

2025 PacificSource Health Plans Prior Authorization Criteria

Last Modified: 12/22/2025 (All criteria reviewed at least once per year. Updates occur every 1 to 2 months.)



Contents

ACTIMMUNE	12
ADDYI & VYLEESI	14
ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT	15
ADZYNMA	16
AFAMELANOTIDE	17
AFINITOR	18
ALEMTUZUMAB	19
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA	20
ALOSETRON	21
ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS	22
AMIFAMPRIDINE	23
ANIFROLUMAB	24
ANTIEMETICS	25
ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS	28
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULINS	31
ANTITHROMBIN III	33
ANTI-AMYLOID MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY	34
APOMORPHINE	35
APROCITENTAN	36
ARIKAYCE	37
ASCIMINIB	38
ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL	40
AVACOPAN	41
AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT	43
AVATROMBOPAG	44
AXATILIMAB-CSFR	45
AZTREONAM	46
BCR-ABL TYROSINE KINASE INHIBITORS - SECOND GENERATION	47
BELIMUMAB	48
BELZUTIFAN	50
BENRALIZUMAB	51
BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT	53



BESREMI	54
BETAINE	56
BETIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	57
BEVACIZUMAB	58
BIRCH TRITERPENES	59
вотох	60
BUROSUMAB	63
CALCIFEDIOL	64
CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS	65
CANNABIDIOL	67
CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP	68
CAPSAICIN KIT	69
CARGLUMIC ACID	70
CERLIPONASE ALFA	72
CFTR MODULATORS	73
CHELATING AGENTS	74
CHENODIOL	77
CHOLBAM	78
CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE	80
CIALIS	82
CLADRIBINE	83
COAGADEX	84
COMPOUNDED MEDICATION	85
CONCIZUMAB	86
CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS	88
CORLANOR	89
COVERAGE OF SELECT HIGH INTENSITY STATINS AT TIER 0 COPAY	91
CRINECERFONT	92
CRIZANLIZUMAB	93
CROVALIMAB	94
CYSTARAN, CYSTADROPS	95
CYSTEAMINE	96
DANICOPAN	97



DEFIBROTIDE	98
DEFLAZACORT	99
DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL	100
DENOSUMAB	101
DIAZOXIDE CHOLINE	102
DIFELIKEFALIN	103
DOJOLVI	104
DONISLECEL	105
DORNASE ALFA	106
DROXIDOPA	107
DUOPA	108
DUPILUMAB	109
ECULIZUMAB	113
EDARAVONE	116
ELADOCAGENE EXUPARVOVEC-TNEQ	117
ELAGOLIX	118
ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	120
ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES	121
EMAPALUMAB	124
EMICIZUMAB	126
EMSAM	127
ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS	128
ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1	129
EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN	131
EPOPROSTENOL	133
ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION	134
ERGOT ALKALOIDS	135
ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)	136
ETA RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS	138
ETELCALCETIDE	139
ETRANACOGENE	140
EVKEEZA and JUXTAPID	141
EVOLOCUMAB	143



EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	145
FABRY DISEASE AGENTS	147
FECAL MICROBIOTA	148
FENFLURAMINE	149
FINERENONE	150
FLUCYTOSINE	152
FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT	153
FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement	154
FOSTAMATINIB	155
FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	156
FYARRO	157
GABA-A RECEPTOR MODULATORS	158
GANAXOLONE	160
GIVINOSTAT	161
GIVOSIRAN	162
GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE (GLP-1) RECEPTOR AGONIST	163
GONADOTROPIN	164
GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT	165
GROWTH HORMONES	166
HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS	169
HISTRELIN	172
HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA	173
NITISINONE	175
HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES	176
HYFTOR	177
HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS	178
IBREXAFUNGERP	179
ILARIS	180
ILOPROST	182
IMMUNE GLOBULIN	183
INCLISIRAN	190
INEBILIZUMAB-CDON	192
INFUSIONS FOR ADVANCED PARKINSON'S DISEASE	194



INHALED MANNITOL	196
INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	197
INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY	198
INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS	201
INTRON-A	202
ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE	203
LAROTRECTINIB	204
LAZERTINIB	205
LENACAPAVIR	206
LENIOLISIB	207
LETERMOVIR	208
LEUPROLIDE	209
LEVOKETOCONAZOLE	211
LIFILEUCEL	212
LONAFARNIB	213
LOTILANER	214
LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL	215
LUSPATERCEPT-AAMT	217
LUSUTROMBOPAG	219
MARIBAVIR	220
MARSTACIMAB	221
MAVACAMTEN	222
MAVORIXAFOR	223
MECASERMIN	224
MEDICAL NECESSITY	225
MEK INHIBITORS FOR NEUROFIBROMATOSIS TYPE 1 (NF1)	228
MEPOLIZUMAB	230
METHYLNALTREXONE	233
METRELEPTIN	234
MIACALCIN	235
MIGLUSTAT	237
MILTEFOSINE	239
MITAPIVAT	240



MOLLUSCUM CONTAGIOSUM AGENTS	241
MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT	242
MOTIXAFORTIDE	243
MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS	244
MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY RNA THERAPY	246
MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS	247
NAFARELIN	251
NALOXEGOL	252
NATALIZUMAB	253
NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO	255
NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS	256
NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE TYPE C (NPC) AGENTS	259
NIROGACESTAT	260
NON-Preferred HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES	261
NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES	263
NUEDEXTA	264
NULIBRY	265
NUPLAZID	267
NUSINERSEN	268
OCRELIZUMAB	269
OFEV	270
OLEZARSEN	272
OLIPUDASE ALFA	273
OMALIZUMAB	275
OMAVELOXOLONE	278
OMIDUBICEL	279
ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI	280
ONCOLOGY AGENTS	281
OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)	282
OPZELURA	284
ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL	285
ORENITRAM	286
ORGOVYX	288



OSILODROSTAT	289
OTESECONAZOLE	290
OXERVATE	291
OXYBATES	292
PALFORZIA	294
PALIVIZUMAB	296
PALOVAROTENE	298
PALYNZIQ	299
PARATHYROID HORMONE	300
PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS	301
PEDMARK	303
PEGASYS	304
PEGLOTICASE	306
PEMIVIBART	307
PENICILLAMINE	309
PHENOXYBENZAMINE	311
PHESGO	312
PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION	313
PIRFENIDONE	314
POMBILITI and OPFOLDA	315
POSACONAZOLE	317
POZELIMAB	318
PRADEMAGENE ZAMIKERACEL	319
PROSTAGLANDIN IMPLANTS	320
PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR	321
PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS	323
PYRIMETHAMINE	324
RAVICTI	325
RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ	326
RELYVRIO	329
REMESTEMCEL	330
REMODULIN	331
RESLIZUMAB	333



RESMETIROM	334
RETHYMIC	336
REVAKINAGENE TARORETCEL-LWEY	337
RIBOCICLIB	338
RILONACEPT	339
RILZABRUTINIB	341
RIOCIGUAT	342
RISDIPLAM	344
RITUXIMAB	345
RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1	349
ROMIPLOSTIM	350
ROMOSOZUMAB	352
RUFINAMIDE	353
RYPLAZIM	354
SACROSIDASE	355
SAPROPTERIN	356
SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE	357
SEBELIPASE ALFA	359
SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)	360
SEROSTIM	361
SIGNIFOR	362
SIGNIFOR LAR	363
SILTUXIMAB	365
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE	366
SOLRIAMFETOL	367
SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS	368
SOMAVERT	370
SOTATERCEPT-CSRK	371
SPESOLIMAB	373
SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS	374
SPRAVATO	376
STIRIPENTOL	378
STRENSIQ	379



SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN	381
SUTIMLIMAB	384
TTR STABILIZERS	385
TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS	387
TARGETED IMMUNE MODULATORS	388
TARPEYO	408
TASIMELTEON	409
TEDIZOLID	411
TEDUGLUTIDE	413
TENAPANOR	414
TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE	415
TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV	416
TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW	418
TESTOSTERONE	419
TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO	421
THALIDOMIDE	422
TIRZEPATIDE	424
TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION	425
TOFERSEN	426
TOLVAPTAN	427
TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome).	429
TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS	430
TRALOKINUMAB	432
TRASTUZUMAB	434
TRIENTINE	435
TRIPTORELIN	436
TROFINETIDE	437
TROGARZO	438
TUCATINIB	439
TYVASO	440
UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY	442
UPNEEQ	443
VAGINAL PROGESTERONE	444



VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX	445
VAMOROLONE	446
VARIZIG	447
VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV	448
VERTEPORFIN	449
VIGABATRIN	450
VIJOICE	451
VISTOGARD	453
VMAT2 INHIBITORS	454
VOCLOSPORIN	455
VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC	457
VOSORITIDE	458
XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY	459
XGEVA	461
XIAFLEX	462
XIFAXAN	463
XURIDEN	466
YONSA	467
ZANIDATAMAB	468
ZILUCOPLAN	469
ZOPAPOGENE IMADENOVEC-DRBA	470
ZUSDURI	471



POLICY NAME: **ACTIMMUNE**

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (interferon gamma 1b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed dose. Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with prescribed dose
	 Chronic granulomatous disease Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with CGD
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following: Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	 OR Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with SMO
	 Oncology indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Treatment Regimen & Other	Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial agent and an antifungal agent
Criteria:	 All indications Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Care Restrictions:	SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO:
-	



Oncology indications: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADDYI & VYLEESI

Affected Medications: ADDYI (flibanserin), VYLEESI (bremelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Premenopausal women with acquired, generalized hypoactive sexual desire
	disorder (HSDD),* as characterized by low sexual desire that causes marked
	distress or interpersonal difficulty that is NOT due to any of the following:
	 A coexisting medical or psychiatric condition
	 Problems within a relationship
	 The effects of a medication or other drug substance
	*Also known as female sexual interest/arousal disorder
Required Medical	Documented mental health diagnosis of acquired, generalized HSDD meeting the
Information:	Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5) criteria for
	female sexual interest/arousal disorder:
	 Lack of, or significant reduction in, at least 3 of the following:
	interest in sexual activity
	sexual thoughts or fantasies
	 initiation of sexual activity and responsiveness to a partner's initiation
	 excitement or pleasure during all or almost all sexual activity
	interest or arousal in response to any sexual cues (e.g., written, verbal,
	visual)
	 genital or non-genital sensations during sexual activity in all or almost all sexual encounters
	 Symptoms have persisted for a minimum duration of 6 months
	Symptoms cause clinically significant distress
	 Sexual dysfunction is not attributable to any of the following:
	 A nonsexual medical or psychiatric condition
	 Severe relationship distress (e.g., partner violence)
	■ The effects of medication or other substance use
	 Other clinically significant and relevant stressors
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and confirmation that patient
Treatment	is still premenopausal
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of males or postmenopausal females
	Intended use is to enhance sexual performance
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Cororago Daradon.	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 Teauthorization. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (AL SCID) in pediatric and adult patients			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the ADA gene Laboratory findings show at least ONE of the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced authorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability for improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections			
Exclusion Criteria:	Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **ADZYNMA**

Affected Medications: ADZYNMA (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP) 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:			
Information:	 Molecular genetic testing confirming presence of homozygous or compound 			
	heterozygous variants in the ADAMTS13 gene			
	 ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity 			
	For on-demand treatment: documentation of current or past acute event with the			
	following:			
	Reduction in platelet count by 50% or greater OR platelet count less than			
	100,000/microliter			
	 Elevation in lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) level to more than 2x baseline or the upper limit of normal (ULN) 			
	For prophylactic use:			
	Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as thrombocytopenic event or a migrophysic homelytic enemia event).			
Appropriate	thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)			
Treatment	Dosing: Prophylactic: 40 II I/kg anco every other week			
Regimen & Other	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing 			
Criteria:	regimen or clinical response			
311001101	 On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day 			
	3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved			
	Reauthorization:			
	 For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms 			
	• For on-demand use: documentation of treatment success, defined as an increase in			
	platelet counts to at least 150,000/microliter, or counts returned to within 25% of baseline			
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care			
Care Restrictions:	specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases			
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **AFAMELANOTIDE**

Affected Medications: SCENESSE (afamelanotide injection)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototo 			
	reactions			
Required Medical	Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP)			
Information:	Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the			
	ferrochelatase (FECH) gene			
	Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free			
	protoporphyrin			
	Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant			
	impact on activities of daily living			
	impact on activities of daily living			
Appropriate	Reauthorization:			
Treatment	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,			
Regimen & Other	decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun			
Criteria:	exposure, increased quality of life, etc.)			
Ciliteria.				
	AND			
	Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to			
	prevent phototoxic reactions			
Exclusion Criteria:	Competing indications, qual- or vitiling			
Exclusion Criteria.	Cosmetic indications, such as vitiligo			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	, ,			



AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR, AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), EVEROLIMUS SOLUBLE TABLET

Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Oncology Indications 			
Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen 			
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)			
	Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens and meeting following criteria:			
	 Documentation of treatment failure with Epidiolex (cannabidiol solution) adjunct therapy 			
	 Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures OR 			
	Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or TSC- associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy			
Exclusion	Oncology Indications			
Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3 			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist TSC Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: **ALEMTUZUMAB**

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 			
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ONE of the following:			
Age Restriction:	 Active infection Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis 			
, igo riocurous				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified 			



ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	o Pompe Disease			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency			
Information:	of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene.			
	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen			
Appropriate	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to:			
Treatment	 Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, 			
Regimen & Other	normal or increased muscle bulk)			
Criteria:	 Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (such as tachypnea) 			
	 Profound diffuse hypotonia 			
	 Proximal muscle weakness 			
	 Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position 			
	Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the			
	event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure			
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Nexviazyme or Pombiliti and Opfolda			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist,			
Care Restrictions:	biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease			
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **ALOSETRON**

Affected Medications: ALOSETRON

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	 Women with severe diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) 				
Required Medical	Female gender				
Information:	Chronic IBS symptoms lasting at least 6 months				
	Diarrhea AND one or more of the following are present:				
	 Frequent and severe abdominal pain/discomfort 				
	 Frequent bowel urgency or fecal incontinence 				
	 Disability or restriction of daily activities due to IBS 				
	Other anatomical or biochemical abnormalities of the gastrointestinal tract have been				
	excluded as a cause of symptoms				
Appropriate Treatment	Documented inadequate response to all the following:				
Regimen & Other	o Loperamide				
Criteria:	o Dicyclomine				
	Hyoscyamine				
	Amitriptyline or nortriptyline				
	5 Tananapiyano				
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant				
	response to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	History of chronic or severe constipation or sequelae from constipation, intestinal				
	obstruction, stricture, toxic megacolon, gastrointestinal perforation, and/or adhesions,				
	ischemic colitis, impaired intestinal circulation, thrombophlebitis, or hypercoagulable				
	state, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, diverticulitis, or severe hepatic impairment				
	Concomitant use of fluvoxamine				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older				
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist				
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care				
1.00th lottons.	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care				
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified				
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				
L					



ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.		
	 Chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with clinically evident 		
	emphysema due to severe congenital alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency		
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of severe congenital AAT deficiency, confirmed by BOTH of the		
Information:	following (a and b):		
	 a. Baseline AAT serum concentration of less than or equal to 11 mmol/L (equivalent to 57 mg/dL or less via nephelometry, 80 mg/dL or less via radial immunodiffusion) 		
	b. One of the following high-risk phenotypic variants: PiZZ, PiSZ, Pi(null)(null), or other rare allelic mutation		
	 Documentation of clinically evident emphysema or chronic pulmonary obstructive disease (COPD), confirmed by ONE of the following (a or b): 		
	 Evidence of severe airflow obstruction, defined as forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 30-65% predicted 		
	b. Evidence of mild-moderate airflow obstruction, defined as an FEV1 between 66-80% of predicted, but has demonstrated a rapid decline by at least 100 mL/year		
Appropriate Treatment			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy 		
	Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly		
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been established		
	 Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies Prior liver transplant 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist		
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: **AMIFAMPRIDINE**

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following: Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz) Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS):			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Seizure disorder Active brain metastases Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes 			
Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)			
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of SLE with moderate to severe disease (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OF chloroquine with one of the following:			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies Use in severe active central nervous system lupus 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: AKYNZEO CAPSULES (netupitant-palonosetron), AKYNZEO INJECTION (fosnetupitant-palonosetron), VARUBI (rolapitant)

Covered Uses: All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of emetogenic cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy Varubi (rolapitant) Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy. **Akynzeo injection** (fosnetupitant-palonosetron) Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy Akynzeo capsules (netupitant-palonosetron) **Required Medical Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis** Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen Information: Varubi o Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo injection Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo capsule Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen **Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy** Any regimen that Cyclophosphamide Sacituzumab Fam-trastuzumab contains an deruxtecan-nxki govitecan-hziy anthracycline and cyclophosphamide Carboplatin Dacarbazine Ifosfamide Streptozocin Carmustine **FOLFOX** Doxorubicin Mechlorethamine Cisplatin **Epirubicin** Melphalan May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients Dactinomycin Idarubicin Methotrexate (250 Trabectedin mg/m² or greater)

Irinotecan

Oxaliplatin

Daunorubicin



		Moderately Emetoge	enic Chemotherapy	
	Aldesleukin	Cytarabine	Idarubicin	Mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx
	Amifostine	Dactinomycin	Irinotecan	Naxitamab-gqgk
	Bendamustine	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan (liposomal)	Oxaliplatin
	Busulfan	Dinutuximab	Lurbinectedin	Romidepsin
	Clofarabine	Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of cytarabine and daunorubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m² or greater)	Temozolomide
Appropriate	Trabectedin	used Neuros and Vemitin	Dranhulavia	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Chemotherapy induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis Varubi: Documented treatment failure with a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, granisetron) in combination with dexamethasone while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo injection and capsule Documented treatment failure with both of the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen:			
		per 14 days on and capsule: 1 dose per quires documentation of tre	•	itial criteria to be met
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of acute or breakthrough nausea and vomiting Used in anthracycline or cyclophosphamide-based chemotherapy (Akynzeo injection			
Age Restriction:	only) • 18 years of age	and older		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, Alphanate/VWF Complex/Human, Alphanine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoseven RT, NovoEight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL), and rationale for use Current weight Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in the past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed
 Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories: Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B Mild: factor levels greater than 5% and less than 30% Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5%
 Severe: factor levels of less than 1% Von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand
factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity Documentation of one of the following indications: Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with: Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B Severe VWD Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding Perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or severe VWD For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis: documentation of severe Type
3 VWD
 Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency) Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities
 For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (desmopressin) Eloctate and Nuwiq require documented inadequate response, or documented intolerable adverse event, with all preferred products (Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Jivi, Adynovate) Helixate FS requires documented treatment failure with Kogenate FS due to an intolerable adverse event and the prescriber has a compelling medical rationale for not



	Altuviiio requires documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency) For Benefix, Idelvion, and Rebinyn: documentation treatment failure or contraindication to Rixubis For Alprelix: desumentation of contraindication to Divubis for periodication and periodication to Divubis for periodication and Divubis for periodica
	For Alprolix : documentation of contraindication to Rixubis for perioperative management
	von Willebrand disease (VWD)
	For Vonvendi: O Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Humate P AND Alphanate for perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding O Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Wilate for routine prophylaxis
	 All Indications Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels Coverage for a non-preferred product requires documentation of one of the following: Documented intolerable adverse event to all preferred products, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism, or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency Jivi and Adynovate for VWD Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD
Age Restriction:	 Subject to review of FDA label for each product Jivi: 7 years of age and older Adynovate: 12 years of age and older Vonvendi: 18 years of age and older Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist Members who are on a State Based Drug List are required to utilize pharmacy benefits only All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULINS

Affected Medications: ATGAM (antithymocyte globulin – equine), THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin – rabbit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients (Atgam, Thymoglobulin) Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone
	marrow transplantation (Atgam) o Prophylaxis of acute rejection in renal transplant recipients (Thymoglobulin) National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
	 Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (Thymoglobulin) Prophylaxis and treatment of acute rejection in: Heart transplant recipients Liver transplant recipients Lung transplant recipients Pancreas transplant recipients
	 Intestinal transplant recipients Prophylaxis of acute rejection in multivisceral transplant recipients Prophylaxis of graft-versus-host disease in unrelated donor hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients
Required Medical Information:	 Oncology uses Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	 All Indications Documentation of a complete treatment plan with planned dose, frequency and duration of therapy Current patient weight Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection • Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors: Donor risk factors: Donor cold ischemia for more than 24 hours Donor age older than 50 years old Donor without a heartbeat Donor with ATN
	 Donor requiring high-dose inotropic support Recipient risk factors: Repeated transplantation

Panel-reactive antibody value exceeding 20% before transplant



	o Black race		
	 One or more HLA antigen mismatches with the donor 		
Appropriate	Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to the use		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	of basiliximab		
	Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients		
	 Requests for Atgam require documented treatment failure or rationale for avoidance of Thymoglobulin 		
Exclusion	Oncology uses: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score		
Criteria:	3 or greater		
	Active acute or chronic infections which contraindicate additional immunosuppression		
	 Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation (Atgam) 		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology, nephrology		
Care Restrictions:	or transplant medicine as appropriate for diagnosis		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN III

Affected Medications: ANTITHROMBIN III (THROMBATE III)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
007616U 0363.	plan design.
	o Indicated in patients with hereditary antithrombin deficiency (hATd) for:
	 Prevention of perioperative and peripartum thromboembolism
	 Prevention and treatment of thromboembolism
Required	All Indications
Medical	Documented diagnosis of hATd, confirmed by antithrombin (AT) activity levels below
Information:	70% on functional assay (not taken during acute illness, surgery, or thromboembolic
	event that could give falsely low antithrombin levels)
Appropriate	Prevention of Perioperative Thromboembolism
Treatment	Approved first-line for perioperative thromboprophylaxis in combination with heparin, with
Regimen & Other Criteria:	or without intent to use as bridge to warfarin therapy
	Prevention of Peripartum Thromboembolism
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Personal or family history of thrombosis
	 Insufficient response to heparin AND intolerance to direct oral anticoagulants
	(DOACs)
	(20,100)
	Prevention of Thromboembolism
	Documentation of inadequate clinical response, intolerance, or contraindication to BOTH
	of the following:
	o Warfarin
	At least one DOAC
	O At least title DOAC
	Treatment of Thromboembolism
	Approved first-line for treatment of thromboembolism as adjunct to anticoagulant
	therapy, unless coagulation is temporarily contraindicated
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, geneticist, or obstetrician
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Perioperative/peripartum prevention; thromboembolism treatment: 1 month, unless
Duration:	otherwise specified
	·
	Thromboembolism prevention: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ANTI-AMYLOID MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab), LEQEMBI-IQLIK (lecanemab-irmb), KISUNLA (donanemab-azbt)

Covered Uses:	Leqembi (lecanemab), Leqembi-Iqlik (lecanemab-irmb), and Kisunla (donanemab-azbt) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: **APOMORPHINE**

Affected Medications: APOKYN, APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Established on a stable dose of carbidopa-levodopa with intent to continue Documented treatment failure with concurrent use of levodopa-carbidopa and a second agent from one of the following classes:
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APROCITENTAN

Affected Medications: TRYVIO (aprocitentan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of hypertension in combination with other antihypertensive drugs
Required Medical	Diagnosis of resistant hypertension
Information:	Blood pressure remains above target goal (as determined by treating provider) despite adherence to antihypertensive therapies
	Documentation of intent to use as an adjunct to current antihypertensive therapies
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with concurrent use of at least four antihypertensive drugs (from different drug classes) at maximum tolerated doses, for a minimum of 12 weeks:
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and continued use of at least three background blood pressure therapies
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy
	Concurrent use with an endothelin receptor antagonist (e.g. ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit, Filspari)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, nephrologist, or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of Mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) lung disease as part of a
	combination antibacterial drug regimen in adults who have limited or no
	alternative treatment options, and who do not achieve negative sputum cultures
	after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen
	therapy
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MAC lung disease confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Information:	 A MAC-positive sputum culture obtained within the last 3 months
	 Evidence of underlying nodular bronchiectasis and/or fibrocavity disease on a
	chest radiograph or chest computed tomography
	The MAC isolate is susceptible to amikacin with a minimum inhibitory concentration
	(MIC) of less than or equal to 64 μg/mL
	Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6
	consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease
	such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
	Such as ciantificinyon (or azianomyon), mampin and cinambutor
Appropriate	Documentation of BOTH of the following:
Treatment	This drug has been prescribed as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen
Regimen & Other	This drug will be used with the Lamira® Nebulizer System
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last
	30 days.
	The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA)
	guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative
	cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first reauthorization (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for
	continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be
	approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	applicate and sasject to anneation of the most cook emotive one of our
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	, 1



POLICY NAME: **ASCIMINIB**

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX (asciminib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome positive (Ph+) or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase (May be appropriate in some cases of advanced phase CML- Check NCCN guidelines) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase (CP) meeting one of the following: Low Risk Score Documented treatment failure with imatinib (if used as initial tyrosine kinase inhibitor [TKI]) AND one or more additional tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation status for drug specific contraindications)	
	Intermediate or high-risk score • Documented treatment failure with a second-generation tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI), bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR:ABL1 kinase domain mutation status for drug specific contraindications) Drug	
	None OR Documented T315I positive mutation AND Documented treatment failure with ponatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Presence of either A337T, P465S, M244V, or F359V/I/C BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation 	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
-----------------------	---	--



ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LENMELDY (atidarsagene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by The design
	plan design
	 Treatment of children with pre-symptomatic late-infantile (PSLI), pre-
	symptomatic early-juvenile (PSEJ), or early symptomatic early-juvenile (ESEJ)
	metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) confirmed by the following:
Information:	 Arylsulfatase (ARSA) activity below the normal range in peripheral blood
	mononuclear cells or fibroblasts
	 Presence of two disease-causing mutations of either known or novel alleles
	 Presence of sulfatides in a 24-hour urine collection (to exclude MLD carriers and
	patients with ARSA pseudodeficiency)
	AND
	Diagnosis of the late-infantile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the
	following:
	 Age at onset of symptoms in the older sibling(s) less than or equal to 30 months
	T
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
	OR
	Diagnosis of the early-juvenile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the
	following:
	 Age at onset of symptoms (in the patient or in the older sibling) between 30
	months and 6 years (has not celebrated their seventh birthday)
	 One null (0) and one residual (R) mutant ARSA allele(s)
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in the previous six months
	Previous gene therapy
	Documented HIV infection
	Documented history of a hereditary cancer
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or hematologist/oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	All approvais are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (for one time infusion), no reauthorization, unless otherwise
	specified
	-r
	



POLICY NAME: **AVACOPAN**

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg capsule

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in
	combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following: Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis, and concern for rapidly progressive disease Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis, central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia) Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
	Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate	Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids
Treatment	Will be used during induction therapy only
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios: In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses
	 In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m2
	 In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide- containing regimens (unless contraindicated)
	 During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen)
	Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors)
	Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA)
	 Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B, untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis Active, serious infections, including localized infections
	History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established



	History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Plan design		
Information: of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. • Patient weight and planned treatment regimen. o Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution o Delayed gross-motor development in childhood o Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) o Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) o Low/absent reflexes • Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. • Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. • Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy. Exclusion Criteria: • Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease • Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombilitiand Opfolda Age Restriction: • Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyments of symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease • Care Restrictions: of acid α-glucosidas (GAA) enzyments of symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease • Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombilitiand Opfolda of 1 year of age and older of Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	Covered Uses:	plan design
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: O Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution O Delayed gross-motor development in childhood O Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) O Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) O Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy. Exclusion Criteria: Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombilitiand Opfolda Age Restriction: Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	Information:	 of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
 Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombilition and Opfolda Age Restriction: 1 year of age and older Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Brescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease. All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	Treatment Regimen & Other	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombiliti
Care Restrictions: biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Coverage Duration: • Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
	Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag), DOPTELET Sprinkle (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in patients at least 1 year of age with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure
Medical	Documentation of planned procedure including date
Information:	Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
A	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic (ITP):
Regimen &	 Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
Other Criteria:	ONE of the following:
other oritoria.	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	 Splenectomy
	 Eltrombopag olamine
	Reauthorization (chronic ITP only)
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter)
	OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase
Criteria:	inhibitor, or similar treatments (Eltrombopag olamine, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age	Doptelet tablets: 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	Doptelet sprinkle: 1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure:
Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (for a one time 5-day regimen), unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP:
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **AXATILIMAB-CSFR**

Affected Medications: NIKTIMVO (axatilimab-csfr)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Chronic graft-versus-host disease (cGVHD)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Diagnosis of cGVHD following hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT)
Information:	Documentation of refractory or recurrent active cGVHD
	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with one from each category at maximally indicated doses:
Treatment	 Prednisone or methylprednisolone
Regimen & Other	o Jakafi (ruxolitinib)
Criteria:	o Imbruvica (ibrutinib) or Rezurock (belumosudil)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 0.3 mg/kg (maximum of 35 mg) every 2 weeks Concurrent use with Jakafi, Imbruvica, or Rezurock Patient weight of less than 40 kg Platelet count of less than 50 x 10⁹/L Absolute neutrophil count of less than 1 × 10⁹/L ALT and AST greater than 2.5 times the upper limit of normal Total bilirubin greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal Creatinine clearance less than 30 mL/minute
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **AZTREONAM**

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis
Information:	Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs
	Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate	Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin.
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and confirmed need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BCR-ABL TYROSINE KINASE INHIBITORS - SECOND GENERATION

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib capsules), DANZITEN (nilotinib tablets), DASATINIB, BOSULIF (bosutinib)

Pescriber/Site of Coverage Duration: NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status For patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score: Documented clinical failure with imatinib Noulif. Danziten Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Prescriber/Site of Care Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status For patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score: Documented clinical failure with imatinib Bosulif, Danziten Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Covered Uses:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Information: regimen Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status For patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score: Documented clinical failure with imatinib Bosulif, Danziten Criteria: Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status Por patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score:	•	
For patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score:	information:	regimen
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Bosulif, Danziten Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Overage Duration: Ocoverage Duration: Documented clinical failure with imatinib Bosulif, Danziten • Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Regimen & Other Criteria: - Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) - Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) - Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater - Age Restriction: - Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: - Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. - All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care - Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Appropriate	• For patients with chronic phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML) and low-risk score:
Criteria: Bosulif, Danziten Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Treatment	Documented clinical failure with imatinib
Criteria: Bosulif, Danziten Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Regimen & Other	
 Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage Duration: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified 	•	Bosulif, Danziten
adverse event with both dasatinib and nilotinib (Tasigna) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage Duration: • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Officia.	Coverage for Bosulif and Danziten requires documented treatment failure or intolerable
Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		·
applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: Applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		daverse event with both dasating and finding (rasigna)
applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: Applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		Deputherization requires decumentation of disease responsiveness to the rany (ex
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist. • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage Duration: • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Care Restrictions: • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage Duration: • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Age Restriction:	
Coverage Duration: • Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist.
•	Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
		Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BELIMUMAB**

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (belimumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) Lupus Nephritis (LN)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current weight (intravenous requests only) Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Documentation of active SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody Baseline measurement of ONE or more of the following: SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4), SLE Activity Index (SLEDAI) variant, or other validated scale Frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
	 Lupus Nephritis: Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: urine protein-creatinine ratio (uPCR), urine protein, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), or frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	All uses: ■ Use of intravenous formulation requires: □ Documented inability to use subcutaneous formulation OR □ Currently receiving treatment with the intravenous formulation, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs ■ Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced (intravenous requests only)
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following: Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following: Clinically significant improvement in SRI-4, SLEDAI variant, or other validated scale for measurement of disease Decrease in frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:



	 No dialysis in the past 12 months AND estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) equal to or above 30 mL/min/1.73m² Failure of at least 12 weeks of mycophenolate mofetil AND cyclophosphamide
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following:
	Improvement in eGFR
	Reduction in urinary protein-creatinine ratio or urine protein
	Decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with other biologic therapies for LN or SLE
	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BELZUTIFAN**

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	Diagnosis documented by the following: Dethogonic VIII grappling routeties diagnostic for VIII diagnose AND at least one.
	 Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least one of the following:
	 Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated tumor growth (growth of 5 mm or more per year)
	 Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery
	 Presence of pancreatic solid lesion or pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor (pNET) with rapid tumor growth
	Treatment-refractory advanced or metastatic clear cell renal carcinoma
	Advanced disease after use of the following treatments (per NCCN guidelines):
	 A programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1)
	AND
	 A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI)
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Metastatic pNET disease
	 Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BENRALIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: FASENRA (benralizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and
	older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL OR dependent on daily oral corticosteroids
	AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	EGPA (FORA METALLIC AND ADMINISTRATION OF A PARTICIPATION OF A PARTICI
	Documented diagnosis of EGPA confirmed by: The confirmed by: The confirmed b
	 Eosinophilia at baseline (blood eosinophil level over 10% or absolute count over 1,000 cells/mcL)
	 At least TWO of the following:
	Asthma
	 Histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular eosinophilic infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation Peripheral neuropathy (not due to radiculopathy)
	 Pulmonary infiltrates
	 Sinonasal abnormality/obstruction
	 Cardiomyopathy (confirmed on imaging)
	Glomerulonephritis
	Alveolar hemorrhage
	Palpable purpura Antinoutron bil outen learning antibody (ANCA) manifixa (anti-MBO ANCA an
	 Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) positive (anti-MPO-ANCA or anti-PR3-ANCA)
	Documentation that manifestations of EGPA are active and nonsevere
	(respiratory/sinonasal disease, uncomplicated skin manifestations, arthralgias, mild
	systemic symptoms, etc.)
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	o Refractory disease, defined as inability to achieve remission within the prior 6
	months, following induction treatment with a standard regimen
	 Relapsing disease, defined as needing an increased glucocorticoid dose, initiation/increased dose of immunosuppressant, or hospitalization while on oral glucocorticoid therapy



Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Exclusion Criteria:	 response to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older EGPA: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Eosinophilic asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist EGPA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as a rheumatologist, nephrologist, pulmonologist, or immunologist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covereu Oses.	, , , , ,
	plan design
	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez
Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6 mL useable dose)
	Maximum of 12-week course per wound
	Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment
	Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of epidermolysis bullosa
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



BESREMI

Affected Medications: BESREMI (ropeginterferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Polycythemia vera Essential thrombocythemia NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required	Polycythemia vera
Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of polycythemia vera confirmed by all major criteria (1-3) OR the first 2 major criteria (1-2) plus the minor criterion: Major criteria: (1). Elevated hemoglobin concentration (greater than 16 g/dL), elevated hematocrit (greater than 48 percent), or increased red blood cell mass (greater than 25% above mean normal predicted value) (2). Presence of JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation (3). Bone marrow biopsy showing age-adjusted hypercellularity with trilineage proliferation (panmyelosis), including prominent erythroid, granulocytic, and increase in pleomorphic, mature megakaryocytes without atypia. May not be required in patients with sustained absolute erythrocytosis (hemoglobin over 18.5 g/dL and hematocrit over 55.5 percent in men; hemoglobin over 16.5 g/dL and hematocrit over 49.5 percent in women) with presence of a
	JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation. o Minor criterion: Subnormal serum erythropoietin level. Essential Thrombocythemia
	 Diagnosis of essential thrombocythemia, confirmed by all major criteria (1-4) OR the first 3 major criteria (1-3) plus the minor criterion: Major criteria: (1). Platelet count greater than or equal to 450,000 cells/mcL. (2). Bone marrow biopsy showing proliferation mainly of the megakaryocytic lineage, with hyperlobulated staghorn-like nuclei, infrequently dense clusters; no significant increase or left shift in neutrophil granulopoiesis or erythropoiesis; no relevant bone marrow fibrosis. (3). Diagnostic criteria for BCR::ABL1-positive chronic myeloid leukemia, polycythemia vera, primary myelofibrosis, or other neoplasms are not met. (4). Presence of JAK2, CALR, or MPL mutation. Minor criterion: Presence of another clonal marker (e.g., ASXL1, EZH2, TET2, IDH1/IDH2, SRSF2, or SRF3B1 mutation) OR no identifiable cause for thrombocytosis (such as iron deficiency, chronic infection, chronic inflammatory disease, prior splenectomy).



