

2024 PacificSource Health Plans Prior Authorization Criteria

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XGEVA
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XURIDEN
YONSA
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ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (interferon gamma 1b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed dose. Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with prescribed dose.
	 Chronic granulomatous disease Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with CGD
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following: Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	 OR Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with SMO
	 Oncology indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 Chronic Granulomatous Disease Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial agent and an antifungal agent
Other Criteria:	All indications



	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced 	
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG	
Criteria:	performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care	 CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist 	
Restrictions:	 Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist 	
	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage	CGD and SMO	
Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Oncology indications: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ADDYI & VYLEESI

Affected Medications: ADDYI (flibanserin), VYLEESI (bremelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Premenopausal women with acquired, generalized hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD) Acquired HSDD refers to HSDD that develops in a patient who previously had no problems with sexual desire Generalized HSDD refers to HSDD that occurs regardless of the type of stimulation, situation, or partner
Required Medical Information:	 Mental health diagnosis according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria for female sexual interest or arousal disorder: Lack of, or significantly reduced, sexual interest or arousal, as manifested by at least three of the following:



Appropriate	Addyi
Treatment Regimen &	 Documentation of appropriate patient counseling regarding alcohol use while taking Addyi
Other Criteria:	 Vyleesi Documentation that patients who may become pregnant are using an effective form of contraception Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
	and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Postmenopausal females
Criteria:	Males
	Intended use is to enhance sexual performance
Age	Adult premenopausal women only
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADA-SCID) in pediatric and adult patients
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the <i>ADA</i> gene Laboratory findings show the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs



	All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ADZYNMA

Affected Medications: ADZYNMA (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)
Required	• Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Medical	 Molecular genetic testing confirming mutation in the
Information:	ADAMTS13 gene
	\circ ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of
	normal activity
	For on-demand treatment:
	 Documentation of current or past acute event with 50% or greater drop in platelet count OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter
	 Lactase dehydrogenase elevation (LDH) is more than 2 times baseline or more than 2 times upper limit of normal (ULN) as defined by laboratory values
	For prophylactic use:
	 Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week
Regimen &	 May be dosed weekly with documentation of
Other Criteria:	appropriate prior dosing regimen or clinical response.
	 On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day 3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved.
	Reauthorization:



Exclusion Criteria:	 For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms For on-demand use: Documentation that after previous on-demand therapy, platelet counts increased to at least 150,000/microliter or 25% from baseline platelet count Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AFAMELANOTIDE

Affected Medications: SCENESSE (afamelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototoxic reactions (including X-linked protoporphyria [XLP])
Required Medical Information:	 Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant impact on activities of daily living Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP) Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the ferrochelatase (FECH) gene Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free protoporphyria (XLP) Documented diagnosis of XLP confirmed by gain-of-function mutations in the delta-aminolevulinic acid synthase (ALAS2) gene Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 50% metal-free protoporphyrin
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun exposure, increased quality of life, etc.) Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR, AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), EVEROLIMUS SOLUBLE TABLET

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher <u>Oncology Indications</u> Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
	 Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC) Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens and meeting following criteria: Documentation of treatment failure with Epidiolex (cannabidiol solution) adjunct therapy Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures OR Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or TSC-associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Oncology Indications Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist TSC Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC



	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:		Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ALEMTUZUMAB**

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response to Tysabri (natalizumab) AND one additional medication indicated for MS <u>Reauthorization</u> requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise
Duration:	specified
	• Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME

a	
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pompe Disease
Required	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay
Medical	demonstrating a deficiency of acid a-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme
Information:	activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA
	gene.
	 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease:
Treatment	 Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage
Regimen &	(macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle
Other Criteria:	bulk)
other chiteria.	 Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as
	respiratory distress (such as tachypnea)
	 Profound diffuse hypotonia
	 Proximal muscle weakness
	\circ Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine
	position
	Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication
	is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic
	reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure.
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
	and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or
of Care	physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care



Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



ALOSETRON

Affected Medications: ALOSETRON, LOTRONEX (alosetron)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Women with severe diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Female gender Chronic IBS syndrome lasting at least 6 months Diarrhea AND one or more of the following are present: Frequent and severe abdominal pain/discomfort Frequent bowel urgency or fecal incontinence Disability or restriction of daily activities due to IBS Other anatomical or biochemical abnormalities of the gastrointestinal tract have been excluded as a cause of symptoms
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response to all of the following: Dicyclomine Hyoscyamine Diphenoxylate-atropine Amitriptyline or nortriptyline Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 History of chronic or severe constipation or sequelae from constipation, intestinal obstruction, stricture, toxic megacolon, gastrointestinal perforation, and/or adhesions, ischemic colitis, impaired intestinal circulation, thrombophlebitis, or hypercoagulable state, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, diverticulitis, or severe hepatic impairment Concomitant use of fluvoxamine 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Indicated for chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with clinical evidence of emphysema due to severe hereditary deficiency of Alpha1-PI (alpha1- antitrypsin deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of severe alpha1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency with emphysema or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) that includes ALL of the following: Baseline (pretreatment) alpha1-antitrypsin serum concentration less than 11 micromol/L, OR less than 57 mg/dL by nephelometry, OR less than 80 mg/dL by radial immunodiffusion Forced Expiratory Volume in one second (FEV1) between 30-64% of predicted, OR FEV1 that is between 65-80% of predicted, but has declined by at least 100 mL per year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of non-smoker status Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy Coverage of Aralast NP, Glassia, or Zemaira will require a documented intolerable adverse event to Prolastin-C Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been established Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies Prior lung or liver transplant



Age Restriction:	•	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS)
Required	Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the
Medical	following:
Information:	 Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test
	 Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP)
	amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz)
	Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with EMS as follows: proving muscle weakness (without strengly)
	LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to
Treatment	ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma
Regimen &	[SCLC]-LEMS):
Other Criteria:	 Combination oral prednisone and azathioprine therapy
	 Combination intravenous immunoglobulin therapy with one of the following: oral prednisone or azathioprine
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success, confirmed by improved or sustained muscle strength on clinical assessments
Exclusion	Seizure disorder
Criteria:	Active brain metastases
	 Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year
	OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes



Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of SLE with moderate to severe disease (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following: Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of subcutaneous Benlysta <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: AKYNZEO CAPSULES (netupitant-palonosetron), AKYNZEO INJECTION (fosnetupitant-palonosetron), VARUBI (rolapitant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of emetogenic cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy 		
Required	Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis		
Medical	 Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen 		
Information:	• Varubi		
	 Varubi Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic 		
	chemotherapy regimen		
	Akynzeo injection		
	 Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen 		
	Akynzeo capsule		
	 Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen 		
	Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy		



	anthracycline and cyclophosphamide Carboplatin Carmustine	Dacarbazine Doxorubicin	Ifosfamide Mechlorethamine	Streptozocin FOLFOX
	Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan	
	May be consi	dered highly em	etogenic in cert	ain patients
	Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m ² or greater)	Trabectedin
	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin	
	Mod	erately Emetoge	enic Chemothera	ару
	Aldesleukin	Cytarabine	Idarubicin	Mirvetuximab soravtansine- gynx
	Amifostine	Dactinomycin	Irinotecan	Naxitamab- gqgk
	Bendamustine	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan (liposomal)	Oxaliplatin
	Busulfan	Dinutuximab	Lurbinectedin	Romidepsin
	Clofarabine	Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of cytarabine and daunorubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m ² or greater)	Temozolomide
	Trabectedin			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Varubi:	induced Nausea ented treatment fa	_	



	 with dexamethasone while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo injection and capsule Documented treatment failure with both of the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen: 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, granisetron or palonosetron) NK1 receptor antagonist (e.g., aprepitant, fosaprepitant or rolapitant)
	 Quantity Limit: Varubi: 1 dose per 14 days Akynzeo injection and capsule: 1 dose per 7 days Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of acute or breakthrough nausea and vomiting Used in anthracycline or cyclophosphamide-based chemotherapy (Akynzeo injection only)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, Alphanate/VWF Complex/Human, Alphanine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, Novoseven RT, NovoEight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
Required	Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current
Medical	dose utilization, product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor
Information:	level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL), and
	rationale for use
	Current weight
	Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in
	the past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed
	Documentation of one of the following diagnostic
	<u>categories:</u>
	 Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B
	\circ Mild: factor levels greater than 5% and less than 30%
	$_{\circ}$ Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5%
	 Severe: factor levels of less than 1%
	 Von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with
	plasma von Willebrand factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF
	activity, and factor VIII activity
	Documentation of one of the following indications:
	 Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients
	with:
	 Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B
	 Severe VWD
	\circ Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased
	risk of bleeding
	Perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate
	to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B,



	or VWD
	Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe
	hemophilia B, or severe VWD
	 For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis:
	documentation of severe Type 3 VWD
Appropriate	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)
Treatment	Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or
Regimen &	maintain but not to exceed maximum functional capacity in
Other Criteria:	performing daily activities
	 For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (desmopressin)
	 Eloctate and Nuwiq require documented inadequate response, or documented intolerable adverse event, with all preferred products (Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Jivi, Adynovate) Helixate FS requires documented treatment failure with Kogenate FS due to an intolerable adverse event and the prescriber has a compelling medical rationale for not expecting the same event to occur with Helixate FS Altuviiio requires documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency)
	• For Benefix , Idelvion , and Rebinyn : documentation treatment
	failure or contraindication to Rixubis
	• For Alprolix : documentation of contraindication to Rixubis for
	perioperative management
	von Willebrand disease (VWD)
	For Vonvendi: Desurregentation of treastreast failure or contraindication to
	 Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Humate P AND Alphanate for perioperative prophylaxis
	and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding
	 Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to
	Wilate for routine prophylaxis



	 All Indications Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels Coverage for a non-preferred product requires documentation of one of the following: Documented intolerable adverse event to all preferred products, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs Reauthorization: requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism, or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency Jivi and Adynovate for VWD Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD
Age Restriction:	 Subject to review of FDA label for each product Jivi and Adynovate: 12 years of age and older Vonvendi: 18 years of age and older Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist Members who are on a State Based Drug List are required to utilize pharmacy benefits only All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ATGAM

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of allograft rejection in renal transplant patients Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone marrow transplantation NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)
Required Medical Information:	 For MDS: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Aplastic anemia: 10 to 20 mg/kg once daily for 8 to 14 days, then if needed, may administer every other day for 7 more doses for a total of 21 doses in 28 days OR 40 mg/kg daily for 4 days MDS: 40 mg/kg once daily for 4 days Renal transplant rejection: 10 to 15 mg/kg once daily for 14 days. Additional alternate-day therapy up to a total of 21 doses may be given.
Exclusion Criteria:	 All uses not listed in covered uses are considered experimental and are excluded from coverage Oncology: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Specialist in oncology, hematology or transplant medicine



Coverage	Approval: Maximum 4 weeks per dosing above, unless otherwise
Duration:	specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN ALFA

Affected Medications: ATRYN

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosed hereditary antithrombin deficiency via reduced plasma antithrombin level (not in midst of acute illness or surgery that could give falsely low antithrombin levels) Can be given for prophylaxis if negative personal/family history of thromboembolic events in high risk-settings as in surgery and pregnancy. Patient weight Documentation of intended dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling.
Appropriate Treatment	Confirmed diagnosis of Hereditary Antithrombin deficiency
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Peri-partum thromboembolic prophylaxis If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended prior to and at the time of delivery when anticoagulation cannot be administered, and used until anticoagulation can be resumed If negative personal history of VTE, patient may need single dose of ATryn ATryn use is limited to third trimester If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended Can be concomitantly given with LMWH or heparin Peri-operative thromboembolic event prophylaxis Used during warfarin interruption leading up to surgical procedure (with or without heparin) Utilized until patient can resume warfarin therapy
Exclusion	Hypersensitivity to goats and goat milk protein
Criteria:	 Administration within first two trimesters of pregnancy Active thromboembolic event
Age Restriction:	• 18 – 65 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 OB-GYN, MD All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: ANTI-AMYLOID MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab), KISUNLA (donanemab-azbt)

Covered Uses:	• Leqembi (lecanemab) and Kisunla (donanemab-azbt) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required	
Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	
of Care	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline), PRETOMANID

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design.
	• Sirturo
	 Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with pulmonary tuberculosis (TB) due to <i>Mycobacterium</i> <i>tuberculosis</i> resistant to at least rifampin and isoniazid
	 Pretomanid
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid, rifamycins, a fluoroquinolone and a second line injectable antibacterial drug
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid and rifampin who are treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive to standard therapy
Required	Sirturo
Medical	• Documented diagnosis of multidrug resistant TB (MDR-TB),
Information:	defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin
	Pretomanid
	 Documented diagnosis of one of the following:
	 Extensively drug resistant TB (XDR-TB)
	 Treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive MDR-TB
Appropriate	Sirturo
Treatment	Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a
Regimen &	combination regimen with other anti-tuberculosis agents
Other Criteria:	 Documentation that this drug is being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT)
	Drotomonid
	 Pretomanid Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a
	combination regimen with Sirturo (bedaquiline) and linezolid
	 Documentation that this drug is being administered by DOT



Exclusion	Drug-sensitive (DS) pulmonary TB
Criteria:	Latent infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis
	• Extra-pulmonary infection due to <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>
	Infections caused by non-tuberculous mycobacteria
Age	Sirturo: 5 years of age and older
Restriction:	Pretomanid: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease
of Care	specialist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Sirturo
Duration:	Authorization: 24 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Pretomanid
	Authorization: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **APOMORPHINE**

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI, APOKYN, APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of <i>Mycobacterium avium</i> complex (MAC) lung disease as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen in adults who have limited or no alternative treatment options, and who do not achieve negative sputum cultures after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy
Required	Diagnosis of MAC lung disease confirmed by BOTH of the
Medical	following:
Information:	 A MAC-positive sputum culture obtained within the last 3 months Evidence of underlying nodular bronchiectasis and/or fibrocavity disease on a chest radiograph or chest computed tomography The MAC isolate is susceptible to amikacin with a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of less than or equal to 64 µg/mL Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate	Documentation of BOTH of the following:
Treatment	 This drug has been prescribed as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 antibacterial drug regimen This drug will be used with the Lamira® Nebulizer System
other offeria.	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days.



	• The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first reauthorization (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ASCIMINIB

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX (asciminib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase (CP) OR advanced phase in accelerated phase (AP-CML)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Advanced phase chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) Documentation of accelerated phase by 10 to 19 percent blasts in blood or bone marrow Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase (CP) meeting one of the following: Previous treatment with imatinib [if used as initial tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI)] AND one or more additional tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) such as: A second generation TKI which includes: bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR:ABL1 kinase domain mutation status for selections and contraindications) Documented resistance or intolerance to at least two prior TKIs Documented T315I positive mutation and clinical failure with ponatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Presence of either A337T, P465S, M244V, or F359V/I/C



	BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LENMELDY (atidarsagene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of children with pre-symptomatic late-infantile
	(PSLI), pre-symptomatic early-juvenile (PSEJ), or early
	symptomatic early-juvenile (ESEJ) metachromatic
	leukodystrophy (MLD)
Required	Diagnosis of metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) confirmed by
Medical	the following:
Information:	\circ Arylsulfatase (ARSA) activity below the normal range in
	peripheral blood mononuclear cells or fibroblasts
	 Presence of two disease-causing mutations of either
	known or novel alleles
	 Presence of sulfatides in a 24-hour urine collection (to
	exclude MLD carriers and patients with ARSA
	pseudodeficiency)
	AND
	• Diagnosis of the late-infantile subtype of MLD confirmed by two
	out of three of the following:
	\circ Age at onset of symptoms in the older sibling(s) less than
	or equal to 30 months
	 Two null (0) mutant ARSA alleles
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by
	electroneurographic study
	OR
	• Diagnosis of the early-juvenile subtype of MLD confirmed by two
	out of three of the following:
	\circ Age at onset of symptoms (in the patient or in the older
	sibling) between 30 months and 6 years (has not
	celebrated their seventh birthday)
	• One null (0) and one residual (R) mutant ARSA allele(s)
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by
	electroneurographic study
L	



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in the previous six months Previous gene therapy Documented HIV infection Documented history of a hereditary cancer
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or hematologist/oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 2 months (for one time infusion), no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVACOPAN

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg capsule

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following: Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis, and concern for rapidly progressive disease Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis, central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia) Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate	 Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen
Treatment	including glucocorticoids
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Will be used during induction therapy only Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios:



	 In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate
	doses
	 In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less
	than 30 mL/min/1.73 m2
	 In patients who have experienced relapse following
	treatment with two or more different induction regimens,
	-
	including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide-
	containing regimens (unless contraindicated)
	 During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to achieve remission with initial
	refractory disease (failure to achieve remission with initial
	induction therapy regimen)
	• Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily
	when used concomitantly with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors)
	Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion	maintenance treatment)
	Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA)
Criteria:	• Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g.,
	chronic active hepatitis B, untreated hepatitis C virus infection,
	uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis
	Active, serious infections, including localized infections
	 History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established
	History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless modically necessary
	medically necessary18 years of age or older
Age Restriction:	• 18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist,
of Care	nephrologist, or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless
Duration:	otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Late-Onset Pompe Disease
Required	 Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay
Medical	demonstrating a deficiency of acid a-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme
Information:	activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA
1	gene.
	 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe
Treatment	Disease:
Regimen &	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution
Other Criteria:	 Delayed gross-motor development in childhood
Other Criteria:	 Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory
	difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or
	sleep disordered breathing)
	• Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata)
	 Low/absent reflexes
	Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication
	is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic
	reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure.
	 Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require
	documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to
	Lumizyme.
	,
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the preservined does will be enforced
	prescribed dose will be enforced.
	Deputh evidentian will require decurrentation of treatment evenes
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
	and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
Criteria:	 Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme
Age	1 year of age or older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a
Medical	procedure
Information:	 Documentation of planned procedure including date
	Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than
	50,000/microliter
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND
	symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased
	risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of
	antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at
	higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive
	procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic (ITP):
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did
Regimen &	not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following
Other Criteria:	therapies:
	 ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids,
	rituximab, or immunoglobulin
	 Splenectomy
	 ○ Promacta



	Reauthorization (chronic ITP only)
Exclusion	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR The platelet counts have not increased to at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks Use in combination with another thrombonoistin recentor
Criteria:	 Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: 1 month (for a one time 5-day regimen), unless otherwise specified Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



AVONEX

Affected Medications: AVONEX, AVONEX PEN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of relapsing forms of Multiple Sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications for treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



AZTREONAM

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin. <u>Dosing:</u> 28 days on and 28 days off <u>Reauthorization:</u> requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and confirmed need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (belimumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) Lupus Nephritis (LN)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of current weight (intravenous requests only) Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	 Documentation of active SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody Baseline measurement of ONE or more of the following: SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) Frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
	 Lupus Nephritis: Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: urine protein-creatinine ratio (uPCR), urine protein, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), or frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	All uses: • Use of intravenous formulation requires: • Documented inability to use subcutaneous formulation OR • Currently receiving treatment with the intravenous formulation, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs



	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced (intravenous requests only)
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following: Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a clinically significant improvement in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) OR decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
	 Lupus Nephritis: No dialysis in the past 12 months AND estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) equal to or above 30 mL/min/1.73m² Failure of at least 12 weeks of mycophenolate mofetil AND cyclophosphamide
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following: Improvement in eGFR Reduction in urinary protein-creatinine ratio or urine protein Decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies for LN or SLE Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
Age Restriction:	• 5 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BELZUTIFAN**

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease Diagnosis documented by the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Metastatic pNET disease Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: FASENRA (benralizumab subcutaneous injection)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add on maintenance treatment of nationate with severe
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype,
Medical	defined by both of the following:
Information:	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL OR dependent on daily oral corticosteroids
	 AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a
Treatment	long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with
Regimen &	continued symptoms
Other Criteria:	AND
	 Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g.,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age	6 years of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist,
of Care	immunologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required	Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following:
Medical	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence
Information:	mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility,
	blistering, scarring, nail changes, and milia formation in the
	areas of healed blistering
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or
Treatment	treatment therapies for wound care, control of infection,
Regimen &	nutritional support
Other Criteria:	Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez
	• Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed
	the following:
	• Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6 mL useable dose)
	 Maximum of 12-week course per wound
	\circ Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success
	defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for
	treatment on a new site
Exclusion	Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that
Criteria:	will undergo treatment
	Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age	6 months of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of epidermolysis bullosa All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:		Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



BESREMI

Affected Medications: BESREMI (ropeginterferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of adults with polycythemia vera
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with
	evidence level of 2A or higher
Required	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior
Medical	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	Evidence of increased red cell volume such as abnormal
	hemoglobin, hematocrit, or red cell mass AND one of the
	following:
	 Presence of JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation
	 Subnormal serum erythropoietin level
Appropriate	 Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or
Treatment	contraindication to hydroxyurea
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease
	responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance
Criteria:	score 3 or greater
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or
of Care	hematologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETAINE

Affected Medications: CYSTADANE (betaine), BETAINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homocystinuria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following: Cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency Cobalamin cofactor metabolism (cbl) defect Baseline plasma homocysteine levels
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of ONE of the following forms of supplementation: Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine) Vitamin B9 (folate) Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETASERON

Affected Medications: BETASERON (interferon beta-1b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as: Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the beta-globin gene (<i>HBB</i> gene) Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy while awaiting manufacture) Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells Prior HSCT or other gene therapy Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating physician Uncorrected bleeding disorder
	 Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)



	 White blood cell count less than 3x10⁹/L and/or platelet count less than 100x10⁹/L that is unrelated to hypersplenism Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 years and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BEVACIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: AVASTIN, MVASI, ZIRABEV, ALYMSYS, VEGZELMA

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders: Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following initial surgical resection • Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy All Indications • Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires documentation of one of the following: Use for an ophthalmic condition (Avastin only) A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy • Reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Oncologic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an oncologist Ophthalmic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce recurrence of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI) in patients who are receiving antibacterial drug treatment for CDI and are at a high risk for CDI recurrence Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by both of the following:
Medical Information:	 Draghosis of CDT commed by both of the following. Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected within 7 days prior to request Patient must be receiving concurrent CDI treatment when infusion is administered
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following risk factors for CDI recurrence: Age greater than 65 One or more episodes of CDI in the past 6 months prior to the current episode Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with Zinplava
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 1 month (a single 10 mg/kg dose) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
covered uses.	
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
<u> </u>	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required	Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of
Medical	an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM)
Information:	and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the
	following genes: COL7A1, COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2
	Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility,
	blistering, scarring, nail changes, and milia formation in the
	areas of healed blistering
	 Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been
	present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or
Treatment	treatment therapies for wound care, control of infection,
Regimen &	nutritional support.
Other Criteria:	Dosing does not exceed the following:
	 Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	 Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
Criteria:	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age	6 months of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of epidermolysis bullosa All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:		Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



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Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinum toxin A)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spasticity Chronic migraine Overactive bladder (OAB) with symptoms of urge urinary incontinence, urgency, and frequency Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO) Focal dystonia Cervical dystonia Blepharospasm Laryngeal dystonia Severe brachial dystonia (writer's cramp) Strabismus Primary axillary hyperhidrosis Anal fissure
Required Medical Information:	 Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing Complete description of the site(s) of injection Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For use in Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design that are not listed below, failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, orofacial dyskinesia, upper/lower limb spasticity, or other conditions of focal spasticity wherein botulinum toxin is the preferred mode of therapy



Overactive bladder (OAB)/Neurogenic detrusor overactivity
 (NDO): Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to at least two urinary incontinence anticholinergic agents (e.g., oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine)
 Chronic migraine Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of a migraine preventative therapy, as follows: Candesartan 16 mg daily Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, topiramate 50 mg daily) Beta-blocker (metoprolol 100 mg daily, propranolol 40 mg daily, timolol 20 mg daily, nadolol 80 mg daily) Antidepressant (amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily) Anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (when used for prevention)
 Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH) level AND inadequate response to two or more alternative therapies (topical aluminum chloride 20%, iontophoresis, oral glycopyrrolate, oral oxybutynin)
 Achalasia (Cardiospasm) - must meet 1 of the following Type I or II achalasia: Treatment failure with peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM), laparoscopic Heller myotomy (LHM), and pneumatic dilation (PD) Type III achalasia: Treatment failure with tailored POEM and LHM Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications



	 Anal fissure Documented failure or intolerance to an 8-week trial of each of the following: Rectiv ointment Topical diltiazem or topical nifedipine
	 Number of treatments must not exceed the following: OAB/NDO: 2 treatments/12 months Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months Primary axillary hyperhidrosis: 2 treatments/12 months Anal fissure: 2 treatments/12 months All other indications maximum of 4 treatments/12 months unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Cosmetic procedures For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Combined use of any of the previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established



	 Combined use with an anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or an oral CGRP antagonist when used for migraine prevention
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist for the following: Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist, optometrist, or neurologist Chronic migraine: neurologist or headache specialist OAB/NDO: urologist or neurologist Anal fissure: gastroenterologist or colorectal surgeon All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Chronic migraine: Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified OAB/NDO: Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Anal Fissure: Authorization: 3 months (one treatment), unless otherwise specified All other indications: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors
Required Medical Information:	 All Indications Documentation of diagnosis by: A blood test demonstrating ALL of the following (in relation to laboratory reference ranges): Low phosphate Elevated FGF23
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Indications Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 months of oral phosphate and calcitriol supplementation in combination, unless contraindicated or not tolerated Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires: Documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels If established on therapy for 12 months or more, improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or a provider experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol extended-release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is at least 2.3 times above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all of the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Vitamin D2 (ergocalciferol) or vitamin D3 (cholecalciferol) Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy, evidenced by increased serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level (to at least 30 ng/mL) and reduced plasma iPTH to goal therapeutic range (or an approximate 30%
Exclusion Criteria:	 reduction compared to baseline) A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease, or end- stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	 Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required	All Indications
Medical	Patient weight
Information:	 Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including: Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and
	 Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last
	month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate and
	 Clobazam and Tanimamata and
	 Topiramate and Clanazonam lovatizacetam er zenisamide
	 Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
	Documentation of monotherapy failure for seizure control with
	two antiepileptic regimens AND
	 Documentation of failure with at least one adjunctive therapy for seizure control
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	
	93



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome or Dravet Syndrome: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day Tuberous Sclerosis Complex: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN

Affected Medications: YCANTH

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following: Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever) For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC, confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological examination, or biopsy Documentation of persistent itching or pain AND one of the following: Concomitant bacterial infection of the lesion Concomitant atopic dermatitis Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions with bandages or clothing Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC lesions: Cryotherapy Curettage Laser therapy Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence supporting use, such as: Topical podofilox for at least 1 month Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months



	Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis, or suspected diagnosis, of aTTP, meeting all of the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of <u>ONE</u> of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab Documentation of high-risk disease meeting <u>ONE</u> of the following: Neurologic abnormalities (seizures, focal weakness, aphasia, dysarthria, confusion, coma) Altered mental status Elevated serum troponin levels Documentation that Cablivi will be used in combination with standard-of-care treatment for aTTP (TPE and glucocorticoid)
Appropriate	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the
Treatment	last TPE treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet



	count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP- like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: gabapentin pregabalin carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, or valproic acid/divalproex sodium amitriptyline or nortriptyline topical lidocaine Dose limited to a single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage • Duration: •	Initial Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: CARBAGLU, CARGLUMIC ACID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following: N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA) Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Acute hyperammonemia Ammonia level greater than 100 micromol/L Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia- lowering therapy (examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose, insulin, L-arginine, L- carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis) Prescribed treatment course not to exceed 7 days Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency Ammonia level greater than or equal to 50 micromol/L NAGS deficiency confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle: Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency Arginase deficiency
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications
	not otherwise excluded by plan design
	\circ To slow the loss of ambulation in pediatric patients with
	neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known
	as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency
Required	• Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Medical	• Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity
Information:	 Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic
	variants/mutations in the TPP1/CLN2 gene (one on each
	parental allele of the TPP1/CLN2 gene)
	 Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at
	baseline using the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL
	the following:
	 Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language
	domains
	 Score of at least 1 in the motor domain
	 Score of at least 1 in the language domain
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Treatment	
Regimen &	Reauthorization:
Other Criteria:	Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as
	disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor
	domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale
Exclusion	Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection
Criteria:	on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or
	abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy
	CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis)
	Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication
	(e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure)
	 Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis
	 Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with
of Care	expertise in the diagnosis of CLN2
Restrictions:	



