustenna only) 		
Required Medical Information:	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medications, or unable to be stabilized on oral medications		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented anticipated dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling Invega Sustenna Documented history of receiving at least one of the following: At least three test doses of oral risperidone At least three test doses of oral paliperidone Invega Sustenna Invega Trinza Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule Invega Hafyera Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months OR with Invega Trinza for at least one three-month injection cycle AND Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule based on maintenance Invega Sustenna or Invega Trinza maintenance dose Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically 		
Exclusion Criteria:	significant response to therapyDiagnosis of dementia-related psychosis		
	▼ Diagnosis of definentia-related psychosis		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or a psychiatric practice		



Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME:

ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise avaluated by plan design.			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Invasive aspergillosis 			
	 Invasive mucormycosis 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one or			
Information:	more of the following:			
	 Sputum fungal staining and culture 			
	 Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms 			
	 Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or 			
	polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing			
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Aspergillosis</u>			
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-			
Criteria:	week trial of all the following:			
	o Voriconazole			
	o Posaconazole			
	Mucormycosis			
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-			
	week trial of one of the following:			
	Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy)			
	o Posaconazole (if request is for oral step-down therapy after initial			
	therapy)			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically			
	significant response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant			
	physician, or oncologist			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
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POLICY NAME: ISOTRETINOIN ORAL

Affected Medications: AMNESTEEM ORAL, ISOTRETINOIN ORAL, MYORISAN ORAL, ZENATANE ORAL

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Severe acne 			
	Compendia-supported uses			
	 Hidradenitis suppurative (HS) 			
Required Medical	For all indications			
Information:	Current Weight			
	Severe Acne			
	For age 21 and above:			
	Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND			
	ongoing scarring OR			
	Documentation of acne fulminans OR			
	For Acne Conglobata: documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating			
	sinuses			
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)			
	For age 21 and above:			
	Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III			
	disease AND			
	Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules			
Appropriate	Severe Acne			
Treatment	Documented trial and failure with at least 80% adherence to 12 continuous weeks			
Regimen & Other	of treatment with one of the following:			
Criteria:	 Oral antibiotic (such as doxycycline or minocycline) 			
	 Topical combination therapy (such as topical antibiotic with topical 			
	retinoid)			
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa			
	Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as			
	doxycycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and current			
	cumulative isotretinoin dose			
Frankraia a C :				
Exclusion Criteria:	Dosing above 150mg/kg cumulative lifetime dose.			
	Symptoms of depression, mood disturbance, psychosis, or aggression.			
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older			



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 5 months
	•	Reauthorization: determined by cumulative lifetime dose



POLICY NAME: ITRACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia supported
	indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of onychomycosis or any other susceptible unresolved fungal
Information:	infection (tinea pedis, tinea corporis, tinea cruris, and tinea capitis) AND
	The member has a secondary risk factor that is considered a covered condition per
	Oregon Health Authority (e.g., diabetes mellitus, peripheral vascular disease, immunocompromised) AND
	If the indication is onychomycosis, the diagnosis must be confirmed with a fungal diagnostic test (KOH preparation, fungal culture, or nail biopsy)
Appropriate	For tinea pedis, tinea corporis, tinea cruris, and tinea capitis, the member has had an
Treatment	adequate trial on a topical antifungal agent and either oral griseofulvin or
Regimen & Other	ketoconazole
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: All but onychomycosis and other tinea infections – 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Approval: Onychomycosis – fingernails 6 weeks (allows two fills), toenails 12 weeks
	(allows three fills), unless otherwise specified
	Approval: Other tinea infections – 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

KESIMPTA

Affected Medications KESIMPTA (ofatumumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS CIS
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	 activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Ruxience, Riabni) Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LARONIDASE

Affected Medications: ALDURAZYME (laronidase)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of one the following type I mucopolysaccharidosis: Hurler Mucopolysacchardiosis I (MPS I H) Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPS I H/S) Scheie form of Mucopolysacchardiosis (MPS I S) with moderate to severe symptoms Diagnosis confirmed by an enzyme assay showing deficiency of alpha-L-iduronidate enzyme activity or by detection of biallelic pathogenic mutations in the IDUA gene by molecular genetic testing Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS I such as skeletal abnormalities, significant joint stiffness, liver or spleen enlargement, corneal clouding, umbilical inguinal hernia, cord compression, recurrent sinopulmonary infections. Baseline values for one or more of the following: 6 minute walk test (6-MWT) Forced vital capacity (FVC) Liver and/or spleen volume Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAG) level 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose does not exceed 0.58 mg/kg/week Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced 	
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in 6 minute walk test (6MWT) Improvement or stability in pulmonary function tests (FVC) Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Reduction in urinary GAG level Improvement in sleep apnea and shoulder flexion 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder	
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in the treatment of inherited metabolic disorders	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI CAPSULE 100 MG ORAL, VITRAKVI CAPSULE 25 MG ORAL, VITRAKVI SOLUTION 20 MG/ML ORAL

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requires previous treatment with Rozlytrek (entrectinib) Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LECANEMAB**

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Admir plan design Alzheimer's dise) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following: Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) global score of 0.5 Evidence of cognitive impairment at baseline using validated objective scales Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score of at least 22 Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque Documentation of baseline brain magnetic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no superficial siderosis or brain hemorrhage 				
Appropriate Treatment	Current weight				
Regimen & Other	Dosing				
Criteria:	Availability: 500 mg/5 mL vial and 200 mg/2 mL vial				
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be				
	enforced				
	Dosing and Monitoring Schedule:				
	Infusion (every 2 weeks)	Dose	Monitoring		
	Infusion 1	10 mg/kg	Baseline MRI prior to Infusion 1		
	Infusions 2-5	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 4 and 5		
	Infusions 5-7	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 6 and 7		
	Infusions 8-14	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 13 and 14		
	Infusions 15 and after	10 mg/kg	MRI annually		
	 Reauthorization Documentation of clinically significant amyloid reduction compared to baseline confirmed by post-infusion PET scan (3rd authorization only) Documentation of updated surveillance MRI showing absence of clinically significant microhemorrhage and superficial siderosis since prior approval Documentation of one of the following when compared to baseline: Cognitive or functional improvement Disease stabilization Reduction in clinical decline compared to natural disease progression 				
	 Reduction in clin 	iical decline coi	mpared to natural disease progression		



Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older
	 Evidence of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease Non-Alzheimer's dementia Concurrent anticoagulant use



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR

Affected Medications: SUNLENCA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of greater than or equal to 400 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: **LENIOLISIB**

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covereu Oses.	by plan design
	 Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)
Doguired Medical	
Required Medical	Documentation of an APDS-associated PIK3CD/PIK3R1 mutation without concurrent use
Information:	of immunosuppressive medication
	Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan
	Documentation of both of the following:
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction
	(e.g., lung, liver)
	Current member weight (must be at least 45 kg)
Appropriate	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
Treatment	contraception during therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the
	following:
	a Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in
	Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in
	lymphadenopathy
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	lymphadenopathy
Exclusion Criteria:	lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out
	 lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 12 to 75 years of age
Age Restriction:	 lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 12 to 75 years of age Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 12 to 75 years of age
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage	 lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 12 to 75 years of age Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 lymphadenopathy Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 12 to 75 years of age Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS



POLICY NAME: **LETERMOVIR**

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in adult CMV-
	seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant
	 Prophylaxis of CMV disease in high-risk adult patients undergoing kidney transplant
Required Medical	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
Information:	 Is cytomegalovirus (CMV) seropositive
	OR
	Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient
	CMV seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at
Treatment	least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet
Regimen & Other	(HSCT only)
Criteria:	• HSCT Dosing: 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post-
	transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation.
	• Kidney transplant Dosing: 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post
	kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV seropositive/recipient CMV
	seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the
Care Restrictions:	prevention and treatment of CMV infection
	p. c.
Coverage	HSCT: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Kidney transplant: 7 months, unless otherwise specified
	mandy transplants / monthly unless series most specified



POLICY NAME:

LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: Leuprolide Acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Endometriosis
	 Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	 Central precocious puberty (CPP)
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level 2A or
	higher
	Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Endometriosis
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
111101111111111111111111111111111111111	Documentation of moderate to severe pain ade to chaomethosis
	Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	Documentation of all the following: Documentation of all the following: Documentation of all the f
	Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	 Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less
	 Planning to use in combination with iron supplements
	Gender dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following: On booking and suggests and
	Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	Central precocious puberty
	Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating
	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
Appropriate	<u>Endometriosis</u>
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives



	Central precocious puberty
	Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA
Exclusion	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Criteria:	Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery.
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding
	Use for infertility
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years or older
	• Central precocious puberty (CPP): age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Restrictions:	in the treatment of gender dysphoria
	All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist,
	endocrinologist, or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	Corticotropin (ACTH)-producing pituitary tumor (Cushing's disease)
	 Ectopic ACTH secretion by a non-pituitary tumor
	Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	AND
	AND
	Documentation that surgery is not an option or has not been curative
	AND
	A mean of at least three 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (mUFC) levels greater than 1.5
	times the upper limit of normal (ULN)
Appropriate	Documented clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of ketoconazole for at least
Treatment	8 weeks
Regimen & Other	OR
Criteria:	
	 Intolerable adverse event to ketoconazole and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success as determined by mUFC less than or equal to the ULN based on central laboratory results
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
	Adictial of pitultary carellonia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIDOCAINE PATCH

Affected Medications: Lidocaine Patch

Caraca d Hann	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	Diabetic neuropathic pain
Required Medical	Diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia OR
Information:	Diagnosis of diabetes (for diabetic neuropathy)
	All medications tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
Appropriate	Post Herpetic Neuralgia:
Treatment	Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to gabapentin
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Diabetic Neuropathic Pain:
	 Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to a minimum of 3 other pharmacologic therapies commonly used to treat neuropathic pain such as gabapentin, serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs): duloxetine, venlafaxine, desvenlafaxine, and tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB

Affected Medications: Zokinvy (Ionafarnib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome
	 For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical	A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational
Information:	analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene)
	OR
	 A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following:
	Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation
	Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate	Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA)
Treatment	 Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect
Regimen & Other	the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g., strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers)
Criteria:	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
	contraception during treatment
	Labs:
	 Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes)
	greater than 1,000/microliters
	Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent)
	Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	Dosing:
	Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg
	• Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose
	twice daily
	 Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a
	weak CYP3A4 inhibitor
	 Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
	Reauthorization : Documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies
	 Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam,
	lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
	Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction
	BSA less than to 0.39 m2
Age Restriction:	Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2
_	3



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE RISPERIDONE

Affected Medications: PERSERIS (risperidone subcutaneous injection), RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone intramuscular injection), RYKINDO (risperidone intramuscular injection) (*Medical benefit only)

<u> </u>	
Covered	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Uses:	design
	 Schizophrenia
	 Bipolar I disorder maintenance treatment as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to
	lithium and valproate (Risperdal Consta and Rykindo only)
Required	Treatment Initiation
Medical	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medication, or cannot be
Information:	stabilized on oral medications
	 Documentation of established tolerability to oral risperidone (if risperidone-naïve)
	bocamentation of established tolerability to oral rispertable (il rispertable halve)
	Continuation of Therapy
	Documentation showing that member is stable on current treatment with Perseris, Rykindo or
	Risperdal Consta
Appropriate	Requests for Perseris require documentation of treatment failure or clinical rationale for
Treatment	avoidance of Risperdal Consta or Rykindo
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Criteria:	response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a psychiatry
Restrictions:	practice
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•



POLICY NAME: LOTILANER

Affected Medications: Xdemvy

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Demodex blepharitis (DB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination
	Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and repeated at least once after 7 days
Appropriate	Reauthorization may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes
Regimen & Other	requiring retreatment
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an optometrist or ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Able to provide the minimum recommended dose of Lyfgenia: 3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40



Age Restriction:	•	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL the following: Planned procedure including date Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date



POLICY NAME: MANNITOL

Affected Medications: Bronchitol

1.	Is the request for add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing? a. Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (eg pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documentation that the Bronchitol Tolerance Test has been passed?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to appropriate section below
Indication: Add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis			
1.	Is there documented failure of 6 months with twice daily hypertonic saline defined as one of the following despite at least 80% adherence with hypertonic saline: a. Increase in pulmonary exacerbations from baseline? b. Decrease in FEV1?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Will Bronchitol be used in conjunction with standard therapies for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Rei	newal Criteria		
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met

POLICY NAME:



MARALIXIBAT

Affected Medications: LIVMARLI (Maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS)		
Required Medical	Documentation of Alagille syndrome confirmed by:		
Information:	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation, or 		
	o Liver biopsy		
	Documentation of patient's current weight		
	Documentation of history of significant pruritus		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 30 days) of all the following: rifampin, ursodiol, AND cholestyramine		
	Reauthorization : Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response		
	to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated cirrhosis		
	 History or presence of other concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non-PFIC related cholestasis) 		
	Prior liver transplant		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by a gastroenterologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of ALGS 		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

MIRCLEU MEDICATIONS: LIVIENCITY (MANDAVII)			
 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet 			
 Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection Documentation of patient's current weight 			
 Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an adequate trial (of at least 14 days) of at least ONE of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet Reauthorization: Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and 			
continued need for treatment.			
CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina.			
12 years and older			
Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the treatment of CMV infection			
Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

ffected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)		
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM) New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy Pregnancy should be excluded prior to treatment 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use of effective contraception in females of reproductive potential Trial with a beta blocker or if unable to tolerate (or contraindication to) beta blockers, trial with verapamil. Reauthorization will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50% 	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets	
Age Restriction:	18 years or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months Reauthorization: 12 months	



POLICY NAME: MEBENDAZOLE

Affected Medications: EMVERM (mebendazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Gastrointestinal (GI) infections caused by any of the following: Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm) Necator americanus (hookworm) Trichuris trichiura (whipworm) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Capillariasis (C. hepatica, C. philippinensis) Cystic echinococcus Toxocariasis
	 Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) Trichostrongyliasis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of current helminth infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole is required for the following conditions: Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) Capillariasis Necator americanus (hookworm) Toxocariasis (roundworm) Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole AND pyrantel pamoate is required for the following conditions: Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization:
Duration:	 Cystic echinococcus: 6 months Other indications: 2 months



POLICY NAME: MECASERMIN

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD) Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizine antibodies
	to GH
Required Medical Information:	 Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex. One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg SQ twice daily. Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg SQ twice daily Reauthorization: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy. Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease).
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Pediatric Endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEPOLIZUMAB

Arrected Medication	ns: NUCALA (mepolizumab)		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years 		
	and older with an eosinophilic phenotype		
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) 		
	 Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) 		
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps 		
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response		
	to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)		
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma		
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the		
	following:		
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND 		
	o FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal		
	<u>EGPA</u>		
	Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all the following:		
	 Chronic rhinosinusitis 		
	o Asthma		
	 Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline 		
	 Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion 		
	Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose		
	HES		
	Diagnosis of HES with all the following:		
	 Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL 		
	 Disease duration greater than 6 months 		
	 At least 2 flares within the past 12 months 		
	 Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha 		
	(FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease		
	 Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth 		

infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out

Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated



	glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in
	eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)
	CDC AID
	CRSWNP
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist
Regimen & Other	(LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	5 Documentation that emonic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>EGPA</u>
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral
	immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12
	weeks each
	weeks eden
	HES
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea
	(not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES])
	Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	CRSWNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair,
	Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
Aye Kestriction:	



	EGPA: 18 years of age and older
	HES: 12 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	• <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	 EGPA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist) HES: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as an immunologist or hematologist) CRSWNP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: METRELEPTIN