	Oncology Indications
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	Polycythemia Vera Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to hydroxyurea
Other Criteria:	Essential Thrombocythemia
	Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to both of the following:
	hydroxyurea and peginterferon alfa-2a (Pegasys)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria:	
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETAINE

Affected Medications: CYSTADANE (betaine), BETAINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homocystinuria
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented trial and failure of ONE of the following forms of supplementation:
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as: Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the beta-globin gene (HBB gene) Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy while awaiting manufacture) Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and be able to provide a minimum number of cells (5,000,000 CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior HSCT or other gene therapy Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating physician Uncorrected bleeding disorder Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) White blood cell count less than 3x109/L and/or platelet count less than 100x109/L that is unrelated to hypersplenism Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	4 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BEVACIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: AVASTIN, MVASI, ZIRABEV, ALYMSYS, VEGZELMA, JOBEVNE

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders: Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer
Treatment	following initial surgical resection
Regimen & Other	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
Criteria:	
	All Indications
	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma, Jobevne) requires described for a figure of the following:
	documentation of one of the following:
	Use for an ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)
	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Oncologic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	Ophthalmic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	



BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of an induced blister with
Information:	immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the following genes: COL7A1,
	COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2
	Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
	Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support.
Regimen & Other	Dosing does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	 Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	o Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of epidermolysis bullosa
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



BOTOX

Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinum toxin A)

	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spasticity
	o Chronic migraine
	 Overactive bladder (OAB) with symptoms of urge urinary incontinence, urgency,
	and frequency
	Normania I de la companya (NIDO)
	Focal dystonia Continue dystonia
	Cervical dystonia
	Blepharospasm
	Laryngeal dystonia
	 Oromandibular dystonia
	 Severe brachial dystonia (writer's cramp)
	o Strabismus
	 Primary axillary hyperhidrosis
	o Achalasia
	 Anal fissure
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection
	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Annropriato Troatmont	Ear use in Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved as compandia supported
•	
Criteria:	· · ·
	toxin is the preferred mode of therapy
	Oversetive bladder (OAR)/Neurogenie detruger everetivity (NDO)
	moontinende antionomiergie agents (e.g., oxybatyriin, somenaom, toterounie)
	Chronic migraine
	Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per
	month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine
	Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of a migraine preventative
	therapy, as follows:
	therapy, as follows: o Candesartan 16 mg daily
	therapy, as follows: Candesartan 16 mg daily Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily,
	therapy, as follows: Candesartan 16 mg daily Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, topiramate 50 mg daily)
	therapy, as follows: Candesartan 16 mg daily Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily,
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For use in Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design that are not listed below, failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, orofacial dyskinesia, upper/lower limb spasticity, or other conditions of focal spasticity wherein botulinum toxin is the preferred mode of therapy Overactive bladder (OAB)/Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO) Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to at least two urinary incontinence anticholinergic agents (e.g., oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine) Chronic migraine Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine



	75 may deily, dulayating CO may deily)
	75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily)
	Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis
	Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH) level AND inadequate response to two or more alternative therapies (topical aluminum chloride 20%, iontophoresis, oral glycopyrrolate, oral oxybutynin)
	Achalasia (Cardiospasm) - must meet 1 of the following Type I or II achalasia: Treatment failure with peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM), laparoscopic Heller myotomy (LHM), and pneumatic dilation (PD) Type III achalasia: Treatment failure with tailored POEM and LHM Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications
	Anal fissure ■ Documented failure or intolerance to an 8-week trial of each of the following: □ Rectiv ointment □ Topical diltiazem or topical nifedipine
	 Number of treatments must not exceed the following: OAB/NDO: 4 treatments per 12 months Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months Primary axillary hyperhidrosis: 2 treatments per 12 months Anal fissure: 2 treatments per 12 months All other indications maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Exclusion Criteria:	response to therapy Cosmetic procedures Temporomandibular joint disorder For intradetrusor injections: current urinary tract infection; urinary retention or post-void residual urine volume over 200 mL if not routinely performing intermittent self-catheterization
	 Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Combined use of any of the previously mentioned products without overuse of
Ago Postriction:	 any one agent if no causative pattern can be established Combined use with an anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or an oral CGRP antagonist when used for migraine prevention
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist for the following:
Restrictions:	 Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist, optometrist, or neurologist
	 Chronic migraine: neurologist or headache specialist
	 OAB/NDO: urologist or neurologist
	 Anal fissure: gastroenterologist or colorectal surgeon
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Chronic migraine:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	OAB/NDO:
	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Anal Fissure:
	Authorization: 3 months (one treatment), unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BUROSUMAB**

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH)
	 FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO)
	associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors
	,
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Documentation of diagnosis by:
	 A blood test demonstrating ALL of the following (in relation to laboratory
	reference ranges):
	Low phosphate
	Elevated FGF23
	■ Low 1,25-(OH)2D
	 Normal calcium or parathyroid hormone (PTH)
	 A urine test demonstrating decreased tubular reabsorption of phosphate
	corrected for glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GFR)
	 Evidence of skeletal abnormalities, confirmed by radiographic evaluation
	Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia
	Documentation that tumor cannot be located or is unresectable
	Alternative renal phosphate-wasting disorders have been ruled out
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 months of oral phosphate and
Regimen & Other	calcitriol supplementation in combination, unless contraindicated or not tolerated
Criteria:	
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires:
	Documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels
	If established on therapy for 12 months or more, improvement in radiographic imaging of If established on therapy for 12 months or more, improvement in radiographic imaging of
Exclusion Criteria:	skeletal abnormalities
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or a provider
Restrictions:	experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease
Nostrictions.	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	The application and daugest to danization of the most cost emostro site of our
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol extended-release)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is at least 2.3 times above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all of the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
Exclusion Criteria:	A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease, or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS**Affected Medications: EMGALITY (galcanezumab), VYEPTI (eptinezumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Preventative treatment of migraine in adults Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality only)
Required Medical Information:	 Chronic migraine prevention: Diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline
	 Episodic migraine prevention: Diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 4 migraines per month at baseline
	 Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only): History of episodic cluster headache with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month
	Headaches are not due to medication overuse: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to: Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established
Appropriate	Chronic or Episodic migraine:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of ONE oral
Regimen & Other	migraine preventive therapy as follows:
Criteria:	o Candesartan 16 mg daily
	 Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily, timolol 20 mg daily, nadolol 80 mg daily
	 Amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily
	 Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, divalproex sodium 500 mg daily
	 Requests for Vyepti: Documented treatment failure to an adequate 8-week trial of an oral preventive therapy AND a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: Emgality Botox (chronic migraine only)
	Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only):
	Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480)
	mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or
	contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Combined use with Botox Combined use with another anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (acute or preventive)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol)

Oarrana d Hanar	1 415 1 15 41 114 11 (554)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	o Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Baseline seizure type and seizure frequency
Appropriate	<u>LGS</u>
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least two antiepileptic drugs (e.g. valproate,
Regimen & Other	lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, clobazam)
Criteria:	Dosing not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
	<u>DS</u>
	Documented treatment failure with at least two antiepileptic drugs (e.g. valproate,
	clobazam, topiramate, levetiracetam)
	Dosing not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
	TSC
	Documented treatment failure with at least two antiepileptic drugs
	Dosing not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure
	severity, frequency, and/or duration.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
	, ,
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
•	, '



CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis, or suspected diagnosis, of aTTP, meeting all of the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of <u>ONE</u> of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab Documentation of high-risk disease meeting <u>ONE</u> of the following:
Appropriate	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last TPE treatment
Treatment	Reauthorization requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as suppressed
Regimen & Other Criteria:	ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet
	count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP-like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: gabapentin pregabalin carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, or valproic acid/divalproex sodium amitriptyline or nortriptyline topical lidocaine Dose limited to a single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: CARBAGLU, CARGLUMIC ACID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following: N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA) Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Required	Diagnosis is confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Medical	Ammonia level above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the patient's
Information:	age
Appropriate	Current weight
Treatment Regimen &	Acute hyperammonemia
Other Criteria:	 Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy (examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose, insulin, Larginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis) For disease due to PA or MMA: Prescribed treatment course does not exceed 7 days
	Reauthorization for acute disease requires documentation of reoccurrence of acute hyperammonemia meeting initial criteria Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet
	Reauthorization for chronic disease requires: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by reduction in ammonia levels Documentation of member's current weight and continuation of appropriate treatment course
Exclusion Criteria:	Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle: Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency Arginase deficiency Chronic treatment (use beyond 7 days) of acute or chronic hyperammonemia due to MMA or PA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Acute Hyperammonemia due to PA or MMA:
Duration:	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified



Acute Hyperammonemia due to NAGs deficiency:

Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified

Chronic Hyperammonemia:

- Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To slow the loss of ambulation in pediatric patients with neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by BOTH of the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the TPP1/CLN2 gene (one on each parental allele of the TPP1/CLN2 gene) Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following: Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains Score of at least 1 in the motor domain Score of at least 1 in the language domain
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Regimen &	Reauthorization:
Other Criteria:	Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale
Exclusion Criteria:	 Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of CLN2 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost effective site of care.
Coverage Duration:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ALYFTREK (vanzacaftor/tezacaftor/deutivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Cystic fibrosis (CF) in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene or another responsive mutation in the CFTR gene
	 CF in patients who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene (Orkambi)
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or
Information:	diagnostic testing (FDA-approved CF mutation test)
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation
	Patient Registry Report
	Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA-
	approved to treat
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Kalydeco: Homozygous F508del mutation
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator
Age Restriction:	Alyftrek: 6 years of age and older
	Kalydeco: one month of age and older
	Orkambi: 1 year of age and older
	Symdeko: 6 years of age and older
	Trikafta: 2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified



CHELATING AGENTS

Preferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non-Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Pre	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodysplastic Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone			
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5	
5.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Ch	ronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalas	somia syndromos. Sickla	Call Disease or other	

Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias

Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet **Non -Preferred drugs:** Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone



1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3	
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
	Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes Preferred Drugs –deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet			
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	newal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	



Quantity Limitations

- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets
 - 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 - o 14-28 mg/kg/day
- Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o 75-99 mg/kg/day
 - Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution)



POLICY NAME: CHENODIOL

Affected Medications: CTEXLI (chenodiol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis (CTX) in adults. 		
Required Medical	Diagnosis of CTX (Bogaert-Scherer-Epstein syndrome) confirmed by genetic testing that		
Information:	detects pathogenic variants in the CYP27A1 gene		
	Documentation with all the following:		
	 Plasma cholestanol 5 to 10 times greater than normal 		
	 Elevated urine bile alcohol levels (23s-pentol) 		
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires improvement or stabilization of cognitive function and decrease in		
Treatment	cholestanol or urine bile alcohol levels compared to baseline		
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Combined use with Chenodal (chenodeoxycholic acid) or Cholbam (cholic acid)		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or other metabolic		
Care Restrictions:	specialist		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs) Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
 Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR)
Bile acid synthesis disorder
Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS) analysis)
Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders
 Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing
Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E
 Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids) OR
If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders
<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria:
Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin)
Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis
Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid (RHOA):
(DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine
 Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E
No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy
Body weight increased or stabilized
Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of start of treatment



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat), LIVMARLI (maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The design		
	plan design		
	 Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) 		
	Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS)		
Required Medical	Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or		
Information:	ALGS		
	Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the reporting laboratory		
	<u>PFIC</u>		
	Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2		
	 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2 		
	ALGS		
	Documentation of ALGS confirmed by:		
	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation OR 		
	 Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: 		
	 Chronic cholestasis 		
	 Cardiac disease 		
	 Ocular or skeletal abnormalities 		
	 Characteristic facial features 		
	 Renal and vascular disease 		
Appropriate	Documentation of current weight and dosing in accordance with FDA labeling		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with <u>ALL</u> of the following for at least 30 days:		
Regimen & Other	o Rifampin		
Criteria:	o Ursodiol o		
	 Cholestyramine (or colesevelam if requesting for ALGS) 		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior hepatic decompensation events		
	Decompensated cirrhosis (such as ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the ULN)		
	Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non- PFIC related		
	cholestasis)		
	Prior liver transplant		
Age Restriction:	Age is in accordance with FDA labeling		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in		
Care Restrictions:	the treatment of PFIC or ALGS		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
	- minual / tuthonzation. + months, unless otherwise specified		



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CIALIS

Affected Medications: CIALIS (2.5 mg, 5 mg), TADALAFIL (2.5 mg, 5 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) Mental health diagnosis of erectile disorder (ED) meeting sexual dysfunction criteria	
Poguirod		
Required	Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia	
Medical	Documented diagnosis of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH)	
Information:		
	Mental Health Diagnosis of Erectile Dysfunction	
	Documentation of a mental health diagnosis of erectile dysfunction meeting the	
	Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5) criteria:	
	 At least one of the three following symptoms must be experienced with 75% to 	
	100% of occasions of sexual activity:	
	 Marked difficulty in obtaining an erection during sexual activity 	
	 Marked difficulty in maintaining an erection until the completion of sexual 	
	activity	
	 Marked decrease in erectile rigidity 	
	 The above symptoms have persisted for a minimum duration of approximately 6 	
	months	
	 The above symptoms cause clinically significant distress in the individual 	
	 The sexual dysfunction is not attributable to any of the following: 	
	 A nonsexual medical or psychiatric condition 	
	 Severe relationship distress (e.g., partner violence) 	
	 The effects of medication or other substance use 	
	 Other clinically significant and relevant stressors 	
Appropriate	Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia	
Treatment		
	Documented treatment failure with at least two of the following: alfuzosin, doxazosin,	
Regimen &	silodosin, finasteride, tamsulosin, terazosin	
Other Criteria:		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant	
	response to therapy	
	Limited to 1 tablet per day	
	Zimiled to 1 tablet por day	
Fralisaios		
Exclusion	Erectile dysfunction unrelated to a mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction	
Criteria:	according to the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria	
Age		
Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Mental health diagnosis of erectile dysfunction: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a	
Care Restrictions:	mental health provider	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	,	



POLICY NAME: **CLADRIBINE**

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two disease-modifying therapies for MS Reauthorization (one time only) requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Current malignancy Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis) Pregnancy Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Indicated in children and adults with hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency for: Routine prophylaxis to reduce frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in mild, moderate, or severe disease 	
Required Medical	All Indications	
Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency, confirmed by baseline plasma FX levels (FX:C) less than or equal to 10% Patient weight 	
	Patient weight	
	 Routine Prophylaxis Documented baseline frequency of bleeding episodes 	
	Perioperative Management	
	Documentation of scheduled procedure with intent to use Coagadex for perioperative	
	management of bleeding episodes	
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization	
Criteria:	Prophylaxis: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan and	
	responsiveness to therapy, defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment	
	Treatment: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan, number of acute	
	bleeds since last approval, and number of doses on-hand (not to exceed 6 total doses)	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Prophylaxis/On-demand:	
	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified 	
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	
	Perioperative:	
	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified	



COMPOUNDED MEDICATION

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted In the case of payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered Compounds containing non-Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved ingredients will not be covered Compounded medications will not be covered when an Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CONCIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ALHEMO (concizumab-mtci)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes in adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with: Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with or without FVIII inhibitors Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency) with or without FIX inhibitors
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of FVIII deficiency (hemophilia A) or FIX deficiency (hemophilia B) Documentation of baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR Baseline factor level 1% to 3% and a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
	 Documentation if inhibitors present Number of bleeds in the past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed Documentation of current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prophylactic agents must be discontinued Documentation of planned treatment dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, and disease severity Hemophilia A:
	Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to FVIII prophylaxis with 1 or more preferred therapies: Advate, Adynovate, Eloctate, Altuviiio, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Jivi (with bypassing agent if inhibitors present) OR Hemlibra
	Hemophilia B: Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to FIX prophylaxis with 1 or more preferred therapies: Rixubus, BeneFIX, Alprolix, Idelvion, Rebinyn (with bypassing agent if inhibitors present)
	 Reauthorization: Documentation of bleeding episodes (number and severity) showing reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment Documentation that Alhemo plasma concentration is above 200 ng/mL to decrease the risk of bleeding episodes Documentation of planned treatment dose, past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII and FIX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	to factor vill and FIX as appropriate
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS

Preferred Products: Freestyle Libre 3, Freestyle Libre 2, Freestyle Libre 2 Plus, Freestyle Libre 3, Freestyle Libre 3 Plus, Dexcom G6, Dexcom G7

Non-Preferred Products: Medtronic Products (Enlite, Guardian, Minimed Guardian, Sof-sensor), Eversense Products

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diabetes mellitus diagnosis Currently on insulin treatment of at least 3 subcutaneous (SubQ) injections daily OR on an insulin pump Performing at least 4 blood glucose tests per day with a home blood glucose monitoring device
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for non-preferred continuous glucose monitoring devices and supplies (receiver, transmitter, sensor) must meet the following criteria: Current use of insulin pump that is only compatible with a non-preferred continuous glucose monitor
Exclusion Criteria:	 Type 2 diabetes not on intensive insulin therapy Use of continuous glucose monitor while on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Must utilize pharmacy benefits only for coverage of all continuous glucose monitoring systems All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CORLANOR

Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine), IVABRADINE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Stable, symptomatic chronic heart failure with reduced ejection fraction in adult patients (adjunctive therapy) Stable, symptomatic heart failure due to dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) in pediatric patients 6 months and older Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical Information:	 Chronic heart failure in adult patients Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35% or less AND Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm) Heart failure in pediatric patients Documentation of stable symptomatic disease due to DCM
	 Currently in sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate Inappropriate sinus tachycardia Documented resting heart of at least 100 beats per minute, with a mean heart rate of at least 90 beats per minute over 24 hours, that is not due to appropriate physiologic response or primary abnormality (such as hyperthyroidism or anemia) Symptoms are present (such as palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or decreased exercise capacity) Documented absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of atrial tachycardia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Chronic heart failure in adult patients Documented treatment failure with a beta blocker (metoprolol succinate extended release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated dose for heart failure treatment OR Documentation of contraindication to beta-blocker use Heart failure in pediatric patients
	 Treatment failure with beta blocker or digoxin, or contraindication to beta blocker and digoxin use. All Indications Requests for brand Corlanor tablets will require documentation of an adverse event with generic ivabradine tablets (and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient) Requests for Corlanor oral solution will require at least ONE of the following:



	ingredient)
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Acute, decompensated heart failure
	Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg
	Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable)
	with functioning demand pacemaker)
	Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C)
	Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	Heart failure due to DCM: 6 months to less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



COVERAGE OF SELECT HIGH INTENSITY STATINS AT TIER 0 COPAY

Affected Medications: ATORVASTATIN (40 mg, 80 mg), ROSUVASTATIN (20 mg, 40 mg), SIMVASTATIN (80 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease
Required Medical Information:	Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease (must meet all of the following): • 40 to 75 years of age • Presence of at least one cardiovascular risk factor such as: ○ Dyslipidemia ○ Diabetes ○ Hypertension ○ Smoking • Estimated 10-year risk of cardiovascular event of at least 10% or higher
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CRINECERFONT

Affected Medications: CRENESSITY (crinecerfont)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH)
Required Medical Information:	Confirmed diagnosis of classic CAH due to 21-hydroxylase deficiency (21-OHD) confirmed by one of the following Elevated 17-hydroxyprogestone level Confirmed cytochrome CYP21A2 genotype Positive newborn screening with confirmatory second-tier testing (such as liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry)
	 Cosyntropin stimulation test Documentation of being used concurrently with a systemic glucocorticoid (such as hydrocortisone, prednisone, dexamethasone) Body surface area (BSA)
Appropriate	Requests for oral solution must have documented inability to swallow tablets
Treatment	Documentation of being on a supraphysiologic systemic glucocorticoid dose to control
Regimen & Other Criteria:	disease (total glucocorticoid dose of at least 10 mg/m²/day in hydrocortisone dose equivalents)
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by a reduction in serum androstenedione (A4) or reduction in glucocorticoid dose
Exclusion Criteria:	-
Age Restriction:	4 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in the number of vaso-occlusive crises
Exclusion Criteria:	 Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL Chronic anticoagulation therapy (such as warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin History of stroke within the past 2 years Combined use with Endari (L-glutamine)
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CROVALIMAB

Affected Medications: PIASKY (crovalimab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	plan design
	o Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical Information:	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 2 times the upper limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	Body weight
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz
Treatment	(Ultomiris)
Regimen & Other	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and most recent body weight
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, Fabhalta) Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	13 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CYSTARAN, CYSTADROPS

Affected Medications: CYSTARAN SOLUTION 0.44 % OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution), CYSTADROPS SOLUTION 0.37% OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Ocular Cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ocular cystinosis Documentation of slit-lamp examination showing corneal cystine crystal accumulation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in cystine crystals compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DANICOPAN**

Affected Medications: VOYDEYA (danicopan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of extravascular hemolysis (EVH) in adults with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical Information:	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
Appropriate Treatment	Must be used in combination with ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) or eculizumab (Soliris) [separate authorization required]
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of clinically significant extravascular hemolysis (EVH) defined as persistent anemia (Hgb less than or equal to 9.5 gram/deciliter) with absolute reticulocyte count greater than or equal to 120 x 10⁹/liter despite use of Ultomiris or Soliris for at least 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without Ultomiris or Soliris
	 Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DEFIBROTIDE**

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required	Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD
Medical Information:	Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DEFLAZACORT**

Affected Medications: DEFLAZACORT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Laboratory confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing and serum creatinine kinase at least 10 times the upper limit of normal prior to starting treatment Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	Some Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients ages 4 and up with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
Required Medical	Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58
Information:	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more
	Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy
	Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA
	Current weight
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for
Treatment	at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion, according to
Regimen & Other	FDA approved labeling
Criteria:	Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials
	Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene
	Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense
	oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen
	Current active infection
	Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime
	Acute liver disease or impaired liver function
	Treatment in non-ambulatory patients – at this time, this indication is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient available evidence of therapeutic value
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



DENOSUMAB

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab), JUBBONTI (denosumab-bbdz), STOBOCLO (denosumab-bmwo), CONEXXENCE (denosumab-bnht)

Covered Uses:	•	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Osteoporosis/bone loss
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	•	Dose: 60 mg once every 6 months
Coverage Duration:	•	Initiation Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



DIAZOXIDE CHOLINE

Affected Medications: VYKAT XR (diazoxide choline)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded:
Required Medical	Diagnosis of PWS confirmed by genetic testing
Information:	 Provider attests that patient experiences moderate to severe symptoms of hyperphagia related to PWS and provides documentation of associated symptoms (e.g. food-seeking behaviors)
	Caregiver has implemented and intends to continue strategies to establish a food-secure environment (e.g. locked food storage)
	Patient is able to swallow tablets whole
	Recent weight documentation (within 30 days) to ensure appropriate dose
Appropriate	Dosing: within FDA-approved label
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization will require documentation of the following:
Criteria:	 Patient has experienced an improvement in hyperphagic symptoms, such as a decrease in food-related aggression or manipulation, or lessened food preoccupation that interferes with normal daily activities, etc.
	Patient is adherent to therapy and able to successfully swallow the prescribed number of tablets daily
	Recent weight documentation (within 30 days) to ensure appropriate dose
	 For adult patients, provider has determined that patient is likely to still benefit from therapy (i.e. patient has not entered the phase of symptom improvement sometimes observed in adulthood)
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for eating disorders without PWS
Age Restriction:	4 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with an endocrinologist, psychiatrist, or specialist with
Care Restrictions:	experience in the treatment of PWS
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	• Initial Authorization. 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DIFELIKEFALIN**

Affected Medications: KORSUVA (difelikefalin)

	·
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Chronic kidney disease-associated pruritus (CKD-aP) during hemodialysis (HD)
Required Medical	Documentation of chronic kidney disease confirmed by presence of kidney damage or decreased kidney function for three or more months
	Documentation of moderate to severe pruritus associated with HD
	Documentation of normal serum parathyroid hormone (PTH), phosphate, calcium, and magnesium levels
	Documentation of patient's current dry body weight
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate relief with trial of all of the following therapies (minimum 1)
Treatment	month trial each):
Regimen & Other	 A topical agent (such as an emollient or analgesic)
Criteria:	 An oral antihistamine (such as hydroxyzine or diphenhydramine) Gabapentin or pregabalin
	Reauthorization will require documentation of clinically significant improvement or stabilization in pruritus from baseline and continued hemodialysis use
Exclusion Criteria:	Peritoneal dialysis
	Severe hepatic impairment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DOJOLVI**

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin oral liquid)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake Documentation of severe disease as evidenced by one of the following: Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 events within the past year, or 5 events within the past 2 years) Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent symptoms despite dietary management and use of an over the counter (OTC) medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DONISLECEL**

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive insulin management with all the following: Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous glucose monitor Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Malignancy Active infection Previous kidney or pancreas transplant Prior portal vein thrombosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DROXIDOPA**

Affected Medications: DROXIDOPA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of orthostatic dizziness with symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension (nOH) caused by: Primary autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease [PD], multiple system atrophy [MSA], pure autonomic failure [PAF]) Dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency Non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nOH caused by one of the following: Primary autonomic failure (such as PD, MSA, PAF) Dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency Non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy Documentation of severe symptomatic orthostatic hypotension, demonstrated by both of the following: Minimum 20 mmHg decrease in systolic blood pressure OR minimum 10 mmHg decrease in diastolic blood pressure within 3 minutes of standing Documentation of significant symptoms affecting activities of daily living
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with a minimum 30-day trial to both fludrocortisone and midodrine Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or cardiologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa-levodopa enteral suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with both of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DUPILUMAB**

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) –approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Moderate to severe eosinophilic phenotype or oral corticosteroid dependent asthma Moderate to severe atopic dermatitis (AD) Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) Eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) Prurigo nodularis (PN) Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Chronic Spontaneous Urticaria (CSU) Bullous pemphigoid (BP)
Required Medical	AD
Information:	 Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction) Body surface area (BSA) involvement greater than or equal to 10% or hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Asthma
	Documentation of BOTH of the following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count at least 150 cells/μL
	 Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	CRSwNP
	Documented diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	 History of sinus surgery (Functional Endoscopic Sinus Surgery [FESS] or similar) Documentation of both of the following:
	Presence of bilateral nasal polyps
	 Symptoms of sinonasal obstruction/congestion for over 12 weeks (decreased/absent sense of smell, facial pressure/pain, rhinorrhea/postnasal drip)
	<u>EoE</u>
	Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils per high power field (HPF)
	Documentation of TWO or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current treatment
	PN D THE CHARLES
	Documentation of all the following:
	Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months



Severe itching

COPD

- Diagnosis of COPD with moderate to severe airflow limitation
- FEV1/FVC ratio less than 0.7 and FEV1 of 30-70% predicted
- Baseline eosinophil count of at least 300 cells/μL
- Symptoms of chronic productive cough for at least 3 months

CSU

- Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria
- Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer
- Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs])
- Documented baseline score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as:
 - Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7)
 - Urticaria Control Test (UCT))
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI)
 - Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL)

BP

- Documented diagnosis of bullous pemphigoid confirmed by one of the following:
 - o Biopsy using direct immunofluorescence (DIF) microscopy
 - Serum tests using indirect immunofluorescence (IIF) assay or enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), detecting circulating anti-basement membrane zone antibodies
- Documentation of pruritic, eczematous, papular, urticaria-like skin lesions or tense blisters and erosions
- Bullous Pemphigoid Disease Area Index (BPDAI) activity score of 24 or greater

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Requested dosing according to the FDA label based on diagnosis

<u>AD</u>

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of two of the following (1 in each category):
 - o Tacrolimus ointment or pimecrolimus cream or Eucrisa
 - o Phototherapy or cyclosporine or azathioprine or methotrexate or mycophenolate

<u>Asth</u>ma

- Use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence
 - Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required



CRSwNP

 Documented treatment failure with two intranasal corticosteroids for a minimum of 3 months each after sinus surgery

<u>EoE</u>

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of **BOTH** of the following:
 - High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (e.g., omeprazole or esomeprazole)
 - Swallowed corticosteroid therapy (such as fluticasone or budesonide)

PN

- Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)
- Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine

COPD

- Documented use of inhaled triple therapy consisting of a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA), long-acting beta agonist (LABA), and inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) for at least 12 weeks with continued symptoms
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - History of at least two moderate COPD exacerbations requiring treatment with a systemic corticosteroid and/or an antibiotic in the past year while adherent on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence
 - History of at least one severe COPD exacerbation requiring hospitalization in the past year while adherent on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence

CSU

• Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing of one second generation H1-antihistamine product for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine

AND

- Documented add-on treatment failure with <u>ONE</u> of the following:
 - Second H1-antihistamine
 - H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine)
 - Leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast)
 - Cyclosporine

BP

- Documented treatment failure with a minimum 8 week trial with at least two of the following:
 - High potency topical corticosteroid (clobetasol, betamethasone, halobetasol, fluocinonide)
 - o Oral corticosteroid
 - Oral doxycycline
 - Azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate



	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating
	provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent utilized for the same indication
Age Restriction:	AD: 6 months of age and older
	Asthma: 6 years of age and older
	CRSwNP: 12 years of age and older
	EoE: 1 year of age and older
	PN: 18 years of age and older
	COPD: 18 years of age and older
	CSU: 12 years of age and older
	BP: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, pulmonologist, otolaryngologist,
Care Restrictions:	gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ECULIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab), EPYSQLI (eculizumab-aagh), BKEMV (eculizumab-aeeb)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
	Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated
	thrombotic microangiopathy
	o Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult and pediatric patients six years of
	age and older who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-
	aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required Medical	PNH
Information:	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	aHUS
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
	Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental
	status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased
	platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	gMG
	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Destition and the state of the AOLD coefficients
	<u> </u>
	Documentation of ONE of the following: MC Activities of Polity Living (MC API) total agers of 6 or greater.
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	NMOSD



- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - o Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - At least ONE core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

PNH

 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

aHUS

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - o Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

<u>gMG</u>

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
 - Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months



	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following:
	 Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	 Reauthorization: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses,
	 Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH,
	stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise indicated by the FDA for combination use with Soliris Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	 PNH and NMOSD: 18 years of age and older gMG: 6 years of age and older aHUS: 2 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EDARAVONE**

Affected Medications: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values (% FVC) of at least 80% Patient currently retains most activities of daily living (ADLs), defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires both of the following: Documentation of treatment success, as determined by prescriber (e.g., retention of most ADLs) Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)
Exclusion Criteria: Age	
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS
Coverage Duration:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ELADOCAGENE EXUPARVOVEC-TNEQ

Affected Medications: KEBILIDI (eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Treatment of aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of AADC deficiency confirmed by genetic testing showing bilateral/biallelic mutations in the DDC gene Reduced AADC enzyme activity in plasma Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) shows all of the following: Reduced levels of 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA), homovanillic acid (HVA), and 3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenylglycol (MHPG) Elevated levels of 3-O-methyldopa (3-OMD), levodopa (L-Dopa), and 5-hydroxytryptophan (5-HTP) Normal levels of pterins (neopterin and biopterin) Clinical symptoms of AADC deficiency such as movement disorders, hypotonia, autonomic dysfunction, and developmental delay Documented achieved skull maturity assessed by neuroimaging
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
	Anti-AAV2 neutralizing antibody titer over 1,200 folds
Age Restriction:	1 to 17 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or geneticist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (one-time infusion only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ELAGOLIX**

Affected Medications: ORILISSA (elagolix), ORIAHNN (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Pain due to endometriosis ■ Documentation of both of the following: □ Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis □ Attestation that patient is premenopausal Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas ■ Documentation of both of the following: □ Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas □ Attestation that patient is premenopausal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Pain due to endometriosis ■ Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: □ Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) □ Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives ■ Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of osteoporosis Pregnancy Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa) Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified



*Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate
hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months.
Reauthorization not allowed



ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: SKYSONA (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients
Required Medical Information:	 Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following: Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following: Concentration of C26:0 Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0 Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0 Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic disease) Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the following:
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a hematopoietic
Treatment	stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or
Care Restrictions:	hematologist/oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)



ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: ELTROMBOPAG OLAMINE, ELTROMBOPAG OLAMINE PACKET, ALVAIZ (eltrombopag choline)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic immune
	thrombocytopenia (ITP)
	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with hepatitis C infection
	Treatment of unonsocytoperna in patients with nepatitis of infection Treatment of severe aplastic anemia
	Treatment of severe aplastic affernia
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy
	Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter
	Severe aplastic anemia
	Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy
	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter
	Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate	Eltrombopag olamine packet formulation requires documented medical inability to use
Treatment	oral tablet formulation
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic ITP
	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
	ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	 Splenectomy
	Reauthorization:
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed)
	400,000/microliter)
	OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and
	the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	The patient has 110 i book on the maximum according to local 4 wooks



	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Thrombooytopenia in patients with emonic nepatitis o
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and eltrombopag is used in combination with antiviral therapy
	Severe aplastic anemia
	Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR
	For those less than 40 years of age without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years of age and older: documentation that eltrombopag is being used as first line treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	 Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only) requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting ONE or more of the following criteria: Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with
	transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
	Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL or a reduction in greater than or equal to
	4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
	ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Doptelet, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	1 year of age and older (eltrombopag olamine)
	6 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and patients with severe
	aplastic anemia
	18 years of age and older (eltrombopag olamine and Alvaiz)
	Savara Anlastic Anamia (initial thorany)
	 Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy) 2 years of age and older
	18 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Coverage Duration.	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Sovere aplastic anomia
	 Severe aplastic anemia Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam
Authorization: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EMAPALUMAB**