	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor, tezacaftor and ivacaftor; ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor tablets)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Cystic fibrosis in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del
	cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator
	(CFTR) gene
Required	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by
Medical	appropriate genetic or diagnostic testing (FDA-approved CF
Information:	mutation test)
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic
	Fibrosis Foundation Patient Registry Report
	• Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the
	drug has been FDA-approved to treat
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation
Criteria:	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator
Age	<u>Kalydeco</u> : one month of age and older
Restriction:	Orkambi: 1 year of age and older
	<u>Trikafta</u> : 2 years of age and older
	<u>Symdeko</u> : 6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or
of Care	provider who specializes in CF
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: AJOVY (fremanezumab), EMGALITY (galcanezumab), NURTEC ODT (rimegepant), QULIPTA (atogepant), VYEPTI (eptinezumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Preventative treatment of migraine in adults Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality only) Acute treatment of migraine in adult (Nurtec ODT only)
Required	Chronic migraine prevention:
Medical	Diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least
Information:	15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline
	 Episodic migraine prevention: Diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 4 migraines per month at baseline
	 Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only): History of episodic cluster headache with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month
	 Headaches are not due to medication overuse: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to: Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established
Appropriate	Chronic or Episodic migraine:
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of ONE oral migraine preventive therapy as follows:



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Candesartan 16 mg daily Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily, timolol
	 20 mg daily, nadolol 80 mg daily Amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, divalproex sodium 500 mg daily Requests for Vyepti: Documented treatment failure to an adequate 8-week trial of an oral preventive therapy AND a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: One preferred drug: Nurtec (in migraine prevention), Ajovy, Emgality, Qulipta Botox (chronic migraine only)
	 Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only): Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)
	 Acute treatment of migraine (Nurtec ODT only): Documented treatment failure with one of the following: eletriptan, naratriptan, sumatriptan, rizatriptan, rizatriptan ODT, zolmitriptan, zolmitriptan ODT
	 Reauthorization: (Preventative treatment): documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy (Acute treatment): documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Combined use with Botox Combined use with another anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (acute or preventive)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

Preferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non-Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone

1. Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
 Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? 	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodysplastic Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone			
1. Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
 Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required? 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3. Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met	
4. Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5	
5. Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	



	specialist?		
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Si Pr	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone		
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
	Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet		
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met



 Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		
 Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively) 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Limitations		
• Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) – available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg		

- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500m tablets
 - 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 - o 14-28 mg/kg/day
- Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o 75-99 mg/kg/day
 - Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution)



CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs) Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR) <u>Bile acid synthesis disorder</u> Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS) analysis) <u>Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum</u> <u>disorders</u> Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long- chain fatty acid (VLCFA) levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids) OR
	 If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat- soluble vitamin absorption



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria: Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin) Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid (DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy Body weight increased or stabilized
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat), LIVMARLI (maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS)
Required Medical	 Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or ALGS
Information:	 Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the reporting laboratory
	 PFIC Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2
	 ALGS Documentation of ALGS confirmed by: Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation OR Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: Chronic cholestasis Cardiac disease Ocular or skeletal abnormalities Characteristic facial features Renal and vascular disease
Appropriate	Documentation of current weight and dosing in accordance with
Treatment	FDA labeling
Regimen &	 Documented treatment failure with <u>ALL</u> of the following for at
Other Criteria:	least 30 days: o Rifampin



	o Ursodiol	
	\circ Cholestyramine (or colesevelam if requesting for ALGS)	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and	
	a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion	Prior hepatic decompensation events	
Criteria:	Decompensated cirrhosis (such as ALT or total bilirubin greater	
	than 10-times the ULN)	
	• Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non-	
	PFIC related cholestasis)	
	Prior liver transplant	
Age	Age is in accordance with FDA labeling	
Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a	
of Care	specialist with experience in the treatment of PFIC or ALGS	
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
	site of care	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



CIALIS

Affected Medications: CIALIS (2.5 mg, 5 mg), tadalafil (2.5 mg, 5 mg)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) Mental health diagnosis of erectile disorder (ED) meeting sexual dysfunction criteria
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH)
Information:	 Mental health diagnosis for the sexual dysfunction of erectile dysfunction, meeting the following Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria: At least one of the three following symptoms must be experienced with 75% to 100% of occasions of sexual activity:
Appropriate	Benign Prostate Hyperplasia (BPH)
Treatment	 Treatment failure of at least two of the following: alfuzosin ER,
Regimen & Other Criteria:	doxazosin, finasteride, prazosin, tamsulosin



	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	Limited to 1 tablet per day
Exclusion Criteria:	 Erectile dysfunction unrelated to a mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction according to the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions.	site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two disease-modifying therapies for MS <u>Reauthorization (one time only)</u>: provider attestation of treatment success Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current malignancy Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis) Pregnancy Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
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COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation with one of the following diagnostic categories: On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes Reauthorization (routine prophylaxis only): requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval with severity and cause of bleed
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	 Food and Drug Administration (Food and Drug Administration (FDA))-approved dosing
Criteria: Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COMPOUNDED MEDICATION

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted In the case of payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered Compounds containing non-Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved ingredients will not be covered Compounded medications will not be covered when an Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS

Preferred Products: Freestyle Libre, Freestyle Libre 2, Freestyle Libre 2 Plus, Freestyle Libre 3, Freestyle Libre 3 Plus, Dexcom G6, Dexcom G7

Non-Preferred Products: Medtronic Products (Enlite, Guardian, Minimed Guardian, Sofsensor), Eversense Products

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diabetes mellitus diagnosis Currently on insulin treatment of at least 3 subcutaneous (SubQ) injections daily OR on an insulin pump Performing at least 4 blood glucose tests per day with a home blood glucose monitoring device Requiring frequent insulin dose adjustments based on home blood glucose monitoring readings
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Coverage for non-preferred continuous glucose monitoring</u> <u>devices and supplies (receiver, transmitter, sensor) must</u> <u>meet the following criteria:</u> Current use of insulin pump that is only compatible with a non- preferred continuous glucose monitor Type 2 diabetes not on intensive insulin therapy Use of continuous glucose monitor while on dialysis
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Must utilize pharmacy benefits only for coverage of all continuous glucose monitoring systems All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



CORLANOR

Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine), IVABRADINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (adjunctive agent) Heart failure due to dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) in pediatric patients 6 months and older Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Chronic heart failure</u> Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35% or less AND Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm) <u>Heart failure in pediatric patients</u> Documentation of stable symptomatic disease due to DCM Currently in sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate <u>Inappropriate sinus tachycardia</u> Heart rate of at least 90 beats per minute, with average mean heart rate of at least 90 beats per minute over 24 hours not due to appropriate physiologic response or primary abnormality (hyperthyroidism or anemia) Symptomatic (palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or decreased exercise capacity) Documentation for absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of atrial tachycardia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Effective contraception is recommended in women of childbearing age Chronic heart failure Documented treatment failure with a beta blocker (metoprolol succinate extended release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated dose for heart failure treatment OR Documentation of contraindication to beta-blocker use



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	 Heart failure in pediatric patients Treatment failure with beta blocker or digoxin, or contraindication to beta blocker and digoxin use. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy; development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute, decompensated heart failure Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable with functioning demand pacemaker) Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Paugh class C) Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	Heart failure due to DCM: 6 months to less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COVERAGE OF SELECT HIGH INTENSITY STATINS AT TIER 0 COPAY

Affected Medications: ATORVASTATIN (40 mg, 80 mg), ROSUVASTATIN (20 mg, 40 mg), SIMVASTATIN (80 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease
Required Medical Information:	 Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease (must meet all of the following): 40 to 75 years of age Presence of at least one cardiovascular risk factor such as: Dyslipidemia Diabetes Hypertension Smoking Estimated 10-year risk of cardiovascular event of at least 10% or higher
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age	
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease
Required Medical Information:	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises
Exclusion Criteria:	 Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL Chronic anticoagulation therapy (such as warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin History of stroke within the past 2 years Combined use with hemoglobin oxygen affinity modulator (voxelotor)
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 16 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CROVALIMAB

Affected Medications: PIASKY (crovalimab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry
Medical	diagnostic testing
Information:	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 2 times the upper limit of normal range One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or
Treatment	intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
Regimen &	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and most recent body
Other Criteria:	weight
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris,
Criteria:	Empaveli, Fabhalta)
	Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection
	caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age	 13 years of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CYSTARAN, CYSTADROPS

Affected Medications: CYSTARAN SOLUTION 0.44 % OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution), CYSTADROPS SOLUTION 0.37% OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Ocular Cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ocular cystinosis Documentation of slit-lamp examination showing corneal cystine crystal accumulation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in cystine crystals compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Leukocyte cystine concentration above the laboratory reference range Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DANICOPAN

Affected Medications: VOYDEYA (danicopan)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	\circ Treatment of extravascular hemolysis (EVH) in adults with
	paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least
Medical	two weeks prior to initiation of the requested therapy and
Information:	revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on
	Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
Appropriate	Must be used in combination with ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
Treatment	or eculizumab (Soliris) [separate authorization required]
Regimen &	Documentation of clinically significant extravascular hemolysis
Other Criteria:	(EVH) defined as persistent anemia (Hgb less than or equal to
	9.5 gram/deciliter) with absolute reticulocyte count greater than
	or equal to 120×10^9 /liter despite use of Ultomiris or Soliris for
	at least 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
	defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved
	defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in
	defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris
Exclusion Criteria:	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and
	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan)
Criteria:	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and
Criteria: Age	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan)
Criteria:	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection
Criteria: Age	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan)
Criteria: Age Restriction:	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline Use without Ultomiris or Soliris Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



DASATINIB

Affected Medications: SPRYCEL (dasatinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with imatinib <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DEFIBROTIDE**

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD
Information:	 Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFLAZACORT

Affected Medications: EMFLAZA (deflazacort), DEFLAZACORT

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Laboratory confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing and serum creatinine kinase at least 10 times the upper limit of normal prior to starting treatment Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	 Some Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients ages 4 and up with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA Current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion, according to FDA approved labeling Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	 Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD- directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen Current active infection Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime Acute liver disease or impaired liver function



	 Treatment in non-ambulatory patients – at this time, this indication is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient available evidence of therapeutic value
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DIFELIKEFALIN

Affected Medications: KORSUVA (difelikefalin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic kidney disease-associated pruritus (CKD-aP) during hemodialysis (HD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of chronic kidney disease confirmed by presence of kidney damage or decreased kidney function for three or more months Documentation of moderate to severe pruritus associated with HD Documentation of normal serum parathyroid hormone (PTH), phosphate, calcium, and magnesium levels Documentation of patient's current dry body weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate relief with trial of all of the following therapies (minimum 1 month trial each): A topical agent (such as an emollient or analgesic) An oral antihistamine (such as hydroxyzine or diphenhydramine) Gabapentin or pregabalin Reauthorization will require documentation of clinically significant improvement or stabilization in pruritus from baseline and continued hemodialysis use
Exclusion Criteria:	Peritoneal dialysisSevere hepatic impairment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan or PET scan if MIBG is negative] Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first-line multi-agent, multimodality therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration: 5 cycles Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF; sargramostim], interleukin-2 [IL-2; aldesleukin], and 13-cis-retinoic acid [RA; isotretinoin]) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	Hold therapy if Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 5 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DIROXIMEL FUMARATE

Affected Medications: VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Relapsing forms of MS Coverage of Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Vumerity (diroximel fumarate), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



DOJOLVI

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin oral liquid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake Documentation of severe disease as evidenced by one of the following: Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 events within the past year, or 5 events within the past 2 years) Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent symptoms despite dietary management and use of an over the counter (OTC) medium- chain triglyceride (MCT) product Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DONISLECEL

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive insulin management with all the following: Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous glucose monitor Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorizationrequires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)• Pregnancy • Malignancy • Active infection
Age	 Previous kidney or pancreas transplant Prior portal vein thrombosis 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrino All approvals are subject to utilization of the most c site of care	-
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise	specified



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DROXIDOPA**

Affected Medications: DROXIDOPA

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of orthostatic dizziness with symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension (nOH) caused by: Primary autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease [PD], multiple system atrophy [MSA], pure autonomic failure [PAF]) Dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with a minimum 30-day trial to both fludrocortisone and midodrine <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or cardiologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa-levodopa enteral suspension)

	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced
	Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required	Documentation of all the following:
Medical	 Diagnosis of advanced PD
Information:	 Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods
	 Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen
	 Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa
Appropriate	 Documented treatment failure with both of the following:
Treatment	 Oral levodopa/carbidopa
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline)
	 Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	 Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or
Criteria:	secondary Parkinson's
	 Non-levodopa responsive PD
	 Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal
	(PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J
	 Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have
	recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor
Age	
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
of Care	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:		site of care
Coverage	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:		



DUPILUMAB

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab subcutaneous injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Moderate to severe eosinophilic phenotype or oral corticosteroid dependent asthma Moderate to severe atopic dermatitis (AD) Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) Eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) Prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical Information:	 AD: Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction) Body surface area (BSA) involvement greater than or equal to 10% or hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Asthma: Documentation of BOTH of the following: Baseline eosinophil count at least 150 cells/µL Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal CRSwNP: Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)



	 EoE: Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils per high power field (HPF) Documentation of TWO or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current treatment
	DN
	 PN: Documentation of all of the following:
	 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
	 Severe itching
Appropriate	 Requested dosing according to the FDA label based on diagnosis
Treatment	
Regimen &	AD:
Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of two of
	the following (1 in each category):
	 Tacrolimus ointment or pimecrolimus cream or Eucrisa
	 Phototherapy or cyclosporine or azathioprine or
	methotrexate or mycophenolate
	Asthma:
	Use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued
	symptoms
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 CRSwNP: Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant



	 EoE: Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of BOTH of the following: High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (e.g., omeprazole or esomeprazole) Swallowed corticosteroid therapy (such as fluticasone or budesonide) PN: Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%) Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent utilized for the same indication
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, pulmonologist, otolaryngologist, gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adults who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required	PNH
Medical	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry
Information:	 diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	 aHUS Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.) ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%



 Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
 gMG Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
 NMOSD Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following: Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) At least ONE core clinical characteristic: Acute optic neuritis Acute myelitis Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting) Acute brainstem syndrome Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic



	 lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below] Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below] 	
	Clinical presentation Diencephalic syndrome Acute cerebral syndrome	 Possible MRI findings Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 PNH Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) aHUS Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present: Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI) Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) 	
	 <u>gMG</u> Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous 	



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	 immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	NMOSD
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	 Reauthorization: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
	• PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	 aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for
Criteria:	 requested indication, unless otherwise indicated by the FDA for combination use with Soliris Current meningitis infection
Age	PNH, gMG and NMOSD: 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	aHUS: 2 months of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **EDARAVONE**

Affected Medications: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not	
	otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 	
Required	• Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based	
Medical	on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria	
Information:	Disease duration of 2 years or less	
	 Normal respiratory function defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values (% FVC) of at least 80% Patient currently retains most activities of daily living (ADLs), defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 	
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires both of the following:	
Treatment	 Documentation of treatment success, as determined by 	
Regimen &	prescriber (e.g., retention of most ADLs)	
Other Criteria:	 Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation 	
	(e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		
Age		
Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider	
of Care	with experience in treating ALS	
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
	site of care	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: EFLORNITHINE

Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma who achieve at least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Medical Information:	 therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 3 disease with MYCN gene NOT amplified in patients at least 18 months of age with International Neuroblastoma Pathology Classification (INPC) as
	 unfavorable histology (UH) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 12 months of age Staging studies documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging as follows: Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan of the primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease



 Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [MIBG] scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative)
 Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab) <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy up to a total of 2 years of treatment
Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
 site of care Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 years of treatment, unless otherwise specified



ELAGOLIX

Affected Medications: ORILISSA (elagolix), ORIAHNN (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not	
	otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain 	
	(Orilissa)	
	 Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine 	
	leiomyomas (Oriahnn)	
Required	Pain due to endometriosis	
Medical	Documentation of both of the following:	
Information:	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with 	
	endometriosis	
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal 	
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas	
	 Documentation of both of the following: 	
	 Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with 	
	uterine leiomyomas	
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal 	
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis	
Treatment	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or 	
Regimen &	contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following	
Other Criteria:	first-line therapies:	
	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 	
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and	
	a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion	History of osteoporosis	
Criteria:	Pregnancy	
	Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)	



	 Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 	
Age	18 years of age and older	
Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in	
of Care	obstetrics/gynecology or reproductive endocrinology	
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified 	
	 *Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months. Reauthorization not allowed 	



POLICY NAME: ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: SKYSONA (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients 	
Required Medical Information:	 Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following: Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following: Concentration of C26:0 Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0 Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0 Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic disease) Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the following: Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation Confirmed very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following: Concentration of C26:0	
	 Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale 	
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have	
Treatment	access to a hematopoietic stem cell transplant with a matched	
Regimen &	sibling donor	
Other Criteria:		
	Approved for one-time single infusion only	
Exclusion	Female gender	
Criteria:	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy	
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or hematologist/oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	nitial Authorization: 4 month nfusion only)	s, unless otherwise specified (one



POLICY NAME: ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag olamine), PROMACTA PACKET, ALVAIZ (eltrombopag choline)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with hepatitis C infection Treatment of severe aplastic anemia
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
Appropriate Treatment	Promacta packet formulation requires documented medical inability to use oral tablet formulation



Regimen &	Thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic ITP
Other Criteria:	• Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did
	not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following
	<pre>therapies:</pre>
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for
	immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids,
	rituximab, or immunoglobulinSplenectomy
	Reauthorization:
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least
	50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at
	least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the
	maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and
	eltrombopag is used in combination with antiviral therapy
	 Severe aplastic anemia Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated
	by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive
	therapy
	OR
	• For those less than 40 years of age without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years of age and older:
	documentation that eltrombopag is being used as first line
	treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive
	therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> (refractory severe aplastic anemia only):
	Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting
	ONE or more of the following criteria:



	 Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with transfusion independence for a
	minimum of 8 weeks
	• Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL or a reduction in
	greater than or equal to 4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
	for 8 consecutive weeks
	 ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than
	500/microliter
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor
Criteria:	agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Doptelet, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Restriction:	 1 year of age and older (Promacta)
	 6 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and
	patients with severe aplastic anemia
	 18 years of age and older (Promacta and Alvaiz)
	Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy)
	 2 years of age and older
	18 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or
of Care	 gastroenterology/liver specialist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Severe aplastic anemia
	• Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and
<u>Atgam</u>
 Authorization: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric (newborn and older) patients with primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) with refractory, recurrent or progressive disease or intolerance with conventional HLH therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present: Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days) Splenomegaly Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood: Hemoglobin less than 9 g/dL Platelet count less than 100,000/mcL Neutrophils less than 100/mcL One of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 transplant (HCST) candidate Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate, hydrocortisone) Must be used in combination with dexamethasone (if established on the following, patient may instead continue: oral cyclosporine A; intrathecal methotrexate and/or glucocorticoids)



	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not received HSCT
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or provider with experience in the management of HLH All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (emicizumab-kxwh)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints Prophylactic agents must be discontinued Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMLIBRA Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMLIBRA
	 Loading Dose: 3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	 Maintenance dose: 1.5 mg/kg once every week or 3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or 6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
	 Product Availability Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since last approval



Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



EMSAM

Affected Medications: EMSAM (selegiline)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of major depressive disorder (MDD)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (clinically sufficient doses for a minimum 6-week duration) to each of the following: A selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) A serotonin/norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI) A tricyclic or tetracyclic antidepressant Bupropion OR Documentation of inability to take any oral preparations (including commercially available liquid antidepressants) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Pheochromocytoma
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN, AMBRISENTAN, OPSUMIT (macitentan), OPSYNVI (macitentan and tadalafil)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary artery hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker), unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test For Opsumit (macitentan) and Opsynvi (macitentan and tadalafil) requests: documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to ambrisentan AND bosentan for 12 weeks is required Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability



	 Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENFUVIRTIDE

Affected Medications: FUZEON (enfuvirtide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV- 1) infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in treatment-experienced patients with evidence of HIV-1 replication despite ongoing antiretroviral therapy
Required	Documented weight greater than or equal to 11 kg
Medical	 Documentation of current (within past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral
Information:	load of at least 200 copies/mL
	 Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-weeks of antiretroviral therapy with at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes (unless contraindicated or clinically
	significant adverse effects are experienced):
	 Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs)
	 Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs)
	 Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIS)
	 Protease inhibitors (PIs)
Appropriate	 Prescribed in combination with an optimized background
Treatment	antiretroviral regimen
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of all of the following: Treatment plan including continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following:
	 Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load
	 Absence of postbaseline emergence of enfuvirtide
	resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria:	Initial therapy in patients who are antiretroviral naïve
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or
of Care	HIV specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1

Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat), VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa), CEREZYME (imiglucerase), ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications
	not otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Vpriv: Gaucher disease type 1 (GD1)
	 Elelyso: GD1 for ages 4 years and older
	 Cerdelga: GD1 in adults who are CYP2D6 extensive
	metabolizers (EMs), intermediate metabolizers (IMs), or
	poor metabolizers (PMs) as detected by an FDA-cleared
	test
	• Cerezyme: GD1 for ages 2 years and older that results in
	one or more of the following conditions: • Anemia
	ThrombocytopeniaBone disease
Dominad	Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required	 Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase glucosidase enzyme activity OR
Medical	genetic testing indicating mutation of two alleles of the
Information:	glucocerebrosidase genome
	 For Cerdelga, must also have documentation of
	cytochrome P450 2D6 (CYP2D6) genotype by an FDA-
	approved test indicating CYP2D6 EM, IM, or PM status
	Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level,
	platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests
	Documentation of at least one clinically significant disease
	complication of GD1:
	 Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	 Thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 120,000
	mm ³)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly



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	 For symptomatic children: symptoms of early
	presentation, such as malnutrition, growth retardation,
	impaired psychomotor development, and/or fatigue
Appropriate	<u>Cerdelga</u>
Treatment	
Regimen &	Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
Other Criteria:	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	 Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	Elelyso, Vpriv, and Cerezyme
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and patient's most
	recent weight
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the
	prescribed dose will be enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
Fuelucion	and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concomitant use with another ERT for GD1 or with miglustat
Criteria:	Cerdelga:
	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	 Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	 Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure,
	myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block,
	arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage
	renal disease
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the
of Care	management of Gaucher disease (hematologist,
Restrictions:	oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic
	specialist)
	• All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care



Coverage	• Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen), ONPATTRO (patisiran), AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis with polyneuropathy (hATTR-PN) in adults Documented diagnosis of hATTR confirmed by BOTH of the following: Amyloid deposition on biopsy Presence of pathogenic transthyretin (TTR) variant on genetic testing Presence of clinical manifestations of the disease, confirmed by presence of peripheral neuropathy on nerve conduction studies OR 2 of the following: Autonomic dysfunction (bladder/urinary tract infections, gastrointestinal disturbances, erectile dysfunction, orthostatic hypotension) Documented symptoms of sensorimotor polyneuropathy (e.g., paresthesia, balance issues, weakness/numbness in the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for pain, temperature, proprioception) Cardiomyopathy, ocular involvement, or renal involvement
	the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for pain, temperature, proprioception)
Appropriate Treatment	• Onpattro: Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of a positive clinical response (e.g., stabilized or



Exclusion Criteria:	 improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels) Prior or planned liver transplantation New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class III or IV Combined use with TTR-lowering or stabilizing therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of amyloidosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

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Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health
	Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization
Information:	meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to
	15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization
	(WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result
	requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there
	are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less
	than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	 Documentation of current patient weight
	Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the
Treatment	following therapy classes is required:
Regimen &	 PDE5 inhibitors AND
Other Criteria:	• Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional
	Class IV)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
	defined as one or more of the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	 Improvement or stability in WHO functional class



Exclusion Criteria:	 Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION

Affected Medications: VIAGRA, SILDENAFIL (25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg), CIALIS (10 mg and 20 mg), EDEX KIT, LEVITRA, MUSE PELLET, STAXYN, STENDRA, TADALAFIL (10 mg, 20 mg), VARDENAFIL, CAVERJECT



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Age Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE INJECTION, DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE NASAL SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe migraines
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to all of the following: At least two prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or combination analgesics (such as ibuprofen, naproxen, acetaminophen/aspirin/caffeine) At least one oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5-HT₁) receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan) At least one non-oral 5-HT₁ receptor agonist (such as
	sumatriptan, zolmitriptan) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa), EPOGEN (epoetin alfa), MIRCERA (methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta), PROCRIT (epoetin alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
1	Epogen & Aranesp & Procrit & Mircera
	• Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD),
	including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the
	need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion
	Epogen & Procrit & Aranesp
	• Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies
	where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant
	myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a
	minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy
	Epogen & Procrit only
	• To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among
	• Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at \leq 4200
	mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum
	Compendia-supported uses
	Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	disease
Required	One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug
Medical	Administration)-approved label or compendia support:
Information:	 Anemia associated with chronic renal failure
	 Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of
	 Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human
	Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients
1	
	 Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-
	 Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non- cardiac, nonvascular surgery
	 patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL Compendia-supported uses Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label or compendia support: Anemia associated with chronic renal failure Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients



Appropriate Treatment	 Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when the following criteria is met:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, or nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: HEMGENIX (etranacogene dezaparvovec-drlb)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% as attested by the managing physician AND requiring prophylactic Factor IX treatment Documentation of negative Factor IX inhibitor titers (if test result is positive, re-test within 2 weeks with negative result) Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	Documentation of plan to discontinue Factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Other Criteria:	 Dosing: 2 x 10¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EVKEEZA and JUXTAPID

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb), JUXTAPID (lomitapide)

	-
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial hypercholesterolemia Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages less than 20 years Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following: Minimum of two different statin trials Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use Documented treatment failure defined as an LDL-C greater than 100mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all of the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Maximally tolerated statin therapy Ezetimibe PCSK9 monoclonal antibody, unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline Combination therapy with Juxtapid and Evkeeza is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Juxtapid: 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EVOLOCUMAB

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic
	cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial
	hypercholesterolemia [HeFH])
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required	All Indications
Medical	Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3
Information:	months
	 Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
	 Documentation of dietary measures being undertaken to lower cholesterol
	 Clinical ASCVD Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following: Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) History of myocardial infarction (MI) Stable or unstable angina Coronary or other arterial revascularization Stroke or transient ischemic attack Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin
	 Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein



	convertage aubtiliain leavin ture 0 [DCC/(0] and from the
	convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] gain-of-function
	mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network
	criteria score of at least 8 points
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria
	HoFH
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with
	familial hypercholesterolemia
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or
	xanthoma in ages < 20 years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect
	(excluding double-null LDLR mutations)
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated statin,
Regimen &	unless otherwise contraindicated
Other Criteria:	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the
	following:
	 Minimum of two different statin trials
	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms,
	which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and
	restarted when re-challenged
	History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires
	documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at
	least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with
	statin use
	Clinical ASCVD
	 Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of
	consistent statin therapy at maximally tolerated dose, as shown
	by ONE of the following:
	 Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL
	 Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very
	high risk of future ASCVD events (based on history of
	200



	multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions)
	Major ASCVD EventsHigh-Risk Conditions• ACS within the past 12 months• Age 65 years and older • HeFH• History of MI (distinct• Prior coronary artery
	from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Currently smoking History of congestive heart failure Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH
	 Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximally tolerated dose
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with recurrent vaso- occlusive crises. Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in
_	adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age.
Required	SICKLE CELL DISEASE
Medical	- Decumentation of cicles call diseases confirmed by constic
Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR
	 Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND
	 Patient does NOT have disease with more than two a- globin gene deletions
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as: Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest syndrome Priapism lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic sequestration Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor



	Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen
	TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA
	 Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alpha-thalassemia and hemoglobin S/β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic pathogenic variants OR
	 Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and increased amounts of hemoglobin F Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions of pRBCs <i>per year</i> in the 2 years preceding therapy Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3 × 10⁶ CD34+ cells/kg) Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram)
Exclusion	 No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis] Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FABRY DISEASE AGENTS

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta), GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Fabry disease
Required	• Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following:
Medical	 Males: enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable (less
Information:	than 3 percent) alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity
	 Males: deficiency of alpha-galactosidase A enzyme
	activity (less than 35 percent) and genetic testing
	showing a mutation in the galactosidase alpha (GLA)
	gene
	 Females: genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene
	 For Galafold: Genetic testing confirming the presence of at
	least one amenable GLA variant
	Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease, such as:
	 Severe neuropathic pain
	 Dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and
	angiokeratomas)
	 Corneal opacities
	 Kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria,
	polydipsia)
	 Cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy,
	myocardial fibrosis, heart failure)
	 Cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic
	attacks, ischemic strokes)
	 Other manifestations common in Fabry disease (sweating
	abnormalities, hearing loss, or intolerance to heat, cold, or
	exercise)
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of
Treatment	the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and
	a clinically significant response to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with another agent on this policy (Galafold or enzyme replacement therapy for Fabry disease) For Galafold: Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 <u>recurrent</u> episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within the 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	 Previous treatment with each of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Vancomycin OR fidaxomicin (Dificid) Zinplava OR fecal microbiota transplantation (FMT) For Vowst requests: Documented treatment failure with all of the above agents AND Rebyota Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	 Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless
Duration:	otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE

Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	 Dravet Syndrome Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dravet Syndrome Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least four of the following therapies: Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide, or topiramate
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least three guideline directed therapies: Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	• Dosing: not to exceed 26 mg daily



	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDANACOGENE

Affected Medications: BEQVEZ (fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B
Medical	• Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than
Information:	or equal to 2% of normal AND requiring prophylactic factor IX
	treatment for at least 6 months
	• Documentation of negative factor IX inhibitor titers (less than
	0.6 Bethesda units)
	• Documentation of negative antibodies to AAVRh74var capsid per
	FDA approved diagnostic test
	• Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal):
	◦ ALT
	○ AST
	\circ Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	 o Bilirubin
Appropriate	Documentation of plan to discontinue factor IX prophylaxis
Treatment	therapy upon achieving circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Dosing
	 5 x 10¹¹ vector genomes per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion	Prior gene therapy administration
Criteria:	Unstable liver or biliary disease
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection
	• HIV infection with CD4 cell count less than 200 mm ³ or viral load
	greater than 20 copies/mL
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or
of Care	specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care



Coverage	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Hasss	All Food and David Administration (FDA) annual indications and
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to
	reduce the risk of:
	 Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate
	(eGFR) decline
	 End-stage kidney disease
	 Cardiovascular death
	 Non-fatal myocardial infarction
	 Hospitalization for heart failure
Required	Documentation of all the following:
Medical	\circ eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m ²
Information:	 Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or
	equal to 30 mg/g
	 Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate	Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an
Treatment	angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin
	receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or contraindicated
Regimen &	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at
Other Criteria:	least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2)
	inhibitor therapy
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and
	a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
	10 years of and older
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist,
of Care	endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
	1



Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

FLUCYTOSINE

Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Candida endocarditis Candidiasis Candidiasis of urogenital site Cryptococcosis Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Candida endophthalmitis Central nervous system candidiasis Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required Medical Information:	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 8 weeks, or lesser requested duration, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis
Required Medical Information:	 Iluvien Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure Retisert and Yutiq Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Iluvien Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	 Retisert and Yutiq Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following: Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate, azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil) At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus) Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutig
Exclusion	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Criteria:	 Concurrent use of intravitreal implants or injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF) Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age	
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



Food and Drug Administration (FDA) APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state Documentation that delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adults with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Medical	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Information:	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased
	risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did
Regimen &	not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following
Other Criteria:	therapies:
	 ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000/microliter)
Exclusion	 Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist,
Criteria:	spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatment for
	thrombocytopenia (such as Promacta, Doptelet, or Nplate)



Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



FYARRO

Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

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POLICY NAME: GABA-A RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ZULRESSO (brexanolone), ZURZUVAE (zuranolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (EDA) annuaried indications not
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Required	Documentation of major depressive episode as diagnosed by
Medical	DSM-5 Criteria
Information:	• Five or more of the following symptoms present during the
	same two-week period and represent a change from
	previous function. Must include either (1) depressed mood
	or (2) lack of interest or pleasure
	 Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day,
	as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels
	sad, empty, hopeless) or observations made by
	others (e.g., appears tearful). (NOTE: In children
	and adolescents, can be irritable mood.)
	 Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or
	almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every
	day (as indicated by either subjective account or
	observation)
	 Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight
	gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body
	weight in a month) or decrease or increase in
	appetite nearly every day. (NOTE: In children,
	consider failure to make expected weight gain.)
	 Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day
	 Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every
	day (observable by others, not merely subjective
	feelings of restlessness or being slowed down)
	 Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day
	 Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or
	inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly
	every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about
	being sick)
	 Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, papely every day (either by their
	indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by their
	subjective account or as observed by others)



	 Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide AND Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning AND Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the first 4 weeks following delivery Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales: Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of the mother or infant at significant risk For Zulresso requests: Documented treatment failure with Zurzuvae
Exclusion Criteria:	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Age Restriction:	 15 years of age and older for Zulresso 18 years of age and older for Zurzuvae
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	• Authorization: 1 month, one time approval per pregnancy,
Duration:	unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE

Affected Medications: ZTALMY (ganaxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5 (CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure management <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in seizure frequency when compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	West syndromeSeizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **GIVINOSTAT**

Affected Medications: DUVYZAT (givinostat)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 6 years
	of age and older
Required	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of DMD
Medical	• Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive
Information:	device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of
	17 or more
	 Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: o 4-stair climb (4SC) test
	 Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND)
	 6-minute walk test (6MWT)
	 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA)
	 Motor Function Measure (MFM)
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
	Current weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral
Treatment	corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 6 months, and will
Regimen &	continue while on Duvyzat unless contraindicated
Other Criteria:	Beautherization requires a decumented improvement from
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor
	function assessment tool
Exclusion	 Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-
Criteria:	directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen,
	casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen
	Platelet, white blood cell, or hemoglobin counts less than the
	lower limit of normal
	• QTc is greater than 500 ms or the change from baseline is
	greater than 60 ms.
	History of additional risk factors for torsades de pointes (e.g.
	heart failure, hypokalemia, or family history of long QT syndrome)



Age	6 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GIVOSIRAN

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lab test utilized Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation and elimination of exacerbating factors including medications, smoking, drinking, and infections
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of active acute disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months requiring Hemin administration that are not attributable to a specific exacerbating factor For women: Documented 12-week trial and failure of gonadotropin releasing hormone analogue (ex. leuprolide) OR Documentation that attacks are not related to the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of greater than 50% reduction in baseline acute attack frequency
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active HIV, hepatitis C, or hepatitis B infection(s) History of pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin
Age Restriction:	12 years of age or older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE (GLP-1) RECEPTOR AGONIST

Affected Medications: TRULICITY, VICTOZA, OZEMPIC, RYBELSUS, MOUNJARO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
	• Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2		
Required	Available information is reviewed, including previous fill history		
Medical	• Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes with a recent hemoglobin A1c		
Information:	 greater than or equal to 7% despite current therapy Documented treatment failure with minimum of 12-week trial 		
	with metformin or metformin extended release 2000 mg daily		
	(or if unable to tolerate 2000 mg daily, the maximum tolerated		
	dose) defined as failure to achieve or maintain A1c less than 7%		
	\circ If intolerant to immediate release metformin, 12-week		
	trial with metformin extended release must be trialed		
Appropriate			
Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease		
Regimen &	responsiveness to therapy		
Other Criteria:			
Exclusion	 Use for weight loss or other excluded diagnosis 		
Criteria:	 Dosing above Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved 		
	label for treatment of diabetes		
	 Use in patients who have achieved remission of diabetes 		
	(defined as a return of HbA1c to less than 6.5% that occurs		
	spontaneously or following an intervention and that persists for		
	at least three months in the absence of usual glucose-lowering		
	pharmacotherapy)		
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective		
of Care	site of care		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			



POLICY NAME: GONADOTROPIN

Affected Medications: CHORIONIC GONADOTROPIN, PREGNYL, NOVAREL

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency in males Prepubertal cryptorchidism not caused by anatomic obstruction Perioperative use in male infants/toddlers with hypospadias and chordee OR total epispadias and bladder exstrophy 		
Required	Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary		
Medical	deficiency in males:		
Information:	denciency in males.		
Information:			
	 Documentation confirming the diagnosis 		
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success		
Treatment	and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Regimen &			
Other Criteria:			
Exclusion	 Use for the diagnosis or treatment of infertility (if benefit 		
Criteria:	exclusion)		
	Obesity		
	Prevention of recurrent or habitual miscarriage		
	Treatment or prevention of breast cancer		
	i incutinent of prevention of breast cancer		
Age	 Prepubertal cryptorchidism: generally, between 4 and 9 years of 		
-	age		
Restriction:			
	Hypospadias or epispadias: infant or toddler		
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective		
of Care	site of care		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	 Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		
Duration:			



POLICY NAME: GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 		
Required Medical	Endometriosis:		
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis		
Appropriate	Endometriosis:		
Treatment	- Decumentation of a trial and inadequate relief (ar		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 		
	Endometrial thinning:		
	 Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of dysfunctional uterine bleeding Planning to use as an endometrial-thinning agent prior to endometrial ablation 		
	<u>Reauthorization for oncologic uses</u> require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG		
Criteria:	 performance score 3 or greater For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Oncologic uses: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Endometriosis: Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified 	
	 Endometrial thinning: Authorization: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK, HUMATROPE, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO, NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, SKYTROFA, ZOMACTON, SOGROYA, NGENLA

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
Required Medical Information:	 All indications: Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight Growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed bone age AND Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR Height velocity impaired AND Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age 		
	 Turner's syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND For patients less than 2 years of age: Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on World Health Organization (WHO) growth curves at equivalent age, AND No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age: Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays 		



 Noonan's syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR Height velocity impaired AND Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age 		
 Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR 		
 Height velocity impaired AND 		
 Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age 		
Chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney		
<u>transplant</u>		
 For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min) Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age. 		
 Prader-Willi syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND Height velocity impaired 		
Chart Stature have small for sectational and (SCA) with me		
Short Stature born small for gestational age (SGA) with no		
catch-up growth by 2 years to 4 years of age		
• Birth weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (-2		
SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex		
 Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) 		
Age at start of growth hormone therapy cannot be greater than		
10 years		



	 Exclusion of other causes of short stature including growth-inhibiting medication, chronic disease, endocrine disorders <u>Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency:</u> For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Dose and frequency are appropriate AND Documented Growth Hormone Deficiency AND Documented IGF-1 outside reference range for patient's sex and age, AND the patient has failed one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test-ITT or Glucagon stimulation test when ITT is contraindicated) 			
	 Reauthorization: Pediatric Indications: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-I within normal reference range f age and sex 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin prior to any other daily growth hormone For Skytrofa and Sogroya: Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin and one additional daily growth hormone 			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Elderly adults with age-adjusted low IGF-1 levels and no history of pituitary or hypothalamic disease. Growth Hormone (GH) replacement to enhance athletic performance Diagnosis of: Idiopathic Short Stature (ISS), height standard deviation score (SDS) less than -2.25, and associated with growth rates unlikely to permit attainment of adult height in the normal range 			
Age Restriction:				



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: MAVYRET (glecaprevir & pibrentasvir), Vosevi (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. AASLD (American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases)-supported use with class I or class IIa-Level A recommendation Documentation of chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) by liver biopsy or by Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved serum blood test Current HIV status Current Hepatitis B status Baseline HCV RNA level within last 3 months with genotyping Documentation that patient is one of the following: Treatment-naïve Treatment experienced, including documentation of previous treatment regimen and outcome Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh score, within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy Expected survival from non-Hepatitis C-associated morbidity is greater than 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose/duration or according to the most recently updated AASLD guideline recommendation (See table below)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Mavyret is contraindicated in patients with moderate and severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B and C) Vosevi is not recommended in patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B or C) Concurrent use of Vosevi with rifampin is contraindicated
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, liver transplant physician, or infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	See Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria

<u>Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults and Adolescents 12 years of age</u> and older with Chronic Hepatitis C virus

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen		
Treatment Naïve (Genot	Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
confirmed reinfection or prior	Non-cirrhotic	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks		
treatment with PEG/RBV	Compensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks		
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x 24 weeks (if ribavirin ineligible*)		
Treatment Experienced	(Genotype 1-6)			
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment failures, including: - Sofosbuvir + ribavirin - Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir (Harvoni) - SOF/VEL	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks Mavyret x 16 weeks (except genotype 3)		
Elbasvir/grazoprevir (Zepatier) treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks		
Mavyret treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks Vosevi x 12 weeks (plus RBV if compensated cirrhosis)		



Multiple DAA treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16-
failures, including:	cirrhosis	24 weeks
- Vosevi		Vosevi + RBV x 24 weeks
- Mavyret +		
sofosbuvir		
Abbreviations: DAA = direct	ct-acting antiviral; PEG = pegyla	ted interferon; RBV =
ribavirin; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir		
*Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils less than 750 mm3, 2)		

*Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils less than 750 mm3, 2) hemoglobin less than 10 g/dL, 3) platelets less than 50,000 cells/mm3, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin

<u>Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 to 12 years of age with</u> <u>Chronic Hepatitis C virus</u>

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Ge	Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)		
DAA-Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with PEG/RBV	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks	
Treatment Experienced			
Efficacy and safety is extremely limited in treatment experienced patients in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist. Abbreviations: DAA = direct-acting antiviral; PEG = pegylated interferon; RBV = ribavirin; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir			

Recommended dosage of SOF/VEL in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older

Body Weight	Dosing of SOF/VEL
Less than 17kg	One 150mg/37.5mg pellet packet once daily
17kg to less than 30kg	One 200mg/50mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
At least 30kg	Two 200mg/50mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400mg/100mg tablet once daily

Recommended dosage of Mavyret in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older



Body Weight	Dosing of Mavyret
Less than 20kg	Three 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
20kg to less than 30kg	Four 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
30kg to less than 45kg	Five 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
45kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40mg tablets once daily



HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central precocious puberty (CPP) Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious Puberty:
Information:	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
	Gender Dysphoria:
	 Documentation of all of the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approval requires documented treatment failure with leuprolide <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA

Affected Medications: Berinert, Icatibant Acetate, Sajazir, Ruconest, Kalbitor, Cinryze, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Orladeyo

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary angioedema attacks, prophylaxis (Cinryze, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Orladeyo) Hereditary angioedema attacks, acute treatment (Berinert, icatibant acetate, Sajazir, Kalbitor, Ruconest) Diagnosis of hereditary angioedema (HAE) classified as one of the following: Type I or II HAE confirmed by low C4 levels AND one of the following: Low C1 inhibitor functional or antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test "Type III" HAE confirmed by normal C4, C1 inhibitor (functional and antigenic) with one of the following: Genetic testing confirming presence of HAE causing mutation such as mutation of coagulation factor XII gene
	 (F12 mutation), mutation in the angiopoietin-1 gene, mutation in the plasminogen gene, mutation in the kininogen 1 gene, mutation in the myoferlin gene, mutation in the heparan sulfate 3-Osulfotransferase 6 gene Family history of HAE AND documented recurring angioedema attacks that are refractory to high dose antihistamines (four times the usual dose) Documented full treatment plan and current body weight Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
Appropriate	Acute Treatment:
Treatment	 Documented history of one of the following: Non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema (without



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 hives) which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours Abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours Coverage for non-preferred products (Berinert, Kalbitor, Ruconest) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented treatment failure to one of the preferred products: icatibant acetate or Sajazir Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	 For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month: Documentation of current treatment with, or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of, prophylactic therapies Authorization for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to treat the average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose
	 Prophylaxis Treatment: History of TWO or more severe attacks per month for the past 3 months (airway swelling, debilitating cutaneous or gastrointestinal episodes) despite short term treatment and at least one of the following: Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month History of at least one laryngeal attack caused by HAE Avoidance of possible triggers for HAE attacks such as estrogen containing oral contraceptives/hormone replacement angiotensin-converting-enzyme (ACE) inhibitors Meprilysin inhibitor
	Coverage for non-preferred products (Cinryze, Orladeyo) requires documentation of one of the following:Documented treatment failure to the preferred products



	 Haegarda and Takhzyro Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to
Exclusion Criteria:	 50% from baseline. Requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs Concurrent use of multiple HAE prophylactic treatments (Orladeyo, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze) Concurrent use of multiple HAE acute treatments (Berinert, Kalbitor, Runconest, icatibant acetate, Sajazir)
Age Restriction:	Product specific per FDA labeled indication
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1) AGENTS Affected Medications: NITYR, ORFADIN, NITISINONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by: Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH) Current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine Orfadin requires: A documented intolerable adverse event to Nityr and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success confirmed by: Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of hereditary tyrosinemia or related disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Hormone Supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, Estradiol twice weekly patch, Estradiol weekly patch, Estradiol tablets, Estradiol gel, Menest, Divigel transdermal, Elestrin gel, Estrogel, Estropipate, Evamist, Premarin tablets, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone enanthate, testosterone transdermal, Androxy tablets, Testred capsule, Methitest tablets, Alora Patches, Climara patches, Delestrogen oil, Estrace tablets, Estradiol valerate oil, Lyllana Patch, Menostar Patch, Minivelle Patch, Premarin solution, Vivelledot patches

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Gender dysphoria Applies to patients under 18 years of age
Required Medical Information:	 Gender dysphoria Documentation of all of the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenocortical insufficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate) Current height and weight velocity For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the following: Hydrocortisone tablets Cortisone acetate tablets Prednisolone or prednisone tablets Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses When switching from other oral hydrocortisone dosage Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height Use for stress dosing Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency



	Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	 Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYFTOR

Affected Medications: HYFTOR (sirolimus gel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC which are: Rapidly changing in size and/or number Causing functional interference, pain or bleeding Inhibiting social interactions Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms and complications, and overall severity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery (such as shave excision, cryotherapy, radiofrequency ablation, or dermabrasion), unless contraindicated <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease in size and/or redness of facial angiofibromas)
Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Concurrent use of systemic mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitors Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat), VAFSEO (vadadustat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD Documentation of dialysis use for: Jesduvroq: 4 or more months Vafseo: 3 or more months Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum ferritin level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater than or equal to 20%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Documented hypo-responsiveness to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA), defined as the need for ONE of the following: Greater than 300 IU/kg per week of epoetin alfa Greater than 1.5 mcg/kg per week of darbepoetin Intolerance to BOTH preferred ESA products epoetin alfa-epbx (Retacrit) and darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with ESAs Current uncontrolled hypertension Active malignancy For Jesduvroq: Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome, stroke,



	transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, such as a
of Care	hematologist or nephrologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC) Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC)
Required	All Indications
Medical	Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute
Information:	vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	 Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
	<u>RVVC</u>Documentation of three or more episodes of symptomatic
	vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Appropriate	VVC
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with both of the following for the
Regimen &	current VVC episode:
Other Criteria:	 Vaginally administered treatment (such as clotrimazole cream, miconazole cream, terconazole cream or suppository)
	 A 7-day course of fluconazole taken orally every third day for a total of 3 doses (days 1, 4, and 7)
	 RVVC Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis



	episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
of Care	site of care
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS), Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD), Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), Gout Flares
Required	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic
Medical	Syndrome (TRAPS)
Information:	 Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/ Mevalonate
	Kinase Deficiency (MKD)
	 Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following:
	 Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA
	 Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the mevalonate kinase (MVK)
	 gene Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6-month
	period
	Still's Disease
	 Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients 2 years of age and older
	 Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin



	 Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS) Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following: Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the following manifestations: Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss, musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 TRAPS Documented clinical failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone), and a minimum 12-week trial with Enbrel
	 HIDS/MKD Documented treatment failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra
	 FMF Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of anakinra
	 Still's Disease Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrent disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: NSAIDs or glucocorticoids



	 Methotrexate or leflunomide Kineret (anakinra) Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra
	 Gout Flares Documented treatment failure with all of the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) Colchicine Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus Use in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab- adaz, Cimzia, Remicade, Simponi), Kineret, or Arcalyst
Age Restriction:	 FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older CAPS: 4 years of age and older Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required documentation:	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is required: PDE5 inhibitors AND Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, OCTAGAM, PANZYGA, PRIVIGEN, GAMMASTAN, ALYGLO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and
	compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan
	design as follows:
	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich
	syndrome
	 Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP) Chronic Inflormatory Demuglicating Delynouropathy
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
	 Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory
	polyneuropathy)
	 Multifocal Motor Neuropathy
	 Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
	 Myasthenia Gravis
	 Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
	 Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver,
	lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
	 Stiff-Person Syndrome
	 Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
	 Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
	 Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
	 Hemolytic disease of the newborn Auto immuno Mucocutoneous Plictoring Diseases
	 Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated
	hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
	 Toxic Shock Syndrome
	 Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome
	(PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder
	Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)
Initial	Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich
Approval	<u>syndrome:</u>
Criteria:	
	Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common
	variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient
	hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or
	without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal



 immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome) Documentation of one of the following: IgG level less than 200 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following: Four or more ear infections within 1 year Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
 AND Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all the following: Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP):
 For Acute disease state: Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 30,000/microliter) OR
 To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy (platelet count less than 100,000/microliter) OR
 Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage
 <u>Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):</u> Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than 30,000/microliter



	History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with
	corticosteroids
•	Duration of illness more than 6 months
Ch	venic Inflormatory Domyslingting Polynouronathy
	ronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy
	IDP):
•	Documented baseline in strength/weakness using objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 MWT, Rankin, Modified Rankin) Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs Electrodiagnostic testing indicating demyelination with one of the following:
•	 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all the following (if electrophysiologic findings are nondiagnostic): CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm3 CSF protein is elevated (greater than 45 mg/dL) Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in therapeutic doses over at least three months
	<u>iillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory</u> lyneuropathy):
	Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk) Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)
<u>Mı</u>	ultifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN):
•	Slowly progressive or stepwise progressive, focal, asymmetric limb weakness over at least one month

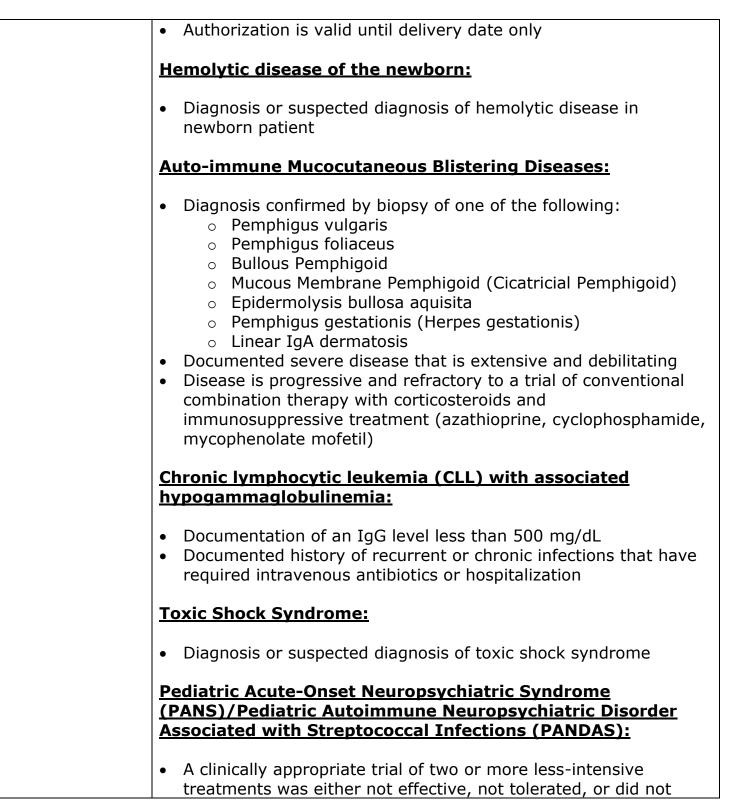


 Partial conduction block or abnormal temporal dispersion conduction must be present in at least 2 nerves Absence of upper motor neuron signs and bulbar involvement Baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., Inflammatory Neuropathy Cause and Treatment (INCAT) Disability Score, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin
Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention:
 Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400 mg/dL) OR
 Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections
<u>Myasthenia Gravis:</u>
 Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise) Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity) Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)
Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis:
 Documented severe active disease state on physical exam Documentation of at least two of the following: Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level Interstitial lung disease (ILD) Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma Nailfold abnormalities Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers



 Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
 Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant
(methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)
Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver,
lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant:
 Coverage is provided for one or more of the following: Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to
transplantation
 Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ
 transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis
• Prevention of cytomegalovilus (CMV) induced predmonitis
Stiff-Person Syndrome:
Documented anti-GAD antibodies
 Documented failure with at least 2 of the following treatments:
benzodiazepines, baclofen, phenytoin, clonidine and/or tizanidine
Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant:
Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host
Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was
allogeneicTransplant was less than 100 days ago
i manoplane was less than 100 days ago
Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric):
Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease
 13 years of age and under
Estal alleimmune thremhogytereria (EATT):
Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT):
Documentation of one or more of the following:
 Previous FAIT pregnancy
 Family history of the disease Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies







	 result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or sequentially and may include: Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline) Behavioral therapy Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen) Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment
Renewal Criteria:	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID) Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT) Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) Renewal requires documentation of a documented clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)



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phosphokinase) levels are lower and documentation of clinically
significant improvement above baseline per physical exam
Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver,
lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
 Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease
response
Stiff Person Disease
 Renewal requires documentation of a clinically significant
improvement over baseline per physical exam
Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
 Renewal requires documentation that the IgG is less than or
equal to 400mg/dL; AND
 Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone
marrow transplantation
Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases:
 Renewal requires a documented clinically significant
improvement over baseline per physical exam
Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated
hypogammaglobulinemia
 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease
in the frequency and/or severity of infections
Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome
(PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder
 Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS) Renewal requires all of the following:
 Documentation of a clinical reevaluation at three months
after treatment initiation
 Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the
results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which
must be performed pretreatment and posttreatment)



Dosing and Coverage Duration:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Authorization durations are as stated below, unless otherwise specified 		
	Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
	PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	CIDP	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days for one dose then maintenance dosing of 1 g/kg every 21 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	 Acute ITP: Approval: 1 month only Chronic ITP: Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
	Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
	MMN	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle May be repeated monthly	Initial approval: 1 month Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
	Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum



	Muasthania Cravia	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 does (south	Approval, 1 month (and
	Myasthenia Gravis	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks)	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Auto-	Up to 2 g/kg divided over	Approval: up to 6
	immune	5 days in a 28-day cycle	months
	blistering		
	diseases		
	Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	Up to 2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-transplant	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to one-year post- transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Stiff Person Syndrome	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn	1 g/kg x 1 dose, may be repeated once if needed	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses)
			Total 6 monthly doses only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:		ribed by a specialist for the ologist, rheumatologist, imn	-



All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
site of care



INCLISIRAN

Affected Medications: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia [HeFH]) Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) <u>Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH</u> Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss-of-function 	
	 mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1]) World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 points Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria Clinical ASCVD Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following: Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) History of myocardial infarction (MI) Stable or unstable angina Coronary or other arterial revascularization Stroke or transient ischemic attack Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of 	



Appropriate	All Indications		
Treatment	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the		
Regimen &	following:		
Other Criteria:	 Minimum of two different statin trials 		
	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with 		
	 statin use Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-week trial with ALL of the following, shown by inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL: Maximally tolerated statin therapy Repatha 		
	Clinical ASCVD		
	 Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximally tolerated dose, as shown by ONE of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions (see below) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha 		
	Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions		
	ACS within the past 12 Age 65 years and older		
	months • HeFH		
	History of MI (distinct Prior coronary artery		
	from ACS event) bypass or percutaneous		



	 Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure 		
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with other PCSK9 inhibitors		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
		tis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults	
		ti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive	
Required	NMOSD		
Medical	-	positive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-	
Information:	IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:		
		tion of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-	
	based assay	У	
	• Exclusion o	f alternative diagnoses (such as multiple	
	sclerosis)		
	• At least on	e core clinical characteristic:	
	 Acute 	e optic neuritis	
	 Acute 	e myelitis	
	 Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of 		
	otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)		
	 Acute brainstem syndrome 		
	 Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic 		
	clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic		
	lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see		
	table below]		
	 Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below] 		
	Clinical Possible MRI findings		
	presentation		
	Diencephalic	Periependymal lesion	
	syndrome	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion	
	Acute cerebral	Extensive	
	syndrome	periependymal lesion	
	'	 Long, diffuse, 	
		heterogenous, or	



	 edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks 		
	in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy		
Appropriate	 Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: 		
Treatment	 Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) 		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) 		
Other Criteria:			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success		
Exclusion	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection		
Criteria:	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis		
	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for 		
	requested indication		
Age	18 years of age and older		
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-		
of Care	ophthalmologist.		
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved, or compendia supported, indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo, Byooviz, Cimerli Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Lucentis, Byooviz, Cimerli, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu, Cimerli Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Eylea Dosing Coverage for the non-preferred product Eylea is provided when one of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Eylea, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs. A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli)





•	DME and DR – 0.3 mg every 4 weeks mCNV- 0.5 mg every 4 weeks for up to 3 months
	 Beovu Dosing Coverage for the non-preferred product Beovu is provided when either of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Beovu, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs. A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli) AMD – 6 mg every month for the first three doses followed by 6 mg every 8 to 12 weeks DME – 6 mg every 8 to 12 weeks
•	 Susvimo Dosing Coverage for the non-preferred product Susvimo is provided when the following criteria is met: A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Avastin, Byooviz, and Cimerli) Must be established on ranibizumab (Lucentis, Byooviz, or Cimerli) injections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5 mg every 4 weeks) AMD – 2 mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.
•	Coverage for the non-preferred product Vabysmo is



	 provided when either of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Vabysmo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs. A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli) AMD – 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16 weeks
	 Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses
	 DME Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections followed by 6 mg every 8 weeks Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4 injections followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments) Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses RVO - 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months Reauthorization requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness).
Exclusion Criteria:	 Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections Active intraocular inflammation
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost- effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