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin deficiency
Required Medical	Weight
Information:	Baseline serum leptin levels, HbA1c, fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting
	serum insulin
A	Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies
Appropriate Treatment	Documented leptin deficiency and at least ONE of the following:
Regimen & Other	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
Criteria:	Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two
Criteria	triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum
	tolerated doses
	tolerated doses
	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes
	Persistent hyperglycemia ((HgbA1C 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention
	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by
	improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Partial lipodystrophy
	General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency
	HIV-related lipodystrophy
	Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without
	concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy
Age Restriction:	Age at least 1 year
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Subsequent: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN Injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise exclude		
	plan design		
	 Paget's disease of bone 		
	o Hypercalcemia		
Required Medical	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>		
Information:	Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)		
	Paget's disease of bone		
	Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions		
	Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase		
	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months		
Appropriate	Hypercalcemia Hypercalcemia		
Treatment	 Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as 		
Regimen & Other	intravenous fluids) did not result in adequate efficacy OR		
Criteria:	 Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for 		
	other methods to show efficacy		
	Paget's disease of bone		
	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of		
	both of the following:		
	Zoledronic acid (at least one dose)		
	 Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks 		
	OR		
	Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g., oreatining elegange less than 25 ml (min)		
	creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min) AND		
	Documentation of all of the following:		
	Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation		
	 Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., 		
	bone pain, bone deformity)		
	Re-Authorization criteria – Paget's disease of bone:		
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
	(such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other		
	symptoms)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Related to Paget's disease of bone		
	 History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases 		
	 Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates 		
	 Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone 		



	Treatment of prevention of osteoporosis
Age Restriction:	18 years or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatic, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Current weight Documentation of Visceral leishmaniasis OR Cutaneous leishmaniasis OR Mucosal leishmaniasis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved dosing of 30 to 44 kg: one 50 mg capsule twice daily for 28 consecutive days OR 45 kg or greater: one 50 mg capsule three times daily for 28 consecutive days Weight equal to or greater than 30kg (66lbs)
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy (category D)Sjögren-Larsson-Syndrome
Age Restriction:	 Age less than 12 years of age Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 1 month unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 1 month unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIRIKIZUMAB-MRKZ

Affected Medications: OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Ulcerative Colitis
Required Medical	Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with
Information:	moderate to severely active disease
	 Documentation of disease severity Mayo Clinic Score for Assessment of Ulcerative Colitis Activity score
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
Treatment	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-
Regimen & Other	mercaptopurine
Criteria:	OR
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
	AND
	 Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz, Entyvio
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: MITPIVAT (pyrukynd tablet)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise		
	excluded by plan design		
	 Hemolytic anemia 		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), defined by ALL the following: Presence of at least two mutant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell (PKLR) gene At least one of the mutant alleles is a missense mutation 		
	ONE of the following applies:		
	If receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following:		
	 A minimum of 6 transfusion episodes in the 12-month period prior to treatment 		
	 Baseline transfusion amount, including date of transfusion and number of red blood cell (RBC) units transfused 		
	OR		
	 If not receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following: No more than 4 transfusions in the 12-month period prior to treatment and no transfusions in the 3-month period prior to treatment Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to 10 g/dL 		
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant		
Regimen & Other	response to therapy, defined as:		
Criteria:	 For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document 		
	greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed		
	Discontinue therapy after 6 months if no benefit in transfusion requirement or Hb has been observed		
	Dose: Approve 5 mg, 20 mg, and 50 mg tablets (QL of 56 per 28 days) per dosing schedule below		



	Table 1: Dose Titration Schedule		
		Duration	Dosage
		Week 1 through Week 4	5 mg twice daily
		Week 5 through Week 8	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: Increase to 20 mg twice daily and maintain for 4 weeks.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: • Maintain 5 mg twice daily.
		Week 9 through Week 12	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Increase to 50 mg twice daily and maintain thereafter.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Maintain current dose (5 mg twice daily or 20 mg twice daily).
		Maintenance	If Hb decreases, consider up-titration to the maximum of 50 mg twice daily as per the above schedule.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Homozygous for the c.1436G>A (p.R479H) variant or have 2 non-missense variants (without the presence of another missense variant) in the PKLR gene Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant Receiving hematopoietic stimulating agents or anabolic steroids (including testosterone preparations) within 28 days prior to treatment 		
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 years or older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribe	ed by, or in consul	tation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:			nths, unless otherwise specified ns, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MITOXANTRONE

Affected Medications: MITOXANTRONE (mitoxantrone)

Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Breast cancer, recurrent or metastatic Hodgkin's lymphoma Liver carcinoma Non-Hodgkin lymphoma with following subtypes: Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma, AIDS-related B-cell lymphoma, Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, Follicular lymphoma, Gastric and nongastric MALT lymphoma, Lymphoblastic lymphoma, Mantle cell lymphoma, Mycosis Fungoides/Sézary syndrome, Peripheral T-cell lymphoma, Primary cutaneous B-cell lymphoma, Splenic marginal zone lymphoma, T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia Ovarian cancer Multiple sclerosis, Secondary progressive, progressive relapsing, or worsening relapsing-remitting; to reduce neurologic disability and/or frequency of clinical relapses
Required Medical Information:	 Referral for mitoxantrone Assessed for cardiac signs and symptoms by history, physical exam, and ECG prior to starting mitoxantrone Baseline evaluation of left ventricular ejection fraction Diagnosis of Non- Hodgkin Lymphoma with one of the subtypes listed in the above section (If yes, skip directly to coverage duration), OR Diagnosis of any other cancers listed in the above section (If yes, skip directly to coverage duration), OR Assessed for cardiac signs and symptoms by history, exam, and ECG prior to each dose Patient will undergo quantitative reevaluation of LVEF prior to each dose using the same methodology that was used to assess baseline LVEF. Additional doses of Mitoxantrone should not be administered to MS patients who have experienced either a drop in LVEF to below the lower limit of normal or a clinically significant reduction in LVEF during Mitoxantrone therapy Should undergo yearly quantitative LVEF evaluation after stopping Mitoxantrone to monitor for late occurring cardiotoxicity Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing for MS Patients: • 12mg/m² IV every 3 months



Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	For MS Patients: Baseline LVEF below the lower limit of normal Receive a cumulative Mitoxantrone dose greater than 140 mg/m2
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Approval (Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma): 6 months, unless otherwise specified Approval (All other covered cancer diagnoses): 6 months, unless otherwise specified Approval (MS): 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who
	have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total
	ethmoidectomy
	Indicated for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of
	nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 3 months of two intranasal
Regimen & Other	corticosteroids after ethmoidectomy
Criteria:	, ,
Exclusion Criteria:	History of previous Sinuva implant use
	Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids
	Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis
	Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: Not eligible, there are no studies evaluating repeat
	implantation of the SINUVA Sinus Implant



POLICY NAME: **MOTIXAFORTIDE**

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

6	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF])
	to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation
	to facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation
	(ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM).
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	• Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:
Treatment	 Single agent Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Regimen & Other	 Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) in combination with plerixafor
Criteria:	No reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group
	(ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	
	1



POLICY NAME: MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

Affected Medications: Amondys 45 (casimersen), Exondys 51 (eteplirsen), Vyondys 53 (golodirsen), Viltepso (viltolarsen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Casimersen (Amondys 45) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 45 skipping Deletions potentially amenable to exon 45 skipping include, but are not limited to: 12 to 44, 18 to 44, 44 to 47, 46 to 48, 46 to 49, 46 to 53, or 46 to 55 Eteplirsen (Exondys 51) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 51 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 43 to 50; 45 to 50; 47 to 50; 48 to 50; 49 to 50; 50; or 52 Golodirsen (Vyondys 53) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58 Viltepso (viltolarsen) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58 		
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) with documentation of genetic testing to confirm appropriate use 		
	 A baseline functional assessment using a validated tool (e.g., the 6- minute walk test or North Star Ambulatory Assessment, etc.) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12 weeks prior to treatment		
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires that the patient's functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression		
	*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent treatment with more than one antisense oligonucleotide		



Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of		
Restrictions:	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy		
	Required to utilize pharmacy benefit		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Continuation: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim – apgf), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (Pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (Eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (Pegfilgrastim-fpgk)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, and Zarxio

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation Chemotherapy

• Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia

Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant

 Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation

<u>Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy</u> (Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)

• Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis

Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia

 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia

<u>Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation



Leukine

Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia

 Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death

<u>Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor</u> Cells

Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for
collection by leukapheresis. Mobilization allows for the collection of increased numbers of
progenitor cells capable of engraftment as compared with collection without mobilization.
After myeloablative chemotherapy, the transplantation of an increased number of
progenitor cells can lead to more rapid engraftment, which may result in a decreased need
for supportive care. Myeloid reconstitution is further accelerated by administration of
Leukine following peripheral blood progenitor cell transplantation

<u>Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation</u>

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous bone marrow transplantation (BMT)

Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors

Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay

 Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom engraftment is delayed or has failed

Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend and Rolvedon

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

 Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca)

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Granix

 Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with nonmyeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia



Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine: Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL) Stem cell transplantation-related indications Agranulocytosis Aplastic anemia Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) Neutropenia related to renal transplantation Required Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline Medical and regularly throughout therapy Information: Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen Documentation of planned treatment course Documentation of current patient weight **Appropriate** Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix **Treatment** Regimen & When requested via the MEDICAL benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the Other Criteria: member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria: Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to preferred products listed above



<u>Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, Rolvedon</u>

When requested via the PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo, Fulphila and Udenyca

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Nyvepria, Fulphila, and Flynetra is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo or Udenyca

Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products

For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:

Meets **ONE** of the following:

Curative Therapy:

- High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen **OR**
- Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical consequences OR
- Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued

Palliative Therapy:

Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If, however, a dose limiting neutropenic event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis

For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia:

- Must meet ALL the following:
 - Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia



	 Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microL Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Coverage Duration:	6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 				
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Crohn's disease (CD) 				
Required Medical Information:	Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy				
	RRMS				
	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS				
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 				
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) 				
	Active SPMS				
	• Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)				
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)				
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5				
	Crohn's disease				
	Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment				
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS				
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:				
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience) OR 				
Criteria:	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment, excluding via 				
	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program OR				
	Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease				



	Crohn's disease					
	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12					
	weeks each: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,					
	balsalazide					
	OR					
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease					
	OR					
	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the					
	following:					
	Fistulizing disease					
	o Stricture					
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 					
	 Deep ulcerations 					
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal 					
	 involvement Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least weeks of: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) AND One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products: 					
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)					
	Reauthorization:					
	Anti-JCV antibody negative: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy					
	Anti-JCV antibody positive: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and					
	periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML)					
Exclusion						
Criteria:	Current or prior history of PML MS, consument use of disease modifying modifications indicated for the treatment of MS.					
Criccia	 MS: concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of CD 					
Age Restriction:	est concernent use of other targetee minimum modulators for the declinent of es					
Prescriber	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist					
Restrictions:	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist					
Coverage	MS					
Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					
	<u>CD</u>					
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified					
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					





POLICY NAME: NAXITAMAB

Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 				
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen				
Information:	 Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites]				
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan if MIBG is negative] Documented history of previous treatment with at least one systemic therapy to treat disease outside of the bone or bone marrow Documentation of clinical rationale for avoiding use of Dinutuximab plus chemotherapy (if under 18 years of age) 				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Patients with progressive disease 				
Age Restriction:	1 year of age or older				



Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design					
	Vyvgart & Vyvgart Hytrulo					
	Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine					
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive					
	Rystiggo					
	Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-					
	specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive					
Required Medical	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following:					
Information:	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test 					
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test 					
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor 					
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV					
	Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo)					
	Documentation of ONE of the following:					
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater					
	Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater					
Appropriate	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor,					
Treatment	corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be					
Regimen & Other	continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo					
Criteria:	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1					
G. Itoliai	Documentation of one of the following:					
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 					
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus,					
	cyclosporine, methotrexate)					
	Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma					
	exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one					
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months					
	Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met:					
	 Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is 					
	obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs					
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for 					
	AChR antibody positive MG					
	 Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG 					
	(preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)					
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be					
	enforced					



	Reauthorization requires:					
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:					
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score 					
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline 					
	 That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, d to new or worsening disease activity Note: a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/ Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must have already from the start of the previous treatment and an activities. 					
Fuelusien Cuiterie	have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle					
Exclusion Criteria:	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline					
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for treatment of gMG					
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older					
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist					
Care Restrictions:						
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified					
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					



POLICY NAME: NILOTINIB

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded plan design O Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy CN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A nigher cumentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and icipated treatment course gnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with cumentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain, figurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion) cumentation of clinical failure with sorafenib				
Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy CN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A nigher cumentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and icipated treatment course gnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with cumentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain, figurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)				
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icipated treatment course gnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with cumentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain, figurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)				
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cumentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain, igurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)				
igurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)				
cumentation of clinical failure with sorafenib				
Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib				
Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy				
nofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater				
18 years of age and older				
scribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist				
ial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified				



NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: Bortezomib, Pemetrexed

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	plan design	ations: National Comprehe	oved indications not otherwise e	·
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approval of a non-preferred medical drug listed below requires documentation of an intolerable adverse event to all the preferred alternatives, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient			
	Drug	Non-Preferred code (Manufacturer)	Preferred Alternatives	
	Bortezomib	J9046 (Dr. Reddys)	J9041, J9048, J9049	1
	Pemetrexed	J9304 (Apotex)	J9294, J9296, J9297,	
	(Pemfexy)		J9305, J9314	
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of				
Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



NON-PREFERRED SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTERS (SGLT2)

Affected Medications: JARDIANCE (empagliflozin), FARXIGA (dapagliflozin), INVOKANA (canagliflozin), INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin), INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Heart failure regardless of ejection fraction (Farxiga, Jardiance)
	 Chronic kidney disease at risk of progression (Farxiga, Jardiance)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of one of the following: Type 2 Diabetes Heart failure (Farxiga, Jardiance) Chronic kidney disease (Farxiga, Jardiance)
Appropriate	<u>Jardiance</u>
Treatment	Type 2 Diabetes AND:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	 Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	Heart failure
	 Established chronic kidney disease
	 Age of 10 years to under 18 years
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression
	o eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73 m ²
	AND
	o albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300mg/g)
	<u>Farxiga</u>
	Type 2 Diabetes AND:
	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	 Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)



	Multiple risk factors for cardiovascular disease (ex. Dyslipidemia,
	hypertension, family history of CVD, etc.)
	 Established chronic kidney disease
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression:
	 eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73m²
	AND
	o albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300 mg/g)
	Invokana/Invokamet
	Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro
	OR
	Documented diagnosis of established cardiovascular disease (coronary artery)
	disease, history of stroke, or peripheral artery disease)
	OR The state of th
	Documented diagnosis of diabetic nephropathy and albuminuria greater than
	300mg/day
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of more than one SGLT2
	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	10 years and up (Jardiance only)
	18 years and up (Farxiga, Invokana)
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor
Information:	deficiency (MoCD) Type A diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A based on the following: • Family history • Affected siblings with confirmed Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A or a history of deceased sibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation • One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)] • Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD AND • Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type A • Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, high- pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties • Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC), elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or blood
	 Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A Genetic confirmation of the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1(MOSC1) to confirm MoCD Type A In patients with a presumptive diagnosis of MoCD Type A, the diagnosis must be confirmed immediately using genetic testing Reauthorization: Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing physician Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially approved for presumptive diagnosis



Exclusion Criteria:	 Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NUSINERSEN

Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
3310.00 33031	by plan design
	 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of ventilator use status Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)
	 This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
Fuelusian Cuitavia	symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
	Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.)
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 8 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OBETICHOLIC ACID

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Primary biliary cholangitis Without cirrhosis or With compensated cirrhosis who do not have evidence of portal hypertension
Required Medical Information:	 Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin) Child-Pugh score
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	The patient has an alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) and/or bilirubin above the upper limit of normal while on ursodiol (with demonstrated adherence) after at least 12 months of therapy or has demonstrated a clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol ULN ALP defined as 118 U/L for females or 124 U/L for males ULN of total bilirubin defined as 1.1 mg/dL for females or 1.5 mg/dL for males Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion Criteria:	 Complete biliary obstruction Decompensated cirrhosis (eg, Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (eg, ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia)
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS)
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	PPMS
	 Documented diagnosis of PPMS, with at least of one year of disease progression (retrospectively or prospectively determined), independent of clinical relapse, AND two of the following:
	 One or more T2- hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in one or more of the periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial areas brain regions Two or more T2- hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of EDSS score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	RRMS: Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) requires documentation of one of the following:
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate disease response or intolerance to rituximab
	(preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ODEVIXIBAT