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) in patients (newborn and older) intolerant to conventional HLH therapy or with refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease Treatment of HLH/macrophage activation syndrome (MAS) in known or suspected Still's disease, including systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (sJIA) in patients (newborn and older) with an inadequate response or intolerance to glucocorticoids, or with recurrent MAS
Required	Documentation confirming status as a hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
Medical Information:	candidate
	HLH
	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) <u>OR</u> documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present:
	 Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days)
	 Splenomegaly
	Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood:
	■ Hemoglobin less than 9 g/dL
	Platelet count less than 100,000/mcL
	Neutrophils less than 100/mcL
	 One of the following: Hypertriglyceridemia defined as fasting triglycerides 3 mmol/L or higher (equivalent to 265 mg/dL or higher) Hypofibrinogenemia defined as fibrinogen 1.5 g/L or lower
	 Hemophagocytosis in bone marrow, spleen, or lymph nodes (with no evidence of malignancy)
	 Low or absent natural killer cell activity (according to local laboratory reference) Ferritin 500 mcg/L or higher
	 Soluble CD25 (i.e., soluble IL-2 receptor) 2,400 U/mL or higher
	HLH with MAS
	 Diagnosis of HLH and documentation of active MAS in the setting of Adult Onset Still's disease or sJIA with ferritin levels greater than 684 ng/mL
	Documentation showing at least 2 of the following are present:
	Platelet count is 181,000/mcL or lower
	AST is greater than 48 U/L
	Triglycerides is greater than 156 mg/dL
	Fibrinogen is 360 mg/dL or lower
Annronriato	HLH
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen &	Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate,
Other Criteria:	hydrocortisone)
	Tydrocordsono/



	Must be used in combination with dexamethasone, unless currently established on and planning to continue one of the following: cyclosporine, glucocorticoids, and/or intrathecal methotrexate
	HLH with MAS
	Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on high dose intravenous glucocorticoids and Kineret (anakinra)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not yet received HSCT
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or provider with experience in the management of HILL.
Care Restrictions.	 provider with experience in the management of HLH All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EMICIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (emicizumab-kxwh)

Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
Information:	 Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
Treatment	 Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of
Regimen & Other	spontaneous bleeding into joints
Criteria:	Prophylactic agents must be discontinued
	Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMLIBRA Repressing Agents, and day before starting HEMLIBRA
	 Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMLIBRA
	Loading Dose:
	3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks
	Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	, 31
	Maintenance dose:
	1.5 mg/kg once every week or
	3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or
	6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks
	 Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
	Product Availability
	 Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



EMSAM

Affected Medications: EMSAM (selegiline)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of major depressive disorder (MDD)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of major depressive disorder (MDD)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (clinically sufficient doses for a minimum 6-week duration) to each of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	Pheochromocytoma
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or behavioral health specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN, AMBRISENTAN, OPSUMIT (macitentan), OPSYNVI (macitentan and tadalafil)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary artery hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker), unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test For Opsumit (macitentan) and Opsynvi (macitentan and tadalafil) requests: documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to ambrisentan AND bosentan for 12 weeks is required Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance
	 Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1
Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat), VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa), CEREZYME (imiglucerase), ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
2310.00.000.	by plan design
	o Vpriv: Gaucher disease type 1 (GD1)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	o Cerdelga: GD1 in adults who are CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers (EMs),
	intermediate metabolizers (IMs), or poor metabolizers (PMs) as detected by an
	FDA-cleared test
	 Cerezyme: GD1 for ages 2 years and older that results in one or more of the
	following conditions:
	■ Anemia
	■ Thrombocytopenia
	Bone disease
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase
Information:	glucosidase enzyme activity OR genetic testing indicating mutation of two alleles of the
	glucocerebrosidase genome
	 For Cerdelga, must also have documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6
	(CYP2D6) genotype by an FDA-approved test indicating CYP2D6 EM, IM, or
	PM status
	Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver function
	tests, renal function tests
	Documentation of at least one clinically significant disease complication of GD1:
	Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	o Thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 120,000 mm³)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
	 For symptomatic children: symptoms of early presentation, such as
	malnutrition, growth retardation, impaired psychomotor development, and/or
	fatigue
Appropriate	<u>Cerdelga</u>
Treatment	Futuraina an Interna diata Matakalimana at OVPODO
Regimen & Other	Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
Criteria:	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	Elelyso, Vpriv, and Cerezyme
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and patient's most recent weight
L	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with another ERT for GD1 or with miglustat
	Cerdelga:
	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome) Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
Age Restriction:	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of
Care Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist)
	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen), ONPATTRO (patisiran), AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis with polyneuropathy (hATTR-
	PN) in adults
	 Treatment of the cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary transthyretin-
	mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) in adults to reduce cardiovascular mortality,
	cardiovascular hospitalizations and urgent heart failure visits
Required Medical	ATTR-CM (Amvuttra)
Information:	 Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c):
information.	a. Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry
	b. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii):
	i. Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits
	by IHC or mass spectrometry
	ii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (echocardiogram [ECG],
	cardiac magnetic resonance [CMR], or positron emission tomography
	[PET])
	c. Documentation of ALL the following (i, ii, and iii):
	i. Grade 2 to 3 uptake on cardiac scintigraphy (utilizing Tc-PYP, Tc-DPD,
	or Tc-HMDP radiotracers)
	ii. Normal serum kappa/lambda free light chain (sFLC) ratio, serum protein
	immunofixation, AND urine protein immunofixation
	iii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (ECG, CMR, or PET)
	Documentation of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class I to III
	ATTR-PN
	 Documented diagnosis of hATTR confirmed by BOTH of the following:
	 Amyloid deposition on biopsy
	Presence of pathogenic transthyretin (TTR) variant on genetic testing
	Presence of clinical manifestations of the disease, confirmed by presence of peripheral
	neuropathy on nerve conduction studies OR 2 of the following:
	 Autonomic dysfunction (bladder/urinary tract infections, gastrointestinal disturbances, erectile dysfunction, orthostatic hypotension)
	 Documented symptoms of sensorimotor polyneuropathy (e.g., paresthesia,
	balance issues, weakness/numbness in the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for
	pain, temperature, proprioception)
	 Cardiomyopathy, ocular involvement, or renal involvement
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb
	 Baseline neuropathy impairment score (NIS) between 10 and 130
	 Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2
	, , ,, (· · · · /g- · · · · -



Appropriate	Amvuttra requests require one of the following:
Treatment	o ATTR-PN diagnosis
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 ATTR-CM diagnosis only: treatment failure with Attruby (acoramidis) evidenced by worsening of heart failure signs/symptoms, increase in NYHA class, and increase in cardiovascular related hospitalizations
	Onpattro: Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization:
	 ATTR-CM (Amvuttra) Documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in symptoms, quality of life, or 6-Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease progression; reduced
	cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
	ATTR-PN
	Documentation of a positive clinical response (e.g., stabilized or improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation
	NYHA Functional Class III or IV (Wainua)
	NYHA Functional Class IV (Amvuttra)
	Combined use with TTR-lowering or stabilizing therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EPOPROSTENOL**

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Required Medical	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	Low cardiac index
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Documentation of current patient weight
	 Documentation of current patient weight Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of a clear treatment plan Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is
Treatment	required:
Regimen & Other	o PDE5 inhibitors AND
Criteria:	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in waiking distance Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction
	Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	



ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION

Affected Medications: VIAGRA, SILDENAFIL (25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg), CIALIS (10 mg and 20 mg), EDEX KIT, LEVITRA, STAXYN, STENDRA, TADALAFIL (10 mg, 20 mg), VARDENAFIL, CAVERJECT

Carrand Hanni	The state of the s
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment for a mental health diagnosis of erectile dysfunction (ED), also known
	as erectile disorder, meeting sexual dysfunction criteria
Required	Documentation of a mental health diagnosis of erectile dysfunction meeting the
Medical	Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5) criteria:
Information:	 At least one of the three following symptoms must be experienced with 75% to 100% of occasions of sexual activity:
	 Marked difficulty in obtaining an erection during sexual activity
	 Marked difficulty in maintaining an erection until the completion of sexual activity
	 Marked decrease in erectile rigidity
	 The above symptoms have persisted for a minimum duration of approximately 6 months
	 The above symptoms cause clinically significant distress in the individual
	The sexual dysfunction is not attributable to any of the following:
	A nonsexual medical or psychiatric condition
	Severe relationship distress (e.g., partner violence)
	The effects of medication or other substance use
Annuantiata	Other clinically significant and relevant stressors
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure with tadalafil 2.5 mg or 5 mg tablets
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Erectile dysfunction unrelated to a mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction
Criteria:	according to the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria
	and a substantial and a substa
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider
Care Restrictions	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
A	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Age	
Restriction:	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE INJECTION, DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE NASAL SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe migraines
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to all of the following:
Treatment	 At least <u>two</u> prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
Regimen & Other	or combination analgesics (such as ibuprofen, naproxen,
Criteria:	acetaminophen/aspirin/caffeine)
	 At least <u>one</u> oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5-HT₁) receptor agonist (such as
	sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan)
	 At least <u>one</u> non-oral 5-HT₁ receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy • Hemiplegic or basilar migraine
	Uncontrolled hypertension
	Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia)
	Peripheral artery disease
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding
	Documented severe chronic liver disease
	Severe renal impairment
Age Restriction:	Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction.	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa), EPOGEN (epoetin alfa), MIRCERA (methoxy polyethylene glycolepoetin beta), PROCRIT (epoetin alfa)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Epogen & Aranesp & Procrit & Mircera Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion Epogen & Procrit & Aranesp Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Epogen & Procrit only To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL Compendia-supported uses Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label or compendia support: Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular surgery Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	 Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment
	Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when the following criteria is met: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	The state of the s



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	1	



ETA RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan), VANRAFIA (atrasentan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day (labs taken within 30 days of request) Documented estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) equal to or greater than 30 mL/min/1.73 m²
Appropriate Treatment	Persistent proteinuria (greater than or equal to 1 g/day) despite a minimum 12-week trial with all of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximally tolerated angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor OR angiotensin receptor II blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy, such as prednisone or methylprednisolone (or adverse effect with two or more glucocorticoid therapies, which is not associated with the corticosteroid class) For Vanrafia requests: documented trial and failure of Filspari (sparsentan) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success, defined as reduction in proteinuria
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of an endothelin A (ETA) receptor antagonist
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ETELCALCETIDE**

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of both of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic kidney disease who are not on hemodialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: HEMGENIX (etranacogene dezaparvovec-drlb)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% as attested by the managing physician AND requiring prophylactic Factor IX treatment Documentation of negative Factor IX inhibitor titers (if test result is positive, re-test within 2 weeks with negative result) Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of plan to discontinue Factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Ontena.	Dosing:
Exclusion Criteria:	 2 x 10¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight Prior gene therapy administration
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion only), unless otherwise specified



EVKEEZA and JUXTAPID

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb), JUXTAPID (lomitapide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required	 Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
Information:	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 560 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial
	hypercholesterolemia
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthomata in ages
	less than 20 years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects (excluding double-null LDL
	receptor [LDLR] mutations)
Appropriate	• Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe,
Treatment	unless otherwise contraindicated
Regimen &	OR
Other Criteria:	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by
	a creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal
	 Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with
	statin use and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:
	 A minimum of two different statin trials, with at least one being a
	hydrophilic statin (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
	 A re-challenge of each statin (muscle symptoms stopped when each was
	discontinued and restarted upon re-initiation)
	 Documented treatment failure, defined as an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all of the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Maximally tolerated statin therapy Ezetimibe
	 PCSK9 monoclonal antibody, unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Combination therapy with Juxtapid and Evkeeza is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age	Evkeeza: 5 years of age and older
Restriction:	Juxtapid: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EVOLOCUMAB**

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Prevention of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia
	[HeFH])
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
	Primary Hyperlipidemia (non-familial)
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) LDL-C of at least 160 mg/dL
	HeFH COLOR ON THE COLOR OF THE
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor
	[LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9
	[PCSK9] gain-of-function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8
	points
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria
	<u>HoFH</u>
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	o Baseline LDL-C greater than 560 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial
	hypercholesterolemia
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthomata in ages
	less than 20 years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects (excluding double-null LDLR mutations)
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by
Criteria:	a creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal
	 Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with
	statin use and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:
	 A minimum of two different statin trials, with at least one being a
	hydrophilic statin (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
	 A re-challenge of each statin (muscle symptoms stopped when each



	was discontinued and restarted upon re-initiation)
	Clinical ASCVD ■ Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use, as shown by ONE of the following: □ Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL □ Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions
	Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions
	 ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Currently smoking History of congestive heart failure
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH
	 Documented treatment failure, defined as an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL, with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Leqvio
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years
	of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises.
	 Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric
	patients at least 12 years of age.
Required Medical	SICKLE CELL DISEASE
Information:	
	Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence
	of $\beta S/\beta S$, $\beta S/\beta 0$ or $\beta S/\beta +$ genotype as follows:
	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional
	abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay
	OR
	 Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the
	p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing
	AND
	 Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions
	Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises
	(VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years
	will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as:
	 Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain
	medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions
	Acute chest syndrome
	 Priapism lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility
	 Splenic sequestration
	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but
	unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
	Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative
	conditioning regimen
	Somman group in the second sec
	TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA
	Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous
	beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alpha-
	thalassemia and hemoglobin S/ß-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following:
	 Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic
	pathogenic variants
	OR
	 Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with
	nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis
	that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and
	increased amounts of hemoglobin F
	Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at
	least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions
	of pRBCs <i>per year</i> in the 2 years preceding therapy



	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment	 Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3 × 10⁶ CD34+ cells/kg)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



FABRY DISEASE AGENTS

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta), GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	plan design
	o Fabry disease
Required Medical	•
Information:	Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following: Molecular and the stable (less than 2 percent):
illioilliation.	 Males: enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable (less than 3 percent) alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity
	 Males: deficiency of alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and genetic testing showing a mutation in the galactosidase alpha (GLA) gene
	 Females: genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene
	For Galafold: Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable GLA variant
	Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease, such as: Severe neuropathic pain
	 Dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas)
	Corneal opacities Videou manifestations (proteinuris, polywris, pol
	 Kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia) Cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart
	failure)
	 Cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes) Other manifestations common in Fabry disease (sweating abnormalities, hearing loss, or intolerance to heat, cold, or exercise)
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will
Treatment	be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another agent on this policy (Galafold or enzyme replacement therapy for Fabry disease)
	For Galafold: Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Fabry disease
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of Clostridioides difficile (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within the 30 days prior to request
Appropriate	Rebyota
Treatment	 Previous treatment with at least TWO of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	oral vancomycin, fidaxomicin, or fecal microbiota transplant (FMT)
Criteria.	Vowst
	Previous treatment with at least TWO of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence:
	oral vancomycin, fidaxomicin, or FMT
	Documented treatment failure with Rebyota
Exclusion Criteria:	Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or
Care Restrictions:	gastroenterologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **FENFLURAMINE**

Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	 Dravet Syndrome Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dravet Syndrome ■ Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least four of the following therapies: □ Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide, or topiramate
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least three guideline directed therapies: Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dosing: not to exceed 26 mg daily
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic kidney disease (CKD) associated with type 2 diabetes (T2DM) to reduce the risk of:
	 Cardiovascular death Hospitalization for heart failure Urgent heart failure visits
Required Medical Information:	• Documentation of all the following: o eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m² o Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g o Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
	Heart Failure with LVEF ≥ 40% • Documentation of all the following: ○ Heart failure with LVEF of 40% or more ○ eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m² ○ Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	CKD associated with T2DM Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or contraindicated Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
	 Heart Failure with LVEF ≥ 40% Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of each of the following, unless intolerant or contraindicated: Sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy Mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist (MRA) therapy, such as spironolactone or eplerenone
Evaluaion Oritoria	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUCYTOSINE

Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of systemic Candida infections Cardiac infection, native or prosthetic valve endocarditis, or device infection Central nervous system (e.g., meningitis) Endophthalmitis Urinary tract infection (symptomatic cystitis, pyelonephritis) Treatment of systemic Cryptococcus infections Meningitis Disseminated disease Severe pulmonary infection
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity Candida urinary tract infection: Documentation of fluconazole-resistant <i>C. glabrata</i> Endophthalmitis: Documentation of fluconazole- or voriconazole-resistant isolates FDA-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency and duration of therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified



FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	plan design
	o Diabetic macular edema (DME)
	 Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis
Required Medical	DME (Iluvien)
Information:	Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema
	Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure
	Uveitis (Retisert, Yutiq, and Iluvien)
	Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate	DME (Iluvien)
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular
Regimen & Other	endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz, Cimerli)
Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	Uveitis (Retisert, Yutiq, and Iluvien)
	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following:
	 Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid
	 At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate,
	azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil)
	At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
	For Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Concurrent use of intravitreal implants or injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF)
Ana Destrictions	Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien
	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified Patternal Pattern
	Retisert
	Authorization: 30 months, unless otherwise specified Visite
	Yutiq
	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement
Affected Medications: New Medications, Formulations, or Indications of Existing Drugs that are Under Review by Plan for

Formulary Placement	
Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state Documentation that delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider experienced in the management of the diagnosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adults with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP ■ Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: □ ONE of the following: ■ Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin ■ Splenectomy □ Eltrombopag olamine Reauthorization: ■ Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000/microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatment for thrombocytopenia (such as eltrombopag olamine, Doptelet, or Nplate)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate), VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
20.0.00	plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment	Coverage of Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate) or Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) requires documentation of ONE of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Treatment failure with (or intolerance to) TWO of the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, teriflunomide
	 Currently receiving treatment with Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate) or Vumerity (diroximel fumarate), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



FYARRO

Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa)
Treatment	Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease confirmed by
Regimen & Other	pathology.
Criteria:	 History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents: Sirolimus oral tablet
	Everolimus or temsirolimus
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GABA-A RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ZULRESSO (brexanolone), ZURZUVAE (zuranolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	i i
<u> </u>	
Required Medical Information:	plan design Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD) Documented major depressive episode with peripartum onset as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Health Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5) criteria: At least five of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and represent a change from previous functioning (must include either (1) depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure): (1) Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report or observation made by others (in adolescents, may present as irritable mood) (2) Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all (or almost all) activities most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective account or observation (3) Significant weight loss when not dieting, weight gain, or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day (in adolescents, consider failure to make expected weight gain) (4) Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day (5) Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down) (6) Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day (7) Feelings of worthlessness, or excessive or inappropriate guilt nearly everyday (subjective account or observed by others) (9) Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the first 4 weeks following delivery Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating
	scales: o Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 o Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 o Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points o Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate	
	Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated or documentation shows that the coverity of the depression would place the health of the
Treatment	or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of the
Regimen & Other Criteria:	mother or infant at significant risk • For Zulresso requests: documented treatment failure with Zurzuvae



Exclusion Criteria:	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Age Restriction:	15 years of age and older for Zulresso
	18 years of age and older for Zurzuvae
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, one time approval per pregnancy, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE

Affected Medications: ZTALMY (ganaxolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5 (CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure management Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in seizure frequency when compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	West syndrome Seizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **GIVINOSTAT**

Affected Medications: DUVYZAT (givinostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Duebonne muscular dustraphy (DMD) in national 6 years of age and older.
Demoired Medical	Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 6 years of age and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of DMD
Information:	 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more
	Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following:
	4-stair climb (4SC) test
	o Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND)
	o 6-minute walk test (6MWT)
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA)
	Motor Function Measure (MFM)
	Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
	Current weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for
Treatment	at least 6 months, and will continue while on Duvyzat unless contraindicated
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen
	Prior to starting therapy, platelet count less than 150,000 cells/microliter
	During therapy, QTc interval exceeds 500 ms or increases by more than 60 ms from baseline
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **GIVOSIRAN**

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lab test utilized Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation and elimination of exacerbating factors of porphyria attacks including certain medications, smoking, drinking, and infections
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of active disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months, which can include hospitalization, urgent healthcare visits, or requiring intravenous Hemin administration Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of positive clinical response and a reduction in
Exclusion Criteria:	 acute attack frequency from baseline Active HIV, hepatitis C, or hepatitis B infection(s) History of pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin History of liver transplant
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE (GLP-1) RECEPTOR AGONIST

Affected Medications: TRULICITY, OZEMPIC, RYBELSUS, MOUNJARO, LIRAGLUTIDE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	o Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 (T2DM)
	 T2DM and cardiovascular disease
	 T2DM and chronic kidney disease (CKD)
Required Medical Information:	 Available information is reviewed including claims history, ICD10 codes, and previous fill history
	All indications
	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes confirmed with lab testing
Appropriate	
Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for weight loss or other excluded diagnosis
	 Dosing above Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label for treatment of diabetes
	 Use in patients who have achieved remission of diabetes (defined as a return of HbA1c to less than 6.5% that occurs spontaneously or following an intervention and that persists for at least three months in the absence of usual glucose-lowering pharmacotherapy) Polycystic kidney disease or glomerulonephritis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GONADOTROPIN

Affected Medications: CHORIONIC GONADOTROPIN, PREGNYL, NOVAREL

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency in males
	 Prepubertal cryptorchidism not caused by anatomic obstruction
	Perioperative use in male infants/toddlers with hypospadias and chordee OR total
	epispadias and bladder exstrophy
Required Medical	Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency in males:
Information:	
	Documentation confirming the diagnosis
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment	response to therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the diagnosis or treatment of infertility (if benefit exclusion)
	Obesity
	Prevention of recurrent or habitual miscarriage
	Treatment or prevention of breast cancer
Age Restriction:	Prepubertal cryptorchidism: generally, between 4 and 9 years of age
· ·	Hypospadias or epispadias: infant or toddler
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Endometriosis:
Information:	
	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Endometrial thinning:
	Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of dysfunctional uterine bleeding Planning to use as an endometrial-thinning agent prior to endometrial ablation Reauthorization for oncologic uses require documentation of disease responsiveness to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses:
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Endometriosis:
	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Endometrial thinning:
	Authorization: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified



GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK, HUMATROPE, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO, NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, SKYTROFA, ZOMACTON, SOGROYA, NGENLA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	All indications: Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight
	 Growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: □ Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND □ Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed bone age AND ■ Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) □ OR ■ Height velocity impaired AND ■ Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age
	Turner's syndrome ■ For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: □ Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND ■ For patients less than 2 years of age: □ Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on World Health Organization (WHO) growth curves at equivalent age, AND □ No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays ■ For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age: □ Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND □ No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays
	Noonan's syndrome ■ For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: □ Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND ■ Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6 th percentile) OR ■ Height velocity impaired AND ■ Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age
	Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency ■ For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: □ Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing ■ Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6 th percentile) OR ■ Height velocity impaired AND ■ Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age



	 Chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min) Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age. Prader-Willi syndrome
	For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND Height velocity impaired
	Short Stature born small for gestational age (SGA) with no catch-up growth by 2 years
	to 4 years of age
	Birth weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (-2 SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex
	Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6 th percentile) Age at start of growth harmone thereby cannot be greater than 10 years.
	 Age at start of growth hormone therapy cannot be greater than 10 years Exclusion of other causes of short stature including growth-inhibiting medication, chronic disease, endocrine disorders
	Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency: • For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
	 Dose and frequency are appropriate AND Documented Growth Hormone Deficiency AND
	 Documented IGF-1 outside reference range for patient's sex and age, AND the patient has failed one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test-ITT or Glucagon stimulation test when ITT is contraindicated)
	Reauthorization:
	Pediatric Indications: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
	Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-I within normal reference range for age and sex
Appropriate Treatment	Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin prior to any other daily growth hormone
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Skytrofa and Sogroya: Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin and one additional daily growth hormone
Exclusion	Pregnancy
Criteria:	Elderly adults with age-adjusted low IGF-1 levels and no history of pituitary or hypothalamic disease.
	 Growth Hormone (GH) replacement to enhance athletic performance Diagnosis of: Idiopathic Short Stature (ISS), height standard deviation score (SDS) less than -2.25, and associated with growth rates unlikely to permit attainment of adult height in the normal range
Age	
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	a Dropprihad by or in concultation with an and aring lagist
Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	167



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	
Duration.	



HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: MAVYRET (glecaprevir & pibrentasvir), Vosevi (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	AASLD (American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases)-supported use with class I or class IIa-Level A recommendation
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of acute (Mavyret only) or chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) by liver biopsy or by Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved serum blood test Current HIV status Current Hepatitis B status Baseline HCV RNA level within last 3 months Documentation that patient is one of the following: Treatment-naïve Treatment experienced, including documentation of previous treatment regimen and outcome Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh
	score, within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy • Expected survival from non-Hepatitis C-associated morbidity is greater than 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose/duration or according to the most recently updated AASLD guideline recommendation (See table below)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Mavyret is contraindicated in patients with moderate and severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B and C) Vosevi is not recommended in patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B or C) Concurrent use of Vosevi with rifampin is contraindicated
Age Restriction:	•
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	See Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria

Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with Acute (Mavyret only) or Chronic Hepatitis C virus

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)		
DAA-Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with		SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks



PEG/RBV	Compensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks
		Mavyret x 8 weeks
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x 24 weeks (if ribavirin ineligible*)
Treatment Experienced (Genotype	e 1-6)	
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment failures, including: - Sofosbuvir + ribavirin - Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir (Harvoni) - SOF/VEL	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks Mavyret x 16 weeks (except genotype 3)
Elbasvir/grazoprevir (Zepatier) treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks
Mavyret treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks Vosevi x 12 weeks (plus RBV if compensated cirrhosis)
Multiple DAA treatment failures, including: - Vosevi - Mavyret + sofosbuvir	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks Vosevi + RBV x 24 weeks

Abbreviations: DAA = direct-acting antiviral; PEG = pegylated interferon; RBV = ribavirin; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir

*Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils less than 750 mm3, 2) hemoglobin less than 10 g/dL, 3) platelets less than 50,000 cells/mm3, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin

Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 to 12 years of age with Acute (Mavyret only) or Chronic Hepatitis C virus

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6	Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)		
DAA-Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with PEG/RBV	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks	
Treatment Experienced			
Efficacy and safety is extremely limited in treatment experienced patients in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist. Abbreviations: DAA = direct-acting antiviral; PEG = pegylated interferon; RBV = ribavirin; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir			



Recommended dosage of SOF/VEL in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older

Body Weight	Dosing of SOF/VEL
Less than 17kg	One 150mg/37.5mg pellet packet once daily
17kg to less than 30kg	One 200mg/50mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
At least 30kg	Two 200mg/50mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400mg/100mg tablet once daily

Recommended dosage of Mavyret in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older

Body Weight	Dosing of Mavyret
Less than 20kg	Three 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
20kg to less than 30kg	Four 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
30kg to less than 45kg	Five 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
45kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40mg tablets once daily



POLICY NAME: **HISTRELIN**

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central precocious puberty (CPP) Gender dysphoria
Required Medical Information:	 Central Precocious Puberty: Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of all of the following:
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Approval requires documented treatment failure with leuprolide
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA

Affected Medications: BERINERT, ICATIBANT ACETATE, SAJAZIR, RUCONEST, KALBITOR, CINRYZE, HAEGARDA, TAKHZYRO, ORLADEYO, ANDEMBRY, DAWNZERA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary angioedema attacks, prophylaxis (Cinryze, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Orladeyo, Andembry, Dawnzera) Hereditary angioedema attacks, acute treatment (Berinert, icatibant acetate,
	Sajazir, Kalbitor, Ruconest, Ekterly)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary angioedema (HAE) classified as one of the following: Type I or II HAE confirmed by low C4 levels AND one of the following: Low C1 inhibitor functional or antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test "Type III" HAE confirmed by normal C4, C1 inhibitor (functional and antigenic) with one of the following: Genetic testing confirming presence of HAE causing mutation such as mutation of coagulation factor XII gene (F12 mutation), mutation in the angiopoietin-1 gene, mutation in the plasminogen gene, mutation in the kininogen 1 gene, mutation in the myoferlin gene, mutation in the heparan sulfate 3-Osulfotransferase 6 gene Family history of HAE AND documented recurring angioedema attacks that are refractory to high dose antihistamines (four times the usual dose)
	 Documented full treatment plan and current body weight Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
Appropriate	Acute Treatment:
Treatment	Documented history of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema (without hives) which is recurrent
Criteria:	and lasts greater than 12 hours O Abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours
	Coverage for non-preferred products (Berinert, Kalbitor, Ruconest, Ekterly) requires documentation of one of the following: • Documented treatment failure to one of the preferred products: icatibant acetate or Sajazir
	Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	 For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month: Documentation of current treatment with, or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of, prophylactic therapies Authorization for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to treat the average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose



	Prophylaxis Treatment:
	History of TWO or more severe attacks per month for the past 3 months (airway swelling,
	debilitating cutaneous or gastrointestinal episodes) despite short term treatment and at
	least one of the following:
	 Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month
	 History of at least one laryngeal attack caused by HAE
	Avoidance of possible triggers for HAE attacks such as
	 estrogen containing oral contraceptives/hormone replacement
	o angiotensin-converting-enzyme (ACE) inhibitors
	o dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitors
	Neprilysin inhibitor
	Coverage for non-preferred products (Cinryze, Orladeyo, Andembry, Dawnzera) requires documentation of one of the following:
	Documented treatment failure to the preferred products Haegarda and Takhzyro
	Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or
	manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline.
	Requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	for all medical infusion drugs
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of multiple HAE prophylactic treatments (Orladeyo, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze, Andembry, Dawnzera)
	Concurrent use of multiple HAE acute treatments (Berinert, Kalbitor, Runconest,
	icatibant acetate, Sajazir, Ekterly)
Age Restriction:	Product specific per FDA labeled indication
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NITISINONE**

Affected Medications: NITISINONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1) Alkaptonuria (AKU)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by:
Information:	Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood
	 Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH)
	Diagnosis of alkaptonuria confirmed by:
	 Quantitative measurement of homogentisic acid (HGA) in urine
	 Genetic testing showing a mutation in the homogentisic acid dioxygenase (HGD)
	gene
	Current patient weight
Appropriate	Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success confirmed by:
Criteria:	Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone (for HT-1) or homogentisic acid (for AKU)
	from baseline
	Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of hereditary
Care Restrictions:	tyrosinemia or related disorders
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenocortical insufficiency Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test
Information:	 Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate) Current height and weight velocity For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height Use for stress dosing Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYFTOR

Affected Medications: HYFTOR (sirolimus gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC which are:
Information:	o Rapidly changing in size and/or number
	 Causing functional interference, pain or bleeding
	 Inhibiting social interactions
	Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms and complications, and overall severity
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery (such as shave excision,
Treatment	cryotherapy, radiofrequency ablation, or dermabrasion), unless contraindicated
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease in size and/or redness of facial angiofibromas)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of systemic mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitors
	Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat), VAFSEO (vadadustat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis
Required Medical	Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD
Information:	Documentation of dialysis use for:
	 Jesduvroq: 4 or more months
	o Vafseo: 3 or more months
	Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
	Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum ferritin
	level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater than or
	equal to 20%
Appropriate	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Treatment	 Documented hypo-responsiveness to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA),
Regimen & Other	defined as the need for ONE of the following:
Criteria:	 Greater than 300 IU/kg per week of epoetin alfa
	 Greater than 1.5 mcg/kg per week of darbepoetin
	o Intolerance to BOTH preferred ESA products epoetin alfa-epbx (Retacrit) and
	darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with ESAs
	Current uncontrolled hypertension
	Active malignancy
	For Jesduvroq: Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute
	coronary syndrome, stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3
Age Restriction:	months prior to starting treatment
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, such as a hematologist or
Care Restrictions:	nephrologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **IBREXAFUNGERP**

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC) Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC)
Required Medical Information:	 All Indications Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
	 RVVC Documentation of three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with both of the following for the current VVC episode:
Exclusion Criteria:	additional treatment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS), Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD), Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), Gout Flares
Required Medical	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)
Information:	Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene
	 Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/ Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD) Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following: Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA
	 Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
	Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6-month period
	 Still's Disease Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients 2 years of age and older Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)
	 Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following:
	 Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the following manifestations:
	 Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss, musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities
	 Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations
	Gout Flares
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate	TRAPS
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented clinical failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone), and a minimum 12-week trial with Enbrel



	HIDS/MKD Documented treatment failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra FMF
	 Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of anakinra
	Still's Disease
	Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrent disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following:
	CAPS
	Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra
	Gout Flares ■ Documented treatment failure with all of the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: □ Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) □ Colchicine □ Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus Use in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cimzia, Remicade, Simponi), Kineret, or Arcalyst
Age Restriction:	 FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older CAPS: 4 years of age and older Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
documentation:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	Low cardiac index
	OR
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is
Treatment	required:
Regimen:	o PDE5 inhibitors AND
	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in N/I/O functional place.
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, OCTAGAM, PANZYGA, PRIVIGEN, GAMMASTAN, ALYGLO

Covered Uses: All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows: Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy) Multifocal Motor Neuropathy Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention Myasthenia Gravis Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant Stiff-Person Syndrome Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric) Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT) Hemolytic disease of the newborn Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL) Toxic Shock Syndrome Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS) **Initial Approval** Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome: Criteria: Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable

Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - o IgG level less than 200
 - Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND
 a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
 following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 - Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
 - Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 - Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia

AND

- Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all the following:
 - Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
 - Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination



Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP):

For Acute disease state:

 Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 30,000/microliter)

OR

 To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy (platelet count less than 100,000/microliter)

OR

 Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):

- Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than 30,000/microliter
- · History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
- Duration of illness more than 6 months

Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP):

- Documented baseline in strength/weakness using objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 MWT, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
- Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer
- Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
- Electrodiagnostic testing indicating demyelination with one of the following:
 - Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
 - Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
 - Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
 - o Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
 - Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve
 - Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves
 - Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve
- Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all the following (if electrophysiologic findings are nondiagnostic):
 - CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm3
 - CSF protein is elevated (greater than 45 mg/dL)
- Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in therapeutic doses over at least three months

Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy):

- Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
- Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)

Multifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN):



- Slowly progressive or stepwise progressive, focal, asymmetric limb weakness over at least one month
- Partial conduction block or abnormal temporal dispersion conduction must be present in at least 2 nerves
- Absence of upper motor neuron signs and bulbar involvement
- Baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., Inflammatory Neuropathy Cause and Treatment (INCAT) Disability Score, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention:

- Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis
- Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400 mg/dL) OR
- Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections

Myasthenia Gravis:

- Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise)
- Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity)
- Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis:

- Documented severe active disease state on physical exam
- Documentation of at least two of the following:
 - o Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 - Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level
 - Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 - Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma
 - Nailfold abnormalities
 - Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
- Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
- Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)

<u>Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant</u>:

Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:

- Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
- Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
- Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis

Stiff-Person Syndrome:



- Documented anti-GAD antibodies
- Documented failure with at least 2 of the following treatments: benzodiazepines, baclofen, phenytoin, clonidine and/or tizanidine