<u>R</u>	etinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
•	Authorization: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
A	Il other indications
•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age- related macular degeneration (AMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or greater (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing not to exceed: Every 25-day dosing for Syfovre Every 30-day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay
	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Syfovre requires: Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or greater Izervay: No reauthorization - maximum duration up to 12 months
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the eye(s) receiving treatment
Age Restriction:	 60 years of age and older for Syfovre 50 years of age and older for Izervay



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRON-A

Affected Medication	s: INTRON-A, INTRON-A WITH DILUENT (interferon alfa-2b)
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications
	with evidence level of 2A or higher
	 Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are
	consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ
	damage.
Required	• For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical
Medical	rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon.
Information:	HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease
	responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a
	steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial.
	 Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require
	documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea
	prior to interferon-alfa approval.
	 Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3
	months)
	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior
	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	 Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to
	therapy
Appropriate	Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced
Treatment	cancer: recent electrocardiogram
Regimen &	Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders
Other Criteria:	 Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients
	 Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed
	before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion	Autoimmune hepatitis
Criteria:	 Decompensated liver disease
Age	 Hepatitis B: greater than or equal to 1 year of age
Restriction:	 Hepatitis C: greater than or equal to 3 years of age
	 All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
-	
of Care	site of care



Coverage	•	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Invasive aspergillosis Invasive mucormycosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one or more of the following: Sputum fungal staining and culture Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Aspergillosis Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-week trial of all of the following: Voriconazole Posaconazole
	 Mucormycosis Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-week trial of one of the following: Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy) Posaconazole (if request is for oral step-down therapy after initial therapy)
Exclusion	 Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Familial short QT syndrome
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant physician, or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene-fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR

Affected Medications: SUNLENCA (lenacapavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing Reauthorization requires all of the following: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of lenacapavir resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Mathematical states and the states are stated by resistance Treatment by resistance Restance by restance Restance by restance Restance by restance Restance by restance



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LENIOLISIB

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)
Required	Documentation of an APDS-associated <i>PIK3CD/PIK3R1</i> mutation
Medical	without concurrent use of immunosuppressive medication
Information:	 Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan
	 Documentation of both of the following:
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction (e.g., lung, liver)
	 Current weight (must be at least 45 kg)
Appropriate	 Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled
Treatment	out and use effective contraception during therapy
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
Other Criteria:	as shown by both of the following:
	• Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change
	from baseline in lymphadenopathy
	 Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the
	percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age	• 12 to 75 years of age
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist,
of Care	hematologist/oncologist, or specialist with experience in the
Restrictions:	treatment of APDS
	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LETERMOVIR

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in adult CMV-seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant (HSCT) Prophylaxis of CMV disease in high-risk adult patients undergoing kidney transplant
Required	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant
Medical	(HSCT)
Information:	Is cytomegalovirus CMV-seropositive
	 OR Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient CMV-seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet (HSCT only)
	HSCT Dosing : 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post-transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation
	Kidney transplant Dosing : 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV-seropositive/recipient CMV-seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation
Exclusion Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the prevention and treatment of CMV infection All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 HSCT Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Kidney Transplant Authorization: 7 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: leuprolide acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, LUPANETA (leuprolide-norethindrone), FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Central precocious puberty (CPP) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications level 2A or higher Gender dysphoria
Required	Endometriosis:
Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
	<u>Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids):</u>
	 Documentation of all of the following: Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less Planning to use in combination with iron supplements Gender dysphoria:
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled



	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Central precocious puberty:
	• Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA
Exclusion Criteria:	 Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery. Pregnancy or breastfeeding Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion)
Age Restriction:	 Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years of age and older Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age or younger (males)



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Cushing syndrome
Required	• Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Medical	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary
Information:	 adenoma (Cushing's disease) Ectopic ACTH secretion by a non-pituitary tumor
	 Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	• Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times
	the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two
	measurements)
Appropriate	• Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous
Treatment	surgery has not been curative
Regimen &	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
Other Criteria:	 Clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of oral
	ketoconazole for at least 8 weeks
	$_{\odot}$ Intolerable adverse event to oral ketoconazole, and the
	adverse event was not an expected adverse event
	attributed to the active ingredient
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
	defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist,
of Care	neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LIFILEUCEL

Affected Medications: AMTAGVI (lifileucel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not 			
	otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Diagnosis of unresectable or Stage IV metastatic 			
	melanoma			
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications			
	with evidence level of 2A or better			
Required	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior			
Medical	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course			
Information:	ECOG PS of 0 or 1			
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) greater than 45%			
	 Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) greater than 60% 			
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification not more than			
	Class I			
Appropriate	At least one resectable lesion (or aggregate of lesions resected)			
Treatment	of 1.5 cm or more in diameter post-resection to generate tumor-			
Regimen &	infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs)			
Other Criteria:	Disease progression after 1 or more prior systemic therapy			
	including:			
	$_{\odot}$ a PD-1-blocking antibody; and			
	 if BRAF V600 mutation-positive, a BRAF inhibitor or BRAF inhibitor plus a MEK inhibitor 			
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG			
Criteria:	performance score 3 or greater			
	Melanoma of uveal or ocular origin			
	Untreated or active brain metastasis			
Age	18 years of age and older			
Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist.			
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective			
Restrictions:	site of care			



Coverage	• Authorization: 6 months (one dose per patient's lifetime), unless
Duration:	otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB

Affected Medications: ZOKINVY (lonafarnib)

	T
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical Information:	 A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene) OR
	 A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following: Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA) Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g. strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers) Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective contraception during treatment
	 Labs: Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes) greater than 1,000/microliters Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent) Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	 <u>Dosing</u>: Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose twice daily



	 Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a weak CYP3A4 inhibitor Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment <u>Reauthorization</u>: Documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met. 	
Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam, lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction BSA less than to 0.39 m2 Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2 	
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria and/or progeroid laminopathies Initial Authorization: 4 months Reauthorization: 12 months 	



POLICY NAME: LOTILANER

Affected Medications: XDEMVY

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Demodex blepharitis (DB) 		
Required	 Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria: 		
Medical	• Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin		
Information:	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination 		
	 Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and repeated at least once after 7 days 		
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> may be given at least 12 months after the first		
Treatment	treatment and will require documentation of treatment success and		
Regimen &	returned presence of mites or collarettes requiring retreatment		
Other Criteria:			
Exclusion			
Criteria:			
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an optometrist or		
of Care	ophthalmologist		
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	• Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric		
	patients at least 12 years of age with a history of		
	recurrent vaso-occlusive crises		
Required	Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic		
Medical	testing to show the presence of $\beta S/\beta S$, $\beta S/\beta 0$ or $\beta S/\beta +$		
Information:	genotype as follows:		
2	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or 		
	without an additional abnormal β -globin chain variant by		
	hemoglobin assay		
	OR		
	• Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at		
	least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic		
	variant on molecular genetic testing		
	 AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two a- 		
	globin gene deletions		
	Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe		
	vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs)		
	within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet		
	this requirement)		
	 VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND pagescitating 		
	medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating		
	subsequent interventions such as opioid pain		
	management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red		
	blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the		
	following:		
	 Acute pain event 		
	 Acute chest syndrome 		
	 Priapism lasting more than 2 hours 		
	 Acute splenic sequestration 		
	 Acute hepatic sequestration 		
	• For patients under 18 years of age, the patient does not have a		
	known and suitable (10/10) human leukocyte antigen (HLA)		





POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL the following: Planned procedure including date Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	• Authorization: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

MANNITOL

Affected Medications: BRONCHITOL (mannitol)

1.	Is the request for add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing? a. Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g. pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documentation that the Bronchitol Tolerance Test has been passed?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to appropriate section below	
In	Indication: Add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis			
1.	Is there documented failure of 6 months with twice daily hypertonic saline defined as one of the following despite at least 80% adherence with hypertonic saline: a. Increase in pulmonary exacerbations from baseline? b. Decrease in FEV1?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Will Bronchitol be used in conjunction with standard therapies for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			



 Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet 		
Required	Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection		
Medical	 Documentation of patient's current weight 		
Information:			
Appropriate	• Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an		
Treatment			
Regimen &	ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet		
Other Criteria:			
	Reauthorization:		
	 Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment. 		
Exclusion	CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including		
Criteria:	the retina.		
Age Restriction:	12 years and older		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with		
of Care	experience in the treatment of CMV infection		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. O Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM) New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy Documentation of negative pregnancy test in females of reproductive potential 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use of effective contraception in females of reproductive potential Documented treatment failure with trial of a beta blocker, or if unable to tolerate (or contraindication to) beta blockers, trial with verapamil. <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50% 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVORIXAFOR

Affected Medications: XOLREMDI (mavorixafor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of WHIM syndrome (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis) in patients 12 years of age and older to increase the number of circulating mature neutrophils and lymphocytes.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of WHIM syndrome confirmed by genotype variant of CXCR4 and ANC (absolute neutrophil count) of 400 cells/µL or less
Appropriate	 Documentation of symptoms and complications associated with WHIM syndrome requiring medical treatment Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing Documentation of baseline ALC (absolute lymphocyte count) and ANC (absolute neutrophil count) to assess clinical response to treatment
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy with sustained improvement in ALC and ANC
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP2D6 for clearance.
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or hematologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MECASERMIN**

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD) Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizing antibodies to GH
Required Medical Information:	 Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex. One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily. Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily. <u>Reauthorization</u>: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open. Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy. Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease).
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Pediatric Endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEDICAL NECESSITY

Affected Medications: Abilify MyCitea, Abrilada, Absorica, Absorica LD, Acanya, Aciphex, Actemra SQ, Acthar Gel, Acuvail, Acyclovix, Aczone, Adalimumab-adbm, Adalimumabfkjp, Adalimumab-ryvk, Adapalene pads, Adcirca, Adlarity, Adlyxin, Admelog, Advicor, Adzenys ER, Adzenys XR, Aerospan, Afrezza, Aimovig, AirDuo, AirDuo Digihaler, Airsupra, Aklief, Allopurinol 200 mg tablet, Allzital, Alprazolam Dispersible, Alprazolam Intensol, Altoprev, Alvesco, Ameluz, Amitiza, Amjevita, Amphetamine ER suspension, Ampyra, Amrix, Amturnide, Amzeeg, Ancobon, Androgel, Androxy, Apadaz, APAP-Caff-Dihydrocodeine, Apidra, Aplenzin, Arazlo, Aripiprazole Dispersible, Armonair Digihaler, Armonair Respiclick, Arymo ER, Asacol HD, Asmanex, Asmanex HFA, Aspruzyo, Astepro solution, Atorvalig, Aubagio, Auvelity, Aveed, Azathioprine tablet (75 mg, 100 mg), Azelex, Azesco, Azstarys, Baclofen Oral Suspension, Basaglar, Basaglar Tempo pen, Baxdela, Beconase, Belbuca, Beser, Bevespi Aerophere, Bexagliflozin, BiDil, Biifenac, Bimzelx, Bismuth Subcitrate-Metronidazole-Tetracycline, Brenzavvy, Breztri, Bridion, Brisdelle, Briviact, Bryhali, Budesonide 9 mg ER tablet, Bunavail, Bupap, Buphenyl, Bupropion XL 450 mg, Butisol, Butrans patch, Bydureon, Bydureon BCise, Byetta, Bynfezia, Byvalson, Cabtreo, Calcipotriene-Betamethasone Dipropionate suspension, Cambia, Capex shampoo, Capital-Codeine, Carac, Carbinoxamine 6 mg tablet, Carisoprodol-ASA, Carisoprodol-ASA-Codeine, CaroSpir, Carticel implant, Cataflam, Cephalexin 750 mg capsule, Cephalexin tablet, Cegua, Chlorpheniramine-Codeine, Chlorzoxazone 250 mg tablet, Cibingo, Cimzia, Ciprodex OTIC, Cipro HC Otic, Clemastine syrup, Clindamycin Phosphate-Benzoyl Peroxide gel 1.2-2.5 %, Clindavix, Clobetasol ophthalmic suspension, Clobetex, Clonidine ER 0.17 mg tablet, Codar AR, Colazal, Conjupri, Consensi, Conzip, Copaxone, Coreg CR, Cosopt PF, Cotempla XR ODT, Coxanto, Crexont, Crinone, Cuprimine, Cuvposa, Cyanocobalamin Nasal Spray, Cyclobenzaprine ER, Cyclosporine in Klarity, Cyltezo, Dapagliflozin, Dapagliflozin-Metformin ER, Dartisla ODT, Debacterol, Degludec, Delzicol, Demser, Depen, DermacinRx Lexitral cream pack, Dermalid, Desonate gel, Desonide gel, Desonide lotion, DesRx gel, Dexilant, Dhivy, Dichlorphenamide, Diclofenac 1.3 % patch, Diclofenac Potassium capsule, Diclofenac Potassium packet, Diclofenac Potassium 25 MG tablet, Diclofenac Sod soln 1.5 % & Capsaicin cream 0.025 % ther pack, Diclofex DC cream, Diclopak, Diclosaicin cream, Diclotral pack, Diclotrex, Diclovix DM pak, Diflorasone Diacetate, Dipentum, Doryx MPC, Doxepin 5 % cream, Doxycyline Hyclate 50 mg tablet, Doxycycline Hyclate DR tablet (50 mg, 80 mg, 200 mg), Doxycycline Monohydrate DR 40 mg capsule, Duaklir Pressair, Duetact, Duexis, Dulera, Duobrii, Durlaza, Dutoprol, Duzallo, Dxevo, Dyanavel XR, Dymista, Dynabec, Econasil, Edarbi, Edarbyclor, Egaten, Egrifta, Elepsia XR, Elidel, Elyxyb, Emend, Emflaza Suspension, Enalapril oral solution, Enstilar foam, Entadfi, Entyvio SO, Eohilia, Epaned, Epanova, Epclusa, Eprontia, Equetro, Ergomar, Esbriet, Eskata, Evzio, Exjade, Exservan, Extavia, Extina foam 2 %, Fabior



foam, Faslodex, Fenofibrate 120 mg, Fenortho, Firazyr, First-lansoprazole, Flector patch, Flegsuvy, Flolipid, Flowtuss, Fluopar kit, Fluorouracil 0.5 % cream, Flurandrenolide, Forfivo XL, Fortamet, Fortesta gel, Fosamax Plus D, Fulyzag, Furoscix, Gabacaine pak, Gabapal, Giazo, Gilenya, Gimoti, Gleevec, Gloperba, Glumetza, Glycate, Glycopyrrolate 1.5 mg tablet, Gocovri, Gonitro, GPL pak, Halog, Halcinonide cream, Harvoni, Harvoni pak, Helidac, Hemady, Hemangeol, Hetlioz capsule, Hulio, Humalog, Humalog Junior KwikPen, Humatin, Humira, Humulin, Humulin 70/30 KwikPen, Humulin N, Humulin R-100, Hycofenix, Hyrimoz (Sandoz), Ibsrela, Ibuprofen-Famotidine, Idacio, Igalmi, Iheezo, Ilumya, Imbruvica 70 mg capsule, Imbruvica 140 mg & 280 mg tablet, Imiguimod 3.75 %, Impeklo, Impoyz, Imvexxy, Inbrija, Indocin suppository, Indomethacin 20 mg capsule, Inflatherm kit, Inflatherm pak, Infugem, Ingrezza, Ingrezza Sprinkle, Innolet Insulin, Inpefa, Insulin Aspart, Insulin Aspart Protamine & Aspart 70/30, Insulin Degludec, Insulin Glargine, Insulin Glargine-yfgn, Insulin Lispro, Intrarosa, Invega ER, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Invokana, Isordil Titradose, Isosorbide Dinitrate-Hydralazine, Isotretinoin 25 mg and 35 mg capsule, Iyuzeh, Jadenu, Jadenu sprinkle packet, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, Jublia, Jylamvo, Karbinal ER, Katerzia, Kazano, K-bicarb, Kenalog aerosol, Kenalog susp, Keragel, KeragelT, Kerydin, Kesimpta, Ketek, Ketorolac nasal spray, Keveyis, Kevzara, Kineret, Kisgali, Kisgali-Femara co-pak, Klisyri, Kombiglyze XR, Konvomep, Korlym, Lampit, Latuda, Lescol XL, Letairis, Levamlodipine, Levorphanol Tartrate, Lexette, Lexuss, Lialda, Libervant, Licart, Lido GB 300 kit, Lidostream, Lidotin Pak, Lifems, Likmez, Lipritin Pak, Liptruzet, Liraglutide, Lithostat, LMR Plus Lidocaine, Lodoco, Lofena, Lonhala Magnair, Loreev XR, Lucemyra, Luzu, Lybalvi, Lyrica, Lyrica CR tablet, Lyumjev, Lyumjev Kwikpen, Lyvispah, Meclofen, Meloxicam capsule, Mentax cream 1 %, Mesalamine DR 800 mg tablet, Metaclopramide disintegrating tablet, Metaxall, Metaxall CP, Metformin ER (OSM), Metformin solution, Methadone Intensol, MethylTESTOSTERone capsule, Metyrosine, Miebo, Mifepristone, Migraine pack, Minocycline ER, Minolira, Mitigare, Monocycline ER, MorphaBond, MorphaBond ER, Motegrity, Motofen, Motpoly XR, Mycapssa, Myfembree, Myhibbin, Myrbetrig, Mytesi, Nalocet, Namenda XR, Namzaric, Naprelan, Naproxen-Esomeprazole, Nascobal, Natesto gel, Neo-Synalar cream, Nesina, Nexiclon XR, Nexletol, Nexlizet, Nitisinone, Nocdurna, Noctiva, Nolix, Nopioid TC kit, Norgesic Forte, Noritate, Norligva, Noroxin, Northera, Nourianz, Novolin 70/30 Relion, Novolin N Relion, Novolin R Relion, Noxafil, NuDiclo Solupak, Nuvakaan kit, Nuvakaan II kit, Nuvigil, Nuzyra, Ofloxacin tablet, Ohtuvayre, Olpruva, Olumiant, Olysio, Omeprazole-Sodium Bicarb, Omnaris, Omvoh SQ, Ondansetron 24 mg tablet, Onexton, Onfi, Onglyza, Onmel, Onyda XR, Onzetra Xsail, Oracea, Oralair, Orencia SQ, Ormalvi, Orphenadrine-Aspirin-Caffeine tablet, Orphengesic Forte, Ortikos, Oseni, Otrexup, Oxaprozin capsule, Oxaydo, Oxycodone-Acetaminophen (2.5 mg-300 mg, 5 mg-300 mg, 7.5 mg-300 mg, 10 mg-300 mg), Ozobax, Pamelor, Panlor, Panretin gel, Paromomycin, Pazeo, Pedizolpak, Penicillamine tablet, Pennsaid solution, Pentican pak, Percocet, Pertzye, Pheburane,



Picato, Pioglitazone-Glimepiride, Pirfenidone 534 mg tablet, Pradaxa, Praluent, Prevacid SoluTab, Prevpac, Prialt, Prilo Patch, Prilopentin, Primlev, Primsol, Pristig, ProAir Digihaler, Prolate, Prudoxin, Purified Cortrophin gel, Purixan, Obrelis, Obrexza, Odolo, Qelbree, Qmiiz, QNASL, Qtern, Qudexy XR, QuilliChew ER, Quillivant XR, Quinixil, Quinosone, Qwo, Ranexa, Rasuvo, Rayos, Recarbrio, Reditrex, Relexxii, Relion Insulins, Relprevv, Reltone, Retin-A Micro pump gel (0.06 %, 0.08 %), Revatio, Reyvow, Rezvoglar, Rhofade, Ribasphere, Ridaura, Riomet, Riomet ER, Rocklatan, Ryaltris, Ryvent, Ryzodeg 70/30, Sabril, Samsca, Saphris, Sarafem, Savaysa, Saxagliptin-Metformin ER, Seconal, Seebri Neohaler, Seglentis, Segluromet, Semglee, Sensipar, Sernivo, Seysara, Siklos, Silenor, Sila III pak, Silig subcutaneous injection, Simlandi, Simponi, Simvastatin suspension, Skelaxin, Skelid, Soaanz, Sofdra, Soliqua, Solodyn, Solosec, Soolantra, Sorilux, Sotyktu, Sovaldi, Sovaldi pak, Spevigo Subcutaneous, Spironolactone suspension, Sporanox solution, Spritam, Sprix, Steglatro, Steglujan, Striant, Striant buccal, Suboxone, Sumatriptan-Naproxen, Sure Result DSS premium pack, Symbyax, Sympazan, Symproic, Synalar, Syndros, Syprine, Taclonex suspension, Talicia, Taltz, Tanzeum, Targadox, Tascenso ODT, Tasoprol, Tavaborole, Tazarotene foam, Tecfidera, Technivie, Thalitone, Thiola, Thiola EC, Thyquidity, Ticlopidine, Tiglutik, Tiopronin, Tivorbex, Tolak, Tolsura, Topiramate ER, Tosymra, Tovet kit, Tracleer, Tradjenta, Tramadol oral solution, Tretinoin Microsphere Gel 0.08 %, Treximet, Tri-Luma, Trixylitral kit, Trokendi XR, Trudhesa, Trulance, Tudorza Pressair, Twyneo, Tyrvaya, Tyzeka, Tyzine, Ultravate, Ultresa, Uptravi, Ursodiol capsule (200 mg, 400 mg), Utibron Neohaler, Uzedy, Valsartan oral solution, Vanatol LQ, Vanos, Varophen, Vasotec, Vecamyl, Vectical, Velsipity, Veltassa, Venlafaxine Besylate ER, Veozah, Veramyst, Veregen, Verkazia, Versacloz, Vesicare LS, Vevye, Vexasyn, Vexasyn gel, Vfend oral suspension, V-Go, Viberzi, Vibramycin, Victrelis, Viekira, Vigafyde, Viibryd, Viibryd Starter Pack, Vimovo, Viokace, Vivlodex, Vogelxo, Voguezna dual pak, Voriconazole oral suspension, Vtol LQ solution, Vyzulta, Wakix, Wegovy, Winlevi, Wynorza, Xaciato, Xadago, Xartemis XR, Xatmep, Xcopri, Xelitral pack, Xeloda, Xelstrym, Xenazine, Xenleta, Xerese, Xermelo, Xhance, Ximino, Xtampza ER, Xultophy, Xyosted, Yosprala, Yuflyma, Yupelri, Yusimry, Zanaflex capsule, Zayzpret, Zcort, Zebutal, Zecuity, Zelnorm, Zembrace, Zenevix, Zepatier, Zetonna, Zileuton ER, Zinbryta, Zipsor, Zituvimet, Zituvio, Zolpak, Zolpidem capsule, Zolpimist, Zonalon, Zonisade, Zorvolex, ZTLido, Z-Tuss, Zyclara, Zymfentra, Zypitamag, Zytiga

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Documented intolerance or treatment failure with the formulary alternatives for the submitted diagnosis



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved compendia supported dosing.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Dependent on expected duration of therapy and necessity of documentation of response to therapy



POLICY NAME: **MEPOLIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
Required	
Medical	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype,
Information:	 defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL OR dependent on daily oral corticosteroids AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 EGPA Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all of the following: Chronic rhinosinusitis Asthma Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose



	 HES Diagnosis of HES with all of the following: Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL Disease duration greater than 6 months At least 2 flares within the past 12 months Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (FIP1L1-PDGFRa) mutation negative disease Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)
	 CRSwNP Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a
Regimen &	long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with
Other Criteria:	continued symptoms
	 Documentation of one of the following: Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence



	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 EGPA Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	 HES Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea (not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES]) Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	 CRSwNP Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	 Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older EGPA: 18 years of age and older <u>HES</u>: 12 years of age and older CRSWNP: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Eosinophilic asthma: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist EGPA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the
	 treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist) <u>HES</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as an immunologist or hematologist) <u>CRSwNP</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist



	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:		Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: METHYLNALTREXONE

Affected Medications: RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone bromide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with advanced illness or pain caused by active cancer who require opioid dosage escalation for palliative care Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with chronic non-cancer pain, including patients with chronic pain related to prior cancer or its treatment who do not require frequent (e.g., weekly) opioid dosage escalation
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteriou	 Documentation of treatment of opioid-induced constipation (OIC) in an adult with: Advanced illness who is receiving palliative care OR Chronic non-cancer pain who has taken opioids for at least 4 weeks OIC in adults with chronic non-cancer pain Documented treatment failure or contraindication to a trial of all of the following: Lubiprostone
Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Linzess Movantik <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success, a clinically significant response to therapy, and documentation of continued opioid use Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction or increased risk for recurrent obstruction



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: METRELEPTIN

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Current weight Baseline serum leptin levels, hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c), fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting serum insulin Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented leptin deficiency and at least ONE of the following: Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum tolerated doses Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes Persistent hyperglycemia (HbA1c 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels
Exclusion Criteria:	 Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy



Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paget's disease of bone Hypercalcemia 	
Required Medical Information:	 Hypercalcemia Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L) 	
	 Paget's disease of bone Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase Documented lack of malianancy within the past 3 months 	
	 Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Hypercalcemia</u> Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as intravenous fluids) did not result in adequate efficacy OR Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for other methods to show efficacy 	
	 Paget's disease of bone Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of both of the following: Zoledronic acid (at least one dose) Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks 	
	 OR Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min) AND 	
	 Documentation of all of the following: Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation 	



	 Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., bone pain, bone deformity) <u>Reauthorization - Paget's disease of bone:</u> Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other symptoms)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Related to Paget's disease of bone History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone Treatment or prevention of osteoporosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by <u>ONE</u> of the following: An enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Detection of biallelic pathogenic variants in the GBA gene by molecular genetic testing Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the following in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs): Visceral leishmaniasis caused by <i>Leishmania donovani</i> Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by <i>Leishmania braziliensis</i>, <i>Leishmania guyanensis</i>, and <i>Leishmania panamensis</i>
Required Medical Information:	 <u>All Indications</u> Current weight <u>Visceral Leishmaniasis</u> Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) <u>Cutaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis</u> Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	 molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR) Dosing: 30 to 44 kg: 50 mg twice daily for 28 days 45 kg or greater: 50 mg three times daily for 28 days Pregnancy
Criteria:	 Sjögren-Larsson syndrome Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs) Treatment of leishmaniasis outside of the visceral, cutaneous, or mucosal settings Treatment of other <i>Leishmania</i> species



Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: PYRUKYND (mitapivat tablet)

	ns: PTRUKTND (milapival labiel)			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Hemolytic anemia 			
Required	Diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), defined by ALL			
Medical	the following:			
Information:	 Presence of at least two mutant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell (PKLR) gene 			
	 At least one of the mutant alleles is a missense mutation 			
	Documentation of ONE of the following:			
	 Receiving regular transfusions: 			
	- A minimum of 6 transfusion episodes in the 12-month			
	period prior to treatment AND			
	- Baseline transfusion amount, including date of			
	transfusion and number of red blood cell (RBC) units			
	transfused			
	OR			
	 Not receiving regular transfusions: 			
	- No more than 4 transfusions in the 12-month period			
	prior to treatment and no transfusions in the 3-month			
	period prior to treatment AND			
	- Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to			
	10 g/dL			
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as:			
Regimen &	For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must			
Other Criteria:	document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline			
	• For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must			
	document greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb			
	from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no			
	transfusions were needed			
	Discontinue therapy after 6 months if no benefit in transfusion			



	requireme	nt or Hb has been observed	
		rove 5 mg, 20 mg, and 50 mg tab er dosing schedule below	lets (QL of 56 per
		Table 1: Dose Titration Schedule	
	Duration	Dosage	
	Week 1 through Week 4	5 mg twice daily	
	Week 5 through Week 8	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:	
		 Increase to 20 mg twice daily and maintain for 4 weeks. 	
		If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: • Maintain 5 mg twice daily.	
	Week 9 through Week 12	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: Increase to 50 mg twice daily and maintain	
		thereafter. If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:	
		 Maintain current dose (5 mg twice daily or 20 mg twice daily). 	
	Maintenance	If Hb decreases, consider up-titration to the maximum of 50 mg twice daily as per the above schedule.	
Exclusion Criteria:	non-misse missense v Splenector within the Previous b Receiving (including	Homozygous for the c.1436G>A (p.R479H) variant or have 2 non-missense variants (without the presence of another missense variant) in the PKLR gene Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant Receiving hematopoietic stimulating agents or anabolic steroids (including testosterone preparations) within 28 days prior to treatment	



Age	Must be 18 years or older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy Indication for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (minimum of 3 months each) with two nasal corticosteroid sprays Documented treatment failure of a minimum 14-day trial with an oral corticosteroid <u>Reauthorization</u>: documented presence of ethmoid sinus polyps, grade 1 or higher, at least 90 days after previous treatment with Sinuva
Exclusion Criteria:	 Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MONOMETHYL FUMARATE

Affected Medications: BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Relapsing forms of MS Coverage of Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: MOTIXAFORTIDE

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF]) to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation to facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior
Medical	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	 At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	 No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	 Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial
Treatment	with ALL the following:
Regimen &	 Single agent granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Other Criteria:	 G-CSF in combination with plerixafor
	No reauthorization
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern
Criteria:	Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa), NAGLAZYME (galsulfase), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), ALDURAZYME (laronidase), ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications
	not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA;
	Morquio A syndrome)
	 Naglazyme: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI,
	Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)
	 Mepsevii: Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly
	Syndrome)
	 Aldurazyme:
	 Hurler Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H)
	 Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I
	H/S)
	 Scheie form of Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS I S)
	with moderate to severe symptoms
	 Elaprase: Mucopolysaccharidosis type II (MPS II; Hunters
	syndrome)
Required	Diagnosis of specific MPS type confirmed by enzyme assay
Medical	showing deficient activity of the relevant enzyme OR detection
Information:	of pathogenic mutations in the relevant gene by molecular
	genetic testing, as follows:
	• For Vimizim: N-acetylgalactosamine 6-sulfatase (GALNS)
	enzyme or GALNS gene
	• For Naglazyme: N-acetylgalactosamine 4-sulfatase (ASB)
	enzyme or Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene
	 For Mepsevii: beta-glucuronidase (GUSB) enzyme or
	GUSB gene
	 For Aldurazyme: alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) enzyme or
	IDUA gene
	 For Elaprase: iduronate 2-sulfatase (I2S or IDS) enzyme or IDS gene
	 Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS, such as soft
	tissue abnormality, skeletal abnormality, joint abnormality,
	respiratory disease, gait abnormality, motor issues, or cardiac
L	2/1



Appropriate	 abnormality Baseline value for one or more of the following: Function test such as the Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOT-2), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), three-minute stair climb test (3-MSCT), or pulmonary function tests (PFTs)
Treatment	FDA label
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of
Regimen &	the prescribed dose will be enforced
Other Criteria:	
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE or more of the following: Stability or improvement in function tests such as BOT-2, 6MWT, 3-MSCT, <u>or</u> PFTs Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Reduction in urinary GAG level
	 Other clinically significant improvement in MPS signs and symptoms
Exclusion	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the
Criteria:	disorder
	Severe, irreversible cognitive impairment
Age	 Vimizim and Naglazyme: 5 years of age and older
Restriction:	Elaprase: 16 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the
of Care	treatment of inherited metabolic disorders, such as a
Restrictions:	geneticist or endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	• Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY RNA THERAPY

Affected Medications: AMONDYS 45 (casimersen), EXONDYS 51 (eteplirsen), VYONDYS 53 (golodirsen), VILTEPSO (viltolarsen)

Covered Uses:	 Casimersen (Amondys 45), eteplirsen (Exondys 51), golodirsen (Vyondys 53), and viltolarsen (Viltepso) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	
of Care	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv), FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), ZIEXTENZO (pegfilgrastim-bmez), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastimapgf), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (pegfilgrastim-fpgk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko and Zarxio
	Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive
	<u>Chemotherapy</u>
	 Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.
	significant incluence of severe neutropenia with reven
	Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction
	or Consolidation Chemotherapy
	 Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the
	duration of fever, following induction or consolidation
	chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia.
	chemotherapy treatment of dualts with deate mycloid leakernia.
	Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant
	 Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-
	related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients
	with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative
	chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation.
	Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor
	Cell Collection and Therapy (Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)
	 Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic
	progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by
	leukapheresis.



Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia
 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections,
oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital
neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia.
Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of
Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation
<u>Syndrome) (Neupogen)</u>
 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to
myelosuppressive doses of radiation.
Leukine
Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute
Myelogenous Leukemia
• Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult
patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to
neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and
life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death.
Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of
Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cells
Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells
into peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.
Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow
Transplantation
Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with
non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia
(ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous bone
marrow transplantation (BMT).
Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow
<u>Transplantation</u>
Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients
undergoing allogeneic BMT from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-
matched related donors.



Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment
Delay
 Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom engraftment is delayed or has failed.
autologous binn in whom englattment is delayed of has failed.
Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra,
Stimufend, and Rolvedon
Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive
 <u>Chemotherapy</u> Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested
by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a
significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.
Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute
Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca, Ziextenzo)
 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation
Granix
 Indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving
myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia.
Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if
applicable)
Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine:
 Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies
 Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes
(MDS)
Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS
Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)
Stem cell transplantation-related indicationsAgranulocytosis
 Agrandiocytosis Aplastic anemia
 Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
Neutropenia related to renal transplantation



Required	Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will
Medical	be monitored at baseline and regularly throughout therapy
Information:	Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for
	prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia
	 Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile
	neutropenia
	 Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the
	·
	chemotherapy regimen
	Documentation of planned treatment course
	Documentation of current patient weight
Appropriate	Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio,
Treatment	<u>Granix</u>
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:
	Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and
	Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to
	Zarxio and Nivestym
	•
	When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Zarxio, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym
	Sargramostim product: Leukine
	Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when
	the member meets one of the following criteria:
	Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous
	or allogenic bone marrow transplant or bone marrow transplant
	engraftment delay or failure
	A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to
	preferred products listed above
	Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca,
	Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, Rolvedon



Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, Ziextenzo and Nyvepria is provided when the
member meets the following criteria:
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Fulphila and Udenyca
Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon
Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products Fulphila and Udenyca
For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose- limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving
myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:
Meets ONE of the following:
Curative Therapy:
\circ High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia
based on chemotherapy regimen OR
 Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical consequences OR
 Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued
Palliative Therapy:
 Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If however, a dose limiting neutropenic event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis.



	 For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia Must meet <u>ALL</u> the following: Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microliter Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



NAFARELIN

Affected Medications: SYNAREL (nafarelin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Endometriosis
Required	Central Precocious Puberty:
Medical	
Information:	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
	Endometriosis:
	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives Maximum treatment duration 6 months total
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion) Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Age Restriction:	 Endometriosis: 18 years of age and older Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age or younger (males)
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or gynecologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	• Endometriosis: 6 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified
	CPP: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NALOXEGOL

Affected Medications: MOVANTIK (naloxegol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Opioid-induced constipation
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation supporting a diagnosis of opioid-induced constipation in a patient with chronic, non-cancer pain that has been taking opioids for at least 4 weeks.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to polyethylene glycol 3350 (PEG 3350) and one other laxative (such as lactulose)
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, AND documented continued use of opioid pain medication
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Crohn's disease (CD)
Required Medical Information:	 Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy
	 Relapsing Forms of MS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 <u>Crohn's disease</u> Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment Regimen &	 Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:
Other Criteria:	 Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni and Ruxience) OR
	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment OR
	\circ Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease
	 <u>Crohn's disease</u> Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 12 weeks of TWO oral treatments: corticosteroids,



	 azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, sulfasalazine, balsalazide, or methotrexate AND Documented clinical failure with at least 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra and Renflexis)
	 <u>Reauthorization:</u> Anti-JCV antibody <u>negative</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and periodic MRI to monitor for progressive
Exclusion	 multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) Current or prior history of PML MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications
Criteria:	 MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of Crohn's disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care	• MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a MS specialist
Restrictions:	 CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Relapsing Forms of MS: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	 <u>Crohn's Disease:</u> Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NAXITAMAB

Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course. Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan if MIBG is negative] Documented history of previous treatment with at least one systemic therapy to treat disease outside of the bone or bone marrow



	Documentation of clinical rationale for avoiding use of
	dinutuximab plus chemotherapy (if under 18 years of age)
Appropriate Treatment	 Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF).
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Patients with progressive disease
Age Restriction:	1 year of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO

Affected Medications: NEMLUVIO (nemolizumab-ilto)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
.	Prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required	Documentation of all the following:
Medical	 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
Information:	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
	 Severe itching
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super
Treatment	high potency topical corticosteroid (such as clobetasol
Regimen &	propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)
Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of
	one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine
	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of
	Dupixent (dupilumab)
Exclusion	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator
Criteria:	agent
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist,
of Care	or immunologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Vyvgart
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	Rystiggo
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive
	Vyvgart Hytrulo
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
Required	Myasthenia Gravis
Medical	• Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by
Information:	 one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo)
	 Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	<u> </u>



	 CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only) Documented baseline in strength/weakness using an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin) Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following: Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
	 Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic findings are non-diagnostic): CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³ CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo
	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Need for ongoing rescue therapy (at least 3 courses in the past 12 months) with plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) while consistently taking immunosuppressive therapy (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)



Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is
met:
 Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs
 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive gMG
• Documented treatment failure with rituximab for MuSK antibody positive gMG (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience)
Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:
 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline
 Documentation that the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
Note : a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle
 CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only) Documented trial and failure of at least 3 months of intravenous or subcutaneous immune globulin
 Reauthorization: Documentation of a clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)



Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for the treatment of gMG 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NILOTINIB

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with imatinib <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less, ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 	
Required Medical	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course 	
Information:	 Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with documentation of tumor progression (tumor growth causing chronic pain, disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion) 	
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: NON-Preferred HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: DUROLANE (hyaluronic acid), EUFLEXXA (1% sodium hyaluronate), GEL-ONE (cross-linked hyaluronate), GELSYN-3 (sodium hyaluronate 0.84%), GENVISC 850 (sodium hyaluronate), HYALGAN (sodium hyaluronate), HYMOVIS (high molecular weight viscoelastic hyaluronan), MONOVISC (high molecular weight hyaluronan), SUPARTZ (sodium hyaluronate), SYNOJOYNT (sodium hyaluronate), TRILURON (sodium hyaluronate), TRIVISC (sodium hyaluronate), VISCO-3 (sodium hyaluronate)

1.	Is this the first time a Hyaluronic Acid (HA) derivative product is being used in this member for this indication?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Document date of last use and go to Renewal criteria
2.	Is the request for a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication: Treatment of osteoarthritis pain of the knee?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure to respond to conservative non-pharmacologic therapy (such as ice, physical therapy) and simple analgesics (such as acetaminophen)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Has there been a documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #5
5.	Is the member currently undergoing treatment and coverage is required to complete the current course of treatment?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Document and approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Renewal for hyaluronic acid (HA) after previous administration of HA product		
 Is there documentation of treatment success that lasted at least 6 months from date of previous HA administration AND documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Limitations		
 Durolane: 1 injection per course Euflexxa: 3 injections per course Gel-One: 1 injection per course Gelsyn-3: 3 injections per course GenVisc 850: 3 to 5 injections per course Hyalgan: 5 injections per course Hymovis: 2 injections per course Monovisc: 1 injection per course Supartz: 3 to 5 injections per course Synojoynt: 3 injections per course Triluron: 3 injections per course Visco-3: 3 injections per course 		



POLICY NAME: NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: BORTEZOMIB, PEMETREXED

Covered Uses:	All Easd and I	Drug Administration (E	DA) approved indications not
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 For oncology indications: National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 		
Doguinad		LN) mulcations with ev	idence level of ZA of higher
Required			
Medical			
Information:			
Appropriate	Approval of a	non-preferred medica	l drug listed below requires
Treatment	documentatio	n of an intolerable adv	erse event to all the
Regimen &	preferred alte	rnatives, and the adve	erse event was not an
Other Criteria:			to the active ingredient
	Drug	Non-Preferred code	Preferred
		(Manufacturer)	Alternatives
	Bortezomib	J9046 (Dr. Reddys)	J9041, J9048,
	(Velcade)		J9049
	Pemetrexed	J9304 (Apotex)	J9294, J9296,
	(Pemfexy,		J9297, J9305,
	Alimta,		J9314, J9324
	Pemrydi RTU)		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to		
	therapy		
Exclusion			
Criteria:			
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective		
of Care	site of care		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			
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NUEDEXTA

Affected Medications: NUEDEXTA (dextromethorphan hydrobromide/quinidine sulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not		
	otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) 		
Required	Documentation of at least ONE underlying neurological condition		
Medical	associated with PBA such as:		
Information:	 amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 		
	$_{\odot}~$ extrapyramidal and cerebellar disorders (Parkinson's		
	disease, multiple system atrophy, progressive		
	supranuclear palsy)		
	 multiple sclerosis (MS) 		
	 traumatic brain injury 		
	 Alzheimer's disease and other dementias 		
	\circ stroke.		
	score of 13 or greater		
	 Documentation of treatment failure to a 30-day trial of each of the following: 		
	5		
	 serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) 		
	 tricyclic antidepressant (TCA) 		
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success		
Treatment	defined as decreased frequency of pseudobulbar affect (PBA)		
Regimen &	episodes.		
Other Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist 		
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective		
Restrictions:	site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdonum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A 	
	molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A	
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A diagnosis	
Appropriate	Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency	
Treatment	(MoCD) Type A based on the following:	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Family history Affected siblings with confirmed MoCD Type A; or a history of deceased sibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)] Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type A: Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, high-pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC), elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or blood 	
	 Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A: Genetic confirmation of the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1 (MOSC1) to confirm MoCD Type A In patients with a presumptive diagnosis of MoCD Type A, the diagnosis must be confirmed immediately using genetic testing Reauthorization: 	



	 Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing provider Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially approved for presumptive diagnosis 		
 Exclusion Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS: mutation) 			
	MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)		
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist 		
	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



NUPLAZID

Affected Medications: NUPLAZID (pimavanserin tartrate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hallucinations and delusions associated with Parkinson's disease (PD) psychosis 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Parkinson's disease (PD) Presence of psychotic symptoms: hallucinations and/or delusions described as severe and frequent that started after the PD diagnosis 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to a 30- day trial of quetiapine <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: NUSINERSEN

Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test G-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of ventilator use status Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the
	 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms



Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 8 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required	All Indications:
Medical	• Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per
Information:	revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
Information:	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	Primary Progressive MS:
	 Documentation of at least one year of disease progression and baseline Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Relapsing forms of MS:
Treatment Regimen &	 Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) requires documentation of one of the following:
Other Criteria:	 Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with rituximab (biosimilar products, Riabni and Ruxience, preferred)
	 Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	Active hepatitis B infection
Criteria:	• Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV (nintedanib esylate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a progressive phenotype Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required	Documentation of baseline liver function tests in all patients, at
Medical	regular intervals during the first three months, then periodically
Information:	thereafter or as clinically indicated
	Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF)
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
	supported by one of the following:
	 Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP)
	 High resolution computed tomography (HRCT)
	 Surgical lung biopsy
	Documentation of baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater
	than or equal to 50% of the predicted value
	Documentation of predicted diffuse capacity for carbon
	monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30%
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	(SSc-ILD)
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated
	Interstitial Lung Disease from the American College of
	Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism
	classification criteria
	 Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud
	symptom) of less than 7 years
	• Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a
	chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan
	conducted within the previous 12 months
	• Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of
	predicted
	Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted



	 Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Diseases with a Progressive Phenotype Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a progressive phenotype Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan with clinical signs of progression (defined as FVC decline at least 10%, FVC decline at least 5% with worsening symptoms, and/or imaging in the previous 24 months) FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 IPF: Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone SSc-ILD: Documented treatment failure with mycophenolate (MMF) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Documentation of airway obstruction (such as pre- bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7) Transaminases more than 5 times the upper limit of normal or elevated transaminases accompanied by symptoms (jaundice, hyperbilirubinemia). Ofev is not approved for use in combination with Esbriet 18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME (olipudase alfa-rpcp)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following: Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM) Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic SMPD1 mutation Documentation of clinical presentation (e.g., hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood) outside the central nervous system Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height For adults 18 years of age and older, documentation of both of the following: Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted normal value Spleen volume greater than or equal to 6 multiples of normal (MN) measured by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) For pediatrics 18 years of age and younger, documentation of both of the following: Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI Height of -1 Z-score or lower
Appropriate Treatment	 Dosing: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight (kg)



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight Adjusted body weight = (height in m²) x 30 Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of improvement in patient specific disease presentation such as: Improvement in PFT or DLCO Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function Improvement/stability in platelet counts Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specifiedReauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: XOLAIR (omalizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) in patients 12 years of age and older Reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adults and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with an IgE-mediated food allergy
Required	Allergic Asthma
Medical	Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by
Information:	all of the following:
	 A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores) A serum total IgE level at baseline of: At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients 12 years of age and older OR At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients 6 to 11 years of age FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 CRSwNP Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy



	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction) CSU Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs]) Documented baseline score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as: Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher) Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12) Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher) Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
	 IgE-Mediated Food Allergy Serum total IgE level between 30 and 1850 IU/mL Body weight between 10 and 150 kg Diagnosis of IgE-mediated food anaphylactic allergy to three or more foods with documented positive skin prick test and positive serum IgE Documentation of past IgE-mediated food anaphylactic reactions requiring use of epinephrine despite avoidance of food allergen and modifications to diet Documentation that avoidance of food allergen alone is not feasible based on the number of allergens, malnutrition due to nutritional restrictions, and impaired quality of life causing food allergy-related anxiety
Appropriate Treatment	 <u>Allergic Asthma</u> Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a



Regimen &	long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with
Other Criteria:	continued symptoms
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence. Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	CRSwNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal
	corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	<u>CSU</u>
	 Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of one of the following second generation H1-antihistamine products for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL of the following for at least one month each: Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast) Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine)
	 Add-on therapy with cyclosporine A
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	Trial and failure of oral immunotherapy (OIT)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g.,
Criteria:	Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire, Dupixent, Cinqair)



Age	•	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
Restriction:	•	CRSwNP : 18 years of age and older
	•	CSU : 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	•	Allergic Asthma: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an
of Care		allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	•	CRSwNP : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an
		otolaryngologist
	•	CSU/IgE-Mediated Food Allergy: prescribed by, or in
		consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: Skyclarys (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical Information:	 Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81 Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities of daily living
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success, such as a reduction in the rate of decline, as determined by prescriber
Criteria: Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: OMISIRGE (Omidubicel)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior
Medical	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy
	Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood
	transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate	• Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched
Treatment	unrelated donor (MUD), mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD),
Regimen &	or haploidentical donor readily available.
Other Criteria:	Documentation that NONE of the following are present:
	 Other active malignancy
	 Active or uncontrolled infection
	 Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : None - Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion	
	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern
Exclusion Criteria:	treatment
	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater
	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate
	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation)
Criteria:	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation
Criteria: Age	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation 12 years of age and older
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site	treatment • Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater • HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate • Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) • Pregnancy or lactation • 12 years of age and older • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation 12 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site	treatment • Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater • HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate • Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) • Pregnancy or lactation • 12 years of age and older • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	treatment • Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater • HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate • Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) • Pregnancy or lactation • 12 years of age and older • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care	 treatment Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation 12 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



POLICY NAME: ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)



Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Approved for one dose only per lifetime, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABECMA, ABRAXANE, ADCETRIS, ADSTILADRIN, AKEEGA, ALECENSA, ALIOOPA, ALKERAN, ALUNBRIG 180mg ORAL TABLET, ANKTIVA, ARZERRA, ASPARLAS, AUGTYRO, AYVAKIT, AZEDRA, BALVERSA, BAVENCIO, BELEODAQ, BELRAPZO, BENDAMUSTINE, BENDEKA, BESPONSA, BLENREP, BLINCYTO, BOSULIF, BRAFTOVI, BREYANZI, BRUKINSA, CABOMETYX, CALQUENCE, CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI, CLOFARABINE, CLOLAR, COLUMVI, COMETRIQ, COPIKTRA, COSELA, COTELLIC, CYRAMZA, DACOGEN, DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO, DAURISMO, DOXIL, DOXORUBICIN LIPOSOMAL, ELAHERE, ELREXFIO, EMPLICITI, ENHERTU, EPKINLY, ERBITUX, ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA, ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, FOTIVDA, FRUZAQLA, GAZYVA, GAVRETO, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HEPZATO, HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE, IBRUTINIB, ICLUSIG, IDHIFA, IMBRUVICA, IMDELLTRA, IMFINZI, IMJUDO, IMLYGIC IRESSA, INLYTA, INQOVI, INREBIC, IOBENGUANE I-131, ISTODAX, IXEMPRA, JAKAFI, JAYPIRCA, JELMYTO, JEMPERLI, JEVTANA, KADCYLA, KEYTRUDA, KIMMTRAK, KRAZATI, KYMRIAH, KYPROLIS, LAPATINIB, LARTRUVO, LENALIDOMIDE, LENVIMA, LIBTAYO, LONSURF, LOQTORZI, LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS, LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO, LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI, MARGENZA, MAROIBO, MATULANE, MEKINIST, MEKTOVI, MELPHALAN, MONJUVI, MYLOTARG, NAB-PACLITAXEL, NEXAVAR, NERLYNX, NILANDRON, NINLARO, NIVOLUMAB, NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJEMDA, OJJAARA, ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE, ONUREG, OPDIVO, OPDUALAG, ORSERDU, PADCEV, PAZOPANIB, PEMAZYRE, PEPAXTO, PERJETA, PHOTOFRIN, PIQRAY, PLUVICTO, POLIVY, POMALYST, POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN, PROVENGE, QINLOCK, RETEVMO, REVLIMID, REZLIDHIA, REZUROCK, ROMIDEPSIN, ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT, RYDAPT, RYLAZE, RYTELO, SARCLISA, SORAFENIB, STIVARGA, SUNITINIB, SUTENT, SYNRIBO, TABRECTA, TAFINLAR, TAGRISSO, TALVEY, TALZENNA, TARCEVA, TAZVERIK, TECARTUS, TECENTRIQ, TECVAYLI, TEMODAR, TEMOZOLOMIDE, TEPADINA, TEPMETKO, TIBSOVO, TIVDAK, TORISEL, TREANDA, TRODELVY, TRUQAP, TURALIO, TYKERB, VANFLYTA, VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA, VERZENIO, VIDAZA, VIVIMUSTA, VIZIMPRO, VONJO, VORANIGO, VOTRIENT, VYXEOS, XALKORI, XOFIGO, XOSPATA, XPOVIO, XTANDI, YERVOY, YESCARTA, YONDELIS, ZALTRAP, ZEJULA TABLETS, ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA, ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA, ZYNYZ

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization:</u> documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME) Affected Medications: ALL OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration otherwise excluded by plan defined by pl	tion (FDA)-approved indications not esign
Required Medical Information:	 Short term use of opioids wit MME requires one of the follo Recent surgery Acute injury 	h an MME per day greater than 90 wing:
	 (MME) per day greater than 9 A comprehensive indiviatestation of a pain maprescriber and patient Continued assessment Documentation that preor documentation of a pain of taper initiation 	dual treatment plan including anagement agreement between the and documentation of risk of abuse evious tapers have been attempted taper plan or rationale for avoidance
Appropriate	Calculating morphine milligra	<u>am equivalents (MME)</u>
Treatment Regimen &	Opioid	Factor
Other Criteria:	Methadone	4.7
	Codeine	0.15
	Fentanyl transdermal (mcg/hr)	2.4
	Hydrocodone	1
	Hydromorphone	5
	Morphine	1
	Oxycodone (Roxicodone, Oxycontin)	1.5
	Oxymorphone	3
	Tramadol	0.2
	Buprenorphine patch	**



	Tapentadol	0.4
	Oxycodone myristate	1.67
	 ** The MME conversion factor for buprenorphine patches is based on the assumption that: One milligram of parenteral buprenorphine is equivalent to 75 milligrams of oral morphine and One patch delivers the dispensed micrograms (mcg) per hour over a 24-hour day. 	
	= 0.12 mg/day 0.12 mg per day X 75 (1 mg bup mg/day oral MME.	24 hrs = 120 mcg/day buprenorphine renorphine=75 mg morphine) = 9 ctor not accounting for days of use
	multiplied the conversion factor b	g/hr buprenorphine patches dispensed
	Example : 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patch X MME/day.	(4 patches/28 days) X 12.6 = 9
	Please note that because this allo the typical dosage of one buprend should first change all days suppl follow this standard, i.e., days su # of patches x 7	orphine patch per 7 days. You y in your prescription data to
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active of Chronic pain related to sickle of Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute 	ell disease
Age Restriction:		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA CREAM (1.5%)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Atopic dermatitis
Required Medical Information:	 Severe Atopic Dermatitis Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction) AND Body Surface Area (BSA) of at least 10% OR Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa, phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, Dupixent, AND Adbry (prior authorization required for Dupixent and Adbry). <u>Reauthorization</u> No reauthorization permitted: treatment beyond 8 weeks has not been studied or found to be safe and effective.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Combination use with a monoclonal antibody (such as Dupixent) Previous 8-week treatment course Cosmetic indications, such as vitiligo
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (i.e., dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Maximum of 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: ABSTRAL, ACTIQ, FENTORA, FENTANYL CITRATE BUCCAL TABLET, LAZANDA, SUBSYS, FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of breakthrough pain in cancer patients who are already receiving and who are tolerant to around-the- clock opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL of the following: This drug is being prescribed for breakthrough cancerrelated pain The patient is currently receiving, and will continue to receive, around-the-clock opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as taking one of the following for one week or longer: At least 60 mg of oral morphine per day At least 30 mg of oral oxycodone per day At least 8 mg of oral hydromorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day An equianalgesic dose of another opioid
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: The patient is unable to swallow, or has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting The patient has documented intolerance or allergies to two other short-acting narcotics (such as oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.) PDL only: Actiq requests will require documentation of clinical trial and failure with fentanyl citrate lozenge on a handle



	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer-related pain All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORAL TESTOSTERONE

Affected Medications: JATENZO, TLANDO, KYZATREX

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise exclude by plan design Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or hypogonadotropic hypogonadism Gender Dysphoria
Required Medical Information:	 Hypogonadism in Adults Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous testosterone For members 65 years and above Yearly evaluation of need is completed discussing need for hormone replacement therapy Yearly documentation that provider has educated patient on risks of hormone replacement (heart attack, stroke) Yearly documentation that provider has discussed limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement in patients experiencing age related decrease in testosterone levels Gender Dysphoria If under 18 years of age, documentation of all of the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed
	 o The patient has the capacity to make a fairly informed decision and to give consent for treatment o Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled o A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version



	 of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Indications: Documented failure with transdermal testosterone <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of sexual dysfunction Treatment of symptoms of menopause
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (Treprostinil oral)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health
	Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization
Information:	meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to
	15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with
	connective tissue disease
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	 Cirrhosis
	• Anorexigens
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Drugs and toxins
	• Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization
	(WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result
	requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there
	are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less
	than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	OR Braconco of covero symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of failure with Remodulin The nulmenant by performing has pregnessed despite maximal
Treatment	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal madical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition
Other Criteria:	



	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolix)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Prostate Cancer</u> Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Cushing's disease
Required	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
Medical	 Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
Information:	 Mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour urine free
	cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of
	normal (ULN) for the assay
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements)
	greater than 145 ng/dL
	\circ Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a
	serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	• Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR
Treatment	previous surgery has not been curative
Regimen &	Reauthorization Reauthorization requires documentation of
Other Criteria:	treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or
	equal to the ULN)
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist,
of Care	neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of RVVC defined as three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g., due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months Not to exceed one treatment course per year <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Women of reproductive potential or who are pregnant or breastfeeding 18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



OXERVATE

Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
.	Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
Required	• Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using
Medical	the Cochet-Bonnet aesthesiometer) within the area of the
Information:	recurrent/persistent epithelial defect or corneal ulcer AND
	outside of the area of the defect, in at least one corneal
	quadrant
	Documentation of one of the following:
	• Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of
	recurrent or persistent corneal epithelial defect
	 Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of
	corneal ulceration (with or without stromal melting and
	perforation)
Appropriate	 Documented progression in disease severity with all of the
Treatment	following treatments:
	5
Regimen &	 Preservative-free artificial tears, gel, or ointments
Other Criteria:	• Therapeutic corneal or scleral contact lenses
	 Amniotic membrane transplantation and conjunctival flap
	surgery OR tarsorrhaphy OR cyanoacrylate glue OR soft-
	bandage contact lens
	Decempy not evered more than 1 yiel new every day
	 Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment response,
	as shown by a reduction in corneal staining with fluorescein
Exclusion	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), XYREM (sodium oxybate), XYWAV (oxybate salts), SODIUM OXYBATE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Narcolepsy with cataplexy Narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) Idiopathic Hypersomnia (IH) (Xywav only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss of muscle tone with retained consciousness Narcolepsy with EDS or IH: Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documented treatment failure with TWO of the following for at least 1 month each: Venlafaxine Fluoxetine Duloxetine Tricyclic antidepressant (such as clomipramine, protriptyline) Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS: Documented treatment failure to all of the following (1 in each category required) for at least 1 month each: Modafinil or armodafinil



	 Methylphenidate, or dextroamphetamine, or lisdexamfetamine Sunosi (Narcolepsy with EDS only) <u>Reauthorization:</u> Narcolepsy with cataplexy: requires clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS: requires clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Concurrent use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants. Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness 7 years of age and older for cataplexy or EDS due to narcolepsy
Restriction:	 18 years of age and older for EDS due to IH
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OZANIMOD