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS)
Required Medical Information:	 For PFIC: Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2 For ALGS:
	 Documentation of Alagille syndrome confirmed by: Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation, OR Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented trial and failure with a one-month trial of at least two the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior hepatic decompensation events Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non-PFIC related cholestasis) INR greater than 1.4



	 ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the upper limit of normal (ULN) Prior liver transplant
Age Restriction:	 3 months and older for PFIC 12 months and older for ALGS
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of PFIC or ALGS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV CAPSULE 100 MG ORAL, OFEV CAPSULE 150 MG ORAL

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
	 Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a progressive phenotype
	Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline liver function tests in all patients, at regular intervals during
Information:	the first three months, then periodically thereafter or as clinically indicated
	Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF):
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis supported by one of the following:
	 Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP)
	 High resolution computed tomography (HRCT)
	Surgical lung biopsy Constitution of the office of the office of the constitution of the office of
	Documentation of baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% of the predicted value
	 Documentation of predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or
	equal to 30%
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD)
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	from the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism classification criteria
	Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years
	Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months.
	 Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted
	Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted
	Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Diseases with a Progressive Phenotype
	Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a
	progressive phenotype
	Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest high
	resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan with clinical signs of progression (defined
	as FVC decline at least 10%, FVC decline at least 5% with worsening symptoms and/or
	imaging in the previous 24 months)
	FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted
	DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted



Appropriate	IPD
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone.
Regimen & Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Criteria:	SSc-ILD:
	Documented treatment failure with each of the following: mycophenolate (MMF), cyclophosphamide
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	Documentation of airway obstruction (i.e., pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7)
Criteria:	 Concomitant administration of moderate or strong CYP3A4 and P-gp inhibitors / inducers should be avoided while taking Ofev
	Transaminases more than 5 times the upper limit of normal or elevated transaminases accompanied by symptoms (jaundice, hyperbilirubinemia).
	Ofev is not approved for use in combination with Esbriet
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric
	patients
Required Medical	Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the
Information:	following:
	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid
	sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic SMPD1 mutation
	Documentation of clinical presentation (e.g., hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung
	disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood) outside the central nervous
	system
	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	 For adults aged 18 years and older, documentation of both of the following:
	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted
	normal value
	by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	For pediatrics aged 18 years and younger, documentation of both of the following: The age was true to go a small to 5 AAN as a small to AAN.
	Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI
Annyonyinto	O Height of -1 Z-score or lower
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Dosing:</u> Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight
Regimen & Other	(kg)
Criteria:	BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
Criteria	Adjusted body weight= (actual height in m²) x 30
	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	Reauthorization : Documentation of improvement in patient specific disease presentation
	such as:
	Improvement in PFT or DLCO
	Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function
	Improvement/Stability in platelet counts



	•	Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	•	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

	ns: XOLAIR (omalizumab)				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.				
	plan design o Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients				
	6 years of age and older				
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps 				
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients				
Descrived Medical	age of 20 years				
Required Medical Information:	Allergic Asthma				
information:	Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all the following:				
	 A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores) A serum total IgE level at baseline of 				
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients aged 12 years or older OR 				
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients aged 6 to 11 				
	years				
	o FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal				
	<u>CRSwNP</u>				
	Documentation of both the following:				
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy 				
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms 				
	of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)				
	CSU - Desumentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any				
	Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of untiporio				
	other allergic condition or other form of urticaria				
	 Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer 				
	 Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs]) 				
	• Documented severe disease (despite treatment) based on score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as:				
	 Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher) 				
	 Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12) 				



]
	Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher)
	 Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
	Documentation of pruritus severe enough to interfere with the ability to grow, develop
A	and participate in school despite treatment with at least 80% adherence
Appropriate	Allergic Asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence.
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	CRSwNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	CSU
	Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of
	one of the following second generation H1- antihistamine products for at least one
	month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine
	Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL the following for at least one
	month each:
	Add on therapy with a H2 entagonist (famotiding or simptiding)
	 Add on the approximation of the state of the
	 Add-on therapy with a corticosteroid
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Cinqair)
	Treatment of CSU in patients 21 years of age and older
Age Restriction:	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
1.90 1.001110110111	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older
	<u>CSU</u> : up to 20 years of age



Prescriber Restrictions:	Allergic Asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	<u>CSU</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: SKYCLARYS (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities with daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Must be 16 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: Omisirge

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate Treatment	Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD), mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available Description that NONE of the following sections:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that NONE of the following are present: Other active malignancy Active or uncontrolled infection Active central nervous system (CNS) disease Reauthorization: None- Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater HLA (Human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo- HSCT (Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified



ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by benefit design
	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tuttent Weight und planned treatment regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years old
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime



POLICY NAME:ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABRAXANE (paclitaxel), ABECMA (idecabtagene vicleucel), ABIRATERONE, ADCETRIS (brentuximab vedotin), ADSTILADRIN (nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg), AKEEGA (niraparib + abiraterone), ALECENSA, ALKERAN, ALIQOPA (copanlisib), ALUNBRIG (brigatinib), ASPARLAS (asparaginase), ARZERRA (ofatumumab), AUGTYRO (repotrectinib), AYVAKIT (avapritinib), AZEDRA (iobenguane I-131), BAVENCIO (avelumab), BALVERSA (erdafitinib), BELEODAQ (belinostat), BELRAPZO (bendamustine), BENDEKA (bendamustine), BESPONSA (inotuzumab ozogamicin), BESREMI (ropeginterferon), BLENREP (belantamab mafodotin-blmf), BOSULIF (bosutinib), BRAFTOVI (encorafenib), BREYANZI (lisocabtagene maraleucel), BRUKINSA (zanubrutinib), CABOMETYX (cabozantinib), CALQUENCE (calabrutinib), CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI (ciltacabtagene autoleucel), COLUMVI (glofitamabgxbm), COMETRIQ (cabozantinib), COPIKTRA (duvelisib), COSELA (trilaciclib), COTELLIC, CYRAMZA (ramucirumab), DACOGEN (decitabine), DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO (daratumumab-hyaluronidase), DAURISMO (glasdegib), ELAHERE, ELREXFIO (elranatamab), EMPLICITI, ENHERTU (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan), EPKINLY (epcoritamab), ERBITUX (cetuximab), ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA (apalutamide), ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, EXKIVITY (mobocertinib), FARYDAK, FOTIVDA (tivozanib), FRUZAQLA (fruquintinib), GAVRETO (pralsetinib), GAZYVA, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE (palbociclib), ICLUSIG, IDHIFA (enasidenib), IMATINIB, IMBRUVICA (ibrutinib), IMFINZI (durvalumab), IMJUDO (tremelimumab), IMLYGIC (talimogene laherparepvec), INLYTA, INQOVI (decitabine and cedazuridine), INREBIC, ISTODAX (romidepsin), IXEMPRA (ixabepilone), JAKAFI (ruxolitinib), JAYPIRCA (pirtobrutinib), JELMYTO (mitomycin pyelocaliceal), JEMPERLI (dostarlimab), JEVTANA (cabazitaxel), Kadcyla (Adotrastuzumab), KEYTRUDA (pembrolizumab), KIMMTRAK, KISQALI (ribociclib), KISQALI & FEMARA CO-PACK, KRAZATI (adagrasib), KYMRIAH (tisagenlecleucel), KYPROLIS (carfilzomib), LARTRUVO, LENVIMA (lenvatinib mesylate), LIBTAYO (cemiplimab-rwlc), LIPOSOMAL DOXORUBICIN, LONSURF, LOQTORZI (toripalimab-tpzi), LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS (sotorasib), LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO (mosunetuzumab), LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI (futibatinib), MARGENZA (margetuximab-cmkb), MARQIBO (liposomal vincristine), MATULANE (procarbazine hydrochloride), MEKINIST (trametinib), MEKTOVI (binmetinib), MONJUVI (tafisitamab-cxix), MYLOTARG, NERLYNX (neratinib), SORAFENIB TOSYLATE, NILANDRON, NINLARO (ixazomid), NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJJAARA (momelotinib), ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE (irinotecan), ONUREG (azacitidine), OPDIVO (nivolimumab), OPDUALAG (nivolimumab/relatlimab), ORSERDU (elacestrant), PADCEV (enfortumab vedotin), PEMAZYRE (pemigatinib), PEPAXTO (melphalan flufenamide), PERJETA (pertuzumab), PHOTOFRIN (porfimer), PIQRAY (alpelisib), PLUVICTO (lutetium), POLIVY (polatuzumab vedotin-piiq), POMALYST, PORTRAZZA (necitumumab), POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN (aldesleukin), PROVENGE (sipuleucel-t), QINLOCK (ripretinib), RETEVMO (selpercatinib), REVLIMID, REZLIDHIA (olutasidenib), REZUROCK (belumosudil), ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT (amivantamab), RYDAPT, RYLAZE (asparaginase erwinia chrysanthemi), SARCLISA (isatuximab), STIVARGA (regorafenib), SUTENT, SYNRIBO (omacetaxine), TABRECTA (capmatinib), TAFINLAR (dabrafenib), TAGRISSO, TALVEY (talquetamab-tgvs), TALZENNA (talazopairb), TAZVERIK (tazemetostat), TECARTUS (brexucabtagene autoleucel), TECENTRIQ (atezolizumab), TECVAYLI, TEMOZOLOMIDE, TEPADINA (thiotepa), TEPMETKO (tepotinib), TIBSOVO (ivosidenib), TIVDAK (tisotumab), TORISEL (temsirolimus), TREANDA (bendamustine), TRODELVY (sacituzumab govitecan), TRUSELTIQ (infigratinib), TRUQAP (capivasertib), TURALIO (pexidartinib oral capsules), TYKERB, UKONIQ (umbralisib tosylate), VANFLYTA (quizartinib), VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA (venetoclax), VERZENIO (abemaciclib), VIDAZA (Azacitidine), VIVIMUSTA (bendamustine), VIZIMPRO (dacotiminib), VONJO (pacritinib), VOTRIENT, VYXEOS (Daunorubicin and Cytarabine (Liposomal)), XALKORI (crizotinib), XALKORI (crizotinib) pellets, XELODA, XOFIGO (Radium 223), XOSPATA (gilteritinib), XPOVIO (selinexor), XTANDI (enzalutamide), YERVOY (ipilimumab), YESCARTA (axicabtagene ciloleucel), YONDELIS (trabectedin), ZALTRAP (ziv-aflibercept), ZEJULA (niraparib), ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA (lurbinectedin), ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA (loncastuximab tesirine), ZYNYZ (retifanlimab-dlwr) injection



Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, disease staging, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of use with National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) 2A or higher level of evidence regimen Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPICAPONE

Affected Medications: ONGENTYS (Opicapone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	by plan design
	 Adjunctive treatment to levodopa/carbidopa in patients with Parkinson's
	Disease (PD) experiencing "off" episodes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of PD
Information:	Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at
	least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure of the following:
Treatment	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose
Regimen & Other	and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug
Criteria:	classes:
	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline)
	 Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	AND
	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose
	and entacapone
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction
	from baseline in "off" episodes associated with Parkinson's disease
	Hom baseline in on episodes associated with arkinson's disease
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
	Concomitant use of non-selective monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors
	Pheochromocytoma, paraganglioma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction:	Theodifforfioeycoma, paragangiloma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction.	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OPIOID NAÏVE 7 DAY LIMIT

Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of previous and current opioid treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that first opioid prescription in current treatment course will not exceed 7 days Exceptions require all of the following: Documentation that a 7 day supply would be inadequate for treatment Follow-up for evaluation within 7 days is not possible
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-naïve patients (has had a prescription for opioid within the last 180 days) Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Based on exceptional circumstance, not to exceed 1 month



OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)

Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As of June 17, 2019, chronic use of opioids with a Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) per day greater than 90 MME is not funded by PacificSource
Required Medical Information:	Exceptions require that opioid use greater than 90 MME is not chronic and is being used for short term exceptional circumstances
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Based on exceptional circumstance, not to exceed 3 months



POLICY NAME: OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA 1.5% CREAM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	Atopic dermatitis	
Required Medical	Severe Atopic Dermatitis and Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
Information:	Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment	
	(inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement	
	preventing normal social interaction) AND	
	Body Surface Area (BSA) of at least 10% OR	
	Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement	
Appropriate	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Treatment	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:	
Regimen & Other	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine,	
Criteria:	methotrexate, mycophenolate, Dupixent, AND Adbry (prior authorization required for	
	Dupixent and Adbry).	
	Bupixent und ridsiy).	
	Reauthorization	
	No reauthorization permitted: treatment beyond 8 weeks has not been studied or found to	
	be safe and effective.	
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:	
	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, mometasone furoate, clobetasol, prednisone,	
	dexamethasone, phototherapy, cyclosporine, methotrexate, AND mycophenolate.	
Exclusion	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Criteria:	Combination use with monoclonal antibody (such as Dupixent)	
	Previous 8-week treatment course	
	Trevious o week treatment course	
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
	Previous 24-week treatment course	
Age Restriction:	12 years and older	
Age Restriction.	12 years and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (example: dermatologist, allergist, or	
Restrictions:	immunologist)	
Coverage	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Duration:	Initial: Maximum for 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: No reauthorization permitted.	
1		



Nonsegmental Vitiligo

• Initial: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified

<u>Reauthorization</u>: Additional 16 weeks, unless otherwise specified. Further reauthorization not permitted. (Maximum lifetime approval of 24 weeks).



ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic cancer pain, management of breakthrough pain episodes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that a long-acting opioid is being prescribed for around-the clock treatment of the cancer pain. The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as: Taking at least 60 mg of oral morphine per day OR 25 mcg of transdermal fentanyl/hr OR 30 mg of oral oxycodone daily OR 8 mg of oral hydromorphone daily OR 25 mg oral oxymorphone daily OR An equianalgesic dose of another opioid for a week or longer Patient is unable to swallow, has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting OR Patient is unable to take 2 other short-acting narcotics (e.g., oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.) secondary to allergy or severe adverse events AND Patient is on or will be on a long-acting narcotic (e.g., Duragesic), or the patient is on intravenous, subcutaneous, or spinal (intrathecal, epidural) narcotics (e.g., morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, fentanyl citrate)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer-related pain
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (treprostinil oral)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Cirrhosis
	o Anorexigens
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	o Schistosomiasis
	 Drugs and toxins
	o Portal hypertension
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90), or Low cardiac index OR
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	(and a second of the second o
Appropriate	Documentation of failure with Remodulin
Treatment Regimen &	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition
Other Criteria:	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenatriam should not be used in combination)
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out
	 Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolrix)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prostate Cancer Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORITAVANCIN

Affected Medications: KIMYRSA

Covered Uses	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Uses:	by plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with acute bacterial skin and skin structure
	infections caused or suspected to be caused by susceptible isolates of
	designated Gram-positive microorganisms
	Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-susceptible and
	methicillin-resistant isolates)
	 Streptococcus pyogenes
	Streptococcus agalactiae
	 Streptococcus dysgalactiae
	 Streptococcus anginosus group (includes S. anginosus, S. intermedius,
	and S. constellatus)
	 Enterococcus faecalis (vancomycin-susceptible isolates only)
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis
Information:	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen
	Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable
Appropriate	1200 mg (1 vial) intravenous (IV) infusion over 1 hour as a single dose
Treatment	Documented clinical failure with Orbactiv (oritavancin)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	. Kanana kanana arati ita kananita na ari arang kanana
exclusion Criteria:	Known hypersensitivity to oritavancin products
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 week, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole.
Required	Diagnosis of RVVC defined as four or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal
Medical	candidiasis infection within the past 12 months.
Information:	Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive KOH test
	Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g. due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months Documented provider attestation that the patient has been informed of the risk of pregnancy given their fertility status (such as tubal ligation failure, misdiagnosed/temporary menopause, etc.), the severe fetal harm that can occur with pregnancy that follows the administration of Vivjoa, AND documentation that the patient acknowledges and understands these risks and agrees to be vigilant in avoiding pregnancy during Vivjoa therapy and for a minimum of 2 years following their last dose of Vivjoa Not to exceed one treatment course per year Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for
Exclusion	additional treatment.Women of reproductive potential
Criteria:	- Women of reproductive potential
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	
covered oses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Cushing's disease
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery or
Information:	previous surgery has not been curative
	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 The mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC)
	greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL
	• Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8
	mcg/dL
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by the mean UFC
Treatment	levels being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Care Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OXERVATE

Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
Required Medical	• Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using the Cochet-Bonnet
Information:	aesthesiometer) within the area of the recurrent/persistent epithelial defect or corneal
	ulcer AND outside of the area of the defect in at least one corneal quadrant
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of recurrent or persistent corneal epithelial defect
	 Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of corneal ulceration (with or without stromal melting and perforation)
Appropriate	Documentation of disease progression despite treatment with all the following:
Treatment	 Preservative-free artificial tears, gel, or ointments
Regimen & Other	 Therapeutic corneal or scleral contact lenses
Criteria:	 Amniotic membrane transplantation and conjunctival flap surgery, tarsorrhaphy,
	cyanoacrylate glue, or soft-bandage contact lenses
	Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment response as shown by reduction in corneal staining with fluorescein
Exclusion	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	 Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), sodium oxybate, XYWAV (oxybate salts)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in patients with narcolepsy
Required Medical Information:	 All Indications Polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test results confirming diagnosis Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders) Narcolepsy with cataplexy Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	 Narcolepsy with EDS Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Authorization for Xywav and Lumryz for current and new utilizers requires documented treatment failure with sodium oxybate Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documented treatment failure (inadequately controlled cataplexy) despite treatment with each of the following for at least 1 month unless contraindicated:



	 Reauthorization: Narcolepsy with cataplexy: clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy with EDS: clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
Age Restriction:	7 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALFORZIA

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with
Denvised Medical	accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical Information:	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
Tillorillation:	Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
	A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at
	least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L
	Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g.,
	hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	 The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion
	of peanut or peanut-containing food
	 The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine
	injection
	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 4 and 17 years of age
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 4 years of age and older
	Reauthorization requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose
	escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND
	documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined by one or more of the following:
	Improvement in quality of life
	Reduction in severe allergic reactions
	Reduction in epinephrine use
	Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
	Uncontrolled asthma
	History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled
	hypertension
	History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and hereditary or idiopathic angioedema



Age Restriction:	4 years of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of one of the following conditions:
	 1. Congenital heart disease (CHD): With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extra-corporeal membrane
	 oxygenation That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension)
	 Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater than 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6-month period prior to RSV season (e.g., corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen)
	 Cystic Fibrosis and: Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable) A weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	4. Congenital airway abnormality or neuromuscular condition (not cystic fibrosis) that impairs the ability to clear airway secretions
	5. Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate	Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 (RSV) The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV season
	 Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season (Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then dosing schedule should resume monthly)
	 No more than 5 monthly doses During the RSV season, November 1 through March 31 Discontinue prophylaxis therapy if hospitalized for RSV



Exclusion Criteria:	For use in the treatment of RSV disease
	Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season
Age Restriction:	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical Information":
	1a. Less than 2 years of age
	1b. Less than 2 years of age
	2a. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	3a. Less than 2 years of age
	3b. Less than 2 years of age
	3c. Less than 2 years of age
	4. Less than 2 years of age
	• 5. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval:
Duration:	• 5 months (November 1 through March 31) 5 monthly doses, unless otherwise specified
	1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region according to the CDC 1 monthly dose, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
covered oses.		
	by plan design	
	 Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP) 	
Required Medical	 Documented diagnosis of FOP confirmed by ACVR1 R206H mutation by molecular 	
Information:	genetic testing	
	Radiographic features of FOP including joint malformations (such as hallux valgus)	
	deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint), and progressive heterotopic ossification (HO)	
	 Documentation of experiencing at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids such as prednisone 	
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO	
Treatment	volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients weighing less than 10 kg	
	Pregnancy	
Age Restriction:	Females 8 years of age and older	
	Males 10 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in rare connective	
Care Restrictions:	tissue diseases	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: PALYNZIQ

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 misromal/L on existing management.
Required Medical Information:	 micromol/L on existing management Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with sapropterin Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: NATPARA (parathyroid hormone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Adjunct to calcium and vitamin D to control hypocalcemia in hypoparathyroidism 	
Required Medical	Documentation of the following lab values:	
Information:	 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels within normal limits (approximately 30-74 ng/mL) 	
	while on standard of care (such as calcitriol)	
	 Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.5 mg/dL 	
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least 8 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as	
Treatment	follows:	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Calcium 2000 mg daily	
on contain	 Vitamin D (metabolite or analog) 	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as total serum	
	calcium (albumin-corrected) within the lower half of the normal range (approximately 8-9	
	mg/dL)	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Endocrinologist or nephrologist	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score -2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following: Oral or Intravenous bisphosphonate (such as alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures For Forteo requests: documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid analogues should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime



	 Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid analogue use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria: Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T score while on Forteo or teriparatide Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Paget's Disease Open epiphyses (such as pediatric or young adult patient) Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors Pre-existing hypercalcemia 	
Age Restriction:	Pregnancy	
Prescriber		
Restrictions:		
Coverage	Approval: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified	
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: PAROMOMYCIN

Affected Medications: HUMATIN (paromomycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Dury Administration (FDA) are ground in directions and other than the	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Intestinal amebiasis, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica) 	
	 Hepatic abscess, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica) 	
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)	
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with human 	
	immunodeficiency virus (HIV)	
	 Dientamoeba fragilis 	
Required Medical	Documentation of current infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing	
Information:	 Hepatic abscess: Confirmed by diagnostic imaging (conventional ultrasound, 	
	computed tomography scan, or magnetic resonance imaging)	
	o Dientamoeba fragilis: Identification of D. fragilis trophozoites in fecal smears	
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with HIV: Stool specimen 	
	microscopic examination (acid-fast staining, direct fluorescent antibody, and/or	
	enzyme immunoassays for detection of Cryptosporidium sp. antigens) or	
	molecular methods	
Appropriate		
Treatment		
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	Intestinal obstruction	
	Use as monotherapy in Entamoeba histolytica infections	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of		
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Approval: 3 months	
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: PATISIRAN

Affected Medications: ONPATTRO (patisiran sodium)

	T	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis in adults 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented pathogenic mutation in transthyretin (TTR) confirmed by genetic testing Diagnosis of hereditary transthyretin (hATTR) amyloidosis with polyneuropathy Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., peripheral/autonomic neuropathy, motor disability, cardiovascular dysfunction, renal dysfunction) Documented failure with diflunisal Documentation with one of the following: Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment (NIS) score between 10 and 130 Baseline FAP stage 1 or 2 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: Documentation of a positive clinical response to patisiran (e.g., improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels, etc.) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior or planned liver transplantation NYHA class III or IV Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy including inotersen or vutrisiran Combined use with TTR-stabilizing therapy including diflunisal, tafamidis, or tafamidis meglumine 	
Age Restriction:	Adults age 18 and up	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in the management of amyloidosis	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



PCSK9 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab), PRALUENT (alirocumab)

	,	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 	
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia 	
	[HeFH])	
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) 	
Required Medical	All Indications	
Information:	Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months	
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)	
	Documentation of dietary measures being undertaken to lower cholesterol	
	Clinical ASCVD	
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:	
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 	
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 	
	 Stable or unstable angina 	
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 	
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 	
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin 	
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH	
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults 	
	AND 1 first-degree relative affected	
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], 	
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9]	
	gain-of-function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])	
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 	
	points	
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 	
	HoFH	
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL	
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial 	
	hypercholesterolemia	
	A per stroice seer of entries	



0	Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 2	
	years	

 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (excluding double-null LDLR mutations)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications

- Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated
- History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
 - Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
 - Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
- History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use

Clinical ASCVD

- Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use, as shown by ONE of the following:
 - Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL
 - Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions

Major ASCVD Events	High-Risk Conditions
 ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD 	 Age 65 years and older HeFH Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events) Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure



	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination
	therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use
	Reauthorization: Documentation of updated lipid panel showing clinically significant reduction in LDL-C from baseline AND continued compliance to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PEDIATRIC WEIGHT LOSS

Affected Medications: Saxenda (liraglutide), Wegovy (semaglutide), Qsymia (phentermine/topiramate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical Information:	 Patient age of 12 to 20 years Severe obesity defined as one of the following: Body Mass Index (BMI) of greater than or equal to 35kg/m² Equal to or greater than 120% of the 95th percentile for age and sex 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current intensive health behavior and lifestyle treatment which includes Physical activity goals Nutrition education Behavior change counseling Saxenda and Wegovy Documentation of treatment failure with Qsymia, defined as failure to experience 5% reduction in BMI after 12 weeks at max tolerated dosage Reauthorization Qsymia: documentation of reduction of weight of at least 5% of baseline BMI since initiation Saxenda and Wegovy: documentation of at least 2.4mg daily dose and reduction of weight of at least 1% of BMI since initiation 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight of at least 170 of Bivil since initiation	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatrician or weight loss specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: PEDMARK

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required Medical	Documentation of the following:
Information:	 Treatment plan is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non- metastatic solid tumor
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease
Age Restriction:	Pediatric patients greater than or equal to 1 month old and less than 18 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen



PEGASYS

Affected Medications: PEGASYS® (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications and compendia-supported
	not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC):
Information:	Documentation chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype by liver biopsy or by FDA- approved serum test
	 Baseline HCV RNA level Documentation of anti-hepatitis C virus regimen to be used with AND anticipated dose and duration of therapy
	Chronic Hepatitis B (CHB):
	 Documentation of HBeAg-positive or HBeAg-negative chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection
	Baseline HBV DNA level
	 Documentation of anti-hepatitis B virus regimen to be used with AND anticipated dose and duration of therapy
	Chronic Hepatitis C and B: • Baseline HIV-1 RNA level
	 Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh score within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
	Current estimated creatinine clearance OR serum creatinine, height, and weight to calculate by Cockcroft-Gault within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
	 Current complete blood count AND liver function tests within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
	Documentation if HIV/HCV/HBV coinfection
	Documentation of abstinence from alcohol and any illegal drug use for at least 6 months
Appropriate	Chronic Hepatitis C:
Treatment	Approve if used in combination with FDA- and/or AASLD/IDSA- recommended regimen
Regimen & Other	and if not otherwise excluded from PacificSource policies of other medications in the
Criteria:	regimen
	Preferred regimen should include concomitant ribavirin
	Chronic Hepatitis B (one of the following 4 scenarios must be met):
	HBeAg-positive AND baseline serum HBV DNA greater than 20,000 copies/mL AND
	baseline serum aminotransferase (ALT) two times greater than the upper limit of normal
	range



	 HBeAg-positive AND baseline serum HBV DNA greater than 20,000 copies/mL AND baseline serum aminotransferase (ALT) one to two times greater than the upper limit of normal range AND moderate-severe inflammation/fibrosis HBeAg-negative AND baseline serum HBV DNA greater than 2,000 copies/mL AND baseline serum aminotransferase (ALT) two times greater than the upper limit of normal range HBeAg-negative AND baseline serum HBV DNA greater than 2,000 copies/mL AND baseline serum aminotransferase (ALT) one to two times greater than the upper limit of normal range AND moderate-severe inflammation/fibrosis Chronic Hepatitis C and B: Creatinine clearance less than 50 ml/min, adjust dose: 135 mcg subcutaneously once weekly Baseline platelet count greater than or equal to 90,000 cells/mm3 Baseline absolute neutrophil count 1,500 cells/mm3 or more
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with CHC who have had solid organ transplantation Autoimmune hepatitis Hepatic decompensation (Child-Pugh score greater than 6)
Age Restriction:	CHC: 5 years of age or older CHB: 18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious
Restrictions:	disease specialist
Coverage	CHC: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (depends on regimen and diagnosis)
Duration:	CHB: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PEGLOTICASE

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Affected Medications Covered Uses:	
Covereu OSES:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design:
	plan design:
D : 134 !! 1	Chronic gout in adult patients refractory to conventional therapy
Required Medical	Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Two or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by
	colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or
	oral/injectable corticosteroids
	 At least one non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus
Appropriate	Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to
Treatment	reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated
Regimen & Other	dose to BOTH:
Criteria:	 Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat)
	 Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as
	probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with
	uricosuric agent required
	Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination oral methotrexate 15mg weekly
	unless contraindicated
	Reauthorization will require ALL the following:
	Documentation of SUA less than 6mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose
	Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of
	flares or affected joints
	Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in combination with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: Phenoxybenzamine

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with
	pheochromocytoma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of pheochromocytoma and one of the following:
Information:	 Documentation of preoperative preparation for surgical resection. Documentation of chronic treatment for metastatic pheochromocytoma.
Appropriate	If use is projected to be greater than 14 days:
Treatment	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to a selective alpha-1
Regimen & Other	adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin)
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of
Restrictions:	pheochromocytoma.
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy.



PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on 3+ IHC testing or positive FISH test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for Phesgo requires documentation of one of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to all the preferred products (Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, and Perjeta in combination with Ogivri) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients Currently receiving treatment with Phesgo, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: tadalafil (PAH) 20 mg tablet, sildenafil 20 mg tablet

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Tadalafil 20 mg requests: Documented inadequate response or intolerance to sildenafil
Treatment Regimen & Other	citrate 20 mg tablets
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of
	the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
Exclusion Criteria:	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis
	Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for creatile discounting
Age Restriction:	Use for erectile dysfunction
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	



POLICY NAME: PIRFENIDONE

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of all the following: Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent of the predicted value AND Predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) great than or equal to 30 percent
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Pirfenidone is not approved for use in combination with Ofev. Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POMBILITI AND OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity
	 DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene
	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease:
	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution
	 Delayed gross-motor development in childhood
	 Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as
	reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing)
	 Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata)
	 Low/absent reflexes
	Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more
	Documentation has a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or
	more
	Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are
Regimen & Other	within FDA-labeling
Criteria:	Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current
	enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme
	(avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of progression in percent predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception
	during treatment
	Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while
	awake
	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
	Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme
	Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy



	Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	• 18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: posaconazole suspension, posaconazole delayed release tablets

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of invasive aspergillosis Prophylaxis of Invasive Aspergillus and Candida Infections Treatment of Oropharyngeal Candidiasis Including Oropharyngeal Candidiasis Refractory to Itraconazole and/or Fluconazole
Required Medical	Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity
Information:	Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition
Appropriate	Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
Treatment	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
	Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with
	hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy
	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-
	supported systemic agent (e.g., fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC):
	Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with all the following:
	o Fluconazole
	o Itraconazole
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than 40kg
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POZELIMAB

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	, ,
	Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disagraphy
D ' 184 !' I	disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation
Information:	using molecular genetic testing
	Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less)
	Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral
	edema, or facial edema
	Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
Treatment	 Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose
Regimen & Other	 Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8,
Criteria:	10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly
	May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4
	 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly
	Door way adjugate the magnest vial size within 100/ of the magnetical data will be
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following:
	Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms
	Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations
	Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab)
	Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus
	influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	
Aye Kestriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider
Care Restrictions:	that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: PRAMLINTIDE

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical	Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent)
Information:	on optimal insulin therapy
	AND
	Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
Regimen & Other	significant response to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	HbA1c level greater than 9 percent.
	Weight loss treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRETOMANID

Affected Medications: pretomanid

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Extensively drug resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB) Treatment-intolerant multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (TI MDR-TB) Nonresponsive multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (NR MDR-TB)
Required Medical Information:	Patient has failed, is resistant, or is allergic to quad therapy of any combination of the following: Isoniazid, Rifampin, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Fluoroquinolone, Capreomycin (Kanamycin, Amikacin, Streptomycin), Ethionamide/Prothinamide, Cycloserine/Terizidone, Aminosalicylic acid (acidic salt)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Drug-sensitive TB (DS-TB) Latent Infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis Extrapulmonary TB (e.g., central nervous system)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, infectious disease specialist.
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified



PROLIA

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture
 - Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture
 - Treatment of bone loss in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer
 - Treatment of bone loss in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for prostate cancer

Required Medical Information:

Osteoporosis

- Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
 - T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site.
 - T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
 - FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater
 - FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
 - History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only)

Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis

- If 50 years old and greater, must provide documentation of one of the following:
 - Baseline bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of less than or equal to -2.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
 - BMD T-score less than or equal to -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck AND a history of osteoporotic fracture
- If less than 50 years old, must provide documentation of a history of osteoporotic fracture
- In addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following:
 - Initiation or continuation of systemic glucocorticoids equivalent to 7.5 mg or greater of prednisone and expected to remain on glucocorticoids for at least 6 months

Bone Loss in Women Receiving Adjuvant Aromatase Inhibitor Therapy for Breast Cancer

 Documentation of baseline BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck



	Bone Loss in Men Receiving Androgen Deprivation Therapy for Prostate Cancer
	If less than 70 years old, must provide documentation of one of the following:
	 BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
	History of osteoporotic fracture
Appropriate	Osteoporosis and Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis
Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with an oral or intravenous
Criteria:	bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
	 Severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)
	 Multiple osteoporotic fractures in the setting of T-scores less than -3.5
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of bisphosphonate therapy or antineoplastic therapy apart from
	aromatase inhibitors or androgen deprivation therapy.
	Preexisting hypocalcemia
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



PROSTAGLANDIN INTRACAMERAL IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: DURYSTA (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma
	(OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-
Treatment	lowering agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which
Regimen & Other	must include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost
Criteria:	For iDose TR requests:
	Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated
	Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified



PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to
Information:	initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory
	Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of a thiomsorie event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
Appropriate	For Empaveli: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	ravulizumab (Ultomiris)
	For Fabhalta: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Criteria:	another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	·
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta)
Criteria:	except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing
	 Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by
	,
	encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
_	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: PYRIMETHAMINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Toxoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection Documentation of one of the following: Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Regimen (adult): Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily leucovorin 5-25mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 500mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	• Initial Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
	 Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated
	thrombotic microangiopathy
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical	PNH
Information:	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	aHUS
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
	Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental
	status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased
	platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	gMG
	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater



Appropriate	aHUS
Treatment	Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present: Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
	gMG
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa
	(Vyvgart)
	Reauthorization requires:
	 gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL or QMG scores from baseline
	PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion	Current meningitis infection
Criteria:	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older
	gMG: 18 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist:
Restrictions:	o PNH: Hematologist
	aHUS: Hematologist or NephrologistgMG: Neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



REBLOZYL

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia in adult patients with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR Diagnosis of anemia failing an erythropoiesis stimulating agent and requiring 2 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T) Documentation of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis-stimulating agent (ESA) use (ESA-naive) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require RBC transfusions Baseline complete blood count (CBC) within 2 months and then prior to each administration, or more frequently as indicated Documentation of current RBC transfusion regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of serum EPO over 500 mU/mL with a need for RBC transfusions (very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS))
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of a 20% reduction in red blood cell (RBC) transfusion burden from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RELYVRIO

Affected Medications: RELYVRIO (sodium phenylbutyrate-taurursodiol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical	Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised
Information:	(Airlie House) criteria
	Symptom onset within 18 months
	Slow vital capacity (SVC) of at least 60 percent
	Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Member is stable on riluzole
Criteria:	 Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success as determined by prescriber including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of a tracheostomy
	Use of permanent assisted ventilation
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: REMODULIN

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in Patients Requiring Transition from Epoprostenol
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis Anorexigens Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Drugs and toxins
	 Portal Hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presense of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III symptoms



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion	PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular
Criteria:	disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc.) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial coverage: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Subsequent coverage: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RESLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CINQAIR IV (reslizumab-interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antiboty (IgG4 kappa))

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND Documentation of one of the following: Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair) Availability: 100 mg/10 mL vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Presence of one of the following syndromic disorders confirmed by genetic testing: Complete DiGeorge Syndrome with Chromosome 22q11 deletion Forkhead box N1 (FOXN1) deficiency CHARGE (coloboma, heart defect, choanal atresia, growth and development retardation, genital hypoplasia, ear defects including deafness) syndrome with CHD7 mutation present Chromosome region 10p13-p14 deletion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates: Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood OR Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of Severe Combined Immunodeficiency Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (Rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The decise.
	plan design
	Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial
	Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
	o The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist
	(DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg
	 Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Medical	Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold
Information:	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	 Disease must currently be in remission
	Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the
	following:
	 Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count,
	elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium
	enhancement (LGE) on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial contrast
	enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all the
	following:
	o Colchicine
	 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin
	o Glucocorticoid
	Dosing for CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Adults: loading dose of 320 mg followed by 160 mg once weekly
	Pediatric patients (age 12 to 17): loading dose of 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) followed
	by 2.2 mg/kg once weekly (maximum 160 mg)



	Dosing for DIRA:
	Adults: 320 mg once weekly
	Pediatric patients (weighing 10 kg or more): 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) once weekly
	Reauthorization will require:
	All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection
Criteria:	Concurrent therapy with anakinra, TNF inhibitors, or other biologics
Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis, 12 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or
Restrictions:	dermatologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
	o Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4)
Required Medical	Chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH)
Information:	 Documentation of Chronic-Thromboemolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria:
	 Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan
	Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mmHg
	PAWP less than 15 mmHg
	 Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)
	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the
	following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	• Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional
	Class II or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:
	Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	Low cardiac index
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	СТЕРН
Treatment	Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy
Regimen & Other	surgery
Criteria:	Current therapy with anticoagulants
	<u>PAH</u>
	Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5
	(PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of



	the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite) Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISANKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE, SKYRIZI AUTO-INJECTOR, SKYRIZI SOLUTION CARTRIDGE, SKYRIZI INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	Documentation of disease that is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	At least 10% body surface area involvement; or
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Trana, 100t, or macous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one
	point
	Crohn's Disease
	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)
Criteria:	



- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

ΔND

One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure of at least 12 weeks with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease

- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - o Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



	 PP/PsA: Induction: 150 mg at week 0 and 4 Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days Crohn's Disease: Induction: 600 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8 Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, dermatologist, or gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (Risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered oses.	, , , , ,
	by plan design
Dogwined Madical	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2
Information:	demonstrating ONE of the following:
	Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1)
	 Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
	Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for
	patient age and motor function:
	 Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2)
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME)
	 Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders
	(CHOP-INTEND)
	 Upper Limb Module (ULM) test
	 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
	Documentation of previous treatment history
	Documentation of ventilator use status:
	 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16
	hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)
	 This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance
	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score,
Treatment	clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
Regimen & Other	symptoms
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	SMA type 4
	 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation
	support)
	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
	The first data in containing the agents for chiral (e.g., chinase in containing the containing t
Ago Postrictions	abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in
Restrictions:	treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCLEA (rituximab & hyaluronidase subcutaneous), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
 - Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
 - Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
 - Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD)
 - Microscopic polyangiitis (MPA)
 - Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA)
 - Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
 - o Pemphigus vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases
 - o Immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), relapsed or refractory
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2 or higher

Required Medical Information:

 Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

- Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
- Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale):
 - Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - o Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11
 - o Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) or Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA)

Documentation of active MPA or GPA

Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)

- Documentation of active EGPA
 - For severe EGPA: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF) guidelines



RRMS

- Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
 - Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS

CIS

 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)

Active SPMS

- Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
- Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
- Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5

Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

- Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) antibody positive disease, confirmed by the following:
 - o At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Area postrema syndrome: episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea and vomiting
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy or acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMSOD-typical diencephalic magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) lesions
 - Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesions
 - Documentation of AQP4-IgG seropositivity using the best available detection method
 - Exclusion for alternative diagnoses
- History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy
- Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 8 or less



Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases (such as but not limited to pemphigus foliaceus, bullous pemphigoid, cicatricial pemphigoid, epidermolysis bullosa acquisita, and paraneoplastic pemphigus)

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy
- Documented severe or refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral systemic therapies

Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP), Relapsed or Refractory

- Documentation of splenectomy status
- Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter AND
- One of the following:
 - Documented steroid dependence to maintain platelets/prevent bleeding with ITP equal or greater than 3 months
 - Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcl)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Uses

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Coverage of Rituxan or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni,
 Truxima and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Oncology Uses:

 Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%

<u>RA</u>

- Initial Course: Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Dose is approved for up to 2 doses of 1,000 mg given every 2 weeks
- Repeat Course: Approve if 16 weeks or more after the first dose of the previous rituximab regimen and the patient has responded (e.g., less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue, or improved mobility, or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths) as determined by the prescribing physician

MPA and GPA

- For initial immunosuppression: in combination with a glucocorticoid
- Dose is approved for up to two doses of 1,000 mg annually
 - Higher doses (e.g., 1,000 mg x 2 every 6 months) will require documentation to support



Age Restriction:

EGPA Non-severe Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid o Documented treatment failure with an oral immunosuppressive therapy: azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide Severe o Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid **Relapsing Forms of MS** Studied treatment regimens vary slightly Dose is approved for up to two doses of 1,000 mg annually o Higher doses (e.g., 1,000 mg x 2 every 6 months) will require documentation to support **NMOSD** Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two of the following immunosuppressive therapies: azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid (if or when appropriate) Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy All other indications A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy Documented treatment failure with first line recommended and conventional therapies **Reauthorization:** documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy **Exclusion** MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications Criteria: indicated for the treatment of MS Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators



Prescriber Restrictions:	 For RA, GPA, MPA, EGPA– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist For CLL, NHL– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For MS, NMOSD- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist For PV- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization
Duration:	MPA, GPA, EGPA, PV: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Oncology: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	RA, MS, NMSOD: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo Reauthorization will require documentation of the following criteria related to treatment success: Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 For Rivfloza: Age in accordance with FDA labeling
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or physician specialized in the treatment of PH1
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMIPLOSTIM

Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by Plan design.
	plan design
	Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an
	insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	 Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who
	have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or
	splenectomy
	 Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to
	myelosuppressive radiation doses.
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)
Appropriate	Patient Weight
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Regimen & Other Criteria:	enforced
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
	Documentation of one of the following:
	o Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with
	at least 2 therapies for ITP, including corticosteroids or immunoglobulin
	o Splenectomy
	Documented inability to respond adequately to Promacta
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:
	Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10 mcg/kg
	Reauthorization (ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed)
	400,000/microliter)



	 OR The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks 		
Exclusion	Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)		
Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist (Promacta or Doptelet), or similar treatments.		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:		
Duration:	Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:		
	1 month, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture, defined as one of the following: History of osteoporotic fracture
	Multiple risk fractures for fracture
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis therapy
Required Medical	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
Information:	 T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	 o T-score between −1.0 and −2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or
	1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the
	following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or
	greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
	History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders
Appropriate	Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all the following:
Treatment	 Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	o Prolia (denosumab)
	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year
	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs or RANK ligand
	inhibitors
	Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 12 months lifetime maximum
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: RYPLAZIM

Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded [By		
	plan design]		
	 Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1 		
Required			
Medical	Plasminogen Deficiency type 1 (must meet all of the following):		
Information:	 Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) as evidenced by documentation of all of the following 		
	 Genetic testing showing presence of biallelic pathogenic variants in plasminogen (PLG) 		
	 Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard 		
	 Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documented size, location and number of total lesions 		
	 Abnormal plasminogen antigen plasma level less than 9 mg/dL as confirmed by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay 		
	 Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing) 		
Appropriate Treatment	Initial dosing: 6.6 mg/kg every three days		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Obtain a trough plasminogen activity level approximately 72 hours following the initial dose and prior to the second dose (same time of day as initial dosing)		
	 If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then increase to every 2 day dosing If between 10-20% of baseline then maintain every 3 day dosing If above 20% of baseline then change dosing to every 4 days. 		
	 Maintain dosing frequency as determined above for 12 weeks while treating active lesions If lesions do not resolve by 12 weeks, or there are new or recurrent lesions, increase dosing frequency in one-day increments every 4-8 weeks up to Q2D dosing while reassessing clinical improvement until lesion resolution or until the lesions stabilize 		
	 without further worsening. If desired clinical change does not occur by 12 weeks, check trough plasminogen activity level. If plasminogen activity is greater than 10% above baseline level then consider other treatment options, such as surgical removal of the lesion in addition to plasminogen treatment. 		



	 If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then obtain a second trough plasminogen activity level to confirm. If low plasminogen activity level is confirmed in combination with no clinical efficacy, consider discontinuing plasminogen treatment due to the possibility of neutralizing antibodies
	***If lesions resolve by 12 weeks, continue at same dosing frequency and monitor for new or recurrent lesions every 12 weeks.
	Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization (must meet all of the following): Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) greater than 10% above baseline level Documented improvement (reduction) in lesion size and number Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days. Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim
	Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist in coordination with Hemophilia Treatment Center (HTC) or other specialized center of excellence
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (Sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	• 5 months or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or metabolic specialist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

Affected Medications: SAPROPTERIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age 	
	and older with phenylketonuria (PKU)	
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU	
Information:	 Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL) 	
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy	
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:	
	Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120	
	to 360 micromol/L (2 to 6 mg/dL)	
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance	
	Improvement in clinical symptoms	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or endocrinologist	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SARILUMAB

Affected Medications: KEVZARA AUTO-INJECTOR, KEVZARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	o Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale) Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) is greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 Polymyalgia Rheumatica Age 50 years or older at onset Elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) Confirmation of PMR according to the American College of Rheumatology/European Union League against Rheumatism (ACR/EULAR) classification criteria (score of 4 or more) Morning stiffness greater than 45 min in duration -2 points Hip pain or limited range of motion - 1 point Absence of rheumatoid factor (RF) or anticitrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) - 2 points Absence of other joint involvement - 1 point
Annyonriato	Dharrastaid Authritia
Appropriate Treatment	Rheumatoid Arthritis - Desumented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrovate
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12 weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	 Polymyalgia Rheumatica Clinical response to low dose glucocorticoids (prednisone 15mg/day or equivalent) within a week of initiation with inability to complete gradual (2- 4 week) taper
	QL RA/PMR: 200 mg every 2 weeks



	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Admi by plan design	inistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	 Neuromyelitis of 	optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are 4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required Medical	NMOSD	
Information:		
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
	History of at least 1 atta requiring rescue therapy	ck in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years,



Appropriate Treatment	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab (preferred agents Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection Active or untreated latent tuberculosis Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
0010100	excluded by plan design	
	Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency	
Danvisad Madical		
Required Medical	Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6	
Information:	months of life confirmed by one of the following:	
	 Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity 	
	 Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (LIPA) gene 	
	Documentation of patient weight	
	Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency)	
	Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required	
	for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency)	
Appropriate Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be	
Regimen & Other	enforced	
Criteria:		
	Reauthorization	
	Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in weight-for- age Z-score	
	 LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c 	
Exclusion Criteria:	EAL deficiency, documentation of improvement in LDL c	
Age Restriction:	1 month or older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



SECUKINUMAB

Affected Medications COSENTYX PREFILLED SYRINGE, COSENTYX SENSOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX UNOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
 - Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 - o Enthesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA)
 - Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

Required Medical Information:

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - o Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - o Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - o Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - o Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - o Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following:
 - o Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present

OR

- Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features:
 - Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain
 - Positive HLA-B27
 - Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age
 - Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis
 - First-degree relative with ERA, sacroilitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis

OR

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - o Arthritis and psoriasis

OR

- Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactylitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative



Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
 methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumabfkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Orencia, Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Simponi Aria

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

 Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month



	Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying	
	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate,	
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide	
	<u>Hidradenitis Suppurativa</u>	
	Documented failure with at least 12-week trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS:	
	 Doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline OR 	
	Clindamycin plus rifampin	
	Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)	
	Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliction by (or of a model big similar and doctor laftest as and Association).	
	infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra and Avsola)	
	QL	
	• Induction	
	 Adult PP: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days 	
	o Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:	
	Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days	
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days 	
	 HS: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days 	
	Maintenance	
	 Adult PP: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days 	
	o Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:	
	Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days	
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days 	
	 PsA without PP/AS/NR-axSPA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days 	
	 If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be 	
	considered	
	 HS: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days 	
	Reauthorization	
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a several than effet.	
Age Restriction:	and is not a covered benefit	
Prescriber	Drosgribad by an in consultation with a rhoumatologist / dormatologist as a regulation.	
Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis 	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	