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant:

- Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
- Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
- Transplant was less than 100 days ago

Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric):

- Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease
- 13 years of age and under

Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT):

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - o Previous FAIT pregnancy
 - o Family history of the disease
 - Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies
- Authorization is valid until delivery date only

Hemolytic disease of the newborn:

Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient

Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases:

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following:
 - Pemphigus vulgaris
 - o Pemphigus foliaceus
 - o Bullous Pemphigoid
 - Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid)
 - o Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita
 - Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis)
 - Linear IgA dermatosis
- Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating
- Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil)

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia:

- Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL
- Documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous antibiotics or hospitalization



Toxic Shock Syndrome:

Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome

<u>Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune</u> Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS):

- A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not
 effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as
 measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument
 directed at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given
 concurrently or sequentially and may include:
 - Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline)
 - Behavioral therapy
 - o Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen)
 - o Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)
- Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment

Renewal Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT)

 Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding

Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)

 Renewal requires documentation of a documented clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)

Multifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN)

 Renewal requires documentation that there has been a demonstrated clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

13 years of age or less

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

 Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower and documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam

Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant

Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response

Stiff Person Disease

 Renewal requires documentation of a clinically significant improvement over baseline per physical exam

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant



- Renewal requires documentation that the IgG is less than or equal to 400mg/dL; AND
- Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation **Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases:**
- Renewal requires a documented clinically significant improvement over baseline per physical exam

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- Renewal requires all of the following:
 - o Documentation of a clinical reevaluation at three months after treatment initiation
 - Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and posttreatment)

Dosing and Coverage Duration:

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Authorization durations are as stated below, unless otherwise specified

Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
CIDP	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days for one dose then maintenance dosing of 1 g/kg every 21 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	Acute ITP: • Approval: 1 month only Chronic ITP: • Initial: up to 3 months • Reauthorization: up to 12 months
FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
MMN	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle May be repeated monthly	Initial approval: 1 month Reauthorization: up to 12 months
CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	rheumatologist, imn	by a specialist for the condition being nunologist, hematologist) bject to utilization of the most cost-eff	•
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Total 6 monthly doses only
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn	mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3 1 g/kg x 1 dose, may be repeated once if needed	course of treatment) Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500	months Approval: 1 month (one
	transplant Stiff Person Syndrome	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas)	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-transplant	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to one-year post-transplant
	Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	Up to 2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
	immune blistering diseases	days in a 28-day cycle	months
	Myasthenia Gravis Auto-	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks) Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment) Approval: up to 6
	Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum



INCLISIRAN

Affected Medications: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)

	All E I I I B A L : : 1 (C (EDA) L : I' C (C (I) L I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia 	
	[HeFH])	
	 Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 	
Required Medical	All Indications	
Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)	
	Primary Hyperlipidemia (non-familial)	
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) LDL-C of at least 190 mg/dL	
	<u>HeFH</u>	
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected 	
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor 	
	[LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9	
	[PCSK9] loss-of-function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1	
	[LDLRAP1])	
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 	
	points	
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 	
	Clinical ASCVD	
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:	
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 	
	History of myocardial infarction (MI)	
	 Stable or unstable angina 	
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 	
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 	
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin 	
Appropriate	All Indications	
Treatment	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following:	
Regimen & Other	 Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by 	
Criteria:	a creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal	
	 Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with 	
	statin use and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:	
	 A minimum of two different statin trials, with at least one being a 	
	hydrophilic statin (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)	
	 A re-challenge of each statin (muscle symptoms stopped when each 	
	was discontinued and restarted upon re-initiation)	



Care Restrictions:

Coverage Duration:

Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-week trial with ALL of the following, shown by an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL: Maximally tolerated statin/ezetimibe therapy Repatha **Clinical ASCVD** Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent maximally tolerated combination statin/ezetimibe therapy, as shown by **ONE** of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions (see below) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha **Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions** ACS within the past 12 months Age 65 years and older History of MI (distinct from HeFH ACS event) Prior coronary artery bypass or Ischemic stroke percutaneous intervention (outside of Symptomatic PAD major ASCVD events) **Diabetes** Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure Reauthorization requires an updated lipid panel showing a clinically significant reduction in baseline LDL-C and continued adherence to therapy **Exclusion Criteria:** Concurrent use with PCSK9 monoclonal antibodies (e.g., Repatha, Praluent) Age Restriction: 18 years of age and older Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist

All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care

Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Adm	inistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design	
		ptica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults who are anti-
		QP4) antibody positive
Denvised Medical		n G4-related disease (IgG4-RD) in adults
Required Medical	NMOSD	to aguanaria 4 immunaglabulia C (AOD4 IgC) NIMOSD confirmed
Information:	•	e aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed
	by all the following:	of ACDA In Composition and the adiabatic and could be conducted.
		of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
		ernative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) re clinical characteristic:
		optic neuritis
	■ Acute n	· ·
		area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained sor nausea/vomiting)
	·	3,
		prainstem syndrome
	1	omatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging
	` '-	see table below]
	table be	rerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see
	lable be	now]
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion
		Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	Extensive periependymal lesion
		Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion
		Long corticospinal tract lesion
		Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
		zarge, communic cusses treat or usep time matter recient
		ck in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years,
	requiring rescue therapy	<i>(</i>
	IgG4-RD	
		per American College of Rheumatology/European League Against
		AR) classification criteria that meets inclusion criteria, has no
		has equal to an areator than 20 alossification criteria inclusion
	exclusion criteria, AND	has equal to or greater than 20 classification criteria inclusion
	exclusion criteria, AND points	nas equal to or greater than 20 classification chiena inclusion
	pointsThe condition affects tw	o or more organs or sites at any time, including at least one of
	pointsThe condition affects tw the following: pancreas,	



	Member is experiencing (or has recently experienced) an IgG4-RD flare that requires glucocorticoid treatment	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	■ NMOSD Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)	
	 IgG4-RD Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Glucocorticoids Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection	
	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis	
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	<u>NMOSD</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist	
Care Restrictions:	IgGR-RD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, endocrinologist, nephrologist, hepatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of IgG4-RD	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



INFUSIONS FOR ADVANCED PARKINSON'S DISEASE

Affected Medications: ONAPGO (apomorphine hydrochloride infusion), VYALEV (carbidopa-levodopa infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in adults with advanced Parkinson's disease
	(PD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of advanced PD
Information:	Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods
	- Clour responds to levelopa a caumona with evidence of the periods
	Onapgo
	Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while walks despite an entimized DD treatment regimen
	awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen
	Vyalev
	Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 2.5 hours or more per day while Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 2.5 hours or more per day while Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 2.5 hours or more per day while
A	awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with both of the following:
Treatment	Oral carbidopa/levodopa extended release
Regimen & Other	 Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes:
Criteria:	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline)
	 Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	 Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone)
	<u>Onapgo</u>
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 98 mg/20 mL per day
	Vyalev
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 3,525 mg of
	foslevodopa component per day
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Onapgo</u>
	PD not responsive to levodopa
	Use for atypical Parkinson's syndrome (such as "Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or
	secondary PD
	Previous neurosurgical treatment for PD
	Vivoley
	VyalevPD not responsive to levodopa
	·
	Concomitant or recent (within 2 weeks) use of nonselective MAO inhibitors
	Concomitant use with carbidopa/levodopa extended release products
Age Restriction:	<u>Onapgo</u>
	30 years of age and older



	Vyalev	
	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: INHALED MANNITOL

Affected Medications: BRONCHITOL (mannitol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance therapy to improve pulmonary function in cystic fibrosis
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or
Information:	diagnostic testing
	 Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with 6-month trial of twice daily inhaled hypertonic saline
Treatment	(at least 80% adherence), unless contraindicated or intolerable. Treatment failure
Regimen & Other	defined as one or more of the following:
Criteria:	 Increased pulmonary exacerbations from baseline
	o Decrease in FEV1
	Requests for Bronchitol 7-day and 4-week treatment packs for add-on maintenance
	therapy:
	 Documentation confirming successful completion of the Bronchitol Tolerance Test (BTT)
	 Prescribed in conjunction with a short-acting bronchodilator and standard therapies for CF
	Reauthorization requires documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: AVONEX (interferon beta-1a), BETASERON (interferon beta-1b), PLEGRIDY (pegylated interferon beta-1a), REBIF (interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) 	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Avonex and Plegridy: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) BOTH of the following:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified	



INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), PAVBLU (aflibercept-ayyh)

Oncome di Universi	AUE I ID ALITE (FDA)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved, or compendia supported,
	indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	 Eylea, Pavblu, Lucentis
	o Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Beovu, Susvimo
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Susvimo
	 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV)
	 Lucentis
	 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
	Eylea, Lucentis
Required	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes
Medical	
Information:	Fulso/Davislus Dasing
Appropriate Treatment	Eylea/Pavblu Dosing
Regimen &	Coverage for the non-preferred products Eylea or Pavblu is provided when one of the following criteria is met:
Other Criteria:	of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Eylea or Pavblu, excluding when the product is
Other Officeria.	 Currently receiving treatment with Eylea or Pavblu, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with <u>TWO</u> of the
	following preferred products: Avastin, Vabysmo, or Byooviz,
	Documentation of treatment-naïve retinopathy of prematurity (ROP) in a preterm
	infant 32 weeks or younger
	AMD – 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 8 weeks
	 Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to every 8-week maintenance dosing
	• RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks
	DME and DR – 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 8 weeks
	• ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) as a single injection per affected eye(s); dose may be
	repeated up to 2 times with a minimum treatment interval between doses of at least 10
	days (maximum of 3 doses total)
	Eylea HD Dosing
	Coverage for the non-preferred product Eylea HD is provided when one of the
	following criteria is met:
	Currently receiving treatment with Eylea HD, excluding when the product is
	obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
	obtained as samples of via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.



- A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with <u>TWO</u> of the following preferred products: Avastin, Vabysmo, or Byooviz
- AMD and DME 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
- **DR** 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 weeks to 12 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only

Lucentis Dosing

- Coverage for the non-preferred product Lucentis is provided when the following criteria is met:
 - A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with <u>TWO</u> of the following preferred products: Avastin, Vabysmo, or Byooviz
- AMD and RVO maximum 0.5 mg every 4 weeks
- **DME and DR –** 0.3 mg every 4 weeks
- mCNV- 0.5 mg every 4 weeks for up to 3 months
- ROP 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be repeated up to 2 times with a minimum treatment interval between doses of 28 days (maximum of 3 doses total)

Beovu Dosing

- Coverage for the non-preferred product Beovu is provided when either of the following criteria is met:
 - Currently receiving treatment with Beovu, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
 - A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with <u>TWO</u> of the following preferred products: Avastin, Vabysmo, or Byooviz
- AMD 6 mg every month for the first three doses followed by 6 mg every 8 to 12 weeks
- DME 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses followed by 6 mg every 8 to 12 weeks

Susvimo Dosing

- Coverage for the non-preferred product Susvimo is provided when the following criteria is met:
 - A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with <u>TWO</u> of the following preferred products: Avastin, Vabysmo, or Byooviz
- Must be established on ranibizumab (such as Byooviz) injections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5 mg every 4 weeks)
- AMD and DME 2 mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks
- DR 2 mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 36 weeks

<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)

Exclusion Criteria:

- Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections
- Active intraocular inflammation



Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo
Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Authorization: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified All other indications Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) between 24 and 83 Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) letters (20/25 and 20/320 Snellen equivalent)
Appropriate	Dosing not to exceed:
Treatment	 Every 25-day dosing for Syfovre
Regimen & Other	 Every 28-day dosing for Izervay
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and for BCVA to remain at 24 letters or better (20/320 Snellen equivalent)
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the eye(s) receiving treatment
Age Restriction:	 Syfovre: 60 years of age and older Izervay: 50 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON-A, INTRON-A WITH DILUENT (interferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ damage.
Required Medical Information:	 For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent electrocardiogram Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease Hepatitis B: greater than or equal to 1 year of age
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Hepatitis C: greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
	Treatment of invasive mucormycosis
Required Medical	Invasive Aspergillosis
Information:	Documented diagnosis supported by clinical manifestations of disease and at least one
	of the following: Features of Aspergillus spp. on histopathology or cytology (tissue or fluid staining) Positive culture or biopsy Two or more positive polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests from serum, plasma, bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL), or a combination Elevated galactomannan (GM) index
	■ ≥ 1.0 from serum, plasma, BAL, or cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) OR
	 ≥ 0.7 from serum or plasma and ≥ 0.8 from BAL
	 Invasive Mucormycosis Documented diagnosis of invasive mucormycosis supported by clinical manifestations of disease and at least one of the following: Positive tissue culture or biopsy Features of Mucorales on histopathology Positive polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test (serum, plasma, or histological
	specimens with fungal elements)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Invasive Aspergillosis Documentated treatment failure with minimum 2-week trial of the following, unless intolerable or contraindicated: Voriconazole Posaconazole
	Invasive Mucormycosis
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy)
	 Posaconazole (if request is for oral step-down therapy after initial therapy)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant
Care Restrictions:	physician, or oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene-fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LAZERTINIB**

Affected Medications: LAZCLUZE (lazertinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	 Documentation of confirmed non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) that is metastatic or unresectable with epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R substitution mutations
Appropriate	Documented intolerable adverse event to Tagrisso (osimertinib) with or without
Treatment	chemotherapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LENACAPAVIR**

Affected Medications: SUNLENCA (lenacapavir)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing
Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires all of the following: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of lenacapavir resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria:	mutations committee by resistance testing
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LENIOLISIB**

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)
Required Medical	Documentation of an APDS-associated PIK3CD/PIK3R1 mutation without concurrent
Information:	use of immunosuppressive medication
	Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan
	Documentation of both of the following:
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction (e.g., lung, liver)
	Current weight (must be at least 45 kg)
Appropriate	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
Treatment	contraception during therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the
	following:
	 Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in lymphadenopathy
	 Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	12 to 75 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist/oncologist, or
Care Restrictions:	specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LETERMOVIR**

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in CMV-seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant for adults and pediatric patients 6 months of age and older and weighing at least 6 kg Prophylaxis of CMV disease in kidney transplant recipients at high risk for adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older and weighing at least 40 kg
Required Medical	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
Information:	Is cytomegalovirus CMV-seropositive
	OR
	 Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient CMV-seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at
Treatment	least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(HSCT only)
	HSCT Dosing : Up to 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post-transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation
	Kidney Transplant Dosing : Up to 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV-seropositive/recipient CMV-seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the prevention and treatment of CMV infection
Care Nestrictions.	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	HSCT • Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Kidney Transplant Authorization: 7 months, unless otherwise specified



LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: leuprolide acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, LUPANETA (leuprolide-norethindrone), FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by Plan design.
	plan design
	o Endometriosis
	Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Control procesious puberty (CDR)
	Central precocious puberty (CPP) NCCN (National Comprehensive Capser Network) indications level 2A or higher.
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications level 2A or higher Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Endometriosis:
Information:	 Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
	Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids):
	Documentation of all of the following:
	Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	Discrete at the last transfer of the second t
	 Planning to use in combination with iron supplements
	Gender dysphoria:
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	(**************************************
	Central precocious puberty:
	Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating
	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first line the region:
Regimen & Other	of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Control procesious pubartu
	Central precocious puberty: Approval of Eanselvi requires rationals for avoidance of Lupran and Supprelin LA
Exclusion Criteria:	Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA Undiagnosed charged lyaging blooding
Exclusion Criteria:	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding Management of utering laienvemete without intention of undergoing ourgon.
	Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery. Drampagery or breastfeed in re-
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding



	Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion)
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years of age and older
	• Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age or younger (males)
Prescriber/Site of	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a
Care Restrictions:	specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria
	All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist,
	or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary adenoma (Cushing's disease)
	Ectopic ACTH secretion by a non-pituitary tumor
	Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
	(ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
Appropriate	Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been
Treatment	curative
Regimen & Other	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Criteria:	 Clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of oral ketoconazole for at least 8 weeks
	o Intolerable adverse event to oral ketoconazole, and the adverse event was not
	an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIFILEUCEL

Affected Medications: AMTAGVI (lifileucel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Diagnosis of unresectable or Stage IV metastatic melanoma
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	ECOG PS of 0 or 1
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) greater than 45%
	Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) greater than 60%
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification not more than Class I
Appropriate	At least one resectable lesion (or aggregate of lesions resected) of 1.5 cm or more in
Treatment	diameter post-resection to generate tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs)
Regimen & Other	Disease progression after 1 or more prior systemic therapy including:
Criteria:	o a PD-1–blocking antibody; and
	 if BRAF V600 mutation–positive, a BRAF inhibitor or BRAF inhibitor plus a MEK inhibitor
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Melanoma of uveal or ocular origin
	Untreated or active brain metastasis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist.
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months (one dose per patient's lifetime), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LONAFARNIB**

Affected Medications: ZOKINVY (lonafarnib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical Information:	A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene) OR
	 A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following: Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate	Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA)
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g. strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers)
Criteria:	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective contraception during treatment
	Labs:
	Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes) greater than 1,000/microliters
	Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent)
	Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	Dosing:
	Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg
	 Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose twice daily
	 Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a weak CYP3A4 inhibitor
	 Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
Foodback Outlants	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies
	Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam, Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam,
	lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
	Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction PSA loss than to 0.30 m ² .
Ago Postriction:	BSA less than to 0.39 m2 Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.30 m2.
Age Restriction:	Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria
Care Restrictions:	and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months
L	



POLICY NAME: **LOTILANER**

Affected Medications: XDEMVY

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Demodex blepharitis (DB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination
	Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and repeated at least once after 7 days
Appropriate	Reauthorization may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes requiring
Regimen & Other	retreatment
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an optometrist or ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay
Information:	 Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	 Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following:
	(or more) of the following:
	Acute pain event Acute chest syndrome
	 Priapism lasting more than 2 hours
	Acute splenic sequestration
	Acute hepatic sequestration
•	• For patients under 18 years of age, the patient does not have a known and suitable (10/10) human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched related donor willing to participate in an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	 Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen
	 Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization
Treatment	 Able to provide the minimum recommended dose of Lyfgenia- 3 × 10⁶ CD34+ cells/kg.
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease
	Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified	



LUSPATERCEPT-AAMT

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of anemia in adults with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions Treatment of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis stimulating agent use (ESA-naïve) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require regular RBC transfusions
	 Treatment of anemia failing an ESA and requiring 2 or more RBC units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk MDS with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T)
Required Medical	Beta Thalassemia
Information:	Documented diagnosis of beta thalassemia OR hemoglobin E/beta thalassemia
	Documentation of transfusion dependence as evidenced by BOTH of the following in the
	previous 24 weeks:
	 Has required regular transfusions of at least 6 RBC units
	 No transfusion-free period greater than 35 days
	Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion hemoglobin (Hgb) level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
	Myelodysplastic Syndromes
	 Documented diagnosis of MDS, MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T with very low, low, or intermediate risk as classified by the International Prognostic Scoring System-Revised (IPSS-R)
	Documentation of requiring at least 2 RBC units over the previous 8 weeks
	Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
Appropriate	Myelodysplastic Syndromes
Treatment	For those with MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T, must have documentation of treatment
Regimen & Other	failure with an ESA (e.g., Retacrit, Procrit, Epogen, Mircera), unless intolerant or current
Criteria:	endogenous serum erythropoietin (sEPO) level is greater than 500 U/L
	Reauthorization
	Beta thalassemia: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as a reduction
	in RBC transfusion burden from baseline by at least 20%
	MDS: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as achieving transfusion
	independence and/or an improvement in Hgb level from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia
	Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions
	Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia
	Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Beta thalassemia : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist MDS : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of ALL the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of treatment refractory CMV infection or disease following hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) or solid organ transplant (SOT) Documentation of current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (defined as detectable plasma CMV DNA) after minimum 3-week trial with at least one of the following: valganciclovir, ganciclovir, foscarnet, cidofovir Reauthorization: Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina Prophylaxis of CMV infection/disease
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the treatment of CMV infection
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARSTACIMAB

Affected Medications: HYMPAVZI (marstacimab hncq)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency)
	 Hemophilia B (congenital factory IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of congenital factor VIII deficiency (hemophilia A) or congenital factory IX deficiency (hemophilia B) without inhibitors
	Documentation of baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
	Baseline factor level 1% to 3% and a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints
	Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Hemophilia A
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with Hemlibra (emicizumab-kxwh)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Hemophilia B
	Documented treatment failure to factor IX prophylaxis for at least 6 months
	Dose escalation to 300 mg once weekly:
	Documentation of weighing at least 50 kg and experiencing at least 2 breakthrough
	bleeds while on 150 mg dose for at least 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, and documentation of bleed history since last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with bypassing agents
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
•	



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM)
Information:	New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy
	 Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy
Appropriate	Documentation of negative pregnancy test AND use of effective contraception in females
Treatment	of reproductive potential
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication, to ALL of the following:
Criteria:	 Non-vasodilating beta-blocker (e.g., atenolol, metoprolol, bisoprolol, propranolol) Non-dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker (e.g., verapamil, diltiazem)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50%
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MAVORIXAFOR**

Affected Medications: XOLREMDI (mavorixafor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of WHIM syndrome (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis) in patients 12 years of age and older to increase the number of circulating mature neutrophils and lymphocytes.
Required Medical	Diagnosis of WHIM syndrome confirmed by genotype variant of CXCR4 and ANC
Information:	(absolute neutrophil count) of 400 cells/µL or less
	Documentation of symptoms and complications associated with WHIM syndrome requiring medical treatment
Appropriate	Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing
Treatment	Documentation of baseline ALC (absolute lymphocyte count) and ANC (absolute)
Regimen & Other	neutrophil count) to assess clinical response to treatment
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy with sustained improvement in ALC and ANC
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP2D6 for clearance.
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MECASERMIN**

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD)
	 Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizing antibodies to
	GH
Required Medical	Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for
Information:	chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex.
	One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level
Appropriate	Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily.
Treatment	Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily.
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain
	open.
Exclusion Criteria:	Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy.
	Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease)
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MEDICAL NECESSITY

Affected Medications: Abilify MyCitea, Abirtega, Abrilada, Absorica, Absorica LD, Acanya, Aciphex, Actemra SQ, Acthar Gel, Acuvail, Acyclovix, Aczone, Adalimumab-adbm, Adalimumab-fkjp, Adalimumab-ryvk, Adapalene pads, Adcirca, Adlarity, Adlyxin, Admelog, Advicor, Adzenys ER, Adzenys XR, Aerospan, Afrezza, Aimovig, AirDuo, AirDuo Digihaler, Airsupra, Ajovy, Aklief, Allopurinol 200 mg tablet, Allzital, Alprazolam Dispersible, Alprazolam Intensol, Altoprey, Alvesco, Ameluz, Amitiza, Amjevita, Amphetamine ER suspension, Ampyra, Amrix, Amturnide, Amzeeg, Ancobon, Androgel, Androxy, Anzupgo, Apadaz, APAP-Caff-Dihydrocodeine, Apidra, Aplenzin, Aptiom, Arazlo, Arbli, Aripiprazole Dispersible, Armonair Digihaler, Armonair Respiclick, Arymo ER, Asacol HD, Asmanex, Asmanex HFA, Aspruzyo, Astepro solution, Atorvaliq, Aubagio, Auvelity, Aveed, Azathioprine tablet (75 mg, 100 mg), Azelex, Azesco, Azmiro, Azstarys, Baclofen Oral Suspension, Basaglar, Basaglar Tempo pen, Baxdela, Beconase, Belbuca, Beser, Bevespi Aerophere, Bexagliflozin, BiDil, Biifenac, Bimzelx, Bismuth Subcitrate-Metronidazole-Tetracycline, Blujepa, Brekiya, Brenzavvy, Breztri, Bridion, Brilinta, Brinsupri, Brisdelle, Briviact, Bryhali, Brynovin, Bucapsol, Budesonide 9 mg ER tablet, Bunavail, Bupap, Buphenyl, Bupropion XL 450 mg, Butisol, Butrans patch, Bydureon, Bydureon BCise, Byetta, Bynfezia, Byvalson, Cabtreo, Calcipotriene-Betamethasone Dipropionate suspension, Cambia, Capex shampoo, Capital-Codeine, Carac, Carbinoxamine 6 mg tablet, Carisoprodol-ASA, Carisoprodol-ASA-Codeine, CaroSpir, Carticel implant, Cataflam, Cephalexin 750 mg capsule, Cephalexin tablet, Cequa, Chlorpheniramine-Codeine, Chlorzoxazone 250 mg tablet, Cibingo, Ciloxan, Cimzia, Ciprodex OTIC, Cipro HC Otic, Clemastine syrup, Clindamycin Phosphate-Benzoyl Peroxide gel 1.2-2.5 %, Clindavix, Clobetasol ophthalmic suspension, Clobetex, Clonidine ER 0.17 mg tablet, Codar AR, Colazal, Conjupri, Consensi, Conzip, Copaxone, Coreg CR, Cosopt PF, Cotempla XR ODT, Coxanto, Crexont, Crinone, Cuprimine, Cuvposa, Cyanocobalamin Nasal Spray, Cyclobenzaprine ER, Cyclosporine in Klarity, Cyltezo, Dapagliflozin, Dapagliflozin-Metformin ER, Dartisla ODT, Debacterol, Degludec, Delzicol, Demser, Depen, DermacinRx Lexitral cream pack, Dermalid, Desonate gel, Desonide gel, Desonide lotion, DesRx gel, Dexilant, Dhivy, Dichlorphenamide, Diclofenac 1.3 % patch, Diclofenac Potassium capsule, Diclofenac Potassium packet, Diclofenac Potassium 25 MG tablet, Diclofenac Sod soln 1.5 % & Capsaicin cream 0.025 % therapy pack, Diclofex DC cream, Diclopak, Diclosaicin cream, Diclotral pack, Diclotrex, Diclovix DM pak, Diflicid, Diflorasone Diacetate, Dipentum, Doryx MPC, Doxepin 5 % cream, Doxycyline Hyclate 50 mg tablet, Doxycycline Hyclate DR tablet (50 mg, 80 mg, 200 mg), Doxycycline Monohydrate DR 40 mg capsule, Duaklir Pressair, Duetact, Duexis, Dulera, Duobrii, Durlaza, Dutoprol, Duzallo, Dxevo, Dyanavel XR, Dymista, Dynabec, Ebglyss, Econasil, Edarbi, Edarbyclor, Edurant PED, Egaten, Egrifta WR, Elepsia XR, Elidel, Elyxyb, Emflaza, Emflaza Suspension, Emrosi, Enalapril oral solution, Enstilar foam, Entadfi, Entresto, Entvyio SQ, Eohilia, Epaned, Epanova, Epclusa, Eprontia, Equetro, Ergomar, Esbriet, Eskata, Evzio, Exjade, Exservan, Extina foam 2 %, Fabior foam, Faslodex, Fenofibrate 120 mg, Fenortho, Firazyr, First-lansoprazole, Flector patch, Flegsuvy, Flolipid, Flowtuss, Fluopar kit, Fluorouracil 0.5 % cream, Flurandrenolide, Fluoxetine (PMDD) tablet, Forfivo XL, Fortamet, Fortesta gel, Fosamax Plus D, Fulyzaq, Furoscix, Fycompa, Gabacaine pak, Gabapal, Giazo, Gilenya, Gimoti, Gleevec, Gloperba, Glumetza, Glycate, Glycopyrrolate 1.5 mg tablet, Gocovri, Gonitro, GPL pak, Halog, Halcinonide cream, Harliku, Harvoni, Harvoni pak, Helidac, Hemady, Hemangeol, Hemiclor, Hetlioz capsule, Hulio, Humalog, Humalog Junior KwikPen, Humatin, Humira, Humulin, Humulin 70/30 KwikPen, Humulin N, Humulin R-100, Hycofenix, Hyrimoz (Sandoz), Ibsrela, Ibuprofen-Famotidine, Idacio, Igalmi, Iheezo, Ilumya, Imbruvica 70 mg capsule, Imbruvica 140 mg & 280 mg tablet, Imiguimod 3.75 %, Imkeldi, Impeklo, Impoyz, Imuldosa, Imvexxy, Inbrija, Inderal LA, Indocin suppository, Indomethacin 20 mg capsule, Inflatherm kit, Inflatherm pak, Infugem, Ingrezza, Ingrezza Sprinkle, Innolet Insulin, Inpefa, Insulin Aspart, Insulin Aspart Protamine & Aspart 70/30, Insulin Degludec, Insulin Glargine, Insulin Glargine-yfgn, Insulin Lispro, Intrarosa, Invega ER, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Invokana, Inzirqo, Isordil Titradose, Isosorbide Dinitrate-Hydralazine, Isotretinoin 25 mg and 35 mg capsule, lyuzeh, Jadenu, Jadenu sprinkle packet, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, Jublia, Jylamvo, Karbinal ER, Katerzia, Kazano, K-bicarb, Kenalog aerosol, Kenalog susp, Keragel, KeragelT, Kerydin, Kesimpta, Ketek, Ketorolac nasal spray, Keveyis, Kevzara, Khindivi, Kineret, Kirsty, Klisyri, Kombiglyze XR, Konvomep, Korlym, Kyzatrex, Lampit, Latuda, Lescol XL. Letairis, Levamlodipine, Levorphanol Tartrate, Lexette, Lexuss, Lialda, Libervant, Licart, Lido GB 300 kit, Lidostream, Lidotin Pak, Lifems, Likmez, Lipritin Pak, Liptruzet, Lithostat, LMR Plus Lidocaine, Lodoco, Lofena, Lonhala Magnair, Loreev XR, Lotronex, Lucemyra, Luzu, Lybalvi, Lyrica, Lyrica CR tablet, Lyumjev, Lyumjev Kwikpen, Lyvispah, Meclofen, Meloxicam capsule, Mentax cream 1 %, Merilog, Mesalamine DR 800 mg tablet, Mesnex, Metaclopramide disintegrating tablet, Metaxall, Metaxall CP, Metformin ER (OSM), Metformin solution, Methadone Intensol, MethylTESTOSTERone capsule, Metyrosine, Miebo, Mifepristone, Migraine pack, Minocycline ER, Minolira, Mitigare, mNexspike, Monocycline



ER, MorphaBond, MorphaBond ER, Motegrity, Motofen, Motpoly XR, Mycapssa, Myfembree, Myhibbin, Myrbetrig, Mytesi, Nalocet, Namenda XR, Namzaric, Naprelan, Naproxen-Esomeprazole, Nascobal, Natesto gel, Neo-Synalar cream, Nesina, Nexiclon XR, Nexletol, Nexlizet, Nilotinib-D, Nitisinone, Nityr, Nocdurna, Noctiva, Nolix, Nopioid TC kit, Norgesic Forte, Noritate, Norligva, Noroxin, Northera, Nourianz, Novolin 70/30 Relion, Novolin N Relion, Novolin R Relion, Novafil, NuDiclo Solupak, Nurtec, Nuvakaan kit, Nuvakaan II kit, Nuvigil, Nuzyra, Ofloxacin tablet, Ohtuvayre, Olpruva, Olumiant, Olysio, Omeprazole-Sodium Bicarb, Omnaris, Omvoh SQ, Ondansetron 24 mg tablet, Onexton, Onfi, Onglyza, Onyda XR, Onzetra Xsail, Opipza, Oracea, Oralair, Orencia SQ, Orfadin, Orlynvah, Ormalvi, Orphenadrine-Aspirin-Caffeine tablet, Orphengesic Forte, Ortikos, Oseni, Otrexup, Otulfi, Oxaprozin capsule, Oxaydo, Oxycodone-Acetaminophen (2.5 mg-300 mg, 5 mg-300 mg, 7.5 mg-300 mg, 10 mg-300 mg), Ozobax, Pamelor, Panlor, Panretin gel, Paromomycin, Pazeo, Pedizolpak, Penicillamine tablet, Pennsaid solution, Pentican pak, Percocet, Pertzye, Pheburane, Picato, Pioglitazone-Glimepiride, Pirfenidone 534 mg tablet, Plaquenil, Pradaxa, Praluent, Prevacid SoluTab, Prevpac, Prialt, Prilo Patch, Prilopentin, Primlev, Primsol, Pristiq, ProAir Digihaler, Prolate, Promacta, Prudoxin, Purified Cortrophin gel, Purixan, Pyzchiva, Qbrelis, Qbrexza, Qdolo, Qelbree, Qfitlia, Qmiiz, QNASL, Qtern, Qudexy XR, QuilliChew ER, Quillivant XR, Quinixil, Quinosone, Qulipta, Qwo, Raldesy, Ranexa, Rasuvo, Rayos, Recarbrio, Reditrex, Relexxii, Relion Insulins, Relprevv, Reltone, Retin-A Micro pump gel (0.06 %, 0.08 %), Revatio, Rezvoglar, Rhofade, Ribasphere, Ridaura, Riomet, Riomet ER, Rocklatan, Ryaltris, Ryvent, Ryzodeg 70/30, Sabril, Samsca, Saphris, Sarafem, Savaysa, Saxagliptin-Metformin ER, Seconal, Seebri Neohaler, Seglentis, Segluromet, Semglee, Sensipar, Sephience, Sernivo, Seysara, Siklos, Silenor, Sila III pak, Silig subcutaneous injection, Simlandi, Simponi, Simvastatin suspension, Skelaxin, Skelid, Soaanz, Sofdra, Soliqua, Solodyn, Solosec, Soolantra, Sorilux, Sotyktu, Sovaldi, Sovaldi pak, Spevigo Subcutaneous, Spironolactone suspension, Sporanox solution, Spritam, Sprix, Sprycel, Steglatro, Steglujan, Stelara, Stegeyma, Striant, Striant buccal, Suboxone, Sumatriptan-Naproxen, Sure Result DSS premium pack, Symbravo, Symbyax, Sympazan, Symproic, Synalar, Syndros, Syprine, Taclonex suspension, Talicia, Taltz, Tanzeum, Targadox, Tascenso ODT, Tasoprol, Tayaborole, Tazarotene foam, Tazarotene cream 0.05%, Tazorac Cream, Tazorac Gel, Tecfidera, Technivie, Tezruly, Thalitone, Thiola, Thiola EC, Thyquidity, Ticlopidine, Tiglutik, Tiopronin, Tivorbex, Tolak, Tolsura, Topiramate ER, Tosymra, Tovet kit, Tracleer, Tradjenta, Tramadol oral solution, Tretinoin Microsphere Gel 0.08 %, Treximet, Tri-Luma, Trixylitral kit, Trokendi XR, Trudhesa, Trulance, Tryptyr, Tudorza Pressair, Twyneo, Tyrvaya, Tyzeka, Tyzine, Ubrelvy, Ultravate, Ultresa, Umeclidinium bromide-Vilanterol, Uptravi, Ursodiol capsule (200 mg, 400 mg), Ustekinumab, Utibron Neohaler, Uzedy, Valsartan oral solution, Vanatol LQ, Vanos, Varophen, Vasotec, Vecamyl, Vectical, Velsipity, Veltassa, Venlafaxine Besylate ER, Veozah, Veramyst, Veregen, Verkazia, Versacloz, Vesicare LS, Vevye, Vexasyn, Vexasyn gel, Vfend oral suspension, V-Go, Viberzi, Vibramycin, Victoza, Victrelis, Viekira, Vigafyde, Viibryd, Viibryd Starter Pack, Vimovo, Viokace, Vivlodex, Vizz, Vogelxo, Voquezna dual pak, Voriconazole oral suspension, Vtol LQ solution, Vuity, Vyzulta, Wakix, Wegovy, Wezlana, Winlevi, Wynorza, Xaciato, Xadago, Xartemis XR, Xatmep, Xcopri, Xelitral pack, Xeloda, Xelstrym, Xenazine, Xenleta, Xerese, Xermelo, Xhance, Ximino, Xromi, Xtampza ER, Xultophy, Xyosted, Yosprala, Yuflyma, Yupelri, Yusimry, Yutrepia, Zanaflex capsule, Zavzpret, Zcort, Zebutal, Zecuity, Zelnorm, Zembrace, Zenevix, Zepatier, Zetonna, Zileuton ER, Zinbryta, Zipsor, Zituvimet, Zituvimet XR, Zituvio, Zolpak, Zolpidem capsule, Zolpimist, Zonalon, Zonisade, Zorvolex, ZTLido, Z-Tuss, Zunveyl, Zyclara, Zymfentra, Zypitamag, Zytiga

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documented intolerance or treatment failure with the formulary alternatives for the submitted diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved compendia supported dosing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective s	ite of care
Coverage Duration:	Dependent on expected duration of therapy and necessity of docu to therapy	mentation of response



MEK INHIBITORS FOR NEUROFIBROMATOSIS TYPE 1 (NF1)
Affected Medications: KOSELUGO (selumetinib), GOMEKLI (mirdametinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neural interpretation type 1 with symptometric incorrection in providing the provider of the provider
	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 1 year of age and older
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documented body surface area (BSA) and requested dose (all indications)
	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
	 Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a
	multidisciplinary specialist care team (a child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in post pubertal individuals
	 Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma Optic pathway glioma Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more
	choroidal abnormalities A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone
	 A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	 NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage of Gomekli requires documentation of the following: Documentation of intolerable adverse event to Koselugo OR 18 years of age and older Dosing is limited to 2 mg/m²
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
	1 to 18 years of age (Koselugo)2 years of age and older (Gomekli)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MEPOLIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and
	older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
	 Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL OR dependent on daily oral
	corticosteroids
	AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 EGPA Documented diagnosis of EGPA confirmed by:
	 Eosinophilia at baseline (blood eosinophil level over 10% or absolute count ove 1,000 cells/mcL)
	ALL CTAGO SIL SIL
	 At least I WO of the following: Asthma
	 Histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular eosinophilic infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation Peripheral neuropathy (not due to radiculopathy) Pulmonary infiltrates
	Sinonasal abnormality/obstruction
	Cardiomyopathy (confirmed on imaging)
	Glomerulonephritis
	Alveolar hemorrhage
	Palpable purpura
	 Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) positive (anti-MPO-ANCA anti-PR3-ANCA)
	Documentation that manifestations of EGPA are active and nonsevere
	(respiratory/sinonasal disease, uncomplicated skin manifestations, arthralgias, mild
	(

systemic symptoms, etc.)



- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - Refractory disease, defined as inability to achieve remission within the prior 6 months, following induction treatment with a standard regimen
 - Relapsing disease, defined as needing an increased glucocorticoid dose, initiation/increased dose of immunosuppressant, or hospitalization while on oral glucocorticoid therapy

HES

- Diagnosis of HES with all the following:
 - Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL
 - o Disease duration greater than 6 months
 - At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
 - Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease
 - Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out
- Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)

CRSwNP

- Documented diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
- History of sinus surgery (Functional Endoscopic Sinus Surgery [FESS] or similar)
- Documentation of both of the following:
 - Presence of bilateral nasal polyps
 - Symptoms of sinonasal obstruction/congestion for over 12 weeks (decreased/absent sense of smell, facial pressure/pain, rhinorrhea/postnasal drip)

COPD

- FEV1/FVC ratio less than 0.7 and FEV1 of 20-80% predicted
- Blood eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL (within last 30 days) or at least 300 cells/μL in the previous 12 months
- Symptoms of chronic bronchitis (productive cough) and/or emphysema (shortness of breath) for at least 3 months

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Eosinophilic asthma

- Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence
 - o Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required

EGPA

Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant



	drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	drugs (azatiliophilie, methotrexate, mycophieriolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	 HES Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea (not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES]) Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	CDCND
	 CRSwNP Documented treatment failure with two intranasal corticosteroids for a minimum of 3 months each after sinus surgery
	COPD
	 Documented use of inhaled triple therapy consisting of a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA), long-acting beta agonist (LABA), and inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) for at least 12 weeks with continued symptoms Documentation of one of the following:
	 History of at least two moderate COPD exacerbations requiring treatment with a systemic corticosteroid and/or an antibiotic in the past year while adherent on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence
	 History of at least one severe COPD exacerbation requiring hospitalization in the past year while adherent on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
	EGPA: 18 years of age and older
	HES: 12 years of age and older
	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older
Dona a sulla sulla la	COPD: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Eosinophilic asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	EGPA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such
	as a rheumatologist, nephrologist, pulmonologist, or immunologist)
	HES: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as an immunologist or hematologist)
	CRSwNP: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	COPD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



METHYLNALTREXONE

Affected Medications: RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone bromide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with advanced illness or pain caused by active cancer who require opioid dosage escalation for palliative care Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with chronic non-cancer pain,
	including patients with chronic pain related to prior cancer or its treatment who do not require frequent (e.g., weekly) opioid dosage escalation
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of treatment of opioid-induced constipation (OIC) in an adult with:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	OIC in adults with chronic non-cancer pain Documented treatment failure or contraindication to a trial of all of the following: Lubiprostone Linzess Movantik
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success, a clinically significant response to therapy, and documentation of continued opioid use
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction or increased risk for recurrent obstruction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **METRELEPTIN**

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin deficiency
Required	
Medical Information:	 Current weight Baseline serum leptin levels, hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c), fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting serum insulin
	Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies
	Documented leptin deficiency confirmed by laboratory testing (serum leptin of less than 12 ng/mL)
	Documentation of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy with least ONE of the
	following:
	 Concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
	 Concurrent diabetes
Appropriate	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
Treatment	Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two
Regimen &	triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum
Other Criteria:	tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks each
	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes
	Persistent hyperglycemia (HbA1c 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention and
	optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels
Exclusion	Partial lipodystrophy
Criteria:	General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency
	HIV-related lipodystrophy
	Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without
	concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	, I



MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The design
	plan design
	Paget's disease of boneHypercalcemia
Poguired	O Hypercalcemia Hypercalcemia
Required Medical	
Information:	Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)
illiorillation.	Paget's disease of bone
Annanista	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months
Appropriate	Hypercalcemia (1)
Treatment	Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as intravenous fluids) did not receive in a degree of the second of the
Regimen &	did not result in adequate efficacy OR
Other Criteria:	Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for other
	methods to show efficacy
	Denet's disease of home
	Paget's disease of bone
	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of both of the fallowing:
	of the following:
	OR Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks
	Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance)
	less than 35 mL/min)
	AND
	Documentation of all of the following:
	Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation
	 Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., bone pain, bone
	deformity)
	dolomity)
	Reauthorization - Paget's disease of bone:
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	(such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other
	symptoms)
Exclusion	Related to Paget's disease of bone
Criteria:	History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases
	Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates
	Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone
	Treatment or prevention of osteoporosis
A	
Age	18 years of age or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the reset set offective site of some
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease Compendia-supported uses that will be covered: Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC)
Required Medical Information:	Gaucher Disease Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 NPC Diagnosis of NPC confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in either the NPC1 gene or NPC2 gene Documentation of at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, such as: Loss of motor function Problems with swallowing or speech Cognitive impairment Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Documentation of baseline signs and symptoms of NPC
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Gaucher Disease: Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy NPC:
Exclusion	 Reauthorization requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann-Pick disease type C signs and symptoms Documentation that patient is still ambulatory Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy
Criteria: Age Restriction:	. s.n.a.s or simusearing potential time to program or planning a program of



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: A specialist in the management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist) A specialist in the management of NPC (such as a geneticist, endocrinologist, metabolic disorder subspecialist, or neurologist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MILTEFOSINE**

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the following in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs): Visceral leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania donovani Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs): Visceral leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania donovani Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
 Visceral leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania donovani Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
 Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Indications Current weight Sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Current weight sceral Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) staneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
marrow or spleen) Itaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
taneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
onig.
30 to 44 kg: 50 mg twice daily for 28 days
45 kg or greater: 50 mg three times daily for 28 days
45 kg of greater. 50 flig tillee tilles daily for 26 days
D
Pregnancy
Sjögren-Larsson syndrome Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs)
Treatment of leishmaniasis outside of the visceral, cutaneous, or mucosal settings
Treatment of other Leishmania species
12 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
,
Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: PYRUKYND (mitapivat tablet)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemolytic anemia due to pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), confirmed by BOTH of the following: Presence of at least 2 variant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell (PLKR) gene At least one variant allele is a missense mutation Documentation of ONE of the following: Regularly receiving red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, defined as 6 or more transfusions in the previous 12 months Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) level of less than or equal to 10 g/dL with a history of no more than 4 transfusions in the previous 12 months Documentation of baseline transfusion count, including dates and number of units transfused
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as: For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed
Exclusion Criteria:	 Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MOLLUSCUM CONTAGIOSUM AGENTS Affected Medications: YCANTH, ZELSUVMI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever)
	 For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC, confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological examination, or biopsy
	Documentation of persistent itching or pain AND one of the following:
	 Concomitant bacterial infection of the lesion
	o Concomitant atopic dermatitis
	 Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions with bandages or clothing
	Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
	Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate	Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC
Treatment	lesions:
Regimen & Other	o Cryotherapy
Criteria:	○ Curettage
	Laser therapy Adams to the filling of an analytic gold to a transfer MO that have suited as a side gold.
	Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence supporting use, such as:
	o Topical podofilox for at least 1 month
	Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months
	Dosing:
	 Ycanth: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
	o Zelsuvmi: One kit for 12 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Ycanth: 2 years of age and older
	Zelsuvmi: 1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical Information:	Documented diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps History of bilateral total ethmoidectomy Documentation of both of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with at least 3 months of two intranasal corticosteroids after ethmoidectomy Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success (reduction in symptoms, polyp size/obstruction, etc.), at least 9 months after previous treatment with Sinuva
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MOTIXAFORTIDE**

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan
	o In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF]) to
	mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation to
	facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation
	(ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:
Treatment	 Single agent granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Regimen & Other	 G-CSF in combination with plerixafor
Criteria:	No reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group
	(ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months unless otherwise specified



MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa), NAGLAZYME (galsulfase), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), ALDURAZYME (laronidase), ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome)
	 Naglazyme: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy
	syndrome)
	 Mepsevii: Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly Syndrome)
	o Aldurazyme:
	 Hurler Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H)
	 Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H/S)
	 Scheie form of Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS I S) with moderate to
	severe symptoms
	Elaprase: Mucopolysaccharidosis type II (MPS II; Hunters syndrome)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of specific MPS type confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficient activity of
Information:	the relevant enzyme OR detection of pathogenic mutations in the relevant gene by
	molecular genetic testing, as follows:
	 For Vimizim: N-acetylgalactosamine 6-sulfatase (GALNS) enzyme or GALNS
	gene
	 For Naglazyme: N-acetylgalactosamine 4-sulfatase (ASB) enzyme or Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene
	For Mepsevii: beta-glucuronidase (GUSB) enzyme or GUSB gene
	 For Aldurazyme: alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) enzyme or IDUA gene
	 For Elaprase: iduronate 2-sulfatase (I2S or IDS) enzyme or IDS gene
	Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS, such as soft tissue abnormality,
	skeletal abnormality, joint abnormality, respiratory disease, gait abnormality, motor
	issues, or cardiac abnormality
	Baseline value for one or more of the following:
	 Function test such as the Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOT-
	2), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), three-minute stair climb test (3-MSCT), or
	pulmonary function tests (PFTs)
	 Liver and/or spleen volume
	Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAGs) level
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed the recommended dosing according to the FDA label
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will
Regimen & Other	be enforced
Criteria:	Describe visation was visated as weather of the standard and final as ONE
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE or more of the following:
	 Stability or improvement in function tests such as BOT-2, 6MWT, 3-MSCT, or PFTs
	Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume
	·
	Reduction in urinary GAG level Other divisionly significant improvement in MRS signs and symptoms.
	Other clinically significant improvement in MPS signs and symptoms



Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder Severe irreversible cognitive impairment
	Severe, irreversible cognitive impairment
Age Restriction:	Vimizim and Naglazyme: 5 years of age and older
	Elaprase: 16 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of inherited
Care Restrictions:	metabolic disorders, such as a geneticist or endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY RNA THERAPY

Affected Medications: AMONDYS 45 (casimersen), EXONDYS 51 (eteplirsen), VYONDYS 53 (golodirsen), VILTEPSO (viltolarsen)

Covered Uses:	Casimersen (Amondys 45), eteplirsen (Exondys 51), golodirsen (Vyondys 53), and viltolarsen (Viltepso) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv), FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), ZIEXTENZO (pegfilgrastim-bmez), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim-apgf), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (pegfilgrastim-fpgk), NYPOZI (filgrastim-txid), RYZNEUTA (efbemalenograstim alfa)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Neupogen, Nivestym, Nypozi, Releuko and Zarxio

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.

<u>Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation</u> Chemotherapy

• Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia.

Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant

• Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation.

<u>Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and</u> Therapy (Neupogen, Nivestym, Nypozi, Zarxio)

• Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.

Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia

• Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia.

<u>Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation.

Leukine

Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia

 Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death.



<u>Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood</u> Progenitor Cells

 Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.

Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous bone marrow transplantation (BMT).

Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors.

Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay

• Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom engraftment is delayed or has failed.

Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, Ryzneuta, and Rolvedon

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.

<u>Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca, Ziextenzo)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Granix

 Indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia.

Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nypozi/Nivestym/Leukine:

- Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies
- Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)
- Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS
- Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)
- Stem cell transplantation-related indications
- Agranulocytosis
- Aplastic anemia
- Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
- Neutropenia related to renal transplantation



Required Medical Information: • Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline and regularly throughout therapy • Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia

- Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia
- Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen
- Documentation of planned treatment course
- Documentation of current patient weight

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix, Nypozi

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Nypozi, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym

When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Nypozi, Zarxio, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym

Sargramostim product: Leukine

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

- Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure
- A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to preferred products listed above

<u>Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, Rolvedon</u>

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, Ziextenzo and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Fulphila and Udenyca

Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon and Efbemalenograstim product: Ryzneuta

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Rolvedon and Ryzneuta, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products Fulphila and Udenyca

For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:

Meets **ONE** of the following:

- Curative Therapy:
 - High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen **OR**
 - Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical





POLICY NAME: **NAFARELIN**

Affected Medications: SYNAREL (nafarelin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Endometriosis
Required Medical Information:	Central Precocious Puberty: Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations Endometriosis:
	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Maximum treatment duration 6 months total
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion)Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Age Restriction:	 Endometriosis: 18 years of age and older Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age or younger (males)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or gynecologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Endometriosis: 6 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified CPP: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NALOXEGOL**

Affected Medications: MOVANTIK (naloxegol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Opioid-induced constipation
Required Medical Information:	Documentation supporting a diagnosis of opioid-induced constipation in a patient with chronic, non-cancer pain that has been taking opioids for at least 4 weeks
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to polyethylene glycol 3350 (PEG 3350) and one other laxative (such as lactulose) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, AND documented continued use of opioid pain medication
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NATALIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Crohn's disease (CD) Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy 	
	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS	
	 Crohn's disease Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment 	
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS	
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:	
Regimen & Other	Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni and Ruxience) OR	
Criteria:	Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment OR	
	 Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease 	
	 Crohn's disease Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 12 weeks of TWO oral treatments: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, sulfasalazine, balsalazide, or methotrexate AND Documented clinical failure with at least 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra and Renflexis) 	
	 Reauthorization: Anti-JCV antibody <u>negative</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or prior history of PML	
	MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis	
	CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of Crohn's disease	
Age Restriction:	discuso	
Prescriber/Site of	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a MS specialist	
Care Restrictions:	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist	



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Relapsing Forms of MS:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Crohn's Disease:
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO

Affected Medications: NEMLUVIO (nemolizumab-ilto)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prurigo nodularis (PN) Atopic dermatitis (AD) PN Documentation of all the following:		
 Prurigo nodularis (PN) Atopic dermatitis (AD) PN Documentation of all the following: 		
 Atopic dermatitis (AD) PN Documentation of all the following: 		
PN Documentation of all the following:		
Documentation of all the following:		
-		
D1		
 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy 		
 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months 		
 Severe itching 		
<u>AD</u>		
Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment		
(inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living or significant facial involvement		
preventing normal social interaction) AND		
Body Surface Area (BSA) of at least 10% OR Hand feet or reveals reaching involvement.		
Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement PN		
Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical		
corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)		
Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:		
phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine		
Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)		
<u>AD</u>		
Documentation of treatment failure with at least 6 weeks of one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa		
Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine		
Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)		
Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent		
PN: 18 years of age and older		
AD: 12 years of age and older		
 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist 		
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase vial), VYVGART HYTRULO PFS (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase prefilled syringe), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab), IMAAVY (nipocalimab)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Vyvgart

 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive

Rystiggo

 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-musclespecific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive

Vyvgart Hytrulo

- Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
- Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)

Imaavy

 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) or anti muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive

Required Medical Information:

Myasthenia Gravis

- Diagnosis of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following:
 - A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
 - A positive edrophonium chloride test
 - o Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
- Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
- Documentation of ONE of the following:
 - MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
 - Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
- For Rystiggo and Imaavy: Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies

CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)

- Documented baseline in strength/weakness using an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
- Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer
- Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
- Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following:
 - Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
 - Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
 - o Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
 - o Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
 - o Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve
 - Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves
 - Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve



	Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic		
	findings are non-diagnostic): OCSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Myasthenia Gravis Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibito corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be 		
Criteria:	 continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, Imaavy or Rystiggo Documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 		
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)		
	 Need for ongoing rescue therapy (at least 3 courses in the past 12 months) with plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) while consistently taking immunosuppressive therapy (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) 		
	Coverage for Rystiggo or Imaavy is provided when one of the following is met:		
	Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo or Imaavy, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs		
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive gMG, if age appropriate		
	 Documented treatment failure with rituximab for MuSK antibody positive gMG (preferred 		
	products: Riabni, Ruxience), if age appropriate		
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
	Reauthorization:		
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as:		
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score 		
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline Documentation that the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity 		
	Note : a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle		
	CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)		
	Documented trial and failure of at least 3 months of intravenous or subcutaneous immune globulin		
	Reauthorization:		
	 Documentation of a clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin) 		
Exclusion Criteria:	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline		
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for the treatment of gMG		



Age Restriction:	 Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, and Rystiggo: 18 years of age and older Imaavy: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE TYPE C (NPC) AGENTS

Affected Medications: MIPLYFFA (arimoclomol citrate), AQNEURSA (levacetylleucine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical	 Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC) Diagnosis of NPC confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in 	
Information:	either the NPC1 gene or NPC2 gene	
illorillation.	Documentation of at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C,	
	such as:	
	o Loss of motor function	
	Problems with swallowing or speech	
	Cognitive impairment	
	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
	wheelchair, walker, or cane	
Appropriate	Documentation of baseline signs and symptoms of NPC For Miplyffa:	
Treatment	Documentation that patient has been receiving miglustat with a stable dose for at least	
Regimen & Other	the past 6 consecutive months	
Criteria:	Documentation that Miplyffa will be taken in combination with miglustat	
	Describe arimation, requires	
	 Reauthorization requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann- 	
	Pick disease type C signs and symptoms	
	Documentation that patient is still ambulatory	
	For Miplyffa: that the drug continues to be used in combination with miglustat	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use of Miplyffa and Aqueursa in combination	
Age Restriction:	Miplyffa: 2 years of age and older	
-	Aqneursa: Adults and pediatric patients weighing 15 kilograms or greater	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of NPC (such as a	
Care Restrictions:	geneticist, endocrinologist, metabolic disorder subspecialist, or neurologist)	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	<u> </u>	



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy 		
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher		
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and		
Information:	anticipated treatment course		
	Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with documentation of tumor progression (tumor growth causing chronic pain, disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)		
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib		
Treatment	Beauth and and the second file of Property of the second s		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



NON-Preferred HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: DUROLANE (hyaluronic acid), EUFLEXXA (1% sodium hyaluronate), GEL-ONE (cross-linked hyaluronate), GELSYN-3 (sodium hyaluronate 0.84%), GENVISC 850 (sodium hyaluronate), HYALGAN (sodium hyaluronate), HYMOVIS (high molecular weight viscoelastic hyaluronan), MONOVISC (high molecular weight hyaluronan), SUPARTZ (sodium hyaluronate), SYNOJOYNT (sodium hyaluronate), TRILURON (sodium hyaluronate), TRIVISC (sodium hyaluronate), VISCO-3 (sodium hyaluronate)

1.	Is this the first time a Hyaluronic Acid (HA) derivative product is being used in this member for this indication?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Document date of last use and go to Renewal criteria		
2.	Is the request for a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication: Treatment of osteoarthritis pain of the knee?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
3.	Is there documented failure to respond to conservative non- pharmacologic therapy (such as ice, physical therapy) and simple analgesics (such as acetaminophen)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met		
4.	Has there been a documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #5		
5.	Is the member currently undergoing treatment and coverage is required to complete the current course of treatment?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met		
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Document and approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met		
Re	Renewal for hyaluronic acid (HA) after previous administration of HA product				
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success that lasted at least 6 months from date of previous HA administration AND documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met		



Quantity Limitations

• Durolane: 1 injection per course

Euflexxa: 3 injections per course

• Gel-One: 1 injection per course

Gelsyn-3: 3 injections per course

GenVisc 850: 3 to 5 injections per course

Hyalgan: 5 injections per course

Hymovis: 2 injections per course

Monovisc: 1 injection per course

Supartz: 3 to 5 injections per course

Synojoynt: 3 injections per course

Triluron: 3 injections per course

• Trivisc: 3 injections per course

Visco-3: 3 injections per course



NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: BORTEZOMIB, PEMETREXED

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For oncology indications: National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 			
Required Medical Information:				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approval of a non-preferred medical drug listed below requires documentation of an intolerable adverse event to all the preferred alternatives, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient			
	Drug Bortezomib (Boruzu, Velcade) Pemetrexed (Pemfexy, Alimta, Pemrydi RTU, Axtle) Reauthorization requir	Non-Preferred code J9046, J9054 J9304, J9292 res documentation of disea	Preferred Alternatives J9041, J9048, J9049 J9294, J9296, J9297, J9305, J9314, J9324 ase responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Trouvers 15 quit	oo accamentation of alcox	aco responsivement to anorapy	
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **NUEDEXTA**

Affected Medications: NUEDEXTA (dextromethorphan hydrobromide/quinidine sulfate)

Required Medical Information:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) Documentation of at least ONE underlying neurological condition associated with PBA such as: amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) extrapyramidal and cerebellar disorders (Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, progressive supranuclear palsy) multiple sclerosis (MS) traumatic brain injury Alzheimer's disease and other dementias stroke. Baseline Center for Neurologic Study-Lability Scale (CNS-LS) score of 13 or greater Documentation of treatment failure to a 30-day trial of each of the following: serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) tricyclic antidepressant (TCA)	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as decreased frequency of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) episodes.	
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A	
Required Medical Information: Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor (MoCD) Type A diagnosis Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A Documentation of family history meeting ONE of the following: Affected sibling(s) with confirmed MoCD Type A; or a history of decessibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)] Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCl such as: Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle responditched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine. Genetic testing to confirm diagnosis of MoCD Type A is scheduled or in progression.		
	Diagnosis of MoCD Type A confirmed by genetic testing showing the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1 (MOSC1)	
Appropriate	Reauthorization:	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing provider Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially approved for presumptive diagnosis 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation) 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Presumptive diagnosis:	



Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified. Must have confirmed diagnosis for
continued approval.
Confirmed diagnosis:
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NUPLAZID**

Affected Medications: NUPLAZID (pimavanserin tartrate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hallucinations and delusions associated with Parkinson's disease (PD) psychosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Parkinson's disease (PD) Presence of psychotic symptoms: hallucinations and/or delusions described as severe and frequent that started after the PD diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to a 30-day trial of quetiapine
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NUSINERSEN**

Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2
Information:	demonstrating ONE of the following:
	 Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1)
	 Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1
	Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
	Documentation of previous treatment history
	Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for
	patient age and motor function:
	Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2)
	Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME)
	Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders
	(CHOP-INTEND)
	Upper Limb Module (ULM) test
	o 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
	Documentation of ventilator use status
	 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16
	hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)
	o This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance
	Planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment
Criteria:	score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
	symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	SMA type 4
	Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
	Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
	Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene
	abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in
Care Restrictions:	treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Jaie Nestrictions.	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 8 months, unless otherwise specified
2 3 1 3 1 ago Dai ationi	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 - Readmonization. 12 months, diffess officialise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab), OCREVUS ZUNOVO (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 Primary Progressive MS: Documentation of at least one year of disease progression and baseline Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Relapsing forms of MS:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) or Ocrevus Zunovo (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with rituximab
	 (biosimilar products, Riabni and Ruxience, preferred) Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) or Ocrevus Zunovo (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B infection
	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV (nintedanib esylate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	o Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)
	 Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung disease (ILD) with a progressive phenotype Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD) Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF)
Information:	Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE of the
	following:
	 Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT)
	UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy
	Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on BOTH HRCT and surgical lung biopsy
	Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been ruled out
	(e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity)
	Documentation of BOTH of the following:
	 Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent
	predicted
	 Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal
	to 30 percent predicted
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD)
	Documented diagnosis of SSc-ILD
	Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution
	computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months
	Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted
	Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted
	Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Disease (ILD) with a Progressive Phenotype
	Documented diagnosis of chronic fibrosing ILD with a progressive phenotype (aka
	progressive pulmonary fibrosis), confirmed by at least two of the following:
	Worsening respiratory symptoms Physiological syldones of disease progression (defined as DLCO reduced by
	 Physiological evidence of disease progression (defined as DLCO reduced by 10% or greater OR FVC reduced by 5% or greater)
	Radiological evidence of disease progression (eg, increased traction)
	bronchiectasis, new ground-glass opacity or fine reticulation, new/increased
	honeycombing)
	Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest HRCT
	scan
	Baseline FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted
	Baseline DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted
Appropriate	<u>IPF:</u>
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	SSc-ILD:



	Documented treatment failure with mycophenolate (MMF)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of airway obstruction (such as pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7)
	Combined use with pirfenidone (Esbriet)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or rheumatologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLEZARSEN

Affected Medications: TRYNGOLZA (olezarsen sodium)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Reduce triglycerides as an adjunct to diet in adults with familial
	chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of FCS (type 1 hyperlipoproteinemia) confirmed by genetic testing showing a
Information:	pathogenic gene mutation in LPL, APOC2, APOA5, GPIHBP1 or LMF1 genes
	Fasting triglyceride level of at least 880 mg/dL
	Will be used as an adjunct to diet
Appropriate	Documentation of following a low-fat diet with less than 20 grams of fat per day
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
Criteria:	triglycerides since starting therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of acute coronary syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME (olipudase alfa-rpcp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of acid
	sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following:
	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase (ASM) activity
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase-1 (SMPD1) mutation
	 Documentation of clinical presentation outside the central nervous system (e.g., hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood)
	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	For adults 18 years of age and older, documentation of both of the following:
	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted normal value
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 6 multiples of normal (MN) measured
	by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	For pediatrics 18 years of age and younger, documentation of both of the following:
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI
	 Height Z-score -1 or lower
Appropriate	Dosing: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label
Treatment	Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body
Regimen & Other	weight (kg)
Criteria:	BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
	Adjusted body weight = (height in m²) x 30
	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of improvement in patient specific disease
	presentation such as:
	Improvement in PFT or DLCO
	Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function
	Improvement/stability in platelet counts
	Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: XOLAIR (omalizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients
	6 years of age and older
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients
	 Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) in patients 12 years of age and older
	 Reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adults and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with an IgE-mediated food allergy
Required Medical	Allergic Asthma
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all of the following:
	 A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores) A serum total IgE level at baseline of:
	At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients 12 years of age and older OR
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients 6 to 11 years of age
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	CRSwNP
	Documented diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	 History of sinus surgery (Functional Endoscopic Sinus Surgery [FESS] or similar) Documentation of both of the following:
	 Presence of bilateral nasal polyps
	 Symptoms of sinonasal obstruction/congestion for over 12 weeks (decreased/absent sense of smell, facial pressure/pain, rhinorrhea/postnasal drip)
	<u>csu</u>
	 Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria
	Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer
	Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs])
	 Documented baseline score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as: Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher)



T	
	 Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12)
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher)
	 Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	Serum total IgE level between 30 and 1850 IU/mL
	Body weight between 10 and 150 kg
	Diagnosis of IgE-mediated food anaphylactic allergy to three or more foods with documented positive skin prick test and positive serum IgE
	Documentation of past IgE-mediated food anaphylactic reactions requiring use of
	epinephrine despite avoidance of food allergen and modifications to diet
	Documentation that avoidance of food allergen alone is not feasible based on the
	_
	number of allergens, malnutrition due to nutritional restrictions, and impaired quality of
	life causing food allergy-related anxiety
Appropriate	Allergic Asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Regimen & Other	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence.
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	CRSwNP
	Documented treatment failure with two intranasal corticosteroids for a minimum of 3
	months each after sinus surgery
	CSU
	Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of
	one of the following second generation H1-antihistamine products for at least one month:
	cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine
	Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL of the following for at least
	one month each:
	Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast)
	Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine)
	Add-on therapy with cyclosporine A
	Lot Madiated Food Allegan
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	Trial and failure of oral immunotherapy (OIT)
	Populthorization requires desumentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
LACIUSION CINCENA.	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
Age Nestriction.	
	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older



	<u>CSU</u> : 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Allergic Asthma: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist CRSwNP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist CSU/IgE-Mediated Food Allergy: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **OMAVELOXOLONE**

Affected Medications: Skyclarys (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities of daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success, such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline, as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: OMISIRGE (Omidubicel)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy
	Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate	Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD),
Treatment	mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available.
Regimen & Other	Documentation that NONE of the following are present:
Criteria:	 Other active malignancy
Citteria.	Active or uncontrolled infection
	 Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
	Reauthorization: None - Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater
	HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate
	Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation)
	Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified
	·



ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime, unless otherwise specified



ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABECMA, ABRAXANE, AUCATZYL, ADCETRIS, ADSTILADRIN, AKEEGA, ALECENSA, ALIQOPA, ALKERAN, ALUNBRIG 180MG ORAL TABLET, ANKTIVA, ARZERRA, ASPARLAS, AUGTYRO, AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK, AYVAKIT, AZEDRA, BALVERSA, BAVENCIO, BELEODAQ, BELRAPZO, BENDAMUSTINE, BENDEKA, BESPONSA, BIZENGRI, BLENREP, BLINCYTO, BRAFTOVI, BREYANZI, BRUKINSA, CABOMETYX, CALQUENCE, CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI, CLOFARABINE, CLOLAR, COLUMVI, COMETRIQ, COPIKTRA, COSELA, COTELLIC, CYRAMZA, DACOGEN, DANYELZA, DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO, DATROWAY, DAURISMO, DOXIL, DOXORUBICIN LIPOSOMAL, ELAHERE, ELREXFIO, EMPLICITI, EMRELIS, ENHERTU, ENSACOVE, EPKINLY, ERBITUX, ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA, ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, FOTIVDA, FRUZAQLA, GAZYVA, GAVRETO, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HERNEXEOS, HEPZATO, HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE, IBRUTINIB, IBTROZI, ICLUSIG, IDHIFA, IMBRUVICA, IMDELLTRA, IMFINZI, IMJUDO, IMLYGIC IRESSA, INLEXZO, INLYTA, INQOVI, INREBIC, IOBENGUANE I-131, ISTODAX, ITOVEBI, IWILFIN, IXEMPRA, JAKAFI, JAYPIRCA, JELMYTO, JEMPERLI, JEVTANA, KADCYLA, KEYTRUDA, KIMMTRAK, KRAZATI, KYMRIAH, KYPROLIS, LAPATINIB, LARTRUVO, LENALIDOMIDE, LENVIMA, LIBTAYO, LONSURF, LOQTORZI, LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS, LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO, LUTATHERA, LYNOZYFIC, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI, MARGENZA, MARQIBO, MATULANE, MEKINIST, MEKTOVI, MELPHALAN, MODEYSO, MONJUVI, MYLOTARG, NAB-PACLITAXEL, NEXAVAR, NERLYNX, NILANDRON, NINLARO, NIVOLUMAB, NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJEMDA, OJJAARA, ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE, ONUREG, OPDIVO, OPDIVO QVANTIG, OPDUALAG, ORSERDU, PADCEV, PAZOPANIB, PEMAZYRE, PEPAXTO, PERJETA, PHOTOFRIN, PIQRAY, PLUVICTO, POLIVY, POMALYST, POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN, PROVENGE, QINLOCK, RETEVMO, REVLIMID, REVUFORJ, REZLIDHIA, REZUROCK, ROMIDEPSIN, ROMVIMZA, ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT, RYDAPT, RYLAZE, RYTELO, SARCLISA, SORAFENIB, STIVARGA, SUNITINIB, SUTENT, SYNRIBO, TABRECTA, TAFINLAR, TAGRISSO, TALVEY, TALZENNA, TARCEVA, TAZVERIK, TECARTUS, TECELRA, TECENTRIQ, TECENTRIQ HYBREZA, TECVAYLI, TEMODAR, TEMOZOLOMIDE, TEPADINA, TEPMETKO, TEVIMBRA, TIBSOVO, TIVDAK, TORISEL, TREANDA, TRODELVY, TRUQAP, TURALIO, TYKERB, UNITUXIN, UNLOXCYT, VANFLYTA, VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA, VERZENIO, VIDAZA, VIVIMUSTA, VIZIMPRO, VONJO, VORANIGO, VOTRIENT, VYLOY, VYXEOS, XALKORI, XOFIGO, XOSPATA, XPOVIO, XTANDI, YERVOY, YESCARTA, YONDELIS, ZALTRAP, ZEGFROVY, ZEJULA TABLETS, ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA, ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA, ZYNYZ

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)

Affected Medications: ALL OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA plan design)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Required Medical Information:	following: Recent surgery Acute injury Chronic use of opioids with a Morphine 90 MME requires: A comprehensive individual tree management agreement betwee Continued assessment and doconocommentation that previous tataper plan or rationale for avoid	cumentation of risk of abuse spers have been attempted or documentation of a lance of taper initiation
Appropriate	Calculating morphine milligram equivale	ents (MME)
Treatment Regimen & Other	Opioid	Factor
Criteria:	Methadone	4.7
	Codeine	0.15
	Fentanyl transdermal (mcg/hr)	2.4
	Hydrocodone	1
	Hydromorphone	5
	Morphine	1
	Oxycodone (Roxicodone, Oxycontin)	1.5
	Oxymorphone	3
	Tramadol	0.2
	Buprenorphine patch	**
	Tapentadol	0.4
	Oxycodone myristate	1.67
	 One milligram of parenteral buprenorph and One patch delivers the dispensed micro Example: 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patch X 24 hrs 	phine patches is based on the assumption that: nine is equivalent to 75 milligrams of oral morphine ograms (mcg) per hour over a 24-hour day. = 120 mcg/day buprenorphine = 0.12 mg/day hine=75 mg morphine) = 9 mg/day oral MME.