Affected Medications: ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design: Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Ulcerative Colitis
Required Medical Information:	 Multiple Sclerosis Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS Ulcerative Colitis Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Relapsing forms of MS Coverage of Zeposia (ozanimod) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia (ozanimod), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program Ulcerative Colitis Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks each: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-



	 AND Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event with all preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Xeljanz, Stelara, Rinvoq) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis UC: concurrent use with a JAK inhibitor or biologic medication for the treatment of ulcerative colitis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist UC: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified MS: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PALFORZIA

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

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Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that
	may occur with accidental exposure to peanut
Required	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
Medical	• Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	\circ A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a
	wheal diameter at least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to
	0.35 kUA/L
	• Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all of
	the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic
	reaction to peanut (e.g., hives, swelling, wheezing,
	hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	 The reaction occurred within a short period of time
	following a known ingestion of peanut or peanut-
	containing food
	• The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription
	for an epinephrine injection
	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life
	due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	• Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 1 and 17
Regimen &	years of age
Other Criteria:	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 1 year of age
	and older
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of completion of the
	appropriate initial dose escalation and up-dosing phases prior to
	moving on to the maintenance phase AND documentation of
	treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy,
	defined by one or more of the following:



	Improvement in quality of life			
	 Reduction in severe allergic reactions Reduction in opinophring use 			
	Reduction in epinephrine use Reduction in generation of the solution			
	• Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy			
Exclusion	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including			
Criteria:	anaphylaxis			
	Uncontrolled asthma			
	• History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic			
	gastrointestinal disease			
	History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or			
	inadequately controlled hypertension			
	• History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and hereditary or idiopathic angioedema			
Age	• 1 year of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen &			
Restriction:	Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)			
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or			
of Care	immunologist			
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective			
	site of care			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of one of the following conditions: Congenital heart disease (CHD): With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extracorporeal membrane oxygenation That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension) Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater that 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6 month period prior to RSV season (e.g. corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen) Cystic Fibrosis and: Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable) A weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	cystic fibrosis) that impairs the ability to clear airway secretions 5. Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate Treatment	Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV season Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season (Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then dosing schedule should resume monthly)



	 No more than 5 monthly doses During the RSV season, November 1 through March 31 Discontinue prophylaxis therapy if hospitalized for RSV 			
Exclusion	For use in the treatment of RSV disease			
Criteria:	Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season			
Age	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical			
Restriction:	Information":			
	 1a. Less than 2 years of age 			
	 1b. Less than 1 year of age 			
	• 2a. Less than 1 year of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks			
	• 2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks			
	• 3a. Less than 1 year of age			
	• 3b. Less than 2 years of age			
	 3c. Less than 2 years of age 			
	• 4. Less than 1 year of age			
	• 5. Less than 1 year of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks			
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective			
of Care	site of care			
Restrictions:				
Coverage	Authorization:			
Duration:	 5 months (November 1 through March 31) [5 monthly doses], unless otherwise specified 			
	 1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region according to the CDC [1 monthly dose], unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not			
	otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP) 			
Required	Documented diagnosis of FOP confirmed by ACVR1 R206H			
Medical	mutation by molecular genetic testing			
Information:	 Radiographic features of FOP including joint malformations (such as hallux valgus deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint), and progressive heterotopic ossification (HO) Documentation of experiencing at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids such as prednisone 			
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success			
Treatment	defined as a decrease in HO volume or number of flare-ups			
Regimen &	compared to baseline			
Other Criteria:				
Exclusion	Patients weighing less than 10 kg			
Criteria:	 Pregnancy 			
Age	Females 8 years of age and older			
Restriction:	Males 10 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who			
of Care	specializes in rare connective tissue diseases			
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



PALYNZIQ

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management 			
Required	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU			
Medical	 Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of 			
Information:	sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment			
Appropriate	• Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with			
Treatment	sapropterin			
Regimen &				
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of one of the following:			
	Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent			
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance			
	Improvement in clinical symptoms			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age	18 years of age and older			
Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic			
of Care	disorders or an endocrinologist			
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: NATPARA (parathyroid hormone)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunct to calcium and vitamin D to control hypocalcemia in hypoparathyroidism Documentation of the following lab values: 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels within normal limits
Information:	 (approximately 30-74 ng/mL) while on standard of care (such as calcitriol) Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.5 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure with at least 8 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as follows: Calcium 2000 mg daily Vitamin D (metabolite or analog) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) within the lower half of the normal range (approximately 8-9 mg/dL)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score -2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following: Oral or intravenous bisphosphonate (such as, alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) 	



Exclusion Criteria:	 High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures For Forteo requests: Documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid hormone analogs should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid hormone analog use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria: Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T-score while on Forteo or teriparatide Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone analog use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score Paget's Disease Open epiphyses (such as, pediatric or young adult patient) Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies
	 Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, other parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors Preexisting hypercalcemia Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



PEDMARK

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required	 Documentation of a treatment plan that is a cisplatin-based
Medical	regimen treating a localized, non-metastatic solid tumor
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Metastatic disease
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	• Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen, unless
Duration:	otherwise specified



PEGASYS

Affected Medications: PEGASYS

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of anticipated treatment course, to include full antiviral regimen, and duration of therapy 			
	 Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC): Documentation chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype by liver biopsy or by Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved serum test Baseline HCV RNA level 			
	 Chronic Hepatitis B (CHB): Documentation of HBeAg-positive or HBeAg-negative chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection Baseline HBV DNA level Current (within 12 weeks) alanine transaminase (ALT) level Chronic Hepatitis C and B: Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh score within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy Documentation if HIV/HCV/HBV coinfection 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Chronic Hepatitis C:</u> Approve if used in combination with Food and Drug Administration (FDA)- and/or AASLD/IDSA- recommended regimen and if not otherwise excluded from PacificSource policies of other medications in the regimen <u>Chronic Hepatitis B:</u> 			
	Documentation of ONE of the following scenarios: HBeAg HBV DNA ALT			
	Without cirrhosis			
	PositiveGreater than 20,000Greater than 2 times the			



	Negative Negative	copies/mL Greater than 2,000 copies/mL Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	upper limit of normal (ULN) Greater than 2 times the ULN 1-2 times the ULN and moderate/severe liver inflammation/fibrosis	
	With con	npensated cirrhosis		
	Either	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Any ALT	
Exclusion Criteria: Age	transplAutoimHepaticCHC: 5	antation mune hepatitis <u>c decompensation (Child-F</u> years of age and older	who have had solid organ Pugh score greater than 6)	
Restriction:	• CHR: 1	.8 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	hepato	logist, or infectious diseas rovals are subject to utiliz	with, a gastroenterologist, se specialist ation of the most cost-effe	
Coverage Duration:	and dia	2 weeks, unless otherwise agnosis) 2 months, unless otherwi	e specified (depends on reg se specified	jimen



POLICY NAME: **PEGLOTICASE**

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic gout in adults refractory to conventional therapy Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL Documentation of ONE of the following: 2 or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or oral/injectable corticosteroids At least 1 per preselving cubeutapeous gouty tenhus
	 At least 1 non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus Chronic gouty arthritis (defined clinically or radiographically as joint damage due to gout)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated dose to BOTH: Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat) Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with uricosuric agent required. Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination with oral methotrexate 15 mg weekly unless contraindicated
	 Reauthorization will require ALL of the following: Documentation of SUA less than 6 mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of flares or affected joints Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEMIVIBART**

Affected Medications: PEMGARDA (pemivibart)

• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or compendia supported
indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) of coronavirus disease
2019 (COVID-19) in moderate-to-severe immune
compromised individuals 12 years of age and older
weighing at least 40 kg
Documentation of moderate-to-severe immune compromise due
to a medical condition or receipt of immunosuppressive
medications or treatments, and are unlikely to mount an
adequate response to COVID-19 vaccination, meeting one of the
following:
 Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic
malignancies
• Hematologic malignancies associated with poor responses
to COVID-19 vaccines regardless of current treatment
status (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin
lymphoma, multiple myeloma, acute leukemia)
• Receipt of solid-organ transplant or an islet transplant and
taking immunosuppressive therapy
 Receipt of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T-cell or
hematopoietic stem cell transplant (within 2 years of
transplantation or taking immunosuppressive therapy)
 Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g.,
common variable immunodeficiency disease, severe
combined immunodeficiency, DiGeorge syndrome,
Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome)
 Advanced or untreated human immunodeficiency viruses
(HIV) infection (people with HIV and CD4 cell counts less
than 200/mm ³ , history of an AIDS-defining illness without
immune reconstitution, or clinical manifestations of
symptomatic HIV)
 Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least
20 mg prednisone or equivalent per day when
administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents,
antimetabolites, transplant-related immunosuppressive
drugs, cancer chemotherapeutic agents classified as



 severely immunosuppressive, and biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory (such as B-cell depleting agents) Documentation of prophylactic use Baseline SARS-CoV-2 titers that show undetectable antibodies
 Weight of 40 kg or more
Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed
4500 mg once every 3 months
<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of continued immune compromise and low SARS-CoV-2 titers
Positive SARS-CoV-2 antigen test or PCR test within the last 3
months
Received COVID-19 vaccine within the last 3 months
 12 years of age and older
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
site of care
Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



PENICILLAMINE

Affected Medications: PENICILLAMINE CAPSULE

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cystinuria Wilson's Disease Rheumatoid arthritis Copper measurement in urine Documented treatment plan including routine urinalysis, WBCs, hemoglobin, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests due to risk of fatalities due to aplastic anemia,
	 agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia, myasthenia gravis, and Goodpasture's Syndrome Wilson's Disease Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg
	 Rheumatoid arthritis Documentation of severe, active disease defined by one of the following: The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 The Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11



	 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Rheumatoid arthritis Has failed to respond to an adequate trial of conventional therapies (such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq, and Inflectra) Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For Wilson's disease, must have normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of penicillamine during pregnancy (except for treatment of Wilson's disease or cystinuria)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the toxicity and dosage considerations (such as a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant physician for Wilson's Disease) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: PHENOXYBENZAMINE, DIBENZYLINE (phenoxybenzamine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with pheochromocytoma
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pheochromocytoma that requires treatment to control episodes of hypertension and sweating This drug will be used for one of the following: Preoperative preparation for a scheduled surgical resection Chronic treatment of pheochromocytoma that is not amenable to surgery
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a selective alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or a specialist with experience in the management of pheochromocytoma All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by fluorescence in situ
	hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to all of the preferred products (Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in combination with Ogivri) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients
	Beautherization requires documentation of disease
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease
	responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
	 responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria: Age	 responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance



POLICY NAME: PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: ALYQ (tadalafil 20 mg tablet), tadalafil (PAH) 20 mg tablet, TADLIQ (tadalafil 20 mg/5 ml suspension), sildenafil 20 mg tablet, sildenafil 10 mg/mL suspension, LIQREV (sildenafil 10 mg/mL suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For all brand requests: Documented inadequate response or intolerance to sildenafil citrate 20 mg tablets and tadalafil 20 mg tablets Requests for oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow tablets Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function



	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat, a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or
of Care	pulmonologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: **PIRFENIDONE**

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE (267 and 801 mg)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
otherwise excluded by plan design
 Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis
 Documentation of ALL of the following:
\circ Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) on high
resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy
 Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent of the predicted value
 Predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO)
greater than or equal to 30 percent
Pirfenidone is not approved for use in combination with Ofev
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
• Transaminases more than 5 times the upper limit of normal or
elevated transaminases accompanied by symptoms (jaundice,
hyperbilirubinemia)
18 years of age or older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
site of care
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
-



PLEGRIDY

Affected Medications: PLEGRIDY (peglyated interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POMBILITI and OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more Documentation of a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or more Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are within FDA-labeling Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with



	 Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of progression in percent-predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception during treatment Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while awake Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe disease Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or provider experienced in the management of Pompe disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PONVORY

Affected Medications: Ponvory (ponesimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with TWO of the following (minimum 12-week trial each): fingolimod, teriflunomide, Mayzent Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria: Age	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: NOXAFIL (posaconazole), POSACONAZOLE

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Treatment of invasive aspergillosis Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-supported systemic agent (e.g. fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	 Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC): Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with all of the following: Fluconazole Itraconazole
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age and older, who weigh greater than 40 kg Noxafil oral suspension – 13 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POZELIMAB

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation using molecular genetic testing Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less) Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral edema, or facial edema Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8; 10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following: Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms Improvement or normalization requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab) Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) infection



Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PRAMLINTIDE**

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 diabetes mellitus Type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent) on optimized insulin therapy AND Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	and a clinically significant response to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	HbA1c level greater than 9 percent
Criteria:	Weight loss treatment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PROLIA

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	•	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Osteoporosis/bone loss
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	•	Dosage is 60 mg once every 6 months
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PROSTAGLANDIN IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: Durysta (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma (OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22
Medical	mmHg
Information:	 Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-lowering agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which must include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost, bimatoprost, tafluprost, travoprost For iDose TR requests: Documented treatment failure to the preferred product
Exclusion	 Durysta Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
Criteria:	 Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy) Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's
	 Stripping Automated Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK]) Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age	 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless
Duration:		otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical Information:	 Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris) For Fabhalta: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta) except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria



Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid), IQIRVO (elafibranor)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin) Child-Pugh score
Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The patient has an alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) and/or bilirubin above the upper limit of normal while on ursodiol (with demonstrated adherence) after at least 12 months of therapy or has demonstrated a clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol ULN ALP defined as 118 U/L for females or 124 U/L for males ULN of total bilirubin defined as 1.1 mg/dL for females or
	1.5 mg/dL for males <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion Criteria:	 Complete biliary obstruction Decompensated cirrhosis (e.g., Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (e.g., ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia) Use in combination with another drug on this policy (Ocaliva, Iqirvo)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: Daraprim, pyrimethamine

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Toxoplasmosis
Required	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection
Medical	 Documentation of one of the following:
Information:	 Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or
	prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant
	impact on quality of life
	 Immunocompromised status
Appropriate	
Treatment	Dosing Regimen (adult):
Regimen &	$_{\odot}$ Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm
Other Criteria:	divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
	\circ Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm
	divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
	\circ Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine
	500 mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
Exclusion	
Criteria:	Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfapamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
	sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
of Care	site of care
Restrictions:	
	 Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless
Coverage Duration:	• Authorization: Op to o weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



RAVICTI

Affected Medications: RAVICTI (glycerol phenylbutyrate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) who cannot be managed by dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) to sodium phenylbutyrate or documented comorbid condition with high risk of sodium-induced fluid retention such as heart failure, renal impairment, or edema Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	 Known hypersensitivity to phenylbutyrate Use for treatment of acute hyperammonemia or N- acetylglutamate synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are
	anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive for adult patients
Required	PNH
Medical	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry
Information:	 diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	 aHUS Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.) ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10% Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out



	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous
	12 months
	<u>gMG</u>
	• Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	• A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an
	acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical
	Classification Class II to IV
	 Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
	• MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or
	greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or
	greater
	9.0000
	NMOSD
	Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-
	IgG) antibody positive disease confirmed by all of the following:
	 Documentation of positive test for AQP4-IgG antibodies via
	cell-based assay
	$_{\odot}$ Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple
	sclerosis)
	 At least ONE core clinical characteristic:
	 Acute optic neuritis
	 Acute myelitis
	 Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise
	unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
	 Acute brainstem syndrome
	 Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic
	clinical syndrome with NMSOD-typical diencephalic
	MRI lesions
	 Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical
	lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see
	table below]



	 Acute cerebra 	I syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain
	lesion on MRI	[see table below]
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep whitematter lesion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Trial of plasma there is present: Life-threatening seizures, com Confirmed present 	ma therapy within 10 days apy not required if one of the following ng complications of HUS such as a, or heart failure esence of a high-risk complement of (e.g., CFH or CFI)
	 more) of at least 2 i (azathioprine, myco methotrexate) o Has required three of (plasmapheresis/plating) immunoglobulin), wi 	ith an adequate trial (one year or immunosuppressive therapies ophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, or more courses of rescue therapy asma exchange and/or intravenous hile on at least one therapy, over the last 12 months response, contraindication, or
		esponse, contraindication, or



 Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments 		
 Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments Exclusion Current meningitis infection Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specified Age PMH: HUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years of age and older PNH: hematologist QMG: 18 years of age and older MMOSD: neurologist QMG: 18 upprovals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage		 intolerance to ALL of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience)
 Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments Exclusion Current meningitis infection Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specified Age PMH: HUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years of age and older PNH: hematologist QMG: 18 years of age and older MMOSD: neurologist QMG: 18 upprovals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage		 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
Reauthorizationrequires:gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baselinePNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baselineaHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baselineNMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatmentsExclusion Criteria:• Current meningitis infection • Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specifiedAge Restriction:• PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older • PMH; alwars of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist • gMG: neurologist • aHUS: hematologist • aHUS: hematologist • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of careCoverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		
 gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments Exclusion Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specified Age PNH; aHUS: 1 month of age and older Prescriber/Site Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist aHUS: hematologist aHUS: hematologist aHUS: hematologist aHUS: hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
 NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments Exclusion Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specified Age PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years of age and older Prescriber/Site Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist aHUS: hematologist gMG: neurologist gMG: neurologist MMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Coverage Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified 		 gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma
Criteria:• Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specifiedAge Restriction:• PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist • PNH: hematologist • aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist • gMG: neurologist • NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologistCoverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		 NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange
Criteria:• Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise specifiedAge Restriction:• PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist • PNH: hematologist • aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist • gMG: neurologist • NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologistCoverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Exclusion	Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist 		-
Age Restriction:• PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist • PNH: hematologist • aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist • gMG: neurologist • NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist • All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of careCoverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Circeitai	,
Restriction:gMG: 18 years of age and olderPrescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist 	Age	
of Care Restrictions:• PNH: hematologist • aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist • gMG: neurologist • NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of careCoverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	-	
site of care Coverage • Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	of Care	 PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage• Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Coverage	
	-	



REBLOZYL

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia in adult patients with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR Diagnosis of anemia failing an erythropoiesis-stimulating agent and requiring 2 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T) Documentation of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis-stimulating agent (ESA) use (ESA-naive) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require RBC transfusions Baseline complete blood count (CBC) within 2 months and then prior to each administration, or more frequently as indicated Documentation of current RBC transfusion regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of serum EPO over 500 mU/mL with a need for RBC transfusions (very low- to intermediate-risk MDS) Reauthorization requires documentation of a 20% reduction in red blood cell (RBC) transfusion burden from baseline Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



REBIF

Affected Medications: REBIF, REBIF TITRATION PACK

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



RELYVRIO

Affected Medications: RELYVRIO (sodium phenylbutyrate-taurursodiol)

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Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised (Airlie House) criteria Symptom onset within 18 months Slow vital capacity (SVC) of at least 60 percent Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating
	scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Member is stable on riluzole Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success as determined by prescriber including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion	Presence of a tracheostomy
Criteria:	Use of permanent assisted ventilation
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



REMODULIN

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in patients requiring transition from epoprostenol 	
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1	
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization	
Information:	 meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis Anorexigens Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Drugs and toxins Portal hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 	
Appropriato		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition 	



Other Criteria:	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class II and III Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:
	 Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RESLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CINQAIR (reslizumab)

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Covered Uses: •	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with
	severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required •	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype,
Medical	defined by both of the following:
Information:	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate •	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a
Treatment	long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with
Regimen &	continued symptoms
Other Criteria: •	Documentation of one of the following:
•	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair)
•	Availability: 100 mg/10 mL vials
•	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the
	prescribed dose will be enforced
	eauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a linically significant response to therapy
Exclusion •	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g.,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire)



Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist,
of Care	immunologist, or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RESMETIROM

Affected Medications: REZDIFFRA (resmetirom)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of adults with noncirrhotic nonalcoholic
	steatohepatitis (NASH) with moderate to advanced liver
	fibrosis (consistent with stages F2 to F3 fibrosis), in
	conjunction with diet and exercise
Required	Diagnosis of NASH or metabolic dysfunction-associated
Medical	steatohepatitis (MASH) with moderate to advanced (F2 to F3)
Information:	liver fibrosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Conclusive result from a well-validated non-invasive test
	such as:
	 Fibroscan-AST (FAST) score
	 MAST (score from MRI-proton density fat fraction,
	Magnetic resonance elastography [MRE], and serum
	AST)
	 MEFIB (Fibrosis-4 Index ≥1.6 and MRE ≥3.3 kPa)
	 Liver biopsy (also required if non-invasive testing is
	inconclusive or other causes for liver disease have not
	been ruled out)
	• Other causes for liver steatosis have been ruled out (such as
	alcohol-associated liver disease, chronic hepatitis C, Wilson
	disease, drug-induced liver disease)
	 Baseline lab values for AST and ALT
Appropriate	 Documentation of abstinence from alcohol consumption
Treatment	 Documentation of comprehensive comorbidity management
Regimen &	being undertaken, including all of the following:
Other Criteria:	 Use of diet and exercise for weight management
	 Medications to manage associated comorbid conditions,
	such as thyroid disease (must not have active disease),
	diabetes, dyslipidemia, hypertension, or cardiovascular



	conditions
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy based on improvements or stability in laboratory results, such as ALT and AST, or fibrosis as evaluated by a non-invasive test
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of excessive alcohol use or alcohol-associated liver disease Current excessive alcohol use Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis Stage 4 liver disease or cirrhosis Use for other liver disease Active or untreated thyroid disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following: Complete DiGeorge Syndrome (cDGS) Forkhead Box N1 (FOXN1) deficiency 22q11.2 deletion CHARGE Syndrome (Coloboma, Heart defects, Atresia of the nasal choanae, Retardation of growth and development, Genitourinary anomalies, Ear anomalies) CHD7 mutation 10p13-p14 deletion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates: Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood OR Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified



RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes
	(CAPS), including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory
	Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
	• The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-
	1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) in adults and pediatric
	patients weighing at least 10 kg
	 Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Medical	• Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS),
Information:	including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and
	Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	 Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	 Must include genetic testing results which confirm the
	presence of homozygous mutations in the interleukin-1
	receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	 Disease must currently be in remission
	 Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory
	phenotype shown by one of the following:
	 Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white
	blood cell count, elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate
	(ESR), pericardial late gadolinium enhancement (LGE) on
	cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial contrast
	enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with
Regimen & Other Criteria:	trial of Kineret (anakinra)



	 Recurrent Pericarditis: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all of the following: Colchicine Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin Glucocorticoid
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen Active or chronic infection
Criteria.	 Concurrent therapy with anakinra, tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, or other biologics
Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4)
Required	Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH)
Medical	 Documentation of CTEPH (WHO Group 4) meeting the following
Information:	 criteria: Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mm Hg PAWP less than 15 mm Hg Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	 Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index
	 Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 CTEPH Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy surgery Current therapy with anticoagulants
	 PAH Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite) Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (risdiplam)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
 otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 davs)
 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a
Deputherization requires documentation of improvement in
<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improvement in
baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms
SMA type 4
 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)



	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCELA (rituximab and hyaluronidase human), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA) Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD) Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Thrombocytopenia in patients with immune
Poquirod	 thrombocytopenia (ITP) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Desumptation of discass staging all prior therapies used and
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course RA Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3



 MPA or GPA Documentation of active GPA or MPA
 EGPA Non-severe disease: documentation of active EGPA OR Severe disease: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF)
 Relapsing Forms of MS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis (MS) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
 NMOSD Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all of the following: Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) At least one core clinical characteristic: Acute optic neuritis Acute myelitis Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting) Acute brainstem syndrome Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below] Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]



	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	 Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
	but not limited to cicatricial pemph paraneoplastic per Diagnosis confir Documented sev	
	 Platelet count le One of the follow Document platelets/p Lack of cli 	ed steroid dependence to maintain prevent bleeding for at least 3 months nically meaningful response to corticosteroids is inability to increase platelets to at least
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		to the nearest vial size within 10% of the will be enforced



	 Coverage of Truxima, Rituxan, or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	 Oncology Uses Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%
	 RA Initial Course: Documented failure with two of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumabadaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq) Dose is approved for up to 2 doses of 1,000 mg given 2 weeks apart Repeat Course: Approve if 16 weeks or more after the first dose of the previous rituximab regimen and the patient has responded (e.g., less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue, or improved mobility, or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths) as determined by the prescribing physician.
	 Relapsing Forms of MS Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses) Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support
	 NMOSD Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses) Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
1	 MPA and GPA Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg



	 once every 2 weeks for 2 doses or 375 mg/m² once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes) EGPA Non-severe disease: Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) with an oral immunosuppressive therapy: azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide Severe disease: Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate
	 A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy Documented treatment failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion	MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease- modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS



Criteria:	Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 For RA, MPA, GPA, EGPA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist For CLL, NHL: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For MS, NMOSD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist For PV: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: PV, MPA, GPA, EGPA – 3 months, unless otherwise specified Oncology – 4 months, unless otherwise specified RA, MS, NMOSD – 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1)
Required Medical Information:	 A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of the following criteria related to treatment success: Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one or more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1
Age Restriction Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 For Rivfloza: age in accordance with FDA labeling Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or specialist in the treatment of PH1 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	• Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMIPLOSTIM

Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indice otherwise excluded by plan design Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (I' have had an insufficient response to corticosteroi immunoglobulins, or splenectomy 	TP) who ids,
 Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (I have had an insufficient response to corticosteroi immunoglobulins, or splenectomy 	ids,
have had an insufficient response to corticosteroi immunoglobulins, or splenectomy	ids,
immunoglobulins, or splenectomy	
	"P for at
 Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with IT 	D for at
	ιυιαι
least 6 months who have had an insufficient resp	
corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy	
 Adult and pediatric patients (including term neon 	•
acute exposure to myelosuppressive radiation do	•
Required Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP	
• Documentation of ONE of the following:	
Information: • Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter	
 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding 	
	croscod
 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND in right for blooding (such as portionales diseases) 	
risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, us	
antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleedin	
higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasiv	/e
procedure)	
Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrom	no
 Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels growthan 2 growthan 2 	eater
than 2 gray (Gy)	
Appropriate • Current weight	
• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the	ne
Regimen & prescribed dose will be enforced	
Other Criteria:	
Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP	
 Documentation of inadequate response, defined as plat 	
not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the follow	ring
therapies:	
 ONE of the following: 	
 Inadequate response with at least 2 therap 	pies for
immune thrombocytopenia, including cortic	costeroids,
rituximab, or immunoglobulin	



	 Splenectomy 	
	 Promacta 	
	Reauthorization (ITP only):	
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50.000 (microliter (not to avgoed 400.000 (microliter))	
	50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR	
	 The platelet counts have not increased to a level of at least 50,000/microliter and member has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks 	
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome	
	 Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10 mcg/kg 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) 	
	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor	
	agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist 	
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
Restrictions:	site of care	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP	
Duration:	 Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified 	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome	
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at
	high risk for fracture, defined as one of the following:
	History of osteoporotic fracture
	 Multiple risk factors for fracture
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis therapy
Required	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the
Medical	following:
Information:	\circ T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the
	lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	\circ T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine,
	femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased
	risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following
	Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic
	fracture is 20% or greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or
	greater
	 History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other
	metabolic bone disorders
Appropriate	Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all of the
Treatment	following:
Regimen &	 Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or
Other Criteria:	ibandronate)
	 Prolia (denosumab)
	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12
	months in a lifetime
Exclusion	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year
Criteria:	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone
h	



	analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitorsHypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 12 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



RUFINAMIDE

Affected Medications: BANZEL (rufinamide), RUFINAMIDE SUSPENSION, RUFINAMIDE TABLET

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome(LGS) 	
Required	All Indications	
Medical	Patient weight	
Information:	 Documentation that rufinamide will be used as adjunctive therapy 	
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)	
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy 	
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including: Valproate and 	
	 Lamotrigine and 	
	 Topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam 	
Appropriate	 Dosing: not to exceed 3200 mg daily 	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion	Familial Short QT syndrome	
Criteria:	 Use as monotherapy for seizure control 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