SELEXIPAG FOR INJECTION

Affected Medications: UPTRAVI Intravenous (IV)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by right heart catheterization
Information:	Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II to III symptoms
	Current and complete treatment course
	Current and/or anticipated barriers to continuing oral therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	• For temporary use in patients established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi who are temporarily unable to continue oral therapy.
Criteria:	Dose of twice daily intravenous infusion corresponds to current dose of Uptravi tablets.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in patients not established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi to initiate therapy.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	1 month, unless otherwise specified



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

PA Policy Applicable to: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	In the hospital outpatient setting, the pharmacy benefit will cover pharmaceutical agents
Treatment	that the member can reasonably take or use on their own, while the medical benefit will
Regimen & Other	cover any agents given intravenously (IV) or other forms that the member cannot give to
Criteria:	themselves.
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
Duration:	
	1



POLICY NAME: SELUMETINIB

Affected Medications KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in postpubertal individuals Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma Optic pathway glioma Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	 NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented body surface area (BSA) and prescribed dose Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in symptoms, such as pain



Exclusion	NCCN Indications
Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
	2 years of age to less than 19 years of age
Prescriber	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience
	in the treatment of neurofibromatosis
	NCCN Indications
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEROSTIM

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

C	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) -associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body
Information:	weight (IBW)
	Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has
	documented compliance
	Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption,
	opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately
	Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for
	wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated
	 Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the
	following:
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior
	12 months
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior
	6 months
	o BMI less than 20 kg/m ²
	 Weight is less than 90% of IBW
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	• Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Criteria:	improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.)
	Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen
Exclusion	Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery,
Criteria:	multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure
	Active malignancy
	Acute respiratory failure
	Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months Reauthorization: 8 months (maximum duration of therapy 48 weeks total)



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery or previous surgery has not been curative Documentation of at least two of the following: Mean 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to ketoconazole and cabergoline Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by mean UFC levels being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Poorly controlled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c >8%) Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C) Hypokalemia or hypomagnesemia present Evidence of QT prolongation present 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	o Acromegaly
	Cushing's Disease
	Cushing a Disease
Required Medical	Acromegaly:
Information:	Clinical evidence of acromegaly
	Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender
	Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to Somatuline Depot
	(lanreotide) or Somavert (pegvisomant)
	Patient has had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR
	there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy which include:
	Medically unstable conditions
	Patient is at high risk for complications of anesthesia because of airway
	difficulties
	 Lack of an available skilled surgeon Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery
	 Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy Severe hypertension
	Uncontrolled diabetes
	o oncontrolled diddetes
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased or
	normalized IGF-1 levels
	Cushing's Disease:
	Patient meets the following criteria for initiation of therapy:
	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease and not a candidate for pituitary surgery
	or previous surgery has not been curative
	Documentation of at least two of the following: Macon 34 hour Using Free Conticol (UEC) greater than 1.5 times the upper
	 Mean 24-hour Urine Free Cortisol (UFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (at least two measurements)
	Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements)
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol
	greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
	Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to
	ALL the following: ketoconazole, cabergoline, mifepristone
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by mean UFC levels
	being less than or equal to the upper limit of normal



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Dosing</u> is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed: 60 mg every 4 weeks for Acromegaly (after 3 months of 40 mg) 40 mg every 4 weeks for Cushing's Disease (after 4 months of 10 mg)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Poorly controlled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c greater than 8%) Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C) Hypokalemia or hypomagnesemia present Evidence of QT prolongation present
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8 Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Consider delaying first dose if absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 1.0 x 10⁹/L, platelets less than 75 x 10⁹/L, and hemoglobin less than or equal to 17 g/dL Subsequent doses may be delayed if ANC less than 1.0 x 10⁹/L, platelets less than 50 x 109/L, and hemoglobin less than or equal to 17 g/dL Dosing: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Cytokine release syndrome: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIROLIMUS GEL

Affected Medications: HYFTOR

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC).
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC.
Information:	Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated
	symptoms and complications, and overall severity.
	Complete treatment history related to FA.
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery, unless
Treatment	contraindicated.
Regimen & Other	FAs are rapidly changing in size and/or number, causing functional interference,
Criteria:	pain or bleeding or are inhibiting social interactions.
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease in size and/or redness of FAs).
Exclusion Criteria:	Those on systemic mammalian target of rapamycin inhibitors.
	Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma.
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist.
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified.
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Affected Medications: sodium phenylbutyrate

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) All patients with neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life) 	
	 Patients with late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month of life) who have a history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy 	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing	
Appropriate Treatment	Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone The prescribed medication will be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success (i.e., ammonia levels maintained within normal limits) and that this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Used to manage acute hyperammonemia	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist or specialist who focuses on the treatment of metabolic diseases	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: BYNFEZIA, OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE (Somatuline Depot)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR:

- Acromegaly
- Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome)
- Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas)

Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot):

- Acromegaly
- Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy)
- Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs)
- NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher

Required Medical Information:

Acromegaly

- Initiation of therapy, patient meets the following:
 - Clinical evidence of acromegaly
 - Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) level for age/gender
 - Patient has had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy
 - o Clinical reasons for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy include:
 - Medically unstable conditions
 - Patient is at high risk for complications of anesthesia because of airway difficulties
 - Lack of an available skilled surgeon
 - Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery
 - Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy
 - Severe hypertension
 - Uncontrolled diabetes

All other indications

Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course



Appropriate	All indications
Treatment	May use the long-acting IM depot formulation as initial therapy OR may consider 1 or 2
Regimen & Other	doses of subcutaneous (SQ) octreotide to assess tolerability prior to starting the long-
Criteria:	acting IM depot
	For patients experiencing breakthrough symptoms while taking the long-acting depot,
	supplementary doses of SQ octreotide may be necessary
	Bynfezia
	Bynfezia authorization requires a trial and inadequate treatment response or
	contraindication to octreotide solution for injection
	Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot)
	GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection
	Reauthorization:
	Acromegaly: requires that the IGF-1 level is decreased or normalized
	All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or
Restrictions:	gastroenterologist
Coverage	Initial Approval = 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPESOLIMAB

Affected Medications: SPEVIGO (spesolimab-SBZO injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:
	 A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3 A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very high-density pustules) Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with: A 1-week trial of cyclosporine AND Infliximab (preferred biosimilars Inflectra, Avsola) Treatment for each flare is limited to two 900mg infusions of Spevigo separated by 1 week
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous use of Spevigo Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to psoriatic plaques Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: One month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: Fingolimod, MAYZENT (siponimod), PONVORY (ponesimod), VELSIPITY (etrasimod), ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following (fingolimod, Mayzent, Ponvory, Zeposia): Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Ulcerative colitis (UC) (Velsipity, Zeposia)
 RRMS ■ Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
diagnostic criteria for MS O Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
 Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Relapsing Forms of MS Mayzent, Ponvory, and Zeposia: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance



	<u>uc</u>
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine OR
	 Severely active disease despite current treatment, defined by greater than 5 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), OR recent hospitalization for UC
	Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz,
	EntyvioZeposia: Documentation of one of the following:
	Treatment failure with (or intolerance to) Velsipity
	Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia, excluding via samples or
	manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	Mayzent: CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	MS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Restrictions:	UC: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization:
Duration:	 UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	 MS: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	 Indicated, in conjunction with an oral antidepressant, for the treatment of
	treatment resistant depression (TRD) in adults and depressive symptoms in adults
	with major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior
Required	Diagnosis of treatment-resistant depression:
Medical	Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse
Information:	Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score at baseline (or other standard rating scale)
	Diagnosis of MDD with acute suicidal ideation or behavior:
	Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse
	Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score greater than 28, PHQ-9
	score above 15 or other standard rating scale indicating severe depression
Appropriate	<u>Treatment – resistent depression:</u>
Treatment	Failure to clinically respond to four trials of antidepressant drugs at highest tolerated doses
Regimen &	for at least 6 weeks from two or more different classes during the current depressive
Other Criteria:	episode as defined by less than 50% reduction in symptom severity using a standard rating
	scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms (such as PHQ-9) and at least one trial
	must have used an augmentation strategy (aripiprazole, lithium, olanzapine, quetiapine,
	risperidone, thyroid hormone); OR
	 Demonstrated intolerance to four antidepressant drugs with distinct side effects; AND
	Failure to respond to evidence based psychotherapy such as Cognitive Behavioral Therapy
	(CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by an objective scale such as a PHQ-9
	or similar rating scale for depressive symptoms
	 Will use Spravato in addition to oral antidepressant therapy
	Reauthorization (for TRD indication only) requires documentation of treatment success
	defined as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression compared to baseline using
	a standard rating scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms and that Spravato
	continues to be used in addition to antidepressant therapy
	continues to be used in addition to antidepressant therapy
	Dose: Approve #8 dose packs in first 28 days, then limit of #4 per 28 days (maximum). Per
	table below
	Recommended Dosage for SPRAVATO
1	1 1



	T		 	
			Adults	
	Induction Phase	Weeks 1 to 4:	Day 1 starting dose: 56 mg	
		Administer twice per week	Subsequent doses: 56 mg or 84 mg	
	Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8:		
		Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg	
		Week 9 and after:		
		Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg	
	*Dosing frequency shoul remission/response	d be individualized to the le	ast frequent dosing to maint	tain
	patient is not currently a	nt inpatient psychiatric hosp t inpatient level of care ized oral antidepressant (AD	oitalization OR documentatio O) (AD monotherapy or AD pleauthorization unless require	lus
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of substance use disorder Use as an anesthetic agent Pregnancy Aneurysmal vascular disease (including thoracic and abdominal aorta, intracranial, and peripheral arterial vessels) or arteriovenous malformation History of intracerebral hemorrhage Hypersensitivity to esketamine, ketamine, or any of the excipients 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and olde	r		
Prescriber Restrictions:	REMS Program certifiedBehavioral health specia	(others will be unable to ord	der drug)	



Coverage Duration:

Initial authorization

- Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24 nasal spray devices in 28 days of treatment only), unless otherwise specified
- TRD: 2 months (Induction phase maximum of 23 nasal spray devices in first 28 days followed by once weekly maintenance phase), unless otherwise specified

Reauthorization (TRD indication only): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL

Affected Medications: Diacomit (stiripentol) capsules

	1	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	6 months of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Covered Hear		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design.	
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) 	
Required Medical	Baseline 6 minute walk test	
Information:	Bone density testing (such as DEXA scan)	
	Diagnosis of Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the	
	following:	
	Age of onset less than 18 years	
	Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophospatasia at onset prior to age 18	
	including any of the following: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, skeletal abnormalities	
	(such as rachitic chest deformity or bowed arms/legs), failure to thrive	
	 Radiographic imaging to support presence of skeletal abnormalities 	
	 Molecular genetic test confirming mutations in the ALPL gene that encodes the tissue 	
	nonspecific isoenzyme of ALP (TNSALP)	
	Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below lab	
	standard for age and gender adjusted normal range	
	One of the following:	
	 elevated (urine or serum) concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) 	
	o elevated serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP/Vitamin B6) in the	
	absence of vitamin supplements within one week prior to the test	
	 elevated urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) 	
Appropriate	Weight based dosing according to package insert (following recommendations for	
Treatment	appropriate vial size selection)	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	Perinatal/Infantile-Onset HPP	
	Maximum dose 9 mg/ kg per week Juvenile-Onset HPP	
	Maximum dose 6 mg/ kg per week	
	- Maximum dose o mg/ kg per week	
	**Please note 80mg/0.8ml vial is for patients greater than 40kg	
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.	



	Reauthorization requires documentation of:
	All of the above criteria at time of initiation
	Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of
	phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) or urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)
	Chart notes showing one or more of the following
	 Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth
	 Improvement in 6 minute walk test
	 Improved bone density
	 Reduction in fractures
Exclusion	Adult-onset hypophosphatasia
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist OR specialist experienced in
Restrictions:	the treatment of metabolic bone disorders
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Gamunex-C, Hizentra, Hyqvia, Xembify

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
Covered Oses.	plan design	
	Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome	
	Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency	
	(CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, immunoglobulin G	
	(IgG) subclass deficiency with or without immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency,	
	antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined	
	deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-	
	linked lymphoproliferative syndrome) [list not all inclusive]	
Required Medical	 Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning 	
Information:	Patient weight	
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)	
	Type of immunodeficiency	
	Documentation of one of the following:	
	Recent IgG level less than 200	
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a 	
	history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the	
	following:	
	Four or more ear infections within 1 year	
	Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year	
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect 	
	Two or more pneumonias within 1 year	
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses 	
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections 	
	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia 	
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination	
	including all the following:	
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination 	
	 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination 	
Appropriate	Meets all criteria for IVIG approval	
Treatment	• Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC)	
Regimen & Other	immune globulin use	
Criteria:	Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy	
	Renewal Criteria	



	Renewal requires documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	 IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components Hyperprolinemia type I or II
Age Restriction:	PID: 2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUTIMLIMAB

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD) 		
Required Medical	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)		
Information:	Documentation of current weight		
	Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all the following:		
	 Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND 		
	elevated indirect bilirubin level		
	 Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d 		
	 A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less 		
	 Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C 		
Appropriate	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)		
Treatment	Dosing:		
Regimen & Other	o 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose		
Criteria:	o 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose		
	 Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter. 		
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased		
	hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase,		
	reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus,		
	or overt hematologic malignancy		
	Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
	1		



POLICY NAME: TAFAMIDIS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	For the treatment of the cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary		
	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) in adults to reduce		
	cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related hospitalization.		
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of cardiomyopathy of wild-type (ATTRwt) or hereditary (ATTRm)		
Information:	transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis confirmed by		
	 Presence of amyloid deposits on analysis of cardiac biopsy specimens 		
	OR		
	 Presence of grade 2 or 3 positive bone tracer cardiac scintigraphy in the absence 		
	of monoclonal protein (i.e., free light chain ratio is normal and serum and urine		
	immunofixation results are both normal)		
	• Genetic test results identifying a mutation in the transthyretin (TTR) gene (Val122Ile or		
	Thr60Ala mutation) or wild-type amyloidosis		
	o For those with ATTRwt: documented presence of transthyretin precursor		
	protein confirmed on immunohistochemical analysis, scintigraphy, or mass		
	spectrometry is required		
	Cardiac involvement has been confirmed by echocardiography or cardiac magnetic		
	resonance imaging		
	Diagnosis of heart failure with NYHA Class I to III symptoms		
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of a positive clinical response to tafamidis (e.g.,		
Treatment	improved symptoms, quality of life, slowing of disease progression, decreased		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	hospitalizations, etc.)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart Failure NYHA Class IV		
Exclusion Criteria.	Presence of light-chain amyloidosis		
	Prior liver or heart transplant		
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device		
	Combined use with TTR-lowering therapy, including inotersen or patisiran		
Age Restriction:	18 years and older		
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a physician who specializes in the 		
Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis		
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Covered Uses:	Food and Dura Administration (FDA) among and indications and athermica and death
Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	plan design
	Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in podiatric nations, at least 3 years of ago.
	in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Diagnosis of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) made by a board-
Information:	certified Hematopathologist or Dermatopathologist
Imormation:	 If diagnosis of BPDCN is based on skin biopsy, clear plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells are
	present by morphology and confirmed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or using flow
	cytometry. Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and leukemia cutis must be excluded from
	diagnosis
	 If BPDCN presents as the leukemic form or if there is bone marrow involvement, acute
	myeloid leukemia (AML), T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia, and natural killer (NK-cell)
	leukemia must be excluded from diagnosis
	 Diagnosis is confirmed by presence of at least 4 of 6 BPDCN antigens:
	o CD123
	o CD4
	00.5
	o TCL-1
	o C2AP
	o CD303/BDCA-2
	AND
	 No myeloid markers present (myeloperoxidase (MPO), lysozyme, CD14, CD34,
	CD116, and CD163)
	 No T or B lineage expression markers present
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
	and spaced deathfelic course
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria:	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
	For adults and pediatric patients 2 years and older only
	1



Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TALIGLUCERASE

Affected Medications: ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 Gaucher Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity At least one of the following disease complications: anemia, thrombocytopenia, bone disease, hepatomegaly, or splenomegaly
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with velaglucerase if not currently established on treatment Dosing: 60 units/kg every 2 weeks; dosing is individualized based on disease severity Supplied as 200 unit vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients currently taking miglustat (Zavesca) or eliglustat (Cerdelga)
Age Restriction:	4 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, liver, genetic or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TARPEYO

Affected Medications: BUDESONIDE DELAYED RELEASE CAPSULE 4MG

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1g/day (labs current within 30 days of request)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure of a minimum of 12 weeks of Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to Filspari) No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with other glomerulopathies and nephrotic syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 months unless otherwise specified



TEDIZOLID

Affected Medications: Sivextro powder for IV injection, Sivextro tablets

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates)
	Streptococcus pyogenes
	 Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus,
	Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus) • Enterococcus faecalis
Doguirod	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis
Information:	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen
	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data
A	Documentation of planned treatment duration
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing : 200 mg once daily for 6 days
Regimen &	Trial and failure with either intravenous antibiotics or oral antibiotics per below:
Other Criteria:	That and failure with cities intraversous antisioties of oral antisioties per selow.
	Intravenous
	Documentation of treatment failure of intravenous Linezolid, or contraindication to
	therapy AND
	Documentation of treatment failure of at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes, or
	contraindication to therapy:
	o Vancomycin
	 Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require
	documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative explanation
	Daptomycin
	Cephalosporin (Cefazolin)
	<u>Oral tablets</u>
	Documentation of treatment failure of oral Linezolid, or contraindication to therapy AND



	Documentation of treatment failure of at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes, or contraindication to the reput
	contraindication to therapy:
	 Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole
	 Tetracycline (Doxycycline, Minocycline)
	 Clindamycin
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	1 month, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: TEDUGLUTIDE

Affected Medications: GATTEX KIT (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of parenteral nutrition (PN) support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of unable to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization: requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction 1 year of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: Vemlidy tablet

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with compensated liver disease Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of one or more of the following: Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event to tenofovir disoproxil fumarate CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications) Diagnosis of osteoporosis or osteopenia OR high risk (i.e., chronic use of steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause) Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)
Age Restriction:	12 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab - trbw)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
Required	Initial diagnosis was made less than 10 years ago
Medical	Euthyroid with the baseline disease under control prior to starting therapy
Information:	TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as:
	 Proptosis greater than or equal to 3-mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender OR
	 Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	No previous Tepezza treatment
Regimen &	No prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery
Other Criteria:	Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes
	Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in
	adults and pediatric patients with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Positive for two or more of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodie
	within the past 6 months:
	 Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies
	Insulin autoantibody (IAA)
	 Insulinoma-associated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)
	Zinc transporter 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)
	 Islet cell autoantibody (ICA)
	 Dysglycemia on oral glucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6
	months, as shown by one of the following:
	■ Fasting blood glucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL
	2 hour glucose greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 20
	mg/dL
	 30, 60, or 90 minute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200
	mg/dL on two separate occasions
	Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with
	type 1 diabetes and one of the following:
	 If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be
	between 8 and 45 years of age
	o If second-degree relative (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin),
	patient must be between 8 and 20 years of age
	Documentation of the patient's current body surface area (BSA) or height and
	weight to calculate BSA
	Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency
Appropriate	Approved for one-time 14-day infusion only, based on the following dosing schedule:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Treatment Day Dose
Criteria:	Day 1 65 mcg/m ²
	Day 2 125 mcg/m ²
	Day 3 250 mcg/m ² 500 mcg/m ²
	Day 4 500 mcg/m ² Days 5 - 14 1,030 mcg/m ²
	Days 3 - 14 1,030 lincg/iii



	 Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/mL) single-dose vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with Tzield Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)
	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes
	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	8 to 45 years of age
	See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second-degree relative
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



POLICY NAME: TERIFLUNOMIDE

Affected Medications: TERIFLUNOMIDE

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	RRMS
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>cis</u>
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in
	neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of
	MS
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Care Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or ivis specialist



Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



TESTOPEL AND TESTOSTERONE

	1s: Testopel (testosterone pellets), Testosterone gel, Jatenzo capsules (testosterone Tlando (testosterone undecanoate capsules), Kyzatrex (testosterone undecanoate capsules)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or hypogonadotropic hypogonadism Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	All therapies tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
	If age 65 years and older:
	 Yearly evaluation of need is completed, discussing need for hormone replacement therapy Yearly documentation that provider has educated patient on risks of hormone replacement (heart attack, stroke) Yearly documentation that provider has discussed limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement in patients experiencing age related decrease in
	Hypogonadism in Adults Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous
	 Gender Dysphoria Documented diagnosis of gender dysphoria If under 18 years of age, documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health

(WPATH) Standards of Care



	 Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate	STEP 1 MEDICATIONS: Testosterone injections
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	STEP 2 MEDICATIONS: Transdermal testosterone, Kyzatrex capsules, Tlando, and Jatenzo
Criteria:	capsules
	Initial approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the testosterone injections
	STEP 3 MEDICATIONS: Testopel
	 Approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of generic transdermal testosterone, Tlando, OR Jatenzo capsules AND Kyzatrex capsules Testopel dosage (in milligrams) or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum of 450 mg per treatment
	Reauthorization Criteria:
	Documentation of recent testosterone level while on replacement therapy within normal limits
	Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Restrictions:	in the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Gender Dysphoria:
Duration:	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 5 years, unless otherwise specified
	All Other indications:
	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
Information:	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Hear	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia-supported
	indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Multiple Myeloma (MM)
	o Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	 Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	 AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis
	 Waldenström macroglobulinemia
	 Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of
	2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Multiple Myeloma
Treatment	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
Regimen & Other Criteria:	2A or higher
	Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
	2A or higher
	Waldenström Macroglobulinemia
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
	AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis
	Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type
	2 reaction)
	Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous
	manifestations of ENL recurrence
	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



THICK-IT

Affected Medications: THICK-IT ORIGINAL POWDER, THICK-IT #2, THICK-IT LIQUID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	o Dysphagia
	 Swallowing disorder
Required Medical	Documentation of esophageal or throat dysfunction that compromises ability to
Information:	safely consume food or liquids
	OR
	Documentation of high risk for aspiration pneumonia
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Maintained on enteral or parenteral nutrition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THYMOGLOBULIN

Affected Medications: THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin - rabbit derived)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Renal transplant acute rejection treatment and induction therapy Off-label uses: Heart transplant Intestinal and multivisceral transplantation Lung transplant Chronic graft-versus-host disease prevention
Required Medical Information:	 For prophylaxis: Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors:
Appropriate	Treatment of acute renal graft rejection – **No PA required for this diagnosis**
Treatment	 Prophylaxis: 1.5 mg/kg of body weight administered daily for 4 to 7 days.
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Clinical rationale for avoiding Simulect (Basiliximab) in prophylaxis
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active acute or chronic infections that contraindicates any additional immunosuppression
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Physicians experienced in immunosuppressive therapy for the management of renal transplant patients.
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TILDRAKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ILUMYA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
Required Medical	<u>Plaque Psoriasis</u>
Information:	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in
	functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment
	OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at
	least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	QL
	PP: 100 mg at week 0 and 4, followed by every 12 weeks
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
_	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	a Initial Authorization Compaths uplace athermics are sified
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin inhalation powder), tobramycin nebulized solution, KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), BETHKIS (tobramycin), Tobi (tobramycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs For Tobi Podhaler: Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 80% For Bethkis: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 40% but equal to or less than 80% For Kitabis Pak: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 75%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to 28 days on and 28 days off regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



TOCILIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ACTEMRA INTRAVENOUS (IV), ACTEMRA ACTPEN AUTO-INJECTOR, ACTEMRA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	o Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	o Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA)
	 Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA)
	 Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)
	 Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective
	scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Giant Cell Arteritis
	Confirmed diagnosis of GCA based on:
	 Temporal artery biopsy
	 Color doppler ultrasound
	OR
	Confirmed diagnosis of large vessel GCA based on:
	 Vascular tree imaging computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT
	Cytokine Release Syndrome
	Documentation of previous chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell therapy treatment plan
	Documentation of active cytokine release syndrome
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease from
	the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism classification
	criteria with the following:
	 Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years



0	SSc-ILD confirmed by a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan
	conducted within the previous 12 months.

 Documentation of baseline observed forced vital capacity (FVC) and percent predicted forced vital capacity (ppFVC)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation or Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

Giant Cell Arteritis and Cytokine Release Syndrome

- Documentation of disease refractory to glucocorticoid treatment
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with mycophenolate and cyclophosphamide

QL

Intravenous

- RA: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks; may increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- o CRS:
 - <30 kg: 12 mg/kg once, may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)</p>
 - ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg once (maximum 800 mg/dose), may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)
- o PJIA:
 - <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks</p>
 - ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- o SJIA:
 - <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks</p>
 - ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)



	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced 				
	• Subcutaneous				
	o RA:				
	<100 kg: 162 mg every other week; may increase to 162 mg weekly based on				
	clinical response				
■ ≥100 kg: 162 mg weekly					
	o GCA: 162 mg weekly				
	o PJIA				
	<30 kg: 162 mg every 3 weeks				
	■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks				
	o SJIA				
	<30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks				
	■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg weekly				
	 SSc-ILD: 162 mg weekly 				
	 Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy 				
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and				
ZAGIGGIGII GITGGITGI	is not a covered benefit				
Age Restriction:					
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/oncologist/pulmonologist as				
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis				
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified				
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: TOFACITINIB

Covered Uses:

Information:

Affected Medications: XELJANZ, XELJANZ XR, XELJANZ SOLUTION

plan design

Medical	• Documentation of current disease activity with one of
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	 Ulcerative Colitis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by

- o The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
- o Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Rheumatoid ArthritisPsoriatic Arthritis

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point,
 OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ulcerative Colitis

Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1
 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise



- No improvement with rest
- Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
- Arthritis
- Enthesitis
- Uveitis
- Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
- Psoriasis
- o Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- Good response to NSAIDs
- Family history of SpA
- o Elevated CRP
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),
 Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
- If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine



OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
 AND
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Actemra IV and Simponi Aria

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

QL:

- Xeljanz tablets (5mg, 10mg): One tablet twice daily
- Xeljanz XR tablets (11mg, 22mg): One tablet daily
- Xeljanz Solution: 240 mL/30 days

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy

Exclusion Criteria:

Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TOFERSEN**

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised (Airlie House) criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following: O Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline O The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, tolvaptan (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic 			
	hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia			
	that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including			
	patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormo			
	(SIADH)			
	 Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing 			
	autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)			
Required	Hyponatremia			
Medical	Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline			
Information:	Ψ			
	OR			
	 Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, 			
	headache, lethargy, confusion)			
	ADDKD			
	ADPKD			
	Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, testing			
	testing			
	Age 18 to 55 years old and estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or			
	equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m ²			
	High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E			
Appropriate	<u>Hyponatremia</u>			
Treatment	Patients should be in hospital for initiation and re-initiation of therapy			
Regimen &	Do not administer for more than 30 days			
Other Criteria:	,			
	ADDVD			
	ADPKD			
	Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting			
	enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated			
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
	response to therapy			
Exclusion	Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious			
Criteria:	neurological symptoms			
	Patients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst			
	Hypovolemic hyponatremia			



	Anuria Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified
	 ADPKD Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)

Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

	VALCHLOR (mechiorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded				
	by plan design				
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A				
	or higher				
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and				
Information:	anticipated treatment course				
	Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by				
	biopsy.				
	Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized)				
Appropriate	Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine)				
Treatment	Documented clinical failure to ALL the following:				
Regimen & Other	 Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, 				
Criteria:	betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol				
	Topical imiguimod				
	o Phototherapy				
	Generalized skin involvement (Topical mechlorethamine only)				
	Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater				
Asa Dastriation	Pregnancy				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist				
	, ,				
Care Restrictions:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Care Restrictions:					
Care Restrictions: Coverage	Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified				
Care Restrictions:					



TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: TACROLIMUS OINTMENT (0.1%, 0.03%), PIMECROLIMUS CREAM (1%), CALCIPOTRIENE CREAM (0.005%), VTAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%)			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	Atopic Dermatitis (AD)			
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)			
Required Medical	All Ages			
Information:	Documentation of body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement			
	Age 21 and above			
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional			
	impairment as defined by one of the following:			
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 			
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 			
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 			
	involvement preventing normal social interaction			
	AND			
	o BSA of at least 10% OR			
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 			
Appropriate	Topical Tacrolimus, Pimecrolimus, Calcipotriene cream:			
Treatment	Documented failure with prescription strength topical corticosteroids and emollients or			
Regimen & Other	facial involvement			
Criteria:				
	Zoryve cream:			
	Documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as			
	betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)			
	Documented failure with calcipotriene cream			
	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy,			
	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin			
	Vtama cream:			
	Documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as			
	betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)			
	Documented failure with calcipotriene cream			
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, 			
	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin			
	Documented treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve cream			



	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy defined as Body			
	Surface Area (BSA) reduction from baseline			
Exclusion	Atopic dermatitis or plaque psoriasis not meeting the above criteria is considered a below			
Criteria:	the line (non-funded) diagnosis per Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of			
age and older. Please refer to OHA GUIDELINE NOTE 21, SEVERE INFLAMMATOR)				
	DISEASE.			
Age Restriction: • Tacrolimus ointment 0.03%: 2 years of age and older				
 Tacrolimus ointment 0.1%: 16 years of age and older 				
Vtama: 18 years of age and older				
	Zoryve: 6 years of age and older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, (example: dermatologist, allergist or			
Restrictions:	immunologist)			
Coverage	Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Mo	oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment as defined by one of the following: O Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater O Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater O Severe disease on other validated tools O Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure of a 4-week trial of a combination of topical moderate to high potency topical steroids and a topical non-steroidal agent?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Go to #4
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met



5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met			
Re	Renewal Criteria					
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met			
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met			
Quantity Limitations						

- Adbry
 - Availability: 150mg/ml prefilled syringes
 - o Dosing:
 - Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks
 - If less than 100kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300mg every 4 weeks
 - Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (Trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months All Indications Coverage for a non-preferred product (Herceptin or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of one of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products Kanjinti, Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant and Ogivri, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Required Medical Information:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prostate Cancer (Trelstar) Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered Gender Dysphoria Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs: Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on type of assay used) Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age Gender Dysphoria Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For all Triptodur requests: O Documentation of treatment failure to Lupron (leuprolide) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as neoadjuvant ADT for radical prostatectomy



Age Restriction:	3. CPP: Age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 (Oncology) Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified CPP Approval/Oncology reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROFINETIDE

Affected Medications: DAYBUE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the MECP2 gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	 Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the management of Rett syndrome
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
Required Medical	Documentation of all prior therapies used
Information:	Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months
	Documentation of multidrug resistant HIV-1 with resistance to at least one antiretroviral
	medication from each of the following classes: Nucleoside Reverse Trancriptase
	Inhibitors (NRTIs), Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors, and Protease
	Inhibitors (PIs).
	Failure with current regimen or not on current antiretroviral therapy and failure with
	most recent regimen (viral load greater than 1,000 copies/mL)
Appropriate	Loading dose 2000mg
Treatment	Maintenance dose 800mg every 2 weeks
Regimen & Other	• Initial <u>reauthorization</u> will require documentation of greater than or equal to a 0.5 log ₁₀
Criteria:	reduction in viral load
	Reauthorization: Continued authorization will require undetectable viral load
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or specialist in HIV treatment
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TUCATINIB**

Affected Medications: Tukysa (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
covered oses.	by plan design
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of RAS wild-type, HER2 (human epidermal growth factor receptor-2) -
	positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan based chemotherapy OR
	 Advanced unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive breast cancer, with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting.
Appropriate	Colorectal cancer
Treatment	Documented intolerable adverse event to both preferred products Lapatinib and
Regimen & Other	Pertuzumab
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil), TYVASO REFILL, TYVASO STARTER, TYVASO DPI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 3
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Drugs
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	o Schistosomiasis
	o Portal hypertension
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	o Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO GROUP 3
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of
	usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT),
	and/or surgical lung biopsy OR
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR
	Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate Treatment	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,
Other Criteria:	Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)



	 WHO Group 1 only: Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 (PDE-5) inhibitor has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as (left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system such as (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (Ublituximab-xiiy)

_	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolating syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis
Information:	 Diagnosis of relapsing or active secondary progressive forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (Revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 Clinically Isolated Syndrome Documentation of CIS as shown by patients who do not fulfill McDonald criteria for a diagnosis of MS but have an abnormal brain MRI with one or more hyperintense T2 lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions at presentation or within three to six months of the event
	 Secondary-Progressive MS Documentation of prior history of relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) with progressive increase in disability over at least 6 months, independent of, or in the absence of, relapses Documentation of active disease classified as the presence of clinical relapse or inflammatory activity (i.e. new or enlarging T2 lesions or gadolinium enhancing lesions on MRI) in the last 2 years Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Relapsing forms of MS: Coverage of Briumvi requires documentation of one of the following: o A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred Rituximab products, Truxima, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient o Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.