	In other words, the conversion factor not accounting for days of use would be 9/5 or 1.8.
	• Since the buprenorphine patch remains in place for 7 days, we have multiplied the conversion factor by 7 (1.8 X 7 = 12.6). In this example, MME/day for four 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patches dispensed for use over 28 days would work out as follows:
	Example: 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patch X (4 patches/28 days) X 12.6 = 9 MME/day.
	Please note that because this allowance has been made based on the typical dosage of one buprenorphine patch per 7 days. You should first change all days supply in your prescription data to follow this standard, i.e., days supply for buprenorphine patches= # of patches x 7
Exclusion Criteria:	Pain related to current active cancer
	Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease
	Pain related to hospice care
	Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA CREAM (1.5%)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Atopic dermatitis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of affected body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement Documentation of severe atopic dermatitis, resulting in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living Significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction Documentation of one or more of the following: BSA of at least 10% Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-week trial with two of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa Documented treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial of two of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate Reauthorization requires BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success and resolution of signs and symptoms within the first 8 weeks of treatment Confirmation that use of Opzelura will be non-continuous (used to treat flares) and will be discontinued each time signs and symptoms resolve
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with biologics, other JAK inhibitors, or potent immunosuppressants (such as Dupixent, Adbry, Rinvoq, Nemluvio) Cosmetic indications, such as vitiligo
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: ABSTRAL, ACTIQ, FENTORA, FENTANYL CITRATE BUCCAL TABLET, LAZANDA, SUBSYS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Management of breakthrough pain in cancer patients who are already receiving and who are tolerant to around-the-clock opioid therapy for their underlying
	persistent cancer pain
Required Medical	Documentation of ALL of the following:
Information:	 This drug is being prescribed for breakthrough cancer-related pain
	 The patient is currently receiving, and will continue to receive, around-the-clock
	opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain
	 The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as taking one of the following for one week
	or longer:
	At least 60 mg of oral morphine per day
	 At least 25 mcg of transdermal fentanyl per hour
	 At least 30 mg of oral oxycodone per day
	 At least 8 mg of oral hydromorphone per day
	 At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day
	 At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day
	 An equianalgesic dose of another opioid
Appropriate	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Treatment	 The patient is unable to swallow, or has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or
Regimen & Other	uncontrollable nausea/vomiting
Criteria:	 The patient has documented intolerance or allergies to two other short-acting
	narcotics (such as oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.)
	marcoulos (cuert de expecuente, morphime cuitate, fry dreimer prieme, etc.)
	PDL only: Actiq requests will require documentation of clinical trial and failure with fentanyl
	citrate lozenge on a handle
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
December 1011	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of
Care Restrictions:	cancer-related pain
Coverage Duration:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration.	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (Treprostinil oral)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise exclude plan design.	
	plan design o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)	
	Group 1	
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1	
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following	
Information:	criteria:	
	Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg	
	Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg	
	Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units	
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease PAH: as an element of the following and disease. PAH: as an element of the following and disease.	
	 PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease 	
	Library Community (LIDA) in first of the	
	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis	
	Anorexigens	
	 Congenital left to right shunts 	
	o Schistosomiasis	
	o Drugs and toxins	
	o Portal hypertension	
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class	
	II or higher symptoms	
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to	
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:	
	Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)	
	Low cardiac index	
	OR Procence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)	
Appropriate	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Documentation of failure with Remodulin 	
Treatment		
Regimen &	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition 	
Other Criteria:	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) 	
	Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided)	
	atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the	
	respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease,	
	obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the	
	following:	
	Improvement in walking distance	
	Improvement in exercise ability	
	Improvement in pulmonary function	
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class	



Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolix)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prostate Cancer Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Cushing's syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary adenoma (Cushing's
	disease)
	 Ectopic ACTH section (EAS) by a non-pituitary tumor
	 Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
	 Mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater
	than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater
	than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been
Treatment	curative
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole
Required	Diagnosis of RVVC defined as three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal
Medical	candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Information:	 Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g., due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate	Documented disease recurrence following maintenance therapy with fluconazole 150 mg
Treatment	once per week for 6 months
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Not to exceed one treatment course per year
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Women of reproductive potential or who are pregnant or breastfeeding
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **OXERVATE**

Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment	 Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using the Cochet-Bonnet [CB] aesthesiometer) within the area of the recurrent/persistent epithelial defect (PED) or corneal ulcer AND outside of the area of the defect in at least one corneal quadrant Documentation of one of the following: Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of recurrent or persistent corneal epithelial defect Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of corneal ulceration (with or without stromal melting and perforation) Documentation of treatment failure (e.g., persistent epithelial defects or corneal ulceration) with presentative free artificial team (sixtements and TMO) of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	ulceration) with preservative-free artificial tears/ointments and TWO of the following: Therapeutic contact lenses (TCLs) (e.g., corneal or scleral contact lenses, soft bandage contact lenses) Amniotic membrane transplantation Tarsorrhaphy Conjunctival flap surgery Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment response, as shown by a reduction in corneal staining with fluorescein
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), XYREM (sodium oxybate), XYWAV (oxybate salts), SODIUM OXYBATE

Oncome al III	AUE I ID ALII (CEDA)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Narcolepsy with cataplexy
	Narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS)
	o Idiopathic Hypersomnia (IH) (Xywav only)
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test
Information:	 Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
	Narcolepsy with cataplexy:
	Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss
	of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	Narcolepsy with EDS or IH:
	Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more
	than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate	Narcolepsy with cataplexy:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with TWO of the following for at least 1 month each:
Regimen & Other	 Venlafaxine
Criteria:	o Fluoxetine
	o Duloxetine
	Tricyclic antidepressant (such as clomipramine, protriptyline)
	Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS:
	Documented treatment failure to all of the following (1 in each category required) for at
	least 1 month each:
	Modafinil or armodafinil
	Methylphenidate, or dextroamphetamine, or lisdexamfetamine
	Sunosi (Narcolepsy with EDS only)
	Reauthorization:
	Narcolepsy with cataplexy: requires clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes
	Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS: requires clinically significant improvement in activities of
	daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system
	depressants.
	Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
Age Restriction:	7 years of age and older for cataplexy or EDS due to narcolepsy
	18 years of age and older for EDS due to IH



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PALFORZIA**

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with
	accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
Information:	Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
	 A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at
	least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L
	Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all of the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g.,
	hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	 The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion of peanut or peanut-containing food
	The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine
	injection
	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 1 and 17 years of age
Regimen & Other	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 1 year of age and older
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND
	documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined
	by one or more of the following:
	Improvement in quality of life
	Reduction in severe allergic reactions
	Reduction in epinephrine use
	Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
	Uncontrolled asthma
	History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled
	hypertension
	History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and
	hereditary or idiopathic angioedema
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Cavaraga Duration		luiti al Authoritation Consenta contra alla moi a considerat
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Congenital Heart Disease (CHD) 12 months of age and younger: Documentation of one of the following: Pharmacologically treated acyanotic heart disease that will require surgical intervention Cyanotic heart defects Moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension 24 months of age and younger: Receipt of cardiac transplantation during the RSV season Chronic Lung Disease (CLD) of Prematurity Gestational age less than 32 weeks and 0 days 12 months of age and younger: Required supplemental oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth 24 months of age and younger: Documentation of both of the following:
	 Required supplemental oxygen for at least the first 28 days after birth Required continued medical support during the 6-month period prior to RSV season (chronic corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen) Cystic Fibrosis (CF) Documented diagnosis of cystic fibrosis 12 months of age and younger: Clinical evidence of chronic lung disease and/or nutritional compromise 24 months of age and younger: Documentation of ONE of the following: Manifestations of severe lung disease (prior hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life, abnormalities on chest X-ray or computed tomography that persist when stable) Weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	Pulmonary Abnormalities/Neuromuscular Disorders 12 months of age and younger Documentation of congenital anomaly or neuromuscular disease resulting in ineffective cough and impaired ability to clear the upper airway of secretions (excluding cystic fibrosis) Promoture Infante
Appropriate	Premature Infants Gestational age less than 29 weeks and 0 days 12 months of age and younger RSV Season
Treatment	Not to exceed 5 monthly doses (15 mg/kg per dose) during the RSV season, with first



Regimen &	dose administered prior to commencement of the RSV season
Other Criteria:	 If hospitalized at the start of RSV season, administer first dose 48-72 hours prior to discharge
	Discontinue monthly prophylaxis if hospitalized for breakthrough RSV
	Off Season
	 Approvable for one 15 mg/kg dose when RSV activity is 10% or greater for the region, per the CDC
Exclusion	Administration of nirsevimab (Beyfortus) during the current RSV season
Criteria:	For use in the treatment of RSV
Age Restriction:	See Required Medical Information
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	RSV Season: 5 months (not to exceed end of RSV season), unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Off Season: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 To reduce the volume of new heterotopic ossification in patients with
	fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Required Medical	Documentation of genetic testing confirming a diagnosis of FOP with an activin receptor
Information:	type 1 (ACVR1) R206H mutation
	Radiographic testing has confirmed the presence of both of the following:
	 Heterotopic ossification (HO)
	 Joint malformations (such as hallux valgus deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint)
	Documentation of at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription
	strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids (e.g., prednisone)
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO
Treatment	volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients weighing less than 10 kg
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	Females: 8 years of age and older
	Males: 10 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in rare connective tissue diseases
Care Restrictions:	(e.g., endocrinologist, geneticist, orthopedist, rheumatologist)
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PALYNZIQ**

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with sapropterin Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: YORVIPATH (palopegteriparatide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
Dland	Treatment of hypoparathyroidism
Required	Documentation of the following lab values while on standard of care calcium and active
Medical Information:	vitamin D treatment:
iniormation:	 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels between 20-80 ng/mL
	 Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.8 mg/dL
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as
Treatment	follows:
Regimen &	o Calcium 1000-2000 mg (elemental) daily
Other Criteria:	 Vitamin D metabolite (calcitriol) OR vitamin D analog
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) within the lower half of the normal range (approximately 8-9 mg/dL)
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score –2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between –1.0 and –2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only) For glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis, in addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following: Treatment with 5 mg or higher of prednisone (or equivalent) per day for at least 3 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to the following: Oral or intravenous bisphosphonate (such as, alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures
	For Forteo requests: Documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid hormone analogs should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime • Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid hormone analog use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria: O Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T-score while on Forteo or teriparatide O Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone analog use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score
Exclusion Criteria:	 Paget's Disease Open epiphyses (such as, pediatric or young adult patient) Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies



	 Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, other parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors Preexisting hypercalcemia Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEDMARK**

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of a treatment plan that is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non-metastatic solid tumor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEGASYS**

Affected Medications: PEGASYS (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications
	not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Chronic hepatitis B (CHB)
	 Treatment of adults with HBeAg-positive and HBeAg-negative CHB
	infection who have compensated liver disease, evidence of viral
	replication, and liver inflammation Treatment of HBeAg-positive CHB in non-cirrhotic pediatric patients 3
	years of age and older with evidence of viral replication and elevations in serum alanine aminotransferase (ALT)
	o Polycythemia vera
	 Essential thrombocythemia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of anticipated treatment course, to include full antiviral regimen, and duration of therapy
	CHB – Compensated Cirrhosis
	Documentation of compensated cirrhosis
	Documented HBV DNA level greater than 2,000 IU/mL
	boodinemed Tiby Brit Nevel greater than 2,000 forme
	CHB - Non-cirrhotic
	Documentation of HBeAg-positive non-cirrhotic disease
	Documented HBV DNA level greater than 20,000 IU/mL
	• Current (within 12 weeks) serum ALT level ≥ 2 times the upper limit of normal
	Polycythemia Vera (PV)
	Diagnosis of polycythemia vera confirmed by all major criteria (1-3) OR the first 2 major
	criteria (1-2) plus the minor criterion:
	o Major criteria:
	(1) Elevated hemoglobin concentration (greater than 16 g/dL), elevated
	hematocrit (greater than 48 percent), or increased red blood cell mass
	(greater than 25% above mean normal predicted value)
	(2) Presence of <i>JAK2</i> V617F or <i>JAK2</i> exon 12 mutation
	(3) Bone marrow biopsy showing age-adjusted hypercellularity with trilineage
	proliferation (panmyelosis), including prominent erythroid, granulocytic, and
	increase in pleomorphic, mature megakaryocytes without atypia. May not be
	required in patients with sustained absolute erythrocytosis (hemoglobin over
	18.5 g/dL and hematocrit over 55.5 percent in men; hemoglobin over 16.5
	g/dL and hematocrit over 49.5 percent in men, hemoglobil over 10.5
	V617F or <i>JAK2</i> exon 12 mutation
	o Minor criterion: Subnormal serum erythropoietin level
	Essential Thrombocythemia (ET)
	Diagnosis of essential thrombocythemia confirmed by all major criteria (1-4) OR the first 3
	major criteria (1-3) plus the minor criterion:



	o Major criteria:
	(1) Platelet count greater than or equal to 450,000 cells/mcL
	(2) Bone marrow biopsy showing proliferation mainly of the megakaryocytic
	lineage, with hyperlobulated staghorn-like nuclei, infrequently dense clusters;
	no significant increase or left shift in neutrophil granulopoiesis or
	erythropoiesis; no relevant bone marrow fibrosis
	(3) Diagnostic criteria for BCR::ABL1-positive chronic myeloid leukemia,
	polycythemia vera, primary myelofibrosis, or other neoplasms are not met.
	(4) Presence of JAK2, CALR, or MPL mutation
	 Minor criterion: Presence of another clonal marker (e.g., ASXL1, EZH2, TET2,
	IDH1/IDH2, SRSF2, or SRF3B1 mutation) OR no identifiable cause for
	thrombocytosis (such as iron deficiency, chronic infection, chronic inflammatory
	disease, prior splenectomy)
Appropriate	PV and ET
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to hydroxyurea
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Autoimmune hepatitis
	Hepatic decompensation (Child-Pugh score greater than 6)
Age Restriction:	CHB with compensated cirrhosis: 18 years of age and older
	CHB without cirrhosis: 3 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hematologist, hepatologist,
Care Restrictions:	oncologist, or infectious disease specialist
Cavaraga Duration	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care CHB:
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	PV, ET:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified.
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEGLOTICASE**

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic gout in adults refractory to conventional therapy	
Required Medical Information:	Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL Documentation of ONE of the following: 2 or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or oral/injectable corticosteroids At least 1 non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus Chronic gouty arthritis (defined clinically or radiographically as joint damage due to gout)	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated dose to BOTH: Santhine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat) Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with uricosuric agent required. Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination with oral methotrexate 15 mg weekly unless contraindicated Reauthorization will require ALL of the following: Documentation of SUA less than 6 mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of flares or affected joints Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **PEMIVIBART**

Affected Medications: PEMGARDA (pemivibart)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or compendia supported indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pre-exposure prophylaxis of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in adults and
	adolescents with moderate-to-severe immune compromise due to a medical
	condition or receipt of immunosuppressive medications/treatments and are
	unlikely to mount an adequate immune response to COVID-19 vaccination
Required Medical	Documentation of moderate-to-severe immune compromise due to a medical condition
Information:	or receipt of immunosuppressive medications or treatments, and are unlikely to mount an
	adequate response to COVID-19 vaccination, meeting one of the following:
	Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic malignancies
	 Hematologic malignancies associated with poor responses to COVID-19
	vaccines regardless of current treatment status (e.g., chronic lymphocytic
	leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, multiple myeloma, acute leukemia)
	Receipt of solid-organ transplant or an islet transplant and taking
	immunosuppressive therapy
	Receipt of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T-cell or hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant (within 2 years of transplantation or taking immunosuppressive
	therapy)
	Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g., common variable
	immunodeficiency disease, severe combined immunodeficiency, DiGeorge
	syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome)
	 Advanced or untreated human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV) infection (people
	with HIV and CD4 cell counts less than 200/mm ³ , history of an AIDS-defining
	illness without immune reconstitution, or clinical manifestations of symptomatic
	HIV)
	 Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least 20 mg prednisone or
	equivalent per day when administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents,
	antimetabolites, transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs, cancer
	chemotherapeutic agents classified as severely immunosuppressive, and
	biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory (such as B-
	cell depleting agents)
	Documentation of prophylactic use
	Weight of 40 kg or more
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 4500 mg once every 3
Treatment	months
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of continued immune compromise
Exclusion Criteria:	Positive SARS-CoV-2 antigen test or PCR test within the last 3 months
	Received COVID-19 vaccine within the last 2 weeks
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the reset and effective site of ages
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **PENICILLAMINE**

Affected Medications: PENICILLAMINE CAPSULE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical Information:	Documented treatment plan including routine urinalysis, WBCs, hemoglobin, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests due to risk of fatalities due to aplastic anemia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia, myasthenia gravis, and Goodpasture's Syndrome	
	 Wilson's Disease Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg 	
	 Rheumatoid arthritis Documentation of severe, active disease defined by one of the following: The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 The Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Rheumatoid arthritis Has failed to respond to an adequate trial of conventional therapies (such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq, and Inflectra) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For Wilson's disease, must have normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use of penicillamine during pregnancy (except for treatment of Wilson's disease or cystinuria)	
Age Restriction:		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the toxicity and dosage considerations (such as a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant physician for Wilson's Disease) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: PHENOXYBENZAMINE, DIBENZYLINE (phenoxybenzamine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with pheochromocytoma
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pheochromocytoma that requires treatment to control episodes of hypertension and sweating This drug will be used for one of the following: Preoperative preparation for a scheduled surgical resection Chronic treatment of pheochromocytoma that is not amenable to surgery
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a selective alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or a specialist with experience in the management of pheochromocytoma All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to all of the preferred products (Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in combination with Ogivri) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: ALYQ (tadalafil 20 mg tablet), TADALAFIL (PAH) 20 MG TABLET, TADLIQ (tadalafil 20 mg/5 ml suspension), SILDENAFIL 20 MG TABLET, SILDENAFIL 10 MG/ML SUSPENSION, LIQREV (sildenafil 10 mg/mL suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 For all brand requests: Documented inadequate response or intolerance to sildenafil citrate 20 mg tablets and tadalafil 20 mg tablets Requests for oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow tablets
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of a guanylate cyclase stimulator (such as riociguat or vericiguat) Use for erectile dysfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PIRFENIDONE**

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE (267 and 801 mg)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise exclude plan design	of the
o Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF) Required Medical Information: o Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF) o Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE following: o Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution	
Required Medical Information: ■ Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE following: □ Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution	
Medical Information: following: unformation: 0 Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution.	
Information: o Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resoluti	ion
o osuai interstitiai priedifionia (OIF) pattern demonstrated on night-resoluti	ion
computed tomography (HRCT)	
j sompatou tomograpity (Till QT)	
 UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy 	
 Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on BOTH HRCT and surgical lung b 	oiopsy
 Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been r 	
(e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity)	alou out
, ,	
Documentation of BOTH of the following: Compared to the following	
 Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent 	
 Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or 	equal to
30 percent predicted	
Appropriate Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success	
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
• Combined use with nintedanib (Ofev)	
Criteria:	
● 18 years of age or older	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist	
Care Restrictions: • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage • Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration: • Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POMBILITI and OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more Documentation of a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or more Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are within FDA-labeling Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of progression in percent-predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception during treatment Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while awake Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe disease Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or provider experienced in the management of Pompe disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: POSACONAZOLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (including infections refractory to itraconazole and/or fluconazole) Treatment of invasive aspergillosis Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
Required	Pediatric requests: Current body weight
Medical	
Information:	Treatment of Oropharyngeal Candidiasis
	Documentation of oropharyngeal candidiasis
	Susceptibility cultures confirm posaconazole activity
	Invasive Aspergillosis
	Documentation of invasive aspergillosis
	Prophylaxis of Invasive Aspergillus and Candida Infections
	Documentation of severely immunocompromised state (such as hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant [HSCT] with graft-versus-host disease [GVHD], hematologic malignancy with
A	prolonged neutropenia due to chemotherapy)
Appropriate Treatment	Treatment of Oropharyngeal Candidiasis
Regimen &	Documented treatment failure (defined as no response to therapy) with both of the
Other Criteria:	following:
Other Oriteria.	o Fluconazole
	 Itraconazole oral solution
	Treatment of Invasive Aspergillosis
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with voriconazole
	Prophylaxis of Invasive Aspergillus and Candida Infections
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least one systemic
	agent (e.g., fluconazole for <i>Candida</i> infections; voriconazole, amphotericin B, or
Exclusion	itraconazole for Aspergillus infections).
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant
Care Restrictions:	physician, or oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified.
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: **POZELIMAB**

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation using molecular genetic testing Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less) Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral edema, or facial edema Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8; 10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following: Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab) Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PRADEMAGENE ZAMIKERACEL

Affected Medications: ZEVASKYN (prademagene zamikeracel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Recessive Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (RDEB)
Required Medical	Complete description of the site(s) of application
Information:	Diagnosis of RDEB confirmed by both of the following:
	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or
	transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	Presence of partial-thickness RDEB wounds that are open and meet all the following:
	 Area must be at least 20 cm²
	 Present for at least 6 months
	Classified as a stage 2 wound, defined as partial thickness loss of dermis
	presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a pink or red wound bed, without slough or bruising
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support.
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure with all the following: Filsuvez, Vyjuvek
Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 12 sheets per one-time
	surgical application
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt) or Filsuvez (birch
	triterpenes)
	History of squamous cell carcinoma or active infection in the affected wound(s)
	Administered to wound(s) previously treated with Zevaskyn
	Administered to wound(s) that are currently healed
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of epidermolysis bullosa
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified (one treatment per wound per
	lifetime)



PROSTAGLANDIN IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: Durysta (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma (OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-lowering
Treatment	agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which must
Regimen & Other	include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost, bimatoprost, tafluprost, travoprost
Criteria:	For iDose TR requests:
	Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified



PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

risk of rapid disease progression, generally a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) ≥ 1.5 g/g (Fabhalta) Treatment of complement 3 glomerulopathy (C3G) to reduce proteinuria = 0. Treatment of primary immune-complex membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis (IC-MPGN), to reduce proteinuria (Empaveli) Required Medical information: Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines PNH Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta) Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g C3G Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater C-MPGN (Empaveli) Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN UPCR greater than or equal to 1g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater		
initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines PNH Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta) Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g C3G Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater IC-MPGN (Empaveli) Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN UPCR greater than or equal to 1g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)	Covered Uses:	plan design
initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines PNH	Required	
Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta) Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g C3G Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater IC-MPGN (Empaveli) Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN UPCR greater than or equal to 1g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)		initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory
Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta)		
limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta)		 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta)		Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta)		
History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months IgAN (Fabhalta) Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g C3G Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater		
Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater IC-MPGN (Empaveli) Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN UPCR greater than or equal to 1g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)		
Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or greater C-MPGN (Empaveli)		 Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as 1 g/day or greater
Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN UPCR greater than or equal to 1g/g Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)		 Biopsy proven diagnosis of C3G UPCR of equal or greater than 1 g/g
Estimated glomerular rate (eGFR) of 30 mL/min/1.73m² or greater PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)		Biopsy proven diagnosis of IC-MPGN
• For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
, ,	Appropriate	PNH ■ For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Regimen & another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli	Treatment	For Fabhalta: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to



Other Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	IcAN (Echholto)
	■ Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of all of the following:
	 Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB)
	 High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) Filspari (sparsentan) and Vanrafia (atrasentan)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in UPCR or proteinuria from baseline
	• Documented inadequate response to all the following: ○ Maximally tolerated renin-angiotensin system (RAS) inhibitor ○ Mycophenolate mofetil or mycophenolate sodium
	Documented inadequate response to all of the following:
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in UPCR or proteinuria from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta) except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing
	Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age	PNH: 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	• C3G:
	Fabhalta: 18 years of age and older Fabhalta: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	 Empaveli: 12 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	100001011 12 months, diffeed difference opposition



PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid), IQIRVO (elafibranor), LIVDELZI (seladelpar)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin) Child-Pugh score
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation that after at least 12 months of adherent therapy with ursodiol or clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol, the patient has ONE of the following:
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion Criteria:	 Complete biliary obstruction Decompensated cirrhosis (e.g., Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event For Ocaliva: Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (e.g., ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia) Use in combination with another drug on this policy (Ocaliva, Iqirvo, Livdelzi)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PYRIMETHAMINE**

Affected Medications: Daraprim, pyrimethamine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Toxoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection Documentation of one of the following:
morniation.	 Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Regimen (adult): Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
	 Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine 500 mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



RAVICTI

Affected Medications: RAVICTI (glycerol phenylbutyrate)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) who cannot be managed by dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Diagnosis confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone For UCDs involving deficiencies in carbamoylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS), documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sodium phenylbutyrate Comorbid condition with high risk of sodium-induced fluid retention (such as heart failure, renal impairment, edema) Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Known hypersensitivity to phenylbutyrate Use for treatment of acute hyperammonemia or N-acetylglutamate synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design ○ Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
	Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated
	thrombotic microangiopathy
	Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	 Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4
	(AQP4) antibody positive for adult patients
Required Medical	<u>PNH</u>
Information:	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	o Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range.
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	aHUS
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidnov injuny
	 kidney injury Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental
	status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased
	platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	<u>gMG</u>
	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	NMOSD
	Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4- IgG) antibody positive
	disease confirmed by all of the following:
	Documentation of positive test for AQP4-IgG antibodies via cell-based assay
1	Documentation of positive test for Agra-190 attribudies via cell-based assay



0	Exclusion	of alternative	diagnoses	(such as	multiple	sclerosis'
---	-----------	----------------	-----------	----------	----------	------------

- At least **ONE** core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMSOD-typical diencephalic MRI lesions
 - Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion		
	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion		
Acute cerebral syndrome	Extensive periependymal lesion		
	 Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion 		
	 Long corticospinal tract lesion 		
	Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion		

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

aHUS

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)

<u>gM</u>G

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
 - Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart)

NMOSD

 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following:



	Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience)
	 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
	o Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
	Reauthorization requires:
	gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline
	PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
	NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specified
Age Restriction:	 PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Care Restrictions:	 PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist
	NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
1	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RELYVRIO**

Affected Medications: RELYVRIO (sodium phenylbutyrate-taurursodiol)

Oncored Hanni	T 485 1 15 41 114 (FDA) 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 		
Required Medical	Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised		
Information:	(Airlie House) criteria		
	Symptom onset within 18 months		
	Slow vital capacity (SVC) of at least 60 percent		
	Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12		
	items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)		
Appropriate	Documentation of one of the following:		
Treatment	Member is stable on riluzole		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole		
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success as determined by prescriber		
	including retaining most activities of daily living		
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of a tracheostomy		
	Use of permanent assisted ventilation		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: **REMESTEMCEL**

Affected Medications: RYONCIL (remestemcel-L-rknd)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
Diagnosis of grade B through D acute graft-versus-host disease; (aGVHD) with symptoms involving skin, liver, and/or GI tract
Steroid resistance defined as consecutive treatment with 2 mg/kg/day of
methylprednisolone (or equivalent) resulting in:
 Progression within 3 days
OR
No improvement in 7 days
Documented treatment failure or intolerance to:
At least one other second-line therapy (such as calcineurin
inhibitors, mycophenolate, everolimus, sirolimus, etanercept, infliximab, anti-
thymocyte globulin, extracorporeal photopheresis) o Jakafi (if 12 years of age and older)
Jakan (ii 12 years of age and older)
Reauthorization:
Partial Response (PR) defined as organ improvement of at least 1 stage without
worsening of any other organ OR
Mixed Response (MR) defined as improvement in at least 1 evaluable organ stage with
worsening in another OR
 aGVHD flare defined as grade B through D progression after achieving initial complete response (CR) AND
Documentation showing symptom improvement while on therapy Crade R south great versus best diagona (CV/LID) involving akin only
Grade B acute graft-versus-host disease (aGVHD) involving skin only
2 months to 17 years of age
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, hematologist, bone marrow
transplant specialist, or specialist experienced in the treatment of aGVHD
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Initial Authorization: 4 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 4 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **REMODULIN**

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
	1
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in patients requiring transition from epoprostenol
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	 Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Cirrhosis
	 Anorexigens
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Drugs and toxins
	 Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class
	II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,
Other Criteria:	Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has
	been considered and ruled out
	Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and
	phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class
	II and III
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class



Exclusion Criteria:	PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RESLIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: CINQAIR (reslizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype 		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms Documentation of one of the following: Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 response to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire) 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: **RESMETIROM**

Affected Medications: REZDIFFRA (resmetirom)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	o Treatment of adults with noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) with			
	moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stages F2 to F3 fibrosis), in			
Required Medical	conjunction with diet and exercise			
Information:	 Diagnosis of NASH or metabolic dysfunction—associated steatohepatitis (MASH) with moderate to advanced (F2 to F3) liver fibrosis confirmed by ONE of the following: 			
illioillation.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Conclusive result from a well-validated non-invasive test such as: Silvers and ACT (FACT) and the second			
	■ Fibroscan-AST (FAST) score			
	 MAST (score from MRI–proton density fat fraction, Magnetic 			
	resonance elastography [MRE], and serum AST)			
	 MEFIB (Fibrosis-4 Index ≥1.6 and MRE ≥3.3 kPa) 			
	 Liver biopsy (also required if non-invasive testing is inconclusive or other causes 			
	for liver disease have not been ruled out)			
	Other causes for liver steatosis have been ruled out (such as alcohol-associated liver)			
	disease, chronic hepatitis C, Wilson disease, drug-induced liver disease)			
	Baseline lab values for AST and ALT			
Appropriate	Documentation of abstinence from alcohol consumption			
Treatment	Documentation of comprehensive comorbidity management being undertaken, including			
Regimen & Other	all the following:			
Criteria:	 Use of diet and exercise for weight management 			
	 Medications to manage associated comorbid conditions, such as thyroid disease 			
	(must not have active disease), diabetes, dyslipidemia, hypertension, or			
	cardiovascular conditions			
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with a glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist 			
	Passible visation requires desurgentation of discours requirement to the year, based on			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy based on improvements or stability in laboratory results, such as ALT and AST, or fibrosis as evaluated			
	by a non-invasive test			
Exclusion Criteria:	History of excessive alcohol use or alcohol-associated liver disease			
	Current excessive alcohol use			
	Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis			
	Stage 4 liver disease or cirrhosis			
	Use for other liver disease			
	Active or untreated thyroid disease			
Age Restriction:	. tea. e e. ana oatoa ary ora alocaco			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or gastroenterologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
	All approvais are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
<u> </u>	I			



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1	



POLICY NAME: **RETHYMIC**

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified



REVAKINAGENE TARORETCEL-LWEY

Affected Medications: ENCELTO (revakinagene taroretcel-lwey intravitreal implant) - Available on Medical Benefit only

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluded by
Covered Oses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Idiopathic macular telangiectasia type 2 (MacTel).
Required Medical Information:	Documented diagnosis of MacTel type 2 with evidence of fluorescein leakage and at least one of these features:
	 Hyperpigmentation outside of a 500 micron radius from the center of the fovea, retinal opacification, crystalline deposits, right-angle vessels
	 Inner Segment/Outer Segment (IS/OS) photoreceptor (PR) break/loss in ellipsoid zone (EZ) between 0.16 and 2 mm² measured by Spectral Domain Optical Coherence Tomography (SD-OCT)
	Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) score of 54 letters or better (20/80 Snellen equivalent)
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Evidence of neovascular MacTel type 2
	MacTel type 1
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist or surgeon
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (1 injection per eye per lifetime), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RIBOCICLIB

Affected Medications: KISQALI (ribociclib), KISQALI FEMARA (ribociclib/letrozole)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information: Appropriate	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of hormone receptor (HR)-positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (<i>HER2</i>)-negative breast cancer Documentation of early, high risk breast cancer with any lymph node involvement
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 (excluding microscopic nodal involvement) OR If no nodal involvement either: Tumor size over 5 cm OR Tumor size from 2 cm to 5 cm and Grade 2 disease with high genomic risk or Ki-67 ≥ 20% OR Tumor size from 2 cm to 5 cm and Grade 3 disease OR Documentation of intolerable adverse event with abemaciclib or palbociclib in treatment of HR-positive, HER2-negative advanced or metastatic breast cancer AND Will be used in combination with an aromatase inhibitor or fulvestrant as recommended by the NCCN guidelines. Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Maximum treatment duration for ribociclib in early, high risk breast cancer is 3 years. Reauthorization not allowed after 3 years of treatment



POLICY NAME: RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Medical	
Information:	Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold
illiorillation.	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	 Disease must currently be in remission
	Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the
	following:
	 Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count,
	elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium
	enhancement (LGE) on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial
Ammanulata	contrast enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all of the
	following:
	o Colchicine
	 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin
	o Glucocorticoid
	Reauthorization:
	All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
	Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain
	asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen
Evaluaion	
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection
Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with anakinra, tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, or other
	biologics



Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or dermatologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RILZABRUTINIB

Affected Medications: WAYRILZ (rilzabrutinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Immune thrombocytopenia, persistent or chronic: treatment of persistent or
	chronic immune thrombocytopenia in adults who have had an insufficient
	response to a previous treatment
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
Regimen & Other	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
Criteria:	o For those not status post splenectomy, documented treatment failure (defined as
	failure to achieve a platelet count of at least 50,000/mcL) with at least TWO
	therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	OR
	 For those status post splenectomy, documented corticosteroid dependence
	(defined as inability to maintain a platelet count of at least 50,000/mcL without
	continuous use of a corticosteroid).
	AND
	 Documented treatment failure with eltrombopag olamine
	Reauthorization:
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to
-	exceed 400,000/microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	application and addition of the most soot should site of our
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified
	



POLICY NAME: RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group Chronic Thromboomholic Bulmonary Hypertension (WHO Crown 4)		
	 Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) 		
Required	Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH)		
Medical Information:	 Documentation of CTEPH (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria: Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mm Hg PAWP less than 15 mm Hg Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units 		
	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH)		
	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:		
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 		
	 Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease) New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to 		
	calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: o Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) o Low cardiac index OR		
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 CTEPH Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy surgery Current therapy with anticoagulants 		
	 PAH Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists 		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:		
	Improvement in walking distance		
	Improvement in exercise ability		
	Improvement in pulmonary function		
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class		
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite)		



	Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) 		
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms		
Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.) 		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCELA (rituximab and hyaluronidase human), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA) Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD) Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Thrombocytopenia in patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Dogwined	or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	<u>RA</u>
	Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
	Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
	objective scale): o Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3
	MPA or GPA
	Documentation of active GPA or MPA
	ECDA
	 EGPA Documented diagnosis of active EGPA confirmed by:
	Eosinophilia at baseline (blood eosinophil level over 10% or absolute count over
	1,000 cells/mcL)
	At least TWO of the following:
	 Asthma
	 Histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular
	eosinophilic infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous
	inflammation
	Peripheral neuropathy (not due to radiculopathy)Pulmonary infiltrates
	 Sinonasal abnormality/obstruction
	Onto I dod abnormanty/obstruction



- Cardiomyopathy (confirmed on imaging)
- Glomerulonephritis
- Alveolar hemorrhage
- Palpable purpura
- Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) positive (anti-MPO-ANCA or anti-PR3-ANCA)

Relapsing Forms of MS

- Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - o Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - o At least **one** core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion

<u>PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases (such as but not limited to pemphigus foliaceus, bullous pemphigoid, cicatricial pemphigoid, epidermolysis bullosa acquisita, and paraneoplastic pemphigus)</u>

Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy



 Documented severe or refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral systemic therapies

Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP

- Platelet count less than 20,000/mcL AND
- One of the following:
 - Documented steroid dependence to maintain platelets/prevent bleeding for at least 3 months
 - Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcL)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Uses

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Coverage of Truxima, Rituxan, or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Oncology Uses

 Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%

RA

- Initial Course: Documented failure with two of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq)
 - Dose is approved for up to 2 doses of 1,000 mg given 2 weeks apart
- Repeat Course: Approve if 16 weeks or more after the first dose of the previous rituximab regimen and the patient has responded (e.g., less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue, or improved mobility, or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths) as determined by the prescribing physician.