RYPLAZIM

Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
covered uses.	
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1
Required	
Medical	Plasminogen Deficiency type 1 (must meet all of the
Information:	following):
	 Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) as evidenced by documentation of all of the following: Genetic testing showing presence of biallelic pathogenic variants in plasminogen (PLG) Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documented size, location and number of total lesions Abnormal plasminogen antigen plasma level less than 9 mg/dL as confirmed by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing)
Appropriate	Initial dosing: 6.6 mg/kg every three days
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Obtain a trough plasminogen activity level approximately 72 hours following the initial dose and prior to the second dose (same time of day as initial dosing) If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then increase to every 2 day dosing
	 If between 10-20% of baseline then maintain every 3 day dosing If above 20% of baseline then change dosing to every 4 days.
	 Maintain dosing frequency as determined above for 12 weeks while treating active lesions If lesions do not resolve by 12 weeks, or there are new or recurrent lesions, increase dosing frequency in one-day



	 increments every 4-8 weeks up to Q2D dosing while reassessing clinical improvement until lesion resolution or until the lesions stabilize without further worsening. If desired clinical change does not occur by 12 weeks, check trough plasminogen activity level. If plasminogen activity is greater than 10% above baseline
	 level then consider other treatment options, such as surgical removal of the lesion in addition to plasminogen treatment. If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then obtain a second trough plasminogen activity level to confirm. If low plasminogen activity level is confirmed in combination with no clinical efficacy, consider discontinuing plasminogen treatment due to the possibility of neutralizing antibodies
	***If lesions resolve by 12 weeks, continue at same dosing frequency and monitor for new or recurrent lesions every 12 weeks.
	 Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.
	 Reauthorization (must meet all of the following): Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) greater than 10% above baseline level Documented improvement (reduction) in lesion size and number Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.
Exclusion	Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim
Criteria:	Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of same
of Care	site of care
Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist in coordination with Hemophilia Treatment Center (HTC) or other



	specialized center of excellence
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase- isomaltase deficiency (CSID)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) <u>Reauthorization:</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms)
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	5 months of age or older
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or
of Care	genetic specialist
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

Affected Medications: KUVAN (sapropterin), SAPROPTERIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age and older with phenylketonuria (PKU)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL) Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120 - 360 micromol/L (2 - 6 mg/dL) Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses: Required	otherwise exclude o Neuromyeli	g Administration (FDA)-approved indications not ed by plan design tis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults ti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Medical	Diagnosis of serv	positive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-
Information:	IgG) NMOSD conf	firmed by all the following:
	 Documenta based assay 	tion of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell- v
		, f alternative diagnoses (such as multiple
	,	e core clinical characteristic:
	 Acute 	e optic neuritis
	 Acute 	e myelitis
		e area postrema syndrome (episode of
		wise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
		e brainstem syndrome
		otomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic al syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic
		n on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [<i>see</i> <i>below</i>]
		e cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain n on MRI [<i>see table below</i>]
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic	Periependymal lesion
	syndrome	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral	Extensive
	syndrome	 periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or
		neccrogenous, or



	 edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks 	
	in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab (preferred agents Riabni and Ruxience) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection Active or untreated latent tuberculosis Concurrent with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro- ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications: KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not	
	otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency 	
Required	 Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency 	
Medical	within the first 6 months of life confirmed by one of the	
Information:	following:	
	• Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity	
	• Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (<i>LIPA</i>) gene	
	 Documentation of patient weight 	
	 Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and 	
	frequency)	
	Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating	
	therapy (not required for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency)	
Appropriate	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the 	
Treatment	prescribed dose will be enforced	
Regimen &		
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization:	
	Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of	
	improvement in weight-for-age Z-score	
	 LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c 	
Exclusion	• EAE deneichey: doedmentation of improvement in EDE e	
Criteria:		
Age	1 month of age or older	
Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or	
of Care	metabolic specialist	
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
	site of care	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

Affected Medications: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	
Required	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
Medical	otherwise excluded by plan design
Information:	
Appropriate	Pharmaceuticals covered under your pharmacy benefit are in
Treatment	place of, not in addition to, those same covered supplies under
Regimen &	the medical plan. Please refer to your benefit book for more
Other Criteria:	information.
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	
of Care	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: SELUMETINIB

Affected Medications: KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documented body surface area (BSA) and requested dose
Information:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in post pubertal individuals Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma Optic pathway glioma Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities



	 A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	 NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in symptoms, such as pain
Exclusion Criteria:	 NCCN Indications Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiformneurofibromas• 2 to 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of neurofibromatosis NCCN Indications Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SEROSTIM

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)-associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body weight (IBW) Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has documented compliance Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption, opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the following: Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior 12 months Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior 6 months BMI less than 20 kg/m² Weight is less than 90% of IBW
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen



Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental trauma or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 8 months (maximum duration of therapy 48 weeks total)



SIGNIFOR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

	-
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease Documentation of at least TWO of the following: Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to ketoconazole and cabergoline Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been curative <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Acromegaly
	 Cushing's disease
Dominod	
Required Medical	Acromegaly
Information:	Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromogaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
	• Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
	• Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1
	(IGF-1) level for age/gender
	 Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or
	greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	Cushing's Disease
	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
	 Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
	$_{\odot}$ Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5
	times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at
	least two measurements)
	$_{\odot}$ Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least
	two measurements)
	\circ Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a
	serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Acromegaly
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ONE of the
Regimen &	following: lanreotide (Somatuline Depot), Sandostatin LAR, or
Other Criteria:	pegvisomant (Somavert)
	Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy
	(e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under
	anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly,
	severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)



	• Dosing: Not to exceed 60 mg every 4 weeks (after 3 months of 40 mg)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	 <u>Cushing's Disease</u> Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR
	previous surgery has not been curative
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ketoconazole and cabergoline
	 Dosing: Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB

SILTUXIMAB	(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A})
	ns: SYLVANT (siltuximab)
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease
	(MCD) who are human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
	negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with
	evidence level of 2A or higher
Required	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior
Medical	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland
	 Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8
	Patient weight
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	• MCD: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks
Regimen & Other Criteria:	until treatment failure
Other Criteria:	• Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): 11 mg/kg IV one time only
	 Availability: 100 mg and 400 mg vials
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the
	prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness
	to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	• MCD:
Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	• CRS: 1 month (1 dose only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIPONIMOD

Affected Medications: MAYZENT (siponimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage of Mayzent (siponimod) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Mayzent (siponimod), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Presence of CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a MS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Affected Medications: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) Neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life) Late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month of life) with history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for management of acute hyperammonemia
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SOLRIAMFETOL

Affected Medications: SUNOSI (solriamfetol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with obstructive sleep apnea
Required Medical Information:	 Narcolepsy Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Symptoms of excessive daytime sleepiness consistent with narcolepsy have been present for at least 3 months An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite treatment
	 Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA) Diagnosis confirmed by sleep study An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite drug treatment and current use of continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) for at least 3 months Documentation that CPAP use will be continued during treatment with solriamfetol
	 All indications: Documentation that other causes of sleepiness have been treated or ruled out (including but not limited to insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure or contraindication to modafinil OR armodafinil For narcolepsy only, documented trial and failure or contraindication to ONE of the following: methylphenidate, dextroamphetamine, lisdexamfetamine, amphetamine- dextroamphetamine
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale score



Exclusion	Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
Criteria:	 Concurrent use of sedative/hypnotic drugs or other central nervous system depressants
Age	 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or
of Care	neurologist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE, SOMATULINE DEPOT (lanreotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design				
	 Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR: Acromegaly Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome) Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas) 				
	 Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot: Acromegaly Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy) Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 				
Required Medical Information:	 Acromegaly Initiation of therapy, patient meets the following: Clinical evidence of acromegaly Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) level for age/gender Patient had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy Clinical reasons for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy Lack of an available skilled surgeon 				



	 Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy Severe hypertension 				
	 Uncontrolled diabetes 				
	All other indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All indications May use the long-acting IM depot formulation as initial therapy OR may consider 1 or 2 doses of subcutaneous (SQ) octreotide to assess tolerability prior to starting the long-actin IM depot For patients experiencing breakthrough symptoms while takin the long-acting depot, supplementary doses of SQ octreotide may be necessary 				
	 Sandostatin LAR Coverage for the non-preferred product Sandostatin LAR is provided when ONE of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Sandostatin LAR, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot, OR Somavert (pegvisomant; acromegaly only) 				
	 Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection 				
	 Reauthorization: Acromegaly: requires that the IGF-1 level is decreased or normalized 				



	All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gastroenterologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOMAVERT

Affected Medications: SOMAVERT (pegvisomant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acromegaly Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease 			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following: Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT) 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to octreotide or lanreotide (Somatuline Depot) Documentation confirming one of the following: Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.) Dosing: Not to exceed 30 mg daily <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels 			
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: SOTATERCEPT-CSRK

Affected Medications: WINREVAIR (sotatercept-csrk)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not			
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health 			
	Organization (WHO) Group 1			
Required	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization			
Medical	meeting the following criteria:			
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 			
Information:	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 			
	15 mm Hg			
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units 			
	O Etiology of DAH: idiopathic DAH, horoditary DAH			
	 Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR 			
	 PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: 			
	 Connective tissue disease 			
	 Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 			
	1 year following repair			
	 Drugs and toxins 			
	• New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization			
	(WHO) Functional Class II or III symptoms			
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result			
	requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there			
	are contraindications:			
	• Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less			
	than 90)			
	 Low cardiac index (cardiac index less than 2 L/min/m²) 			
	OR • Presence of severe symptoms (functional class I\/)			
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Baseline 6-minute walk test (6MWD) 			
Appropriate	 Documentation that drug will be used as an add-on treatment 			
Treatment	with all the following (one from each category) at therapeutic			
Regimen &	doses for at least 90 days:			
Other Criteria:	 Phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor: sildenafil, tadalaf 			
	 Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan, 			
	Opsumit			
	 Prostacyclin: treprostinil, epoprostenol, Ventavis 			



	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents (nifedipine, diltiazem) if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance (6MWD) Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-associated PAH PAH associated with portal hypertension Schistosomiasis-associated PAH Pulmonary veno occlusive disease Platelet count less than 50,000/mm³ (50 x 10⁹/L) Hemoglobin (Hgb) at screening above gender-specific upper limit of normal (ULN)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SPARSENTAN

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of ONE of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day Urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than 1.5 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 g/g Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of each of the following: Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C)	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist	
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
Restrictions:	site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 9 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SPESOLIMAB

Affected Medications: SPEVIGO INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

	1	
Covered Uses: Required	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis) Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the formula in the second se	
Medical Information:	 following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows: A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) total score of greater than or equal to 3 A GPPGA pustulation category subscore of greater than or equal to 2 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with: A one-week trial of cyclosporine AND Infliximab (preferred biosimilars Inflectra, Renflexis) Treatment for each flare is limited to two 900 mg infusions of Spevigo separated by 1 week	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous use of Spevigo Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to psoriatic plaques Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis 	



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Indicated, in conjunction with an oral antidepressant, for the treatment of: Treatment-resistant depression (TRD) in adults Depressive symptoms in adults with major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior Depressive symptoms Depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal Indicated of the treatment of the tr		
Required	Diagnosis of Treatment-Resistant Depression (TRD)		
Medical	 Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse 		
Information:	 Baseline Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score (or other standard rating scale) 		
	 Diagnosis of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score greater than 28, PHQ-9 score greater than 15, or other standard rating scale indicating severe depression 		
Appropriate	Treatment-Resistant Depression:		
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure (defined by less than 50%) 		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	improvement in depression symptom severity using a standard rating scale such as a PHQ-9) to an adequate trial (at least 6 weeks each), or intolerance, of at least three antidepressants from at least two different classes, during the current depressive episode		
	 Failure to respond to augmentation therapy such as: Two antidepressants with different mechanisms of action used concurrently Two antidepressants with different mechanisms of action used concurrently 		
	 An antidepressant and a second-generation antipsychotic used concurrently 		
	 An antidepressant and lithium used concurrently 		
	 An antidepressant and buspirone used concurrently An antidepressant and thyroid hormone used concurrently 		
	 An antidepressant and thyroid hormone used concurrently 		



•	Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by an objective scale such as a PHQ-9 Spravato will be used in combination with an oral antidepressant (at a therapeutic dose) Dosing according to the approved label:			
			Adults	
	Induction Phase	Weeks 1 to 4	Day 1 starting dose: 56 mg	
		Administer twice per week	Subsequent doses: 56 mg or 84 mg	
	Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8		
		Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg	
		Weeks 9 and after		
		Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg	
re <u>R</u> •	emission/response Ceauthorization (fo Documentation of reduction in sympt a standard rating s Spravato continue antidepressant	toms of depression c scale that measures s to be used in comb	nly) requires: efined as at least a 50 compared to baseline to depressive symptoms pination with an oral	using
•	pr behavior: Documentation of adequate documen inpatient level of c Spravato will be us Dosing: 84 mg twi	current inpatient psyntation of why patier are	vith an oral antidepres ks maximum (No	n OR



Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant psychotic disorder Bipolar or related disorders History of substance use disorder Use as an anesthetic agent Pregnancy Aneurysmal vascular disease (including thoracic and abdominal aorta, intracranial, and peripheral arterial vessels) or arteriovenous malformation History of intracerebral hemorrhage Hypersensitivity to esketamine, ketamine, or any of the excipients
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist who is REMS certified All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 <u>Initial authorization</u>: Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24 nasal spray devices in 28 days of treatment only), unless otherwise specified TRD: 2 months (Induction phase – maximum of 23 nasal spray devices in first 28 days followed by once weekly maintenance phase), unless otherwise specified <u>Reauthorization</u>: (TRD indication only): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL

Affected Medications: DIACOMIT (stiripentol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
Required Medical Information:	 Current Weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline directed therapies including: Valproate Clobazam Topiramate Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Perinatal/Infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the following: Age of onset less than 18 years One of the following: Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophosphatasia at onset prior to age 18, such as: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, respiratory insufficiency, failure to thrive, non-traumatic fracture, dental abnormalities, low score on 6-minute walk test, low bone density score Skeletal abnormalities confirmed with radiographic imaging (such as flared and frayed metaphyses, widened growth plate, bowed arms or legs, rachitic chest deformity, craniosynostosis) Genetic test confirming mutation of tissue-non-specific alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP) gene Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below reference range for patient's age and gender Elevated levels of one of the following: Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) Serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) in the absence of vitamin supplements within one week prior to the test Urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Please note: the 80 mg/0.8 mL vial is for patients weighing greater than 40 kilograms only



	Popularization requires decumentation of:
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of: Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of urine or serum phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP), or urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) Improvement or stabilization in the clinical signs and symptoms of hypophosphatasia, such as: Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth Improvement in 6-minute walk test Improved bone density Reduction in fractures Respiratory function/breathing Improvement in developmental milestones
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other types of osteomalacia or hypophosphatasia, including adult onset hypophosphatasia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic bone disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: CUTAQUIG, CUVITRU, GAMUNEX-C, HIZENTRA, HYQVIA, XEMBIFY

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
	 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common
	variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient
	hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, immunoglobulin
	G (IgG) subclass deficiency with or without
	immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency, antibody
	deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels)
	and combined deficiencies (severe combined
	immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked
	lymphoproliferative syndrome) [list not all inclusive]
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy
	(CIDP)
Required	Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those
Medical	transitioning
Information:	Patient weight
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)
	Type of immunodeficiency
	Documentation of one of the following: Decent LaC level less than 200
	 Recent IgG level less than 200 Level IgG levels (heleve the laboratory reference range)
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range
	lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to
	treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
	following:
	 Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
	 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections



	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all of the following: Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination Tocumented baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin) Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following: Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves Reduction of F-wave latency in 2 nerves Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 1 nerve Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic findings are non-diagnostic): OSE white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³
Appropriate	 CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³ CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL) Meets all criteria for IVIG approval
Treatment	 Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC) immune globulin use



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 PID Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy CIDP HyQvia, Hizentra and Gamunex-c only Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in therapeutic doses over at least three months
	 Reauthorization: PID: Documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity of infections CIDP: Documentation of a beneficial clinical response to
	maintenance therapy, without relapses, based on an objective clinical measuring tool OR
	 Re-initiating maintenance therapy after experiencing a relapse while on Hizentra; AND documented improvement and stability on IVIG treatment AND was NOT receiving maximum dosing of Hizentra prior to relapse
Exclusion Criteria:	 IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components Hyperprolinemia type I or II
Age Restriction:	 PID: 2 years of age and older CIDP: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist CIDP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or rheumatologist with CIDP expertise
Coverage Duration:	 <u>Initial Authorization</u>: CIDP: 3 months, unless otherwise specified PID: 12 months, unless otherwise specified <u>Reauthorization</u>: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUTIMLIMAB

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD)
 Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Documentation of current weight Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all of the following: Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND elevated indirect bilirubin level Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C
 Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Dosing: 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase, reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)
 Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, or overt hematologic malignancy Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents 18 years of age or older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TAFAMIDIS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of wild type or hereditary transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy (ATTR-CM) to reduce cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related hospitalizations in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c): a. Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry b. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii): Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by IHC or mass spectrometry ii. Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by IHC or mass spectrometry
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in symptoms, quality of life, or 6-



Regimen & Other Criteria:	Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease progression; reduced cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
Exclusion Criteria:	 NYHA Functional Class IV heart failure Presence of light-chain (primary) amyloidosis Prior liver or heart transplant Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device Combined use with transthyretin-lowering therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of amyloidosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in pediatric patients at least 2 years
	 of age NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of BPDCN is confirmed by ALL of the following: A biopsy showing the morphology of plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells At least 3 of the following plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDC) markers are expressed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or flow cytometry: CD123 CD4 CD56 TCF4 TCD303 CD304 The following pDC markers are negative: CD3, CD14, CD19, CD34, lysozyme, myeloperoxidase Diagnosis is made by a board-certified hematopathologist or dermatopathologist Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Diagnosis used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy



Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TARGETED IMMUNE MODULATORS

PA Policy Applicable to:

Preferred Drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Tremfya, Stelara, Xeljanz, Skyrizi, Rinvoq

Preferred Medical Drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intravenous, Stelara, Simponi Aria Intravenous

Non-preferred Medical Drugs: Remicade, Entyvio, Orencia Intravenous, Actemra Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745), Cosentyx Intravenous

1. Is the request for continuation of currently approved therapy?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
 Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla) 	Yes – Criteria not met, experimental	No – Go to #3
3. Is the request for Xeljanz, Xeljanz XR or Rinvoq	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4. Has there been an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is the diagnosis being treated with a preferred pharmacy drug or covered medical infusion drug according to one of the indications below?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria Intravenous		

Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Actemra IV, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV, Orencia IV, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola



 Is there documented current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)? Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate, or if unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria)?	Yes – Document and Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Plaque Psoriasis (PP) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs –Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab- adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Stelara, Skyrizi, Tremfya Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola		
 Is there documentation that the skin disease meets one of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
 Is there documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies (methotrexate, cyclosporine, Acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA])? 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Stelara, Skyrizi, Tremfya) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
 Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist? 	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Stelara, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Simponi Aria Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Orencia IV, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx Intravenous 1. Is there documentation of Classification for Yes – No – Criteria

 Is there documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score 3 or greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is there documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate, or if unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima,	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met



Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Stelara, Xeljanz, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria)?			
 Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist? 	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) & Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA) & Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria Non-preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx Intravenous			
1. Is there a diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria	



	 Uveitis Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) Psoriasis Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis Good response to NSAIDs Family history of SpA Elevated CRP OR HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least 2 SpA features 		
2.	Is there documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti- inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each? OR For isolated sacroiliitis, enthesitis, peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5.	Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria)?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met



6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Crohn's Disease (CD) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intravenous, Stelara Non-preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Entyvio, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola			
 Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
 2. Is there documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide? OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease? 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No –Go to #3	
 3. Is there documented severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	



 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement 			
4. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6	
5. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
 Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist? 	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Ulcerative Colitis (UC) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Rinvoq, Xeljanz, Stelara, Skyrizi Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Skyrizi Intravenous Non-Preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola			
 Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
 Is there severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day 	Yes – Document and got to #4	No – Go to #3	



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with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis?		
 Is there documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-mercaptopurine 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Xeljanz, Stelara, Rinvoq) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq Preferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Orencia IV, Actemra IV, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV		



 Is there documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count? 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
 Is there documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND At least one of methotrexate or leflunomide for a minimum of 12 weeks? 	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5	
4. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel Xeljanz) AND a preferred medical drug (Simponi Aria)?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Uveitis – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz			
 Is there a confirmed diagnosis of noninfectious uveitis? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2. Is the diagnosis being treated intermediate or panuveitis?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #3	



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3. Is the diagnosis being treated posterior uveitis?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #4	
4. Is the diagnosis being treated anterior uveitis?	Yes – Criteria not met		
5. Is there documented treatment failure with at least one immunosuppressive agent: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate AND at least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
6. Is there documented treatment failure with Yutiq AND Retisert?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmology specialist?	Yes – Go to #8	No – Criteria not met	
8. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cosentyx Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis Non-Preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola			
1. Is there a diagnosis of moderate to severe Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) [Hurley Stage II or III disease] AND	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	



Documentation of baseline count of abscess and inflammatory nodules?		
 Is there documented failure with at least a 90-day trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS (Doxycycline/tetracycline/minocycline or clindamycin plus rifampin) AND 8 weeks on a retinoid (Isotretinoin, Acitretin)? 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No- Go to #5
4. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred pharmacy drug (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cosentyx) AND one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA) & Cytokine Relea Actemra, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV	se Syndrome (CRS) –
1. Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #2



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2. Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA) based on temporal artery biopsy or color doppler ultrasound OR Large vessel GCA diagnosis by advanced imaging of the vascular tree with computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is there documentation of disease refractory to treatment with glucocorticoids?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 4 doses for CRS)	No – Criteria not met
Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disea	se – Otezla	
 Is there a diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae at least 3 times in a year AND two of the following: Recurrent genital aphthae, Eye lesions, Skin lesions, Positive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is there documented clinical failure of at least 1 oral medication for Behcet's disease	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met



after at least 12 weeks (colchicine,		
prednisone, azathioprine)?		
3. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in treating Behcet's?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4. Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) P Intravenous	rophylaxis – O	rencia
1. Is there documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2. Is there documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor (tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is there documentation of a prior allogeneic HSCT, HIV infection or any uncontrolled active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)?	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #4
4. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist?	Yes – Approve up to 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no	No – Criteria not met



	reauthorizatio n, unless otherwise specified	
Atopic Dermatitis (AD) - Rinvoq		
 Is the request for use in combination with a monoclonal antibody (Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair)? 	Yes – Criteria not met; combination use is experimental	No – Go to #2
2. Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4. Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Enthesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA) Preferred Drugs - Cosentyx Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA) Preferred Drugs - Cosentyx, Enbrel

 Is there diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following: Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present OR Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features: 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Go to #2
 2. Is there diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of: Arthritis and psoriasis OR Arthritis and at least 2 of the following: Dactylitis Nail pitting or onycholysis Psoriasis in a first-degree relative 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
 Is there documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met



month?		
 Is there documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease- modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide. 	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Generalized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare		
Preferred Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade,	Avsola, Inflixir	nab (J1745)
	Avsola, Inflixin Yes – Document and go to #2	nab (J1745) No – Criteria not met



 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules 		
3. Is there documented 1-week treatment failure with cyclosporine?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4. Is the request for Remicade, Avsola, or Infliximab (J1745)?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5. Is there documented failure with one of the preferred medical drugs (Inflectra, Renflexis)?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		
 Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider, with clinical documentation to support? 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
 Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators? (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla) 	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #3
3. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met



Quantity Limitations

• Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz

- o Induction
 - PP/Uveitis: 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
 - **CD/UC/HS:** 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning on day 29
- o Maintenance
 - RA/PP/PsA/CD/UC/AS/nr-axSpA/Uveitis/JIA: 40 mg every other week
 - **HS:** 40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week
- Dose escalation (40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week)
 - RA/PP/CD/UC: Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing

• Enbrel

- o Induction
 - Plaque Psoriasis: 8 injections per 28 days for first 3 months
- Maintenance (All indications):
 - 50 mg once weekly dosing: 4 injections per 28 days
 - 25 mg twice weekly dosing: 8 injections per 28 days

• Cosentyx

- \circ Induction
 - Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
 - Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
- Maintenance
 - Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days



- Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
- Psoriatic arthritis without plaque psoriasis/AS/Nr-axSpA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
 - If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be considered
- Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days

• Otezla

- Induction (All indications): Titration pack
- Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
- Stelara
 - o Induction
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing 60 to 100 kg, one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing over 100 kg
 - For those under 60kg, the dose is 0.75 mg/kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in the first 28 days
 - For coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight greater than 100kg: one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days
 - Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: A single intravenous infusion per below
 - 55 kg or less: 260 mg
 - 55 kg to 85 kg: 390 mg
 - More than 85 kg: 520 mg
 - o Maintenance
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) per 84 days for those weighing 100 kg or less; one 90 mg injection (1 mL) per 84 days for those weighing over 100 kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis: 45 mg (0.5 mL) per 84 days
 - For coexistent moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis weighing more than 100 kg: 90 mg (1 ml) per 84 days



 Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: 90 mg (1 mL) per 56 days starting 8 weeks after the initial IV dose

• Tremfya

- Induction: 100 mg (One injection) in first 28 days
- Maintenance: 100 mg (One injection) per 56 days
- Skyrizi
 - PP/PsA:
 - Induction: 150 mg in the first 28 days
 - Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days
 - Crohn's Disease:
 - Induction: 600 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
 - Ulcerative Colitis:
 - Induction: 1200 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12

Rinvoq

- RA/PsA/AS/nr-axSpA: 15 mg once daily (30 tablets per 30 days)
- AD: 15 mg once daily, may increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days)
- UC: 45 mg once daily for 8 weeks then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days).
 **45mg limited to 56 tablets (first 8 weeks of treatment)
- CD: 45 mg once daily for 12 weeks, then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily for patients with refractory, severe or extensive disease.

****45mg limited to 84 tablets (first 12 weeks of treatment)**

- Polyarticular JIA/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis: 10 kg to <20 kg: 3 mg (3 mL solution) twice daily; 20 kg to <30 kg: 4 mg (4 mL solution) twice daily; 30 kg and greater: 6 mg (6 mL solution) twice daily or 15 mg tablet once daily
- Xeljanz



- RA/PsA/AS: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg IR) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg XR)
- UC: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg or 10 mg IR tablets) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg or 22 mg XR)
- JIA: 10 kg to less than 20 kg: 3.2 mg (3.2 mL oral solution) twice daily; 20 kg to less than 40 kg: 4 mg (4 mL oral solution) twice daily; 40 kg or greater: 5 mg (one 5 mg tablet or 5 mL oral solution) twice daily
 - Oral solution available as 240 mL bottle
- Infliximab (Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745))*
 - Availability: 100 mg single-dose vials
 - Crohn's/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis/Plaque Psoriasis/Generalized Pustular Psoriasis: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
 - RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4 weeks
 - AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter

• Simponi Aria Intravenous*

- Availability: 50 mg single-dose vials
- RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter
- Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter
- Orencia Intravenous*
 - Availability: 250 mg single-use vials
 - $_{\odot}$ RA/PsA: <60 kg: 500 mg, 60-100 kg: 750 mg, >100 kg: 1,000 mg at
 - 0, 2, and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter



- JIA: 6 years and older and <75 kg: 10 mg/kg; 75-100 kg: 750 mg;
 >100 kg: 1,000 mg (maximum dose) at 0, 2 and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter
- Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
 - 2 to less than 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant
 - 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000 mg/dose)

• Entyvio*

- Availability: 300 mg single-use vials
- Crohn's/UC: 300 mg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by every 8 weeks thereafter
- For Consideration of every 4 week dosing must meet all of the following:
 - Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months
 - Clinical failure defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70 point improvement in CDAI score for Crohn's)
 - Documented failure to minimum of 12 weeks on two alternative Tumor necrosis factor–alpha (TNF) inhibitors

• Actemra Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous*

- Availability: 400 mg, 200 mg & 80 mg single-dose vials
- RA: 4 mg/kg once every 4 weeks; may be increased to 8 mg/kg once every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum dose: 800 mg)
- GCA: 6mg/kg every 4 weeks
- CRS: For patients less than 30kg, recommended dose is 12mg/kg; patients 30kg or greater recommended dose is 8mg/kg up to maximum of 800mg (Maximum 4 doses)
- Polyarticular JIA: <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks



Systemic JIA: <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks

*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs

Drug Name	Ankylosing Spondylitis	Crohn's Disease	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	Plaque Psoriasis	Psoriatic Arthritis	Rheumatoid Arthritis	Ulcerative Colitis	Other
Abatacept (Orencia SQ & <mark>Orencia IV)</mark>			≥2 уо		≥2 уо	≥18 уо		Acute GVHD prophylaxis: IV: ≥2 yo
Adalimumab <mark>(Hadlima</mark> , Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab- adaz <mark>)</mark>	≥18 уо	≥6 yo ≥18 yo (biosimilars)	≥2 yo ≥4 yo (biosimilars)	≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥5 уо	Uveitis (noninfectious) ≥2 yo HS ≥12 yo
Anakinra (Kineret)						≥18 уо		NOMID
Apremilast (Otezla)				≥6 уо	≥18 уо			Behçet's Disease
Baricitinib (Olumiant)						≥18 уо		
Brodalumab (Siliq)				≥18 уо				
Canakinumab (Ilaris) [See standalone policy]			≥2 уо					FCAS ≥4 yo MWS ≥4 yo TRAPS ≥2 yo HIDS ≥2 yo MKD ≥2 yo FMF ≥2 yo
Certolizumab (Cimzia)	≥18 уо	≥18 уо		≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥18 уо		Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo



Etanercept (Enbrel)	≥18 уо		≥2 уо	≥4 yo (Enbrel) ≥18	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		JPsA ≥2 yo
(Endrei)				yo (biosimilars)				
Golimumab (Simponi & <mark>Simponi Aria</mark>)	≥18 уо		≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)		≥18 yo (Simponi) ≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)	≥18 уо	≥18 yo (Simponi)	
Guselkumab <mark>(Tremfya)</mark>				≥18 уо	≥18 уо			
Infliximab (J1745), Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola	≥18 уо	≥6 уо		≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥6 уо	GPP≥18 yo
Ixekizumab (Taltz)	≥18 уо			≥6 уо	≥18 уо			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Rituximab (Rituxan) [See standalone policy]						≥18 уо		CLL ≥18 yo NHL ≥18 yo; ≥6 yo (Rituxan) GPA ≥18 yo; ≥2 yo (Rituxan) Pemphigus Vulgaris ≥18 yo RRMS ≥18 yo
Risankizumab- rzaa <mark>(Skyrizi)</mark>		≥18 уо		≥18 уо	≥18 уо		≥18 уо	
Sarilumab (Kevzara)						≥18 уо		
Secukinumab <mark>(Cosentyx)</mark>	≥18 уо			≥6 уо	≥2 уо			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
								ERA ≥ 4 yo JPsA ≥ 2 yo HS ≥18 yo
Tildrakizumab- asmn (llumya)				≥18 уо				
Tocilizumab (Actemra SQ & Actemra IV)			≥2 уо			≥18 уо		CRS >2 yo GCA >18 yo



Tofacitinib <mark>(Xeljanz)</mark>	≥18 yo		≥2 уо		≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥18 уо	
Upadacitinib <mark>(Rinvoq)</mark>	≥18 уо	≥18 уо			≥18 уо	≥18 уо	≥18 уо	AD ≥12 yo Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Ustekinumab <mark>(Stelara)</mark>		≥18 уо		≥6 уо	≥18 уо		≥18 уо	
Vedolizumab (Entyvio)		≥18 уо					≥18 уо	

Yellow: Preferred Pharmacy Drugs

Green: Medical Infusion Drugs

Abbreviations: AD = Atopic Dermatitis; CLL = Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia; CRS = Cytokine Release Syndrome; ERA= Enthesitis-Related Arthritis; FCAS = Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome; FMF = Familial Mediterranean Fever; GCA = Giant Cell Arteritis; GPA = Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (Wegener's Granulomatosis); HIDS: Hyperimmunoglobulin D Syndrome; HS = Hidradenitis Suppurativa; JPsA= Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis; MKD = Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency; MPA = Microscopic Polyangitis; MWS = Muckle-Wells Syndrome; NHL = Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma; NOMID = Neonatal Onset Multi-Systemic Inflammatory Disease; Nr-axSpA = nonradiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis; Still's dx = Adult-onset Still's disease; TRAPS = Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome; RRMS = Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis; yo = years



POLICY NAME:

TARPEYO

Affected Medications: TARPEYO (Budesonide Delayed Release Capsule 4 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary
	immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for
	disease progression
Required	Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN)
Medical	confirmed with biopsy
Information:	• Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine
	protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5
	g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR
	• Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day (labs
	current within 30 days of request)
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks
Treatment	of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or
Regimen &	angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) AND
Other Criteria:	• Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks
	of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or
	methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria
	equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two
	glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the
	corticosteroid class) AND
	 Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks
	of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or
	greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to Filspari)
	greater than I grady of an adverse encet to mopany
	No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9
	months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion	Other glomerulopathies or nephrotic syndrome
Criteria:	
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 All a 	scribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective of care
Coverage Duration:	 Auth 	norization: 10 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TASIMELTEON

Affected Medications: HETLIOZ LQ SUSPENSION, TASIMELTEON

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24) Treatment of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Non-24 Documentation of being totally blind with no light perception Diagnosis of Non-24 hour sleep wake disorder meeting ALL of the following: Documented history of insomnia, excessive daytime sleepiness, or both, that alternates with asymptomatic periods Symptoms have been present for at least three months Drift in rest-activity patterns demonstrated by at least 4 weeks of data from daily sleep logs and actigraphy Documentation that other sleep disorders were treated or ruled out using a sleep study Diagnosis of Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) confirmed by both of the following: Genetic test showing mutation or deletion of the retinoic acid-induced 1 (RAI1) gene Documentation of significant nighttime sleep disturbances 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of significant nighttime sleep disturbances <u>Non-24</u> Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks 	



	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active drugs Sleep disturbances caused by other conditions 		
Age Restriction:	 Non-24: 18 years of age and older SMS: Capsules: 16 years of age and older Suspension: 3 to 15 years of age 		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with a neurologist or sleep specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME:

TEDIZOLID

Affected Medications: SIVEXTRO injection, SIVEXTRO tablets

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible isolates of the following Grampositive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates) Streptococcus agalactiae		
Required			
Medical	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment 		
	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment		
Information:	regimen		
	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data		
Annyonyinto	Documentation of planned treatment duration		
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing: 200 mg once daily for 6 days		
	Dequasts for the introvenous formulation will require both of the		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requests for the intravenous formulation will require both of the		
Other Criteria:	following:		
	Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or		
	intolerable adverse event with intravenous linezolid AND		
	Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intelerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following		
	intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following		
	drugs/drug classes:		
	• Vancomycin		
	 Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation of multiple (at least 2) 		
	require documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine		
	concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL [44 mcmol/L]		
	or at least 50 percent increase from baseline,		
	whichever is greater), without an alternative		
L	explanation		



	 Daptomycin 	
	 Cephalosporin (cefazolin) 	
	 Requests for the oral tablet formulation will require both of the following: Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with oral linezolid AND Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes: Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole Tetracycline (doxycycline, minocycline) Clindamycin 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a infectious disease specialist 	
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified.	



POLICY NAME: **TEDUGLUTIDE**

Affected Medications: GATTEX (teduglutide)

	T
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of PN support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inability to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors OR Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction



Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: **TENAPANOR**

Affected Medications: XPHOZAH (tenapanor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hyperphosphatemia associated with chronic kidney disease (CKD) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hyperphosphatemia associated with CKD and currently on dialysis treatment Documentation of progressively or persistently elevated serum phosphate that is greater than 5.5 mg/dL over the past 6 months despite adherence to phosphate binders and dietary restrictions Documentation that Xphozah will be used as add-on therapy to phosphate binder therapy unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects were experienced 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least an 8-week trial, at maximally indicated doses, of two or more of the following: calcium acetate lanthanum carbonate sevelamer Velphoro Auryxia Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in serum phosphorus from pretreatment level and maintenance of serum phosphorus level at 5.5 mg/dL or lower 		
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		



Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist	
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective	
Restrictions:	site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: VEMLIDY (tenofovir alafenamide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with compensated liver disease 		
Required Medical	Documentation confirming diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection		
Information:	 Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy 		
Appropriate	 Documentation of one or more of the following: 		
Treatment	 Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event 		
Regimen &	to tenofovir disoproxil fumarate		
Other Criteria:	 CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications) Diagnosis of osteoporosis, osteopenia, or high risk for developing osteoporosis with supporting documentation (i.e., chronic use of steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause) <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 		
Exclusion	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)		
Criteria:			
Age	6 years of age and older		
Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist,		
Restrictions:	gastroenterologist, or infectious disease specialist		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 diabetes mellitus, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in adults, and pediatric patients with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes 		
L			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following: Positive for two or more of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies within the past 6 months: Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies Insulin autoantibody (IAA) Insulinoma-associated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A) Zinc transporter 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A) Islet cell autoantibody (ICA) Oysglycemia on oral glucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6 months, as shown by one of the following: Fasting blood glucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL 2 hour glucose greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200 mg/dL 30, 60, or 90 minute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200 mg/dL on two separate occasions Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with type 1 diabetes and one of the following: If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be between 8 and 45 years of age If second-degree relative (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, 		
	grandchild, cousin), patient must be between 8 and 20 years of age		



	Desumentation of the nati	ant/a summent had a suffrage area (DCA)	
	Documentation of the patient's current body surface area (BSA)		
	or height and weight to calculate BSA		
	 Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency 		
Appropriate	Approved for one-time 14-day infusion only, based on the		
Treatment	following dosing schedule:		
Regimen &			
Other Criteria:	Treatment Day	Dose	
	Day 1	65 mcg/m ²	
	Day 2	125 mcg/m ²	
	Day 3	250 mcg/m ²	
	Day 4	500 mcg/m ²	
	Days 5- 14	1,030 mcg/m ²	
	• Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1	mg/mL) single-dose vials	
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the 		
	prescribed dose will be enforced		
Exclusion	Prior treatment with Tzield		
Criteria:	• Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)		
	 Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes 		
	 Current active serious infection or chronic infection 		
Age Restriction:	Pregnant or lactating S to 45 years of age		
Age Restriction:	, 5		
	 See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second-degree relative 		
Prescriber/Site	 first-degree or second-degree relative Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist 		
of Care			
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage	 Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day 		
Duration:	infusion only)		



POLICY NAME: TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following: Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 7 mm above normal for race and gender OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and nor proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for a equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks



Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve involvement within the previous 6 months Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

TESTOPEL

Affected Medications: TESTOPEL (testosterone pellets)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 All therapies tried/failed for indicated diagnosis Dosage (in milligrams) or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous testosterone Documented treatment failure with testosterone injection AND generic transdermal testosterone
	 For member 65 years and above: Yearly evaluation of need is completed discussing need for hormone replacement therapy Yearly documentation that provider has educated patient on risks of hormone replacement (heart attack, stroke) Yearly documentation that provider has discussed limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement in patients experiencing age related decrease in testosterone levels
	 Gender Dysphoria hormone supplementation under 18 years of age: Documentation of current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR Documentation of baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty. Documentation from a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) confirming diagnosis and addressing the patient's general identifying characteristics; The initial and evolving gender and any associated mental health concerns, and other psychiatric diagnoses; The duration of the referring licensed mental health professional's relationship with the client, including the type of evaluation and psychotherapy to date;



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 The clinical rationale for supporting the client's request for cross-hormone therapy and statement that the client meets eligibility criteria; Informed consent required from both patient and guardian documented by prescribing provider Permission to contact the licensed mental health professional for coordination of care Comprehensive mental health evaluation should be provided in accordance with most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation Maximum of 450 mg per treatment Reauthorization: documentation of recent testosterone levels within normal limits Gender Dysphoria: Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Approval: maximum 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma
• Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
\circ For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC
reduced by at least 5% from normal
 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
• Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a
long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with
continued symptoms
A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations
requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence
<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g.,
Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
 12 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist,
immunologist, or pulmonologist
• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
• Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
-



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia- supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Multiple Myeloma (MM) Erythema Nodosum (ENL) Systemic light chain amyloidosis AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis Waldenström macroglobulinemia Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Multiple Myeloma
NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with
evidence level of 2A or higher
Systemic light chain amyloidosis
NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
 Waldenström Macroglobulinemia NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis
 Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
<u>Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)</u>
Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to
severe ENL (Type 2 reaction)
 Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence



	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THYMOGLOBULIN

Affected Medications: THYMOGLOBULIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications otherwise excluded by plan design. Renal transplant acute rejection treatment and induction ther Off-label uses: Heart transplant Intestinal and multivisceral transplantation Lung transplant Chronic graft-versus-host disease prevention 	
Required Medical Information:	• For prophylaxis: Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors: donor cold ischemia for more than 24 hours, donor age older than 50 years old, donor without a heartbeat, donor with ATN, donor requiring high-dose inotropic support. Recipient risk factors include: repeated transplantation, panel-reactive antibody value exceeding 20% before transplant, black race, and one or more HLA antigen mismatches with the donor.	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Treatment of acute renal graft rejection-No PA required for this diagnosis Prophylaxis: 1.5mg/kg of body weight administered daily for 4-7 days Clinical rationale for avoiding Simulect (basiliximab) in prophylaxes 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Active acute or chronic infections that contraindicates any additional immunosuppression	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Care management of renal transplant patients.	



Coverage	Initial approval: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: BETHKIS (tobramycin), KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), TOBI (tobramycin), TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin), TOBRAMYCIN NEBULIZED SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) patients with Pseudomonas aeruginosa 		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) Tobi Podhaler: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 80% Bethkis: FEV1 equal to or between 40% and 80% Kitabis Pak: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 75% 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to a 28 days on and 28 days off regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use 		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	are provider who specializes in CF		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



TOFERSEN

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) associated with a mutation in the superoxide dismutase 1 (SOD1) gene (SOD1-ALS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following: Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy) 		
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 18 years of age and older 		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	f Care neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in th		



Coverage	Coverage • Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, TOLVAPTAN (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone (SIADH) Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Hyponatremia Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline OR Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, headache, lethargy, confusion) ADPKD Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic testing Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m² High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Hyponatremia Treatment is initiated or re-initiated in a hospital setting prior to discharge ADPKD Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin 	



	receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated				
	<u>Reauthorization (for ADPKD)</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious neurological symptoms Patients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst Hypovolemic hyponatremia Anuria Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction 				
Age • 18 years of age and older Restriction: •					
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 				
Coverage Duration:	 Hyponatremia Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified 				
	 ADPKD Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 				



POLICY NAME: TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)

Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by biopsy. Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine) Documented clinical failure to ALL of the following: Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol Topical imiquimod Phototherapy Generalized skin involvement (topical mechlorethamine) 	
	 only) Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin- directed therapy <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy 	
Exclusion	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG	
Criteria:	performance score 3 or greaterPregnancy	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: VTAMA (tapinarof 1% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% foam), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.15% cream)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque psoriasis (Vtama and Zoryve 0.3% cream) Seborrheic dermatitis (Zoryve 0.3% foam) Atopic dermatitis (Zoryve 0.15% cream)
Required Medical Information:	 Plaque Psoriasis Diagnosis of chronic plaque psoriasis Documentation that the skin disease meets <u>ONE</u> of the following: At least 10% body surface area (BSA) involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Seborrheic Dermatitis Diagnosis of moderate to severe seborrheic dermatitis with presence of lesions that are characteristic of the condition (such as erythematous plaques and yellowish scales distributed on areas with sebaceous glands) Documentation of persistent itching, scaling, and erythema despite current therapy At least 10% body surface area (BSA) involvement despite current treatment At least 10% body surface area (BSA) involvement despite current treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement For all indications, documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)



	Plaque Psoriasis		
	 Documented failure with ALL the following: 		
	 Calcipotriene cream or calcitriol ointment 		
	 Tazarotene cream 		
 Vtama also requires documented treatment failure weeks of Zoryve 			
	Seborrheic Dermatitis		
	Documented failure with ALL of the following:		
	 Topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as tacrolimus or pimecrolimus) 		
	 Topical antifungal (such as ketoconazole, ciclopirox, or selenium sulfide) 		
	 Atopic Dermatitis Documented failure with one of the following: 		
	 Topical calcineurin-inhibitor (such as tacrolimus or pimecrolimus) 		
	∘ Eucrisa		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy defined as:		
	 For plaque psoriasis and atopic dermatitis, BSA reduction when compared to baseline 		
	 For seborrheic dermatitis, reduction in itching, scaling, and erythema when compared to baseline 		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age	Vtama: 18 years of age and older		
Restriction:	Zoryve cream: 6 years of age and older		
	Zoryve foam: 9 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site			
of Care	or immunologist		
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? - Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
M	oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with two of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met



5. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		
1. Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?Yes - Go to #2No - Criteria no met		No – Criteria not met
2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Limitations	·	
 Adbry Availability: 150 mg/mL prefilled syrin Dosing: Adults 18 years and older: 600 m weeks. If less than 100 kg and cle be reduced to 300 mg eve	mg as single dose, ear/almost clear is a ery 4 weeks	then 300 mg every 2 achieved, dosing may



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months <u>All Indications</u> Coverage for a non-preferred product (Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant, Herceptin, or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products Kanjinti and Ogivri and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease
Exclusion	 responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance
Criteria:	score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve for 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TRIENTINE

Affected Medications: TRIENTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Wilson's disease Diagnosis of Wilson's disease confirmed by ONE of the following: Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic
Information:	 ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg
Appropriate	• For Cuvrior, must meet BOTH of the following:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine that was not due to tolerability Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as shown by normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg



Exclusion Criteria:	 For trientine hydrochloride: Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis Treatment of cystinuria Treatment of biliary cirrhosis
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant provider All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prostate Cancer (Trelstar) Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur) Gender Dysphoria
Required Medical Information:	 Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs: Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on type of assay used) Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age
Appropriate Treatment	For all Triptodur requests:Documentation of treatment failure with leuprolide



Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as neoadjuvant androgen deprivation therapy (ADT) for radical prostatectomy		
Age Restriction:	• CPP: 2 years of age through 11 years for females, 2 years of age through 12 years for males		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Oncology Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified CPP Approval/Oncology Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: **TROFINETIDE**

Affected Medications: DAYBUE (trofinetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required	• Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic
Medical	criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed
Information:	by recovery or stabilization
	Documented presence of mutation in the MECP2 gene
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills
	 Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language
	 Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of
	ability
	 Stereotypic hand movements such as hand
	wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and
	washing/rubbing automatisms
	 Current weight (within past 30 days)
	 Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Treatment	determined by treating provider
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	 Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection
Criteria:	 Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age	2 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider
of Care	experienced in the management of Rett syndrome
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions	site of care
Coverage	Initial authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	• Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	- Reduction zucion i iz monchoy amego otherwise specified



TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-
	1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in
	heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug
	resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral
	regimen
Required	Documentation of all prior therapies used
Medical	Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6
Information:	months
	• Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from
	three different classes:
	 Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs)
	 Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs)
	 Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs)
	 Protease inhibitors (PIs)
	• Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA
	viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate	Prescribed in combination with an optimized background
Treatment	antiretroviral regimen
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires all of the following:
	Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background
	antiretroviral regimen
	Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the fallowing t
	following:
	 Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of
	undetectable viral load
	 Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab
	resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance
L	testing
Exclusion	
Criteria:	



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TUCATINIB

Affected Medications: TUKYSA (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of RAS wild-type, human epidermal growth factor receptor-2 (HER2) positive, unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy OR Advanced, unresectable or metastatic, HER2-positive breast cancer with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Colorectal cancer</u> Documented intolerable adverse event to Lapatinib <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil inhalation)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 3
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization
Information:	 bocumentation of YAT committee by hight field content of the content of the content of the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Drugs Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Portal hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Disease WHO Group 3



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	 Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) on high resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy OR
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema
	OR
	Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)
	 WHO Group 1 only: Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class II and III Ambrisentan and tadalafil Bosentan and riociguat Macitentan and sildenafil
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, or disorders of the respiratory system such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.
Age	
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or
of Care	pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Relapsing forms of MS</u>: Documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with rituximab (biosimilar products, Riabni and Ruxience, preferred) Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success Active Hepatitis B infection Concurrent use of medications indicated for treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



UPNEEQ

Affected Medications: UPNEEQ (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution)

Covered Uses:	 Upneeq (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution) is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required	
Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	
of Care	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical Information:	 Pregnancy with maternal risk factor(s) for preterm birth (such as race, low maternal weight, smoking, substance use, or short interpregnancy interval) Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox) - Available on Medical Benefit only

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved/CLIA-compliant test Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing 6 × 10¹³ vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Exclusion Criteria:	History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitorsPrior gene therapy administration



	 Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection Cirrhosis Female gender at birth Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VAMOROLONE

Affected Medications: AGAMREE (vamorolone)

 Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older Required Medical Confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing or biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophin Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Oclinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool 	Covered Uses:	
of age and olderRequired Medical• Confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing or biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophinInformation:• Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane • Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: • Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) • 6-minute walk test • North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) • Motor Function Measure (MFM) • Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) • Patient weight and planned treatment regimenAppropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:• Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period • Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatmentExclusion Criteria:• Reauthorization medures and olderAge• 2 years of age and older		otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:• Confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing or biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophin • Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane • Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: • Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) • 6-minute walk test • North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) • Motor Function Measure (MFM) • Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:• Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period • Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatmentExclusion Criteria:• Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment toolExclusion Criteria:• 2 years of age and older		
Medical Information:by genetic testing or biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophin Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: 		
Information: • Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane • Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: • Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) • Origonal of the following: • Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) • G-minute walk test • North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) • Motor Function Measure (MFM) • Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) • Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate • Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: • Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period • Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment • Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion • 2 years of age and older	-	
device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion 2 years of age and older		
 Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age 2 years of age and older 	Information:	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive
 Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Occumented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria:		device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane
 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: 2 years of age and older 		Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following:
 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: 2 years of age and older 2 years of age and older 		 Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND)
 Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria:		 6-minute walk test
 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Years of age and older 		 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA)
 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Age 2 years of age and older 		 Motor Function Measure (MFM)
 Appropriate Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Other Criteria: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period 		 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: 		Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Regimen &following:Other Criteria:• Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period • Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment• Reauthorization baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment toolExclusion Criteria:Age• 2 years of age and older	Appropriate	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of
Other Criteria: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age 2 years of age and older	Treatment	prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the
 equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment <u>Reauthorization</u> requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool <u>Exclusion</u> <u>2</u> years of age and older 	Regimen &	following:
 Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment <u>Reauthorization</u> requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age 2 years of age and older 	Other Criteria:	 Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or
aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment • Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period
weeks of prednisone treatment • Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		 Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior,
 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age 2 years of age and older 		aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six
baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		weeks of prednisone treatment
baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		
motor function assessment tool Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		
Exclusion Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older		
Criteria: Age • 2 years of age and older	Exclusion	
Age • 2 years of age and older		
		a 2 years of ago and older
	-	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For post exposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as: Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Pregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella or lack evidence of immunity to varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial administration.
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE (velmanase alfa-tycv)

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Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha-mannosidosis Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity
Information:	 Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success
Treatment	such as improvement in motor function, forced vital capacity (FVC),
Regimen &	or reduction in frequency of infections
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	AM with only central nervous system manifestations and no
Criteria:	other symptoms
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
of Care	site of care
Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with
	the treatment of lysosomal storage disorders
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VERTEPORFIN

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following: Age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Pathologic myopia Presumed ocular histoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) lesions caused by age-related macular degeneration (AMD); or Ocular histoplasmosis; or Pathologic myopia <u>Note</u>: Most individuals treated with verteporfin will need to be retreated every 3 months. All individuals having a re-treatment will need to have a fluorescein angiogram or ocular coherence tomography (OCT) performed prior to each treatment. Retreatment is necessary if fluorescein angiograms or OCT show any signs of recurrence or persistence of leakage
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for the non-preferred product Visudyne is provided when one of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Visudyne, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Avastin AND Byooviz or Cimerli) Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals (if evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a
	 Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals (if evidence of choroidal neovascula leakage) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: VIGABATRIN, VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) Infantile spasms
Required Medical Information:	 Infantile Spasms Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age) Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) Used as adjunctive therapy only
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with</u> <u>impaired awareness)</u> Documentation of treatment failure with at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine, phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use as a first line agent for complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Age Restriction:	 Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater than 2 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Infantile Spasms



 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified
 <u>Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with</u> <u>impaired awareness)</u> Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of severe manifestations of PIK3CA-related
	overgrowth spectrum (PROS) in patients who require
	systemic therapy
Required	• Documented diagnosis of PROS, to include any of the following:
Medical	 CLAPOS syndrome
Information:	 CLOVES syndrome
	 Diffuse capillary malformation with overgrowth (DCMO)
	 Dysplastic megalencephaly (DMEG)
	 Facial infiltrating lipomatosis (FIL)
	• Fibroadipose hyperplasia (FAH)/fibroadipose overgrowth
	(FAO)/hemihyperplasia multiple lipomatosis (HHML)
	syndrome
	 Fibroadipose vascular anomaly (FAVA)
	 Hemimegalencephaly (HMEG)
	 Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS)
	 Lipomatosis of nerve (LON)
	 Megalencephaly-capillary malformation (MCAP) syndrome
	 Muscular hemihyperplasia (HH)
	 Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation
	 Documentation of clinical manifestations that were assessed by
	the treating provider as severe or life-threatening and
	necessitating systemic treatment
	 Documentation that clinical manifestations are a direct result of
	a lesion that is both of the following:
	5
	 Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider Causing functional impairment
	• Causing functional impairment
	Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior to request including location(s)
	imaging within 6 months prior to request, including location(s)
	and volume of lesion(s)



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations of disease <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of both of the following: Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume, confirmed by at least one subsequent imaging assessment Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target lesion, progression of non-target
Exclusion Criteria:	 lesions, or appearance of a new lesion Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VISTOGARD

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: TETRABENAZINE, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chorea associated with Huntington's disease Tardive dyskinesia
Required	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease
Medical	Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring
Information:	treatment
	 Tardive Dyskinesia Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following: A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor-blocking agent exposure Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation) Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following: Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Tardive Dyskinesia Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent OR Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and
	a clinically significant response to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or actively suicidal Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine Hepatic impairment
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

1. Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
 2. Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis 	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Lupus Nephritis (LN)		
1. Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy-proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
 2. Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3. Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met



4. Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5. Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6. Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		
	Vac Cata #2	No – Criteria not
 Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use? 	Yes – Go to #2	met
success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and	Yes – Go to #2 Yes – Approve up to 12 months	
 success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use? 2. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label 	Yes – Approve	met No – Criteria not



 Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8 mg in morning and 7.9 mg in afternoon.



POLICY NAME: VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (Voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g., Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.) Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria: Age	 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has been previously treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g., severe diabetic retinopathy) 12 months of age and older
Age Restriction:	
1	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Coverage	 Approval: 1 month - 1 injection per eye per lifetime, unless
Duration:	otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **VOSORITIDE**

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open epiphyses
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight Documentation of all the following: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open
Other Criteria:	 Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr Reauthorization: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Growth website encoder them on equal to 1.5 cm (m)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr Hypochondroplasia Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia Evidence of growth plate closure
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY**

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinum toxin A), DYSPORT (abobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC (rimabotulinumtoxinB), JEUVEAU (prbotulinumtoxinA-xvfs), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Heart	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and and
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Dysport
	 Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm,
	laryngeal spasm, oromandibular dystonia, severe
	writer's cramp)
	 Hemifacial spasm
	 Upper/lower limb spasticity
	 Xeomin
	 Cervical dystonia
	 Blepharospasm
	 Upper limb spasticity
	 Chronic sialorrhea
	 Myobloc, Daxxify
	 Cervical dystonia
Required	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Medical	 Complete description of the site(s) of injection
Information:	 Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate	Dysport
Treatment	• Approved first-line for focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, drug-
Regimen &	induced orofacial dyskinesia, upper or lower limb spasticity
Other Criteria:	
	Xeomin
	Approved first-line for cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, upper
	limb spasticity, chronic sialorrhea
	<u>Myobloc</u>
	Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with
	Botox, Dysport, and Xeomin



Coverage	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	neurologist
Restrictions:	 Other indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a
of Care	Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, ophthalmologist, or optometrist
Prescriber/Site	Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a
Age Restriction:	Myobloc, Daxxify: 18 years of age and older
•	Migraine headache use (Botox is preferred product)
Criteria:	forehead lines, lateral canthal lines)
Exclusion	 a clinically significant response to therapy Cosmetic procedures (including glabellar lines, horizontal
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and
	 Quantity limitations Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months
	Botox, Dysport, and Xeomin
	 Daxxify Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with
	Chronic sialorrhea: Documentation of treatment failure with glycopyrrolate oral tablets
	Axillary hyperhidrosis: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

	T
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 One of these diagnoses:
	 Giant cell tumor
	 Bone metastases from solid tumors
	 Hypercalcemia of malignancy
	 Multiple myeloma
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Dequired	
Required Medical	 Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely
Information:	result in severe morbidity.
Information:	
	 Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication
	• Refractory to disphosphonate therapy of contraindication
	Multiple myeloma
	 Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR
	creatinine clearance less than 30 mL/min
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and
Treatment	a clinically significant response to therapy
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	• Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of
Restriction:	age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg
	All other indications: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
of Care	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord Peyronie's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Peyronie's disease: Documented diagnosis of Peyronie's disease with a palpable plaque Curvature deformity is at least 30 degrees at the start of therapy Documentation of stable disease defined as symptoms that have remained unchanged for at least 3 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dupuytren's: Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Peyronie's disease: One treatment cycle consists of two Xiaflex injection procedures Reauthorization for additional treatment cycles may be given if the curvature deformity is more than 15 degrees after the first, second or third treatment cycle, or if the prescribing healthcare provider determines that further treatment is clinically indicated Maximum of 4 treatment cycles per plaque, administered at 6-week intervals
Exclusion Criteria:	Peyronie's plaques that involve the penile urethra



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Peyronie's: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a urologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified Peyronie's: 6 weeks, unless otherwise specified



XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE) Treatment of Travelers