	No concurrent use of medications indicated for treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis
	How Supplied: 150 MG/6 ML
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B infection
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Coverage Duration	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: USTEKINUMAB

Affected Medications: STELARA IV, STELARA SOLUTION, STELARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque Psoriasis (PP) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Crohn's Disease (CD) Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required Medical Information:	Plaque Psoriasis Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: □ Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11 □ Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13 □ Severe disease on other validated tools □ Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction ■ Documentation of one or more of the following: □ At least 10% body surface area involvement; or □ Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis ■ Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy ■ Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment Psoriatic Arthritis ■ Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes □ Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point □ Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point □ Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point □ Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point □ Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications:

Currently receiving treatment with Stelara, excluding via samples or manufacturer's
patient assistance programs, will not be required to have documented failure with all
formulary alternatives

Plaque psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)
 AND
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Ilumya, Cimzia

Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

AND

Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Simponi Aria, Cimzia, Orencia (SQ or IV)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - o Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - o Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement

AND



Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Cimzia, Entyvio

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Entyvio, Xeljanz

QL

- Induction
 - o PP:
- <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4</p>
- 60-100 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
- >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0 and 4
- PsA: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
 - <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4</p>
 - ≥60 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
- PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0 and 4
- CD/UC: A single IV infusion per below:

■ ≤55 kg: 260 mg

>55-85 kg: 390 mg

> 85 kg: 520 mg

Maintenance

o PP:

<60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks</p>

60-100 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks

>100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks



	 PsA: 460 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks ≥60 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks CD/UC: 90 mg every 8 weeks Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months initiation, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL CONTRACEPTIVES

Affected Medications: Annovera (J7294), Nuvaring (J7295)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 For Annovera and Nuvaring through the medical benefit: Failure, contraindication, or reason for avoidance to all covered formulary products for treatment of your condition.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	FDA-approved or compendia supported dosing.
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical	Pregnancy with maternal risk factor(s) for preterm birth (such as race, low maternal)
Information:	weight, smoking, substance use, or short interpregnancy interval)
	Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (Medical Benefit only)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A
Information:	 Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved / CLIA-compliant test Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal):
	ALTAST
	ASTTotal bilirubin
	Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	6×10^{13} vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection
	• Cirrhosis
	Female gender at birth
	Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion)



VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	from benefit design.
	 For postexposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical	Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as:
Information:	 Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Pregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate Treatment	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial administration
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	I



POLICY NAME: VEDOLIZUMAB

Affected Medication: ENTYVIO (Vedolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
	design	
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)	
	Ulcerative Colitis (UC)	
Required	All Indications:	
documentation:		
	Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment	
Appropriate	Crohn's Disease	
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks	
Regimen:	trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,	
	balsalazide	
	OR	
	 Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease 	
	OR	
	• Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:	
	 Fistulizing disease 	
	o Stricture	
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 	
	o Deep ulcerations	
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal 	
	involvement	
	AND	
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of	
	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)	
	Ulcerative Colitis	
	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:	
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-	
	mercaptopurine	
	OR	
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than	
	or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic	
	toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for	
	ulcerative colitis	
	AND	
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of	
	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)	
	Subcutaneous (SQ) formulation requires documented clinical failure with Entyvio 300 mg IV	
	every 4 weeks	
	every 4 weeks	



	 QL CD: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks UC: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks OR 108 mg SQ every 2 weeks Consideration of every 4-week dosing for all indications: Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months Clinical failure is defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70-point improvement in Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score for Crohn's disease)
	 Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Approval Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VELAGLUCERASE ALFA

Affected Medications: VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Admninistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 Gaucher Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Gaucher disease is confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Therapy is initiated for a patient with one or more of the following conditions: Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels) Thrombocytopenia (low platelet count) Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain) Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response or an intolerable adverse event with imiglucerase (Cerezyme) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant therapy with miglustat
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatic, genetic or orthopedic specialist) Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha-
	mannosidosis
Required Medical	Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating
Information:	alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity
	Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty
	walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in
Treatment	motor function, forced viral capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist familiar with the treatment of
Care Restrictions:	lysosomal storage disorders
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



VERTEPORFIN INJECTION

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following: Age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Pathologic myopia Presumed ocular histoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) lesions caused by age-related macular degeneration (AMD) OR Ocular histoplasmosis OR Pathologic myopia
	 Note: Most individuals treated with verteporfin will need to be re-treated every 3 months. All individuals having a re-treatment will need to have a fluorescein angiogram or ocular coherence tomography (OCT) performed prior to each treatment. Re-treatment is necessary if fluorescein angiograms or OCT show any signs of recurrence or persistence of leakage
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of Avastin and ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals (if evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a continued need for treatment with
Fralisa	the non-preferred product
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VESTRONIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Definitive diagnosis of Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly syndrome) syndrome confirmed by BOTH of the following: Beta-glucuronidase enzyme deficiency in peripheral blood leukocytes AND Detection of pathogenic mutations in the GUSB gene by molecular genetic testing Baseline value for one or more of the following: Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency 6-minute walk test Liver and/or spleen volume Pulmonary function tests
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 4 mg/kg infusion every 2 weeks Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require: Documentation of absence of unacceptable toxicity (ex. anaphylaxis or severe allergic reactions) AND Patient has responded to therapy compared to pretreatment baseline in one or more of the following: Improvement in Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency
Exclusion Criteria:	 Improvement in Bruining-Oseretsky rest of Wotor Proficiency Improvement in 6-minute walk test Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Stability or improvement in pulmonary function tests
Age Restriction:	Age 8 - 25 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber with experience in treating MPS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: SABRIL (vigabatrin), VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awaren on Infantile spasms Required Medical Information: Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age) 	ess)		
 Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awaren o Infantile spasms Required Medical Infantile Spasms	ess)		
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Required Medical Infantile Spasms			
•			
• Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)			
	Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)		
Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)		
Used as adjunctive therapy only			
Appropriate Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
Treatment • Documentation the patient has tried at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazep	ne,		
Regimen & Other phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine			
Criteria:			
Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in		
seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration			
Exclusion Criteria: • Use as a first line agent for Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
Age Restriction: Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age	,		
Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): great	, ,		
than 2 years of age			
Prescriber • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist			
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration: Infantile Spasms	Infantile Spasms		
 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified 			
• Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified			
Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum (PROS) 	
Required	Diagnosis of PIK3CA-Related Overgrowth Spectrum (PROS) with severe clinical	
Medical	manifestations of lesions as assessed by the treating provider (such as those associated	
Information:	with CLOVES, Megalencephaly-Capillary Malformation Polymicrogyria [MCAP], Klippel-	
	Trenaunay Syndrome [KTS], Facial Infiltrating Lipomatosis [FIL])	
	Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation	
	Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior	
	to request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s)	
Appropriate	Documentation that severe clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both	
Treatment	of the following:	
Regimen &	 Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider 	
Other Criteria:	Causing functional impairment	
	Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a	
	dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations	
	of disease	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following:	
	 Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from 	
	baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume confirmed by at least one	
	subsequent imaging assessment	
	 Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target 	
	lesion, progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion	
Exclusion	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS	
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	Must be 2 years of age or older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS	
Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: VISTOGARD

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	 Ensure use is within 96 hours of fluorouracil/capecitabine treatment Administer full course of 20 doses Not recommended for non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine because it may diminish the efficacy of these drugs 	
Criteria: Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist Approval: 7 days, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: tetrabenazine, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications		
	not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Chorea associated with Huntington's disease 		
	 Tardive dyskinesia 		
Required Medical	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease		
Information:	Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment		
	Tardive Dyskinesia		
	Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following:		
	 A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor- 		
	blocking agent exposure		
	 Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed 		
	either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks		
	of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation)		
	 Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded 		
	Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following:		
	 Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) 		
	 Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS) 		
Appropriate	Tardive Dyskinesia		
Treatment	Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent		
Regimen & Other	OR		
Criteria:	Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent		
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant		
	response to therapy		
	 Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from 		
	baseline		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or		
	suicidal ideation		
	Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine		
	Hepatic impairment		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist		
Care Restrictions:	, and a second s		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
1.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Luj	ous Nephritis (LN)		
1.	Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy-proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of IV or subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist, or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #10	No – Criteria not met



7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		
 Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy)	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Limitations		

• Lupkynis*

- o Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID)
- Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows:
 - eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8mg BID
 - Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8mg BID
 - Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8mg in morning and 7.9mg in afternoon.
- * Lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy.



VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g. Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.); AND Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene; AND Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment AND Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has previously been treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g. severe diabetic retinopathy)
Age Restriction:	12 months of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month - 1 injection per eye, per lifetime



POLICY NAME: VORICONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VFEND tablet; Voriconazole tablet; VFEND Intravenous; Voriconazole Intravenous

Γ		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded from benefit design.	
	Empiric treatment of presumed fungal infections in febrile neutropenic, high-risk	
	patients pending susceptibility cultures.	
	Continuation therapy for patients started/stabilized on intravenous (IV) or oral	
	voriconazole for a systemic infection.	
Required Medical	All indications:	
Information:	 Susceptibility cultures matching voriconazole activity 	
	 Exceptions made for empiric therapy as long as treatment is adjusted 	
	when susceptibility cultures are available	
	Esophageal candidiasis	
	 Trial of one other systemic agent (such as fluconazole, IV amphotericin B, 	
	itraconazole)	
	Tel destinazore)	
Appropriate Treatment		
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	Patients older than 2 years of age	
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 month, unless otherwise specified	
	pp	



POLICY NAME: VOSORITIDE

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)			
 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open epiphyses 			
 Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight 			
 Documentation of all the following: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr 			
 Reauthorization: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr 			
 Hypochondroplasia Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia Evidence of growth plate closure 			
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasias			
 Initial Authorization: 12 months Reauthorization: 12 months 			



POLICY NAME: VOXELOTOR

Affected Medications: Oxbryta (voxelotor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Oxbryta is indicated for the treatment of sickle cell disease (SCD) in adults and pediatric patients 4 years of age and older. 	
Required Medical Information:	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months (defined as acute painful crisis or acute chest syndrome for which there are no explanation other than vaso-occlusive crisis). Therapeutic failure of 6 month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea. Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) greater than or equal to 5.5 or less than or equal to 10.5 g/dL Current weight 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tablets for oral suspension, must be unable to swallow tablets Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by an increase in hemoglobin of more than 1 gm/dL from baseline or a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises.	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving regular red-cell transfusion therapy or have received a transfusion in the past 60 days Have been hospitalized for vaso-occlusive crisis within 14 days of request Combined use with anti-P selectin monoclonal antibody (crizanlizumab) 	
Age Restriction:	Patients aged 4 years and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Intial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: 12 months 	



XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinumtoxinA), DYSPORT (AbobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC (RimabotulinumtoxinB), JEUVEAU (prabotulinumtoxinA-xvfs), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing	
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection	
	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used	
Appropriate Treatment	Dysport	
Regimen & Other	Approved first-line for focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, orofacial dyskinesia,	
Criteria:	upper or lower limb spasticity	
	Xeomin	
	 For the uses of cervical dystonia and upper limb spasticity documented failure with Botox and Dysport is required 	
	• In the treatment of blepharospasm, documented failure with Botox is required Myobloc	
	For the treatment of cervical dystonia documented failure with Botox and Dysport is required	
	For the treatment of overactive bladder or urinary incontinence due to spinal cord injury, documented failure with Botox is required	
	Jeuveau	
	 Jeuveau is only indicated in the treatment of cosmetic conditions and is excluded from coverage 	
	Daxxify	
	Cervical Dystonia	
	 Documented failure with Botox, Xeomin and Dysport is required 	
	Other criteria	
	All indications not listed are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit	
	Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months (2 treatments for Myobloc in overactive bladder)	
	Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Cosmetic procedures (including glabellar lines) Headaches/Migraines 	
	Hemifacial spasm: no longer above the line on the prioritized list	



	 For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention Current aminoglycoside use (or current use of other agents interfering with neuromuscular transmission) Use in the treatment of sialorrhea 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older for Myobloc and Daxxify	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Blepharospasm: ophthalmologist or optometrist OAB or urinary incontinence due to neurologic condition: urologist or neurologist Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned 	
Coverage Duration:	Overactive Bladder:	
	Initial approval: 3 months	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	All other indications	
	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Giant Cell Tumor Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of Malignancy Multiple Myeloma National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 One of these diagnoses Giant Cell Tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity Bone Metastases from Solid Tumors Hypercalcemia of Malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple Myeloma Requires failure of Zoledronic Acid or Pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30mL/min
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant Cell Tumor of the Bone: Adolescents (at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature) weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: Age 18 years and older
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Dupuytren's Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (separate approval is required for each hand)



XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy
Required Medical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course required.
Information:	Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate	For recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patient has failed or has contraindication to 30-day attempt of lactulose therapy, with documentation of continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upward titration of lactulose.
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	For recurrent or persistent hepatic encephalopathy:
	• Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of two 550 mg tablets daily for treatment or 400 mg 3 times daily for the prevention of hepatic encephalopathy.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Hepatic encephalopathy: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



XURIDEN

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary orotic aciduria
	o Hereultary orotic aciduna
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by one of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as megaloblastic anemia, leukopenia, developmental delays, failure to thrive, and urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 120 mg/kg or 8 grams
Treatment	per day
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success based on one of the
	following:
	Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia
	Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Child-Pugh Class C Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZAFIRLUKAST

Affected Medications: Zafirlukast

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Admninistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis and chronic treatment of asthma in adults and children 5 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current diagnosis of asthma OR exercise induced bronchospasm AND Treatment failure with montelukast Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Readthonization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZILUCOPLAN**

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are antiacetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq. Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 Reauthorization requires: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as: ○ A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND ○ Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Aye Resulction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZORBTIVE

Affected Medications: ZORBTIVE (somatropin)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS) Documentation of SBS diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of receiving and attempting to wean specialized nutritional support (e.g., TPN, IPN, PPN, rehydration solutions, electrolyte replacement, high complex-carbohydrate, low-fat diet) in conjunction with one or more of the following conventional pharmacological measures: Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors Active malignancy (newly diagnosed or recurrent). Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, accidental trauma or acute respiratory failure. Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy.
Age Restriction:	 18 years or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist
Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Approval: 4 weeks with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ZYNTEGLO

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) aggregated indications not athematics and all
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require
	regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as:
Information:	 Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at
	least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy
	 Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the
	beta-globin gene (<i>HBB</i> gene)
	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy
	while awaiting manufacture)
	Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of
	mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before
	administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate	Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum
Treatment	number of cells (5x10 ⁶ CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
	Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating
	physician
	Uncorrected bleeding disorder
	Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	• White blood cell count less than 3x10 ⁹ /L and/or platelet count less than 100x10 ⁹ /L that
	is unrelated to hypersplenism
	Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or
	hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified
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