Relapsing Forms of MS

- Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses)
- Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support

NMOSD

- Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses)
- Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)

MPA and GPA

Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses or 375 mg/m² once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid



	Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)		
	 Non-severe disease (respiratory/sinonasal disease, uncomplicated skin manifestations, arthralgias, mild systemic symptoms, etc.): Documented relapsed or refractory disease with systemic glucocorticoids AND one immunosuppressive therapy (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) Severe disease (glomerulonephritis, cardiomyopathy, gastroenteritis, systemic vasculitis, etc.): Documentation of intent to use in combination with systemic glucocorticoid therapy 		
	 PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid (if appropriate) Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy 		
	 All other indications A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy Documented treatment failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies 		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	 MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators 		
Age Restriction:	Caret from officially management dec war tangeted miniatio medialicite		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 RA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist MPA, GPA, EGPA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (such as a rheumatologist, nephrologist, pulmonologist, or immunologist) Oncologic Indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist MS, NMOSD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist PV: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: PV, MPA, GPA, EGPA – 3 months, unless otherwise specified Oncology – 4 months, unless otherwise specified RA, MS, NMOSD – 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1)	
Required Medical Information:	 A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo Reauthorization requires documentation of the following criteria related to treatment success: Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one or more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 	
Age Restriction Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 For Rivfloza: age in accordance with FDA labeling Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or specialist in the treatment of PH1 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: ROMIPLOSTIM

Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to myelosuppressive radiation doses			
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP			
Medical	Documentation of ONE of the following:			
Information:	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure) 			
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome			
	Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)			
Appropriate	Current weight			
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Regimen &	Dose-rounding to the hearest viai size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Other Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP			
	 Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Eltrombopag olamine 			
	Describe visation (ITD entry)			
	 Reauthorization (ITP only): Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR 			
	The platelet counts have not increased to a level of at least 50,000/microliter and member has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks			
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome			
	Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10 mcg/kg			
Exclusion	Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)			
Criteria:	 Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Eltrombopag olamine, Nplate, Tavalisse) 			
Age Restriction:				



Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP	
Duration:	Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome	
	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk of fracture (defined as history of osteoporotic fracture or multiple risk factors for fracture) or have history of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis therapy	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all of the following: Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **RUFINAMIDE**

Affected Medications: BANZEL (rufinamide), RUFINAMIDE SUSPENSION, RUFINAMIDE TABLET

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome(LGS)		
Required Medical	<u>All Indications</u>		
Information:	Patient weight		
	Documentation that rufinamide will be used as adjunctive therapy		
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)		
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy 		
	Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including:		
	o Valproate and		
	 Lamotrigine and 		
	o Topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam		
Appropriate	Dosing: not to exceed 3200 mg daily		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial Short QT syndrome		
	Use as monotherapy for seizure control		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: RYPLAZIM

Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) type 1, as evidenced by documentation of all of the following:	
Appropriate	Dosing	
Treatment	Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. 	
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as the following: Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) increased by 10% or greater above baseline Improvement (reduction) in lesion number/size from baseline 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim	
	Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms) 		
Appropriate	, and the state of		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	5 months of age or older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or genetic specialist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: **SAPROPTERIN**

Affected Medications: KUVAN (sapropterin), SAPROPTERIN

Covered Uses:	All Food and Days Administration (FDA) proposed indications not athematics evaluated by	
Covered Oses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The design	
	plan design	
	Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age and older (Pkd.)	
	with phenylketonuria (PKU)	
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU	
Information:	Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6)	
	mg/dL)	
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy	
Appropriate	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:	
Criteria:	Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120 - 360	
	micromol/L (2 - 6 mg/dL)	
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance	
	Improvement in clinical symptoms	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an	
Care Restrictions:	endocrinologist	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses:	plan design ○ Neuromyelitis op	inistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by otica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults who are anti- PA) antibody positive	
Required Medical Information:	MMOSD ■ Diagnosis of seropositive by all the following: □ Documentation of Exclusion of altered on the core of	re aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay rnative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) e clinical characteristic: ute optic neuritis ute myelitis ute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained cups or nausea/vomiting) ute brainstem syndrome mptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome in NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance riging (MRI) [see table below] ute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI e table below]	
	Clinical presentation		
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion	
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion 	
	History of at least 1 atta- requiring rescue therapy	ck in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years,	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	Documented inadequate (preferred agents Riabn	e response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab ii and Ruxience)	
Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B VirusActive or untreated later	nt tuberculosis	
Age Restriction:	Concurrent with other di 18 years of age and older	isease-modifying biologics for requested indication er	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration.	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications: KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6 months of life confirmed by one of the following: Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (<i>LIPA</i>) gene Documentation of patient weight Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency) Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency) 	
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in weight-for-age Z-score LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	1 month of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

Affected Medications: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	
Required Medical Information:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Appropriate Treatment	Pharmaceuticals covered under your pharmacy benefit are in place of, not in addition to, those same covered supplies under the medical plan. Please refer to your benefit book
Regimen & Other Criteria:	for more information.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: **SEROSTIM**

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
i	
	plan design
	HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)-associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body weight (IBW) Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has documented compliance Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption, opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the following: Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior
	12 months Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior 6 months BMI less than 20 kg/m ² Weight is less than 90% of IBW
Appropriate	Poputhorization
Treatment	Reauthorization:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental trauma or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SIGNIFOR**

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design
Cushing's disease
Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
 Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of
normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
 Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements)
 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to ketoconazole and
cabergoline
Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not
been curative
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Covere hopatio impairment (oring ragin o)
18 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Acromegaly
	Cushing's disease
Required	Acromegaly
Medical	Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease
Information:	Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for
	age/gender
	 Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral
	glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	Cushing's Disease
	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
	Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
	 Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of
	normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements)
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater
	than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	<u>Acromegaly</u>
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ONE of the following: lanreotide
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(Somatuline Depot), Sandostatin LAR, or pegvisomant (Somavert)
Other Criteria.	Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically
	unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic
	complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)
	Dosing: Not to exceed 60 mg every 4 weeks (after 3 months of 40 mg)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by
	decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	Cuching's Disease
	 <u>Cushing's Disease</u> Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not
	been curative
	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ketoconazole and cabergoline
	Documented treatment failure of intolerance to keloconazole and cabergoline Dosing: Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)
	Dosing. Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SILTUXIMAB**

Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patient weight Dosing MCD: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): 11 mg/kg IV one time only Availability: 100 mg and 400 mg vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	MCD:



SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Affected Medications: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) Neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life) Late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month of life) with history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within
	 normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for management of acute hyperammonemia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SOLRIAMFETOL**

Affected Medications: SUNOSI (solriamfetol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy
	 Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with obstructive sleep apnea
Required Medical	<u>Narcolepsy</u>
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test
	Symptoms of excessive daytime sleepiness consistent with narcolepsy have been
	present for at least 3 months
	An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite treatment
	Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA)
	Diagnosis confirmed by sleep study
	An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite drug treatment and current
	use of continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) for at least 3 months
	Documentation that CPAP use will be continued during treatment with solriamfetol
	All indications:
	Documentation that other causes of sleepiness have been treated or ruled out (including)
	but not limited to insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or
	medications, or other sleep disorders)
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure or contraindication to modafinil OR armodafinil
Treatment	For narcolepsy only, documented trial and failure or contraindication to ONE of the
Regimen & Other	following: methylphenidate, dextroamphetamine, lisdexamfetamine, amphetamine-
Criteria:	dextroamphetamine
	Reauthorization requires clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in
	Epworth Sleepiness Scale score
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
	Concurrent use of sedative/hypnotic drugs or other central nervous system depressants
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE, SOMATULINE DEPOT (lanreotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR:
	Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot:
Required Medical Information:	 Acromegaly Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following: ○ Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender ○ Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT) All other indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	anticipated treatment course Acromegaly Documentation confirming ONE of the following: Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)
	Sandostatin LAR • Coverage for the non-preferred product Sandostatin LAR is provided when ONE of the following criteria is met: ○ Currently receiving treatment with Sandostatin LAR, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs ○ Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot, OR Somavert (Note: Somavert indicated for acromegaly only)



	Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot
	GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection
	Reauthorization: • Acromegaly: requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or
Care Restrictions:	gastroenterologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SOMAVERT**

Affected Medications: SOMAVERT (pegvisomant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to octreotide or lanreotide (Somatuline Depot) Documentation confirming one of the following: Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.) Dosing: Not to exceed 30 mg daily Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOTATERCEPT-CSRK

Affected Medications: WINREVAIR (sotatercept-csrk)

plan design		
Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Cell or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		
Required Medical Information: Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following reDrugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Coll or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
Information: criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units electrology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Cell or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		
 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Cell or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Organization (WHO) Functional Organization of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 	nation:	
 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		•
 PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Clarific or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CIII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following re Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CII or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional CI II or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
 II or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: 		
calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		
		Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
1 () . () . () . () . () . () . ()		calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
 Low cardiac index (cardiac index less than 2 L/min/m²) 		
OR		
Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)		
Baseline 6-minute walk test (6MWD)	. ,	
	-	
Treatment from each category) at therapeutic doses for at least 90 days:		
Regimen & Other Oritoria: O Phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor: sildenafil, tadalafil Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit		
 Criteria: Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit Prostacyclin: treprostinil, epoprostenol, Ventavis 	ia:	
		Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking
agents (nifedipine, diltiazem) if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test		
 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enfo 		Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
following:		Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
Improvement in walking distance (6MWD)		,
Improvement or stability in WHO functional class		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Exclusion Criteria: • Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-associated PAH	sion Criteria:	
PAH associated with portal hypertension		, , ,
Schistosomiasis-associated PAH		
Pulmonary veno occlusive disease		
		I ● Pulmonary veno occiusive disease
Hemoglobin (Hgb) at screening above gender-specific upper limit of normal (ULN)		DI () () () () () () () () () (



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SPESOLIMAB**

Affected Medications: SPEVIGO INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	o Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows: A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) total score of greater than or equal to 3 A GPPGA pustulation category subscore of greater than or equal to 2 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous use of Spevigo Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to psoriatic plaques Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS
Affected Medications: MAYZENT (siponimod), PONVORY (ponesimod), ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following (Mayzent, Ponvory, Zeposia): Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Ulcerative colitis (UC) (Zeposia)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate
	to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 MS Coverage of Mayzent (siponimod), Ponvory (ponesimod), or Zeposia (ozanimod) requires documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure with (or intolerance to) TWO of the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, teriflunomide Currently receiving treatment with Mayzent (siponimod), Ponvory (ponesimod), or Zeposia (ozanimod), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	 <u>UC</u> Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks each: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-mercaptopurine Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event with all preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Xeljanz, Yesintek and Selarsdi, Rinvoq, Skyrizi, Tremfya Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	Mayzent: CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype
Criteria:	 Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Concurrent use with a JAK inhibitor or biologic medication for the treatment of UC
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 MS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist UC: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization:
Duration:	 UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	 MS: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	plan design ○ Indicated for the t ■ Treatmer ■ Depressi	nt-resistant depression (TRD ve symptoms in adults with i e suicidal ideation or behavi	r) in adults major depressive disorder (N	MDD)
Required Medical Information:	• Inventory of Depressive S	isk for abuse or misuse Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) sco Symptomatology-Clinician (II ater (or other standard rating	OS-C30) score of 34 or great g scale) indicating moderate	ter,
	Montgomery-Asberg Dep	ression Rating Scale (MADF	,	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	PHQ-9 score of 15 or greater, or other standard rating scale indicating severe depression Treatment-Resistant Depression: Documented treatment failure (defined by less than 50% improvement in depression symptom severity using a standard rating scale such as a PHQ-9) to an adequate trial (at least 6 weeks each), or intolerance, of at least three antidepressants from at least two different classes, during the current depressive episode Failure to respond to augmentation therapy such as: Two antidepressants with different mechanisms of action used concurrently An antidepressant and a second-generation antipsychotic used concurrently An antidepressant and buspirone used concurrently An antidepressant and buspirone used concurrently An antidepressant and thyroid hormone used concurrently Failure to respond to evidence-based psychotherapy such as Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by an objective scale such as a PHQ-9 Dosing according to the approved label:			
			Adults	
	Induction Phase	Weeks 1 to 4		
		Administer twice per week	56 mg or 84 mg	
	Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8		



	Administer once weekly 56 mg or 84 mg	
	Administer chee weekly 30 mg or 04 mg	
	Weeks 9 and after	
	Administer every 2 56 mg or 84 mg weeks or once weekly*	
	*Dosing frequency should be individualized to the least frequent dosing to maintain remission/response	
	Reauthorization (for TRD indication only) requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression compared to baseline using a standard rating scale that measures depressive symptoms.	
	 Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: Documentation of current inpatient psychiatric hospitalization OR adequate documentation of why patient is not currently at inpatient level of care Spravato will be used in combination with an oral antidepressant Dosing: 84 mg twice weekly for 4 weeks maximum (No reauthorization unless requirements for TRD met) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant psychotic disorder Bipolar or related disorders History of substance use disorder Use as an anesthetic agent Pregnancy Aneurysmal vascular disease (including thoracic and abdominal aorta, intracranial, and peripheral arterial vessels) or arteriovenous malformation History of intracerebral hemorrhage Hypersensitivity to esketamine, ketamine, or any of the excipients 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24 nasal spray devices in 28 days of treatment only), unless otherwise specified TRD: 2 months (Induction phase – maximum of 23 nasal spray devices in first 28 days followed by once weekly maintenance phase), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: (TRD indication only): 6 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: **STIRIPENTOL**

Affected Medications: DIACOMIT (stiripentol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
Required Medical Information:	 Current Weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Oarrand Hanni		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Perinatal/Infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of	
Information:	the following:	
	Age of onset less than 18 years	
	One of the following:	
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophosphatasia at onset prior to age 18, such as: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, respiratory insufficiency, failure to thrive, non-traumatic fracture, dental abnormalities, low score on 6-minute walk test, low bone density score 	
	 Skeletal abnormalities confirmed with radiographic imaging (such as flared and frayed metaphyses, widened growth plate, bowed arms or legs, rachitic chest deformity, craniosynostosis) 	
	Genetic test confirming mutation of tissue-non-specific alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP) gene	
	Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below reference range for patient's age and gender	
	Elevated levels of one of the following:	
	 Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) 	
	 Serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) in the absence of vitamin supplements within one week prior to the test Urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) 	
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Please note: the 80 mg/0.8 mL vial is for patients weighing greater than 40 kilograms only	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of:	
	Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of urine or serum	
	phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP), or	
	urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)	
	Improvement or stabilization in the clinical signs and symptoms of hypophosphatasia, such as:	
	Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth	
	Improvement in 6-minute walk test	
	Improve that it is minute walk test Improved bone density	
	Reduction in fractures	
	· · · ·	
	Improvement in developmental milestones	



Exclusion Criteria:	Other types of osteomalacia or hypophosphatasia, including adult onset hypophosphatasia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic bone disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: CUTAQUIG, CUVITRU, GAMUNEX-C, HIZENTRA, HYQVIA, XEMBIFY

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	l plan design
i	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
	 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable
	immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy,
	immunoglobulin G (IgG) subclass deficiency with or without
	immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal
	immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined
	immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative
	syndrome) [list not all inclusive]
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
Required Medical	Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning
Information:	Patient weight
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)
	Type of immunodeficiency
	 Documentation of one of the following: Recent IgG level less than 200
	Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND history of multiple level to the stand of the standard level to t
	a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
	following:
	Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	·
	·
	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
	including all of the following:
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
	 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
	Documented baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using an objective
	clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6
1	Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
	Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or
	Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all of the following: Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) Documented baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6



	Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following:	
	 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves 	
	Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves	
	Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves	
	Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve	
	Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve	
	Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves	
	Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve	
	 Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic findings are non-diagnostic): 	
	CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm ³ CSF protein is also at a factor than are agual to 45 mg/dl.)	
	CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL)	
Appropriate	Meets all criteria for IVIG approval	
Treatment	Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous	
Regimen & Other	(SC) immune globulin use	
Criteria:	PID	
	Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy	
	CIDP	
	HyQvia, Hizentra and Gamunex-c only	
	Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in	
	therapeutic doses over at least three months	
	Reauthorization:	
	PID: Documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity	
	of infections	
	• CIDP:	
	 Documentation of a beneficial clinical response to maintenance therapy, without 	
	relapses, based on an objective clinical measuring tool	
	OR District the state of the st	
	o Re-initiating maintenance therapy after experiencing a relapse while on Hizentra;	
	AND documented improvement and stability on IVIG treatment AND was NOT receiving maximum dosing of Hizentra prior to relapse	
Exclusion Criteria:	IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA	
Exolution official	History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components	
	Hyperprolinemia type I or II	
Age Restriction:	PID: 2 years of age and older	
	CIDP: 18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist	
Care Restrictions:	CIDP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or rheumatologist with CIDP	
	expertise	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization:	
2	CIDP: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
	PID: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SUTIMLIMAB**

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD)
Required Medical Information:	 Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Documentation of current weight Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all of the following: Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND elevated indirect bilirubin level Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) ■ Dosing: □ 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose □ 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose □ Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase, reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)
Exclusion Criteria:	Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, or overt hematologic malignancy Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TTR STABILIZERS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg), ATTRUBY (acoramidis hydrochloride)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of wild type or hereditary transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy
	(ATTR-CM) to reduce cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related
	hospitalizations in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c): d. Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry
	e. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii):
	 i. Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by IHC or mass spectrometry
	ii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (echocardiogram [ECG],
	cardiac magnetic resonance [CMR], or positron emission tomography
	[PET])
	f. Documentation of ALL the following (i, ii, and iii):
	i. Grade 2 to 3 uptake on cardiac scintigraphy (utilizing Tc-PYP, Tc-DPD,
	or Tc-HMDP radiotracers)
	ii. Normal serum kappa/lambda free light chain (sFLC) ratio, serum protein
	immunofixation, AND urine protein immunofixation
	iii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (ECG, CMR, or PET)
	Documentation of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class I to III
	Documentation of New York Heart Association (NYTHA) I unctional Glass I to III
Appropriate	Coverage for Vyndaqel or Vyndamax is provided when the following is met:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with Attruby (acoramidis)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in
	symptoms, quality of life, or 6-Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease
	progression; reduced cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
Exclusion Criteria:	NYHA Functional Class IV heart failure
	Presence of light-chain (primary) amyloidosis
	Prior liver or heart transplant
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device
	Combined use with another TTR stabilizer or TTR silencer (such as eplontersen,
	patisiran, vultrisiran)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Covered Uses: Required	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Diagnosis of BPDCN is confirmed by ALL of the following:
Medical Information:	 A biopsy showing the morphology of plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells At least 3 of the following plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDC) markers are expressed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or flow cytometry: CD123 CD4 CD56 TCF4 TCL1 CD303 CD304 The following pDC markers are negative: CD3, CD14, CD19, CD34, lysozyme, myeloperoxidase Diagnosis is made by a board-certified hematopathologist or dermatopathologist Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TARGETED IMMUNE MODULATORS

PA Policy Applicable to:

Preferred Drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Tremfya, Xeljanz, Skyrizi, Rinvoq, Selarsdi, Yesintek

Preferred Medical Drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intravenous, Simponi Aria Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous, Tremfya Intravenous, Selarsdi Intravenous, Yesintek Intravenous

Non-Preferred Medical Drugs: Remicade, Entyvio, Orencia Intravenous, Actemra Intravenous, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745), Cosentyx Intravenous, Otulfi Intravenous, Pyzchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, Wezlana Intravenous, Imuldosa Intravenous, Stelara Intravenous

1.	Is the request for continuation of currently approved therapy?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla)	Yes – Criteria not met, experimental	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Pro Pro	eumatoid Arthritis (RA) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A eferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria, n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Actemra IV, Orenc	Tofidence IV, Tyenne	· IV
1.	Is there documented current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)? Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure with minimum 12- week trial with methotrexate? If contraindicated or unable to tolerate, is there evidence of 12-week treatment failure with sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, or leflunomide?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq AND	Yes – Document and Go to #5	No – Criteria not met



	 One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV 		
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Pre Ote Pre	ique Psoriasis (PP) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A ezla, Skyrizi, Tremfya, Selarsdi, Yesintek eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Infliximab (J1745)		orel, Cosentyx,
1.	Is there documentation that the skin disease meets one of the following: O At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, Acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Skyrizi, Tremfya, Yesintek, Selarsdi AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)

Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi, Selarsdi, Yesintek
Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria
Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Orencia IV, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx IV

Is there documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score 3 or greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is there documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate, or if unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4. Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi, Yesintek, Selarsdi AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) & Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA) & Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq

Preferred Medical Drugs - Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria

Non-preferred Medical Drugs - Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx Intravenous

Non-preferred Medical Drugs - Reinicade, Illinxilliab (31745), Avsola, Cosettyx Illitaverious					
1. Is there a diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature: Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met): Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years Insidious onset Improvement with exercise No improvement with rest Pain at night (with improvement upon arising) Arthritis Enthesitis Uveitis Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) Psoriasis Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis Good response to NSAIDs Family history of SpA Elevated CRP OR HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least 2 SpA features	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met			
Is there documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met			
3. Is there documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each? OR For isolated sacroiliitis, enthesitis, peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met			
4. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6			



5.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
I rc	emfya, Selarsdi, Yesintek eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intrave	enous. Selarsdi Intra	venous, Yesintek
Pre Inti No Pyz	ravenous, Tremfya Intravenous n-preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Infliximal zchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, Wezlana Intravenous Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with	b (J1745), Avsola, Ot	
Pre Inti No Pyz Inti	ravenous, Tremfya Intravenous n-preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Infliximal zchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, Wezlana Intra- ravenous Is there a diagnosis supported by	b (J1745), Avsola, Ot venous, Imuldosa Int	ravenous, Stelara
Pre Inti No Pyz Inti	ravenous, Tremfya Intravenous n-preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Infliximal zchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, Wezlana Intravenous Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current	b (J1745), Avsola, Ot venous, Imuldosa Int	ravenous, Stelara



4.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Skyrizi, Rinvoq, Tremfya, Yesintek, Selarsdi AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Pre	cerative Colitis (UC) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A	dalimumab-adaz, Ri	nvoq, Xeljanz, Skyrizi,
Pre Tre Pre Inte No Inte		enous, Selarsdi Intra Infliximab (J1745), Av	venous, Yesintek vsola, Otulfi
Pre Tre Pre Inte No Inte	eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A emfya, Selarsdi, Yesintek eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intrave ravenous, Tremfya Intravenous n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, I ravenous, Pyzchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, I	enous, Selarsdi Intra Infliximab (J1745), Av	venous, Yesintek vsola, Otulfi
Pre Tre Pre Inte No Inte	eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A emfya, Selarsdi, Yesintek eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intraveravenous, Tremfya Intravenous n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, I ravenous, Pyzchiva Intravenous, Steqeyma Intravenous, Itravenous, Stelara Intravenous Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current	enous, Selarsdi Intra Infliximab (J1745), A muldosa Intravenous	venous, Yesintek vsola, Otulfi s, Wezlana



4.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Skyrizi, Rinvoq, Xeljanz, Tremfya, Yesintek, Selarsdi AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
	venile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)		
Pro Pro	eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A eferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenno n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Orencia IV, Actemra IV		ıbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq
Pro Pro	eferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne		No – Criteria not met
Pro Pro No	eferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne on-Preferred Medical Drugs – Orencia IV, Actemra IV Is there documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active	Yes – Document	
Pro Pro No	eferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne on-Preferred Medical Drugs – Orencia IV, Actemra IV Is there documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count? Is there documented failure with each of the following: Glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND Minimum 12-week trial with methotrexate or	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met



5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist? specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Uv	eitis – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz		
1.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of noninfectious uveitis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the diagnosis being treated intermediate or panuveitis?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the diagnosis being treated posterior uveitis?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #4
4.	Is the diagnosis being treated anterior uveitis?	Yes – Criteria not met	
5.	Is there documented treatment failure with the following: One immunosuppressive agent: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate AND One systemic calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is there documented treatment failure with Yutiq AND Retisert?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmology specialist?	Yes – Go to #8	No – Criteria not met
8.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Hic	dradenitis Suppurativa (HS)		

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cosentyx
Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis
Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola



1.	Is there a diagnosis of moderate to severe Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) [Hurley Stage II or III disease] AND Documentation of baseline count of abscess and inflammatory nodules?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: O Minimum 90-day trial with oral antibiotics: tetracycline/doxycycline/minocycline OR clindamycin with rifampin O Minimum 8-week oral retinoid trial: isotretinoin OR acitretin	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No- Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cosentyx AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Gia	ant Call Artaritis (GCA)		

Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)
Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Rinvoq
Preferred Medical Drugs – Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV
Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Actemra IV

Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) Preferred Medical Drugs – Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Actemra IV



1.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #2
2.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA) based on temporal artery biopsy or color doppler ultrasound OR Large vessel GCA diagnosis by advanced imaging of the vascular tree with computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documentation of disease refractory to treatment with glucocorticoids?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 4 doses for CRS)	No – Criteria not met
Or	al Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease – Otezla		
1.	Is there a diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae at least 3 times in a year AND two of the following: ORECURTENT GENITAL APPROVED Eye lesions OSkin lesions OPositive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure to a minimum 12- week trial to one of the following: colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in treating Behcet's?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met



_				
4.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months No – Criteria not i		
Ac	ute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis – Oren	ncia IV		
1.	Is there documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is there documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a systemic calcineurin inhibitor (tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documentation of a prior allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, or any uncontrolled active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)?	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #4	
4.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist?	Yes – Approve up to 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified	No – Criteria not met	
Ate	opic Dermatitis (AD) – Rinvoq			
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) affected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	



4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5			
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months No – Criteria not met			
	thesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA) Preferred Drugs – Cosenty venile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA) Preferred Drugs – Cosenty				
1.	Is there diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following: • Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present OR • Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features: • Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain • Positive HLA-B27 • Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age • Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis • First-degree relative with ERA, sacroiliitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Go to #2		
2.	Is there diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of: • Arthritis and psoriasis OR • Arthritis and at least 2 of the following: ○ Dactylitis ○ Nail pitting or onycholysis ○ Psoriasis in a first-degree relative	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met		



4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide.	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Pre	neralized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare ferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Avsola, Infliximab	(J1745)		
1.	Is there documentation of a diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP) confirmed by the following: a. The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin b. Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	 Are there signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows: a. A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) total score of greater than or equal to 3 b. A GPPGA pustulation category subscore of greater than or equal to 2 c. Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documented 1-week treatment failure with cyclosporine?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for Remicade, Avsola, or Infliximab (J1745)?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6	
5.	Is there documented failure with one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met	



6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Re	newal Criteria		
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider, with clinical documentation to support?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators? (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla)	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met

Quantity Limitations

- Dosing is in accordance with FDA-approved labeling and PacificSource quantity limitations
- Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz
 - o Induction
 - PP/Uveitis: 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
 - CD/UC/HS: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning on day 29
 - o Maintenance
 - RA/PP/PsA/CD/UC/AS/nr-axSpA/Uveitis: 40 mg every other week
 - HS: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week
 - JIA:
 - 10 kg to <15 kg: 10 mg every other week
 - 15 kg to <30 kg: 20 mg every other week
 - ≥30 kg: 40 mg every other week
 - Dose escalation (40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week)
 - RA/PP/CD/UC: Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing
- Enbrel



- Induction
 - PP: 50 mg twice weekly for 3 months (8 injections per 28 days for 3 months)
- Maintenance (All indications):
 - PP/JPsA: 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days)
 - RA/PP/PsA/AS/nr-axSpA/JIA:
 - 25 mg twice weekly (8 injections per 28 days)
 - 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days)

Cosentyx

- o Induction
 - Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
 - Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
- Maintenance
 - Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
 - Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
 - Psoriatic arthritis without plaque psoriasis/AS/Nr-axSpA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
 - If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be considered
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days

Otezla

- Induction (All indications): Titration pack
- Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days

Yesintek, Selarsdi

- Induction
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing 60 to 100 kg, one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing over 100 kg
 - For those under 60kg, the dose is 0.75 mg/kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in the first 28 days
 - For coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight greater than 100kg: one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days
 - Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: A single intravenous infusion per below
 - 55 kg or less: 260 mg
 - 55 kg to 85 kg: 390 mg
 - More than 85 kg: 520 mg
- Maintenance
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) per 84 days for those weighing 100 kg or less; one 90 mg injection (1 mL) per 84 days for those weighing over 100 kg



- Psoriatic Arthritis: 45 mg (0.5 mL) per 84 days
 - For coexistent moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis weighing more than 100 kg: 90 mg (1 ml) per 84 days
- Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: 90 mg (1 mL) per 56 days starting 8 weeks after the initial IV dose

Tremfya

- o PP/PsA:
 - Induction: 100 mg (one injection) in first 28 days
 - Maintenance: 100 mg (one injection) per 56 days
- o CD/Ulcerative Colitis:
 - Induction: 200 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 100 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 16
 - For consideration of every 4 week dosing, must meet all the following:
 - Documented clinical failure to Tremfya 100 mg every 8 week dosing for at least 3 months

• Skyrizi

- o PP/PsA:
 - Induction: 150 mg in the first 28 days
 - Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days
- Crohn's Disease:
 - Induction: 600 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
- Ulcerative Colitis:
 - Induction: 1200 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12

Rinvoq

- RA/PsA/AS/nr-axSpA/GCA: 15 mg once daily (30 tablets per 30 days)
- AD: 15 mg once daily, may increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days)
- UC: 45 mg once daily for 8 weeks then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days).
 - **45mg limited to 56 tablets (first 8 weeks of treatment)
- CD: 45 mg once daily for 12 weeks, then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily for patients with refractory, severe or extensive disease.
 - **45mg limited to 84 tablets (first 12 weeks of treatment)
- Polyarticular JIA/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis: 10 kg to <20 kg: 3 mg (3 mL solution) twice daily; 20 kg to <30 kg: 4 mg (4 mL solution) twice daily; 30 kg and greater: 6 mg (6 mL solution) twice daily or 15 mg tablet once daily

Xeljanz

- RA/PsA/AS: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg IR) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg XR)
- UC: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg or 10 mg IR tablets) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg or 22 mg XR)



- JIA: 10 kg to less than 20 kg: 3.2 mg (3.2 mL oral solution) twice daily; 20 kg to less than 40 kg: 4 mg (4 mL oral solution) twice daily; 40 kg or greater: 5 mg (one 5 mg tablet or 5 mL oral solution) twice daily
 - Oral solution available as 240 mL bottle

• Infliximab (Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745))*

- Availability: 100 mg single-dose vials
- Crohn's/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg
- Psoriatic Arthritis/Plaque Psoriasis/Generalized Pustular Psoriasis: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
- RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an
 incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4
 weeks
- AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter

• Simponi Aria Intravenous*

- Availability: 50 mg single-dose vials
- o RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter
- o Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter

Orencia Intravenous*

- Availability: 250 mg single-use vials
- RA/PsA: <60 kg: 500 mg, 60-100 kg: 750 mg, >100 kg: 1,000 mg at 0, 2, and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter
- JIA: 6 years and older and <75 kg: 10 mg/kg; 75-100 kg: 750 mg; >100 kg: 1,000 mg (maximum dose) at 0, 2 and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter
- Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
 - 2 to less than 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant
 - 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000 mg/dose)

• Entyvio*

- Availability: 300 mg single-use vials
- o Crohn's/UC: 300 mg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by every 8 weeks thereafter
- For Consideration of every 4 week dosing must meet all of the following:
 - Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months
 - Clinical failure defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70 point improvement in CDAI score for Crohn's)
 - Documented failure to minimum of 12 weeks on two alternative Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF) inhibitors

Actemra Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous*

- o Availability: 400 mg, 200 mg & 80 mg single-dose vials
- RA: 4 mg/kg once every 4 weeks; may be increased to 8 mg/kg once every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum dose: 800 mg)
- GCA: 6mg/kg every 4 weeks



- CRS: For patients less than 30kg, recommended dose is 12mg/kg; patients 30kg or greater recommended dose is 8mg/kg up to maximum of 800mg (Maximum 4 doses)
- o Polyarticular JIA: <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks
- Systemic JIA/COVID-19: <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks

*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs

Drug Name	Ankylosin g Spondyliti s	Crohn's Disease	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	Plaque Psoriasis	Psoriati c Arthritis	Rheumatoi d Arthritis	Ulcerativ e Colitis	Other
Abatacept (Orencia SQ & Orencia IV)			≥2 yo		≥2 yo	≥18 yo		Acute GVHD prophylaxis: IV: ≥2 yo
Adalimumab (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumabadaz)	≥18 yo	≥6 yo ≥18 yo (biosimilar s)	≥2 yo ≥4 yo (biosimilar s)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥5 yo	Uveitis (noninfectiou s) ≥2 yo HS ≥12 yo
Anakinra (Kineret)						≥18 yo		NOMID
Apremilast (Otezla)				≥6 yo	≥6 yo	≥18 yo		Behçet's Disease
Baricitinib (Olumiant)						≥18 yo		
Brodalumab (Siliq)				≥18 yo				
Canakinumab (llaris) [See standalone policy]			≥2 yo					FCAS ≥4 yo MWS ≥4 yo TRAPS ≥2 yo HIDS ≥2 yo MKD ≥2 yo FMF ≥2 yo
Certolizumab (Cimzia)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Etanercept (Enbrel)	≥18 yo		≥2 yo	≥4 yo (Enbrel) ≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		JPsA ≥2 yo



				(biosimilar s)				
Golimumab (Simponi & Simponi Aria)	≥18 yo		≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)		≥18 yo (Simponi) ≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo (Simponi)	
Guselkumab (Tremfya)		≥18 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Infliximab (J1745), Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola	≥18 yo	≥6 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥6 yo	GPP≥18 yo
lxekizumab (Taltz)	≥18 yo			≥6 yo	≥18 yo			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Rituximab (Rituxan) [See standalone policy]						≥18 yo		CLL ≥18 yo NHL ≥18 yo; ≥6 yo (Rituxan) GPA ≥18 yo; ≥2 yo (Rituxan) Pemphigus Vulgaris ≥18 yo RRMS ≥18
Risankizuma b-rzaa <mark>(Skyrizi)</mark>		≥18 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Sarilumab (Kevzara)						≥18 yo		
Secukinumab (Cosentyx)	≥18 yo			≥6 yo	≥2 yo			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo ERA ≥ 4 yo JPsA ≥ 2 yo HS ≥18 yo



Tildrakizuma b-asmn (Ilumya)				≥18 yo				
Tocilizumab (Actemra SQ & Actemra IV, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV & SQ)			≥2 yo			≥18 yo		CRS >2 yo GCA > 18 yo COVID-19 ≥ 2 yo
Tofacitinib (Xeljanz)	≥18 yo		≥2 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	
Upadacitinib (Rinvoq)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo			≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	AD ≥12 yo Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo GCA ≥18 yo
Ustekinumab (Yesintek, Selarsdi)		≥18 yo		≥6 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Vedolizumab (Entyvio)		≥18 yo					≥18 yo	

Yellow: Preferred Pharmacy Drugs

Green: Medical Infusion Drugs

Abbreviations: AD = Atopic Dermatitis; CLL = Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia; CRS = Cytokine Release Syndrome; ERA= Enthesitis-Related Arthritis; FCAS = Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome; FMF = Familial Mediterranean Fever; GCA = Giant Cell Arteritis; GPA = Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (Wegener's Granulomatosis); HIDS: Hyperimmunoglobulin D Syndrome; HS = Hidradenitis Suppurativa; JPsA= Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis; MKD = Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency; MPA = Microscopic Polyangitis; MWS = Muckle-Wells Syndrome; NHL = Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma; NOMID = Neonatal Onset Multi-Systemic Inflammatory Disease; Nr-axSpA = nonradiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis; Still's dx = Adult-onset Still's disease; TRAPS = Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome; RRMS = Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis; yo = years



POLICY NAME: **TARPEYO**

Affected Medications: TARPEYO (budesonide delayed release capsule 4 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression						
Required Medical Information:	d Medical • Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy						
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Persistent proteinuria (greater than or equal to 1 g/day) despite a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: Maximally tolerated angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor OR angiotensin receptor II blocker (ARB) Alternative glucocorticoid therapy, such as prednisone or methylprednisolone (or adverse effect with two or more glucocorticoid therapies, which is not associated with the corticosteroid class) Filspari (sparsentan) No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation						
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of other glomerulopathies or nephrotic syndrome						
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older						
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 10 months, unless otherwise specified 						



POLICY NAME: TASIMELTEON

Affected Medications: HETLIOZ LQ SUSPENSION, TASIMELTEON

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24)
	 Treatment of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
Required Medical	Non-24
Information:	Documentation of being totally blind with no light perception
	 Diagnosis of Non-24 hour sleep wake disorder meeting ALL of the following: Documented history of insomnia, excessive daytime sleepiness, or both, that alternates with asymptomatic periods
	 Symptoms have been present for at least three months Drift in rest-activity patterns demonstrated by at least 4 weeks of data from daily sleep logs and actigraphy
	 Documentation that other sleep disorders were treated or ruled out using a sleep study
	Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
	 Diagnosis of Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) confirmed by both of the following: Genetic test showing mutation or deletion of the retinoic acid-induced 1 (RAI1) gene
	Documentation of significant nighttime sleep disturbances
Appropriate	Non-24
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin
Regimen & Other	Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
Criteria:	Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag
	disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder,
	advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder
	Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active
	drugs
	Sleep disturbances caused by other conditions
Age Restriction:	Non-24: 18 years of age and older
	• SMS:
	o Capsules: 16 years of age and older
	o Suspension: 3 to 15 years of age



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with a neurologist or sleep specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TEDIZOLID**

Affected Medications: SIVEXTRO injection, SIVEXTRO tablets

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates) Streptococcus pyogenes Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus, Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus) Enterococcus faecalis
Required	Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis
Medical	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen
Information:	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data
	Documentation of planned treatment duration
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Regimen &	Requests for the intravenous formulation will require both of the following:
Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with intravenous linezolid AND
	 Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes: Vancomycin Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL [44 mcmol/L] or at least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative explanation Daptomycin Cephalosporin (cefazolin)
	 Requests for the oral tablet formulation will require both of the following: Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with oral linezolid AND Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes: Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole
	 Tetracycline (doxycycline, minocycline) Clindamycin
Exclusion Criteria:	,
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
Duration:		·



POLICY NAME: **TEDUGLUTIDE**

Affected Medications: GATTEX (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of PN support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inability to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors OR Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction 1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TENAPANOR**

Affected Medications: XPHOZAH (tenapanor)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hyperphosphatemia associated with chronic kidney disease (CKD)
Information:	Diagnosis of hyperphosphatemia associated with CKD and currently on dialysis treatment
	 Documentation of progressively or persistently elevated serum phosphate that is greater than 5.5 mg/dL over the past 6 months despite adherence to phosphate binders and dietary restrictions Documentation that Xphozah (tenapanor) will be used as add-on therapy to phosphate binder therapy unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects were experienced
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with at least an 8-week trial, at maximally indicated doses,
Treatment	of at least two of the following:
Regimen & Other	o calcium acetate
Criteria:	o lanthanum carbonate
	o sevelamer
	 Velphoro (sucroferric oxyhydroxide)
	Auryxia (ferric citrate)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in serum phosphorus from pretreatment level and maintenance of serum phosphorus level at 5.5 mg/dL or lower
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: VEMLIDY (tenofovir alafenamide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and
	pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with compensated liver disease
Required Medical	Documentation confirming diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection
Information:	 Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
Appropriate	Documentation of one or more of the following:
Treatment	o Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event to tenofovir disoproxil
Regimen & Other	fumarate
Criteria:	 CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications)
	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis, osteopenia, or high risk for developing osteoporosis with supporting documentation (i.e., chronic use of steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause)
	Reauthorization : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious
Restrictions:	disease specialist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV**

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in adults,
	and pediatric patients with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	o Positive for two or more of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies within
	the past 6 months:
	 Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies
	Insulin autoantibody (IAA)
	 Insulinoma-associated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)
	 Zinc transporter 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)
	■ Islet cell autoantibody (ICA)
	 Dysglycemia on oral glucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6 months,
	as shown by one of the following:
	■ Fasting blood glucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL
	2 hour glucose greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200
	mg/dL
	30, 60, or 90 minute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200 mg/dL
	on two separate occasions
	·
	Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with type 1 The following second se
	diabetes and one of the following:
	o If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be between
	8 and 45 years of age
	 If second-degree relative (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin), patient
	must be between 8 and 20 years of age
	Documentation of the patient's current body surface area (BSA) or height and weight to
	calculate BSA
	Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency
Appropriate Treatme	
Regimen & Other	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Criteria:	Treatment Day Dose
	Day 1 65 mcg/m ²
	Day 2 125 mcg/m ²
	Day 3 250 mcg/m ²
	Day 4 500 mcg/m ²
	Days 5- 14 1,030 mcg/m ²
	Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/mL) single-dose vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment with Tzield
	Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)



	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes
	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	8 to 45 years of age
	See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second- degree relative
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

	plan design ○ Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
	Thyroid Eve Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
Information:	 Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following: Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS)
	greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender
• • •	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Criteria:	 Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks
	Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment
	Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery
	Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve
	involvement within the previous 6 months
	Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
D 4-1 - 41	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



TESTOSTERONE

Affected Medications: TESTOPEL (testosterone pellets), JATENZO (testosterone undecanoate capsules), TLANDO (testosterone undecanoate capsules)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with
	a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or
	hypogonadotropic hypogonadism
	Gender Dysphoria
Required	All Indications
Medical	If 65 years of age and older, must provide documentation of a yearly evaluation that
Information:	includes ALL of the following:
	 The need for continued hormone replacement therapy
	 Education on the risks of hormone replacement therapy (heart attack, stroke)
	 Discussion about the limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement
	therapy in patients experiencing an age-related decrease in testosterone levels
	Hypogonadism in Adults
	Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free
	or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous testosterone
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documented diagnosis of gender dysphoria
	If under 18 years of age, documentation of all of the following:
	Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new
	comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone
	supplementation
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Requests for oral testosterone (e.g., Jatenzo, Tlando) require documented treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	failure with testosterone injections AND generic transdermal testosterone
Other Chilena.	Requests for Testopel require all of the following:
	 Documented treatment failure with testosterone injections AND generic
	transdermal testosterone



	 Documented treatment plan, including dosage in milligrams or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum dosage: 450 mg per treatment Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months
	 Reauthorization: Hypogonadism in Adults: Documentation of a recent testosterone level within normal limits Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of sexual dysfunction Treatment of symptoms of menopause
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Testopel: • Authorization: 12 months (maximum of 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified All other formulations: • Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
3070104 0303.	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
Information:	·
illorillation.	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
Criteria:	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment
	with at least 80% adherence
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Multiple Myeloma (MM) Erythema Nodosum (ENL) Systemic light chain amyloidosis AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis Waldenström macroglobulinemia Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Multiple Myeloma
Treatment	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher.
Regimen & Other Criteria:	higher
Criteria.	Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or
	higher
	 Waldenström Macroglobulinemia NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
	AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis
	Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	 Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL) Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type 2 reaction) Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence
	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score
	greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TIRZEPATIDE

Affected Medications: ZEPBOUND (tirzepatide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treat moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) in combination with a reduced-calorie diet and increased physical activity in adults with obesity			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) with Apnea-Hypopnea Index (AHI) of at least 15 on polysomnography or home sleep study from the past 5 years Body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater Documentation of current nonpharmacologic interventions, including caloric restriction (diet), increased physical activity, and behavioral modification/support 			
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by an improvement in			
Treatment	AHI score or OSA symptoms (such as less daytime sleepiness, fewer sleep arousals, fewer			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	pauses in breathing)			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for weight loss (no OSA diagnosis) or other excluded diagnosis Diagnosis of type 1 or type 2 diabetes with or without OSA Diagnosis of central or mixed sleep apnea Diagnosis of obesity hypoventilation syndrome or daytime hypercapnia History of ketoacidosis Personal or family history of medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2) 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: BETHKIS (tobramycin), KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), TOBI (tobramycin), TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin), TOBRAMYCIN NEBULIZED SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) patients with Pseudomonas aeruginosa			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) Tobi Podhaler: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 80% Bethkis: FEV1 equal to or between 40% and 80% Kitabis Pak: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 75% 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to a 28 days on and 28 days off regimen Reauthorization requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist, or provider who specializes in CF All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **TOFERSEN**

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) associated with a mutation in the superoxide dismutase 1 (SOD1) gene (SOD1-ALS) 			
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value 			
	• Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)			
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
Treatment	response to therapy, defined as both of the following:			
Regimen & Other	Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline			
Criteria:	 The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy) 			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: **TOLVAPTAN**

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, TOLVAPTAN (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone (SIADH) Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing	
	autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)	
Required Medical Information:	Hyponatremia Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline OR Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, headache, lethargy, confusion)	
	 ADPKD Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic testing Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m² High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Hyponatremia Treatment is initiated or re-initiated in a hospital setting prior to discharge ADPKD Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated Reauthorization (for ADPKD) requires documentation of treatment success and a clinicalless.	
Exclusion Criteria:	 significant response to therapy Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious neurological symptoms Patients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst Hypovolemic hyponatremia Anuria Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	



Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	<u>Hyponatremia</u>			
Bulation.	Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified			
<u>ADPKD</u>				
	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)
Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of or higher Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and 			
Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by biopsy. Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized) 			
Appropriate	Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine)			
Treatment	Documented clinical failure to ALL of the following:			
Regimen & Other	Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, hotemathasana fluorinanida, halabetasal.			
Criteria:	betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol o Topical imiquimod			
	o Phototherapy			
	Generalized skin involvement (topical mechlorethamine only)			
	Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy			
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater			
	Pregnancy			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: VTAMA (tapinarof 1% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% foam), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.15% cream)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque psoriasis (Vtama and Zoryve 0.3% cream, foam) Seborrheic dermatitis (Zoryve 0.3% foam) Atopic dermatitis (Vtama and Zoryve 0.15% cream)
Required Medical Information:	All Indications Documentation of affected body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement
	 Plaque Psoriasis Documentation of chronic plaque psoriasis that meets <u>ONE</u> of the following: At least 10% BSA involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
	 Seborrheic Dermatitis Diagnosis of moderate to severe seborrheic dermatitis with presence of lesions that are characteristic of the condition (such as erythematous plaques and yellowish scales distributed on areas with sebaceous glands) Documentation of persistent itching, scaling, and erythema despite current therapy
	 Atopic Dermatitis Documentation of atopic dermatitis that meets ONE of the following: At least 10% BSA involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	All Indications Documented treatment failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid
Other Criteria:	 Plaque Psoriasis Documented treatment failure with each of the following for a minimum of 4-weeks: Topical vitamin D analog (e.g., calcipotriene, calcitriol) Tazarotene Vtama: Requires additional treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve 0.3% cream or foam
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as a decrease in affected BSA from baseline
	Seborrheic Dermatitis Documented failure with ALL the following: Minimum 6-week trial of one topical calcineurin inhibitor (e.g., tacrolimus, pimecrolimus) Topical antifungal (such as ketoconazole, ciclopirox, or selenium sulfide)



	 Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as a reduction in itching, scaling, erythema, and number of affected areas compared to baseline Atopic Dermatitis Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-week trial of one of the following: tacrolimus ointment or pimecrolimus cream Vtama: Requires additional treatment failure with 4 weeks of Zoryve 0.15% cream or Eucrisa 			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness, defined as a decreas in affected BSA from baseline			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:	 Vtama: 18 years of age and older (plaque psoriasis) 2 years of age and older (atopic dermatitis) Zoryve cream: 6 years of age and older Zoryve foam: 9 years of age and older (seborrheic dermatitis) 12 years of age and older (plaque psoriasis) 			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

	r			
Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2		
Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? - Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met		
oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis				
Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met		
Is there documented treatment failure with two of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met		
Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met		
Renewal Criteria				
Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met		
	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? - Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)? Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement? Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa? Is there documented treatment failure with two of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate? Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)? Inewal Criteria Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider? Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)? Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement? Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa? Is there documented treatment failure with two of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate? Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)? Inewal Criteria Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider? Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource Criteria Yes – Go to #2 Yes – Approve up to 12 months		



Quantity Limitations

- Adbry
 - Availability: 150 mg/mL prefilled syringes, 300 mg/2 mL autoinjectors
 - o Dosing:
 - Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks.
 - If less than 100 kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300 mg every 4 weeks
 - Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks.



TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb), HERCESSI (Trastuzumab-strf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on:
Appropriate	Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	All Indications
Criteria:	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant, Herceptin, Hercessi or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following:
	A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products Kanjinti and Ogivri and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve for 12 months with no reauthorization
	 For all other clinical scenarios: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TRIENTINE

Affected Medications: TRIENTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Cavanad Haaa	AUG Last Draw A Latitude (FDA)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	○ Wilson's disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Wilson's disease confirmed by ONE of the following:
Information:	 Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either
	symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals)
	 Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease
	 Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less
	than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg
	 Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion
	greater than 100 mcg
	 Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-
	hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg
Appropriate	For Cuvrior, must meet BOTH of the following:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine that
Regimen & Other	was not due to tolerability
Criteria:	 Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of
	generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected
	adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	davoros crent dianbated to are active ingredient
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy as shown by normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper)
	to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	For trientine hydrochloride:
	Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis
	Treatment of cystinuria
	Treatment of biliary cirrhosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver
Care Restrictions:	transplant provider
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	- Reading Francis and a second of the second



POLICY NAME: **TRIPTORELIN**

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Required Medical Information:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prostate Cancer (Trelstar) Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur) Gender Dysphoria Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs: Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on type of assay used) Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For all Triptodur requests: Documentation of treatment failure with leuprolide Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Age Restriction:	 Use as neoadjuvant androgen deprivation therapy (ADT) for radical prostatectomy CPP: 2 years of age through 11 years for females, 2 years of age through 12 years for males
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Oncology Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified CPP Approval/Oncology Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROFINETIDE

Affected Medications: DAYBUE (trofinetide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the MECP2 gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating
Treatment	provider
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection
	Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	management of Rett syndrome
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults
	with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months
	Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes:
	copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment	Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires all of the following:
	Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen
	Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following:
	 Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TUCATINIB**

Affected Medications: TUKYSA (tucatinib)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of RAS wild-type, human epidermal growth factor receptor-2 (HER2) positive, unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy OR
	Advanced, unresectable or metastatic, HER2-positive breast cancer with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting
Appropriate	Colorectal cancer
Treatment	Documented intolerable adverse event to Lapatinib
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil inhalation)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	Connective tissue disease
	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	 Drugs Congenital left to right shunts
	Schistosomiasis
	o Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index
	Cow cardiac index OR
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	(another the control of the control
	Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO Group 3 • Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of
	usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) on high resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy
	OR Discourse files in the second seco
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR
	Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,
Other Criteria:	Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)
	MILIO Croup 4 only
	WHO Group 1 only:



	,
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class II and III Ambrisentan and tadalafil Bosentan and riociguat Macitentan and sildenafil Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion	PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as left sided atrial or ventricular
Criteria:	disease, left sided valvular heart disease, or disorders of the respiratory system such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the
	following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	Relapsing Forms of MS
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable, but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	 Documented disease progression or intolerance to rituximab (preferred
	products: Riabni and Ruxience)
	 Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B infection
	Concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



UPNEEQ

Affected Medications: UPNEEQ (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution)

Covered Uses:	Upneeq (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution) is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a current pregnancy with one or more risk factor(s) for preterm birth, including but not limited to: Ethnicity (e.g., African American, American Indian/Alaska Native) Lifestyle factors (e.g., smoking, drinking alcohol, using illegal drugs) Being underweight or obese before pregnancy Prior preterm delivery Having multiple gestations (e.g., twins, triplets) Short time period between pregnancies (less than 6 months between a birth and the beginning of the next pregnancy) Documentation of a short cervix (defined as cervical length less than or equal to 25 mm) confirmed by ultrasound Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox) - Available on Medical Benefit only

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved/CLIA-compliant test Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• 6 × 10 ¹³ vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection Cirrhosis Female gender at birth Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **VAMOROLONE**

Affected Medications: AGAMREE (vamorolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older			
Required Medical	Confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing or			
Information:	biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophin			
	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a			
	wheelchair, walker, or cane			
	Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following:			
	o Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND)			
	o 6-minute walk test			
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA)			
	Motor Function Measure (MFM)			
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) 			
	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen			
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse			
Treatment	event causing one of the following:			
Regimen & Other	 Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body 			
Criteria:	weight gain over a 6-month period			
	 Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) 			
	that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment			
	Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor			
	function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For post exposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as: Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Pregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial administration	
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	



VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE (velmanase alfa-tycv)

Carrage d Hanner	T AND A LOCAL CONTROL OF THE CONTROL			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design The treatment of non-central pervous system manifestations of alpha			
	The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha-			
	mannosidosis			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating			
Information:	alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity			
	Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty			
	walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities			
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in			
Treatment	motor function, forced vital capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:				
Exclusion Criteria:	AM with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the treatment of lysosomal			
	storage disorders			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	, tanta and the monato, amost called most opening			



POLICY NAME: **VERTEPORFIN**

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by					
	plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoyeal choroidal neovascularization					
	 Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following: 					
	(CNV) due to one of the following: Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)					
	■ Pathologic myopia					
	 Presumed ocular histoplasmosis 					
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of subfoveal CNV due to one of the following:					
Information:	Neovascular AMD					
	o Pathologic myopia					
	Presumed ocular histoplasmosis					
	Documentation of current body surface area (BSA)					
Appropriate	Neovascular AMD and Pathologic Myopia					
Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:					
Regimen & Other	 Currently receiving treatment with Visudyne, excluding via samples or 					
Criteria:	manufacturer's patient assistance program					
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance following a minimum 3-month trial 					
	with both of the following: Avastin and ranibizumab (preferred products: Byooviz,					
	Cimerli)					
	Dosing					
	6 mg/m² BSA					
	 Every 3 month dosing is permitted with evidence of choroidal neovascular 					
	leakage (see reauthorization criteria)					
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced					
	Reauthorization requires documentation of the following:					
	Positive response to therapy (e.g., improved or stable visual acuity, reduced central macular thickness)					
	Evidence of recurrent or persistent leakage on fluorescein angiogram or optical coherence tomography (OCT), performed at least 3 months after the last treatment					
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent therapy with vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitors					
	Treatment of non-neovascular (dry) AMD					
Age Restriction:						
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist					
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care					
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified					
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: VIGABATRIN, VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) Infantile spasms			
Required	Infantile Spasms			
Medical Information:	Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)			
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
	Used as adjunctive therapy only			
Appropriate	Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine,			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration			
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as a first line agent for complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
Age	Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age			
Restriction:	Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater than 2 years of age			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage	Infantile Spasms			
Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified			
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)			
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

_				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.			
	plan design o Treatment of severe manifestations of PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum			
	· ·			
	(PROS) in patients who require systemic therapy			
Required	Documented diagnosis of PROS, to include any of the following: OLABOS our desired.			
Medical Information:	o CLAPOS syndrome			
illiorillation.	o CLOVES syndrome			
	Diffuse capillary malformation with overgrowth (DCMO) Displactic magalencephaly (DMEC)			
	 Dysplastic megalencephaly (DMEG) 			
	Facial infiltrating lipomatosis (FIL)			
	 Fibroadipose hyperplasia (FAH)/fibroadipose overgrowth (FAO)/hemihyperplasia 			
	multiple lipomatosis (HHML) syndrome			
	 Fibroadipose vascular anomaly (FAVA) 			
	 Hemimegalencephaly (HMEG) 			
	 Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS) 			
	 Lipomatosis of nerve (LON) 			
	 Megalencephaly-capillary malformation (MCAP) syndrome 			
	Muscular hemihyperplasia (HH)			
	Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation			
	Documentation of clinical manifestations that were assessed by the treating provider as			
	severe or life-threatening and necessitating systemic treatment			
	Documentation that clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both of the			
	following:			
	 Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider 			
	Causing functional impairment			
	Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior			
Appropriate	to request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s) • Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a			
Treatment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Regimen &	dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations			
Other Criteria:	of disease			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following:			
	Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from			
	baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume, confirmed by at least			
	one subsequent imaging assessment			
	Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target			
	lesion, progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion			
Exclusion	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS			
Criteria:	2 years of are and older			
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older			
เงองแ เบแบท.				



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **VISTOGARD**

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration 		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling		
Exclusion Criteria:	Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: TETRABENAZINE, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease			
Information:	Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment			
	 Tardive Dyskinesia Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following: A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor-blocking agent exposure Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation) Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following: Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) 			
	 Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS) 			
Appropriate	Tardive Dyskinesia			
Treatment	Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	OR Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline			
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or			
	actively suicidal			
	Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine			
	Hepatic impairment			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
<u> </u>	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Lupus Nephritis (LN)		
Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy- proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		



1.	Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met

Quantity Limitations

• Lupkynis

- Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID)
- Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows:
 - eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8 mg BID
 - Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8 mg BID
 - Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8 mg in morning and 7.9 mg in afternoon.



VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (Voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	o Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment
	epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g., Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.) Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees
	 Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has been previously treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment
	Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g., severe diabetic retinopathy)
Age Restriction:	12 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month - 1 injection per eye per lifetime, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **VOSORITIDE**

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open
	epiphyses
Required Medical	Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation
Information:	in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene
	Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight
Appropriate	Documentation of all the following:
Treatment	 Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open
Regimen & Other	 Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization:
	Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
	Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr
Exclusion Criteria:	Hypochondroplasia
	Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia
	Evidence of growth plate closure
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a
Care Restrictions:	provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasia
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinum toxin A), DYSPORT (abobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC (rimabotulinumtoxinB), JEUVEAU (prbotulinumtoxinA-xvfs), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

not otherwise excluded by plan design ○ Dysport ■ Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal	
 Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal 	
 Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal 	
	spasm,
oromandibular dystonia, severe writer's cramp)	
■ Hemifacial spasm	
■ Upper/lower limb spasticity	
○ Xeomin	
■ Cervical dystonia	
■ Blepharospasm	
■ Upper limb spasticity	
■ Chronic sialorrhea	
Myobloc, Daxxify	
■ Cervical dystonia	
Required Medical Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing	
Information: • Complete description of the site(s) of injection	
Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used	
Appropriate <u>Dysport</u>	
Treatment ● Approved first-line for focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, drug-induced orofac	ial
Regimen & Other dyskinesia, upper or lower limb spasticity	
Criteria:	
Xeomin	
Approved first-line for cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, upper limb spasticit	ty, chronic
sialorrhea	
Myobloc	
 Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport, 	and Xeomin
Axillary hyperhidrosis: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox	and Accimin
Chronic sialorrhea: Documentation of treatment failure with glycopyrrolate	oral tablets
Cinonic statornea. Documentation of treatment failure with grycopyrrolate	oral tablets
Daxxify	
Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport,	and Xeomin
Quantity limitations	
Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months	
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically si	ignificant
response to therapy	
• Cosmetic procedures (including glabellar lines, horizontal forehead lines, late	erai canthal
lines) ■ Migraine headache use (Botox is preferred product)	
Iviigiaille fleadache use (botox is prefered product)	



Age Restriction:	Myobloc, Daxxify: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, ophthalmologist, or optometrist Other indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab), WYOST (denosumab-bbdz), OSENVELT (denosumab-bmwo), BOMYNTRA (denosumab-bnht)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. One of these diagnoses:
Required Medical Information:	Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity. Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple myeloma Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30 mL/min
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment	response to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord Peyronie's disease
Required Medical Information:	Peyronie's disease: Documented diagnosis of Peyronie's disease with a palpable plaque Curvature deformity is at least 30 degrees at the start of therapy Documentation of stable disease defined as symptoms that have remained unchanged for at least 3 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dupuytren's: Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Peyronie's disease: One treatment cycle consists of two Xiaflex injection procedures Reauthorization for additional treatment cycles may be given if the curvature deformity is more than 15 degrees after the first, second or third treatment cycle, or if the prescribing healthcare provider determines that further treatment is clinically indicated Maximum of 4 treatment cycles per plaque, administered at 6-week intervals
Exclusion Criteria:	Peyronie's plaques that involve the penile urethra
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Peyronie's: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a urologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified Peyronie's: 6 weeks, unless otherwise specified



XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded plan design Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE) Treatment of Travelers' Diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichicoli (E. coli) Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Required Medical Information: Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile Documented treatment failure with oral vancomycin
o Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE) o Treatment of Travelers' Diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichicoli (E. coli) o Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D) • Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) o Treatment of HE o Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea o Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Required Medical Information: • Documentation of complete & current treatment course required • Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea • Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: • Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: • CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy • Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours • Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
Treatment of Travelers' Diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of Escherichi coli (E. coli) Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Required Medical Information: Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Recurrent C. diff Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
coli (E. coli)
 Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Required Medical Information: Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Recurrent C. diff Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
Treatment of HE Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Pequired Medical Information: Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Pecurrent C. diff Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Required Medical Information: Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO) Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Recurrent C. diff Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: ■ Documentation of complete & current treatment course required ■ Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea ■ Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Recurrent C. diff ■ Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ■ ALL of the following: ■ CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared ■ within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy ■ Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours ■ Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 Information: Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 ◆ Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
Criteria: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 Criteria: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
 Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
<u>HE</u>
Documented treatment failure with at least 1 month of lactulose therapy defined as
continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upwa
titration
<u>Travelers' Diarrhea</u>
Documentation of ALL of the following:
o Travelers' diarrhea is caused by noninvasive strains of E. coli
Systemic signs of infection (fever or blood in stool) are not present Member is returning from an area of high fluorequinclene registered.
 Member is returning from an area of high fluoroquinolone resistance Documented treatment failure with a fluoroquinolone (e.g., ciprofloxacin, levofloxacin)
and azithromycin
and azitinomyon
<u>SIBO</u>
Documented diagnosis confirmed by a carbohydrate breath test
 Documented treatment failure with trial of at least one of the following antibiotics:
amoxicillin/clavulanic acid, ciprofloxacin, metronidazole
IBS-D
Documentation confirming a Rome IV diagnosis with recurrent abdominal pain, on
average, at least one day per week in the last 3 months, associated with two or more
the following:



	Related to defecation
	Associated with a change in stool frequency
	Associated with a change in stool form (appearance)
	Symptom onset at least six months prior to diagnosis
	Documented treatment failure with ALL of the following:
	Loperamide Disvelorring or hyperaming
	Dicyclomine or hyoscyamine Tripyelia antidomegaant (a.g., antidistributing partitional)
	 Tricyclic antidepressant (e.g., amitriptyline, nortriptyline)
	• Retreatment criteria for IBS-D: Patient must have responded to the initial treatment for at least 4 weeks with either greater than or equal to 30% improvement from baseline in the weekly average abdominal pain score OR at least a 50% reduction in number of days in a week with a daily stool consistency of Bristol Stool Scale type 6 or 7 compared with baseline (6: fluffy pieces with ragged edges, a mushy stool; 7: watery stool, no solid pieces; entirely liquid). Retreatment can be approved when recurrence of symptoms (abdominal pain or mushy/watery stool consistency) occur for 3 weeks of a rolling 4-week period. Retreatment can be approved twice per lifetime.
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Recurrent C. diff
	Xifaxan exceeding 400 mg three times per day for 20 days
	<u>HE</u>
	 Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of 550 mg twice daily or 400 mg 3 times daily for the treatment or prevention of hepatic encephalopathy
	Travelers' Diarrhea
	Xifaxan exceeding 200 mg three times per day for total of 3 days
	Diarrhea complicated by fever or bloody stool, or caused by bacteria other than noninvasive strains of E. coli
	HOTHIVASIVE SHAIRS OF E. COII
	SIBO
	 Xifaxan exceeding 550 mg three times per day for 14 days
	- Makan skocoding ood mg three times per day for 14 days
	IBS-D
	Mild cases of irritable bowel syndrome or diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with
	constipation
	Xifaxan exceeding 550 mg three times per day for 14 days
	3 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Recurrent C. diff
	Authorization: 20 days, unless otherwise specified
	HE .
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Travelers' Diarrhea
	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified
	SIBO
<u> </u>	<u>160</u>



Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (one treatment per lifetime)
 IBS-D Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (maximum of 3 treatment courses per lifetime)



POLICY NAME: **XURIDEN**

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as: Megaloblastic anemia Leukopenia Developmental delays Failure to thrive
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success based on ONE of the
Treatment	following:
Regimen &	Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and
Other Criteria:	leukopenia
	Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Child-Pugh Class C
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZANIDATAMAB**

Affected Medications: ZIIHERA (zanidatamab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documentation that Ziihera will be administered as monotherapy.
	Documentation of previously treated unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth
	factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive biliary tract cancer (BTC) that has progressed following at least 1 prior systemic therapy
	Documentation of HER2 positivity with a score of 3+ on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Enhertu (fam-
Treatment	trastuzumab deruxtecan)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist.
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZILUCOPLAN**

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-
	acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical	Diagnosis of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following: A biotem of abnormal popular transposition to at
Information:	A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR Quantitative
	Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor,
Treatment	corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be
Regimen & Other	continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus,
	cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma
	exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	immunosuppressive therapy, ever the last 12 months
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
	defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline
	That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to
	new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks
	Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
	- 10 yours of ago and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	7 iii appliatata ara adajoot ta danzadan ar ara moot aat anomootiva ara ara ara
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 Teauthorization. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZOPAPOGENE IMADENOVEC-DRBA**

Affected Medications: PAPZIMEOS (zopapogene imadenovec-drba)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 The treatment of adults with recurrent respiratory papillomatosis (RRP)
Required Medical	Histologically confirmed diagnosis from a CLIA-certified (or comparable) laboratory
Information:	report
	More than or equal to 3 surgeries in the previous 12 months to remove papillomas
	Documentation of laryngotracheal papillomas
	Documentation of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with bevacizumab or cidofovir.
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior use of Papzimeos (zopapogene imadenovec-drba)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 weeks with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZUSDURI**

Affected Medications: ZUSDURI (mitomycin thermal hydrogel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Recurrent low-grade intermediate-risk non–muscle-invasive bladder cancer (LG-IR-NMIBC) confirmed by cystoscopy and pathology.
Appropriate	Documented recurrence after prior transurethral resection of bladder tumor (TURBT)
Treatment	AND
Regimen & Other	Clinical justification for TURBT ineligibility (e.g. high anesthesia risk, complex anatomy or
Criteria:	prior complications with resection)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Use in low-risk or high-grade non–muscle-invasive bladder cancer (NMBIC)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or urologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 4 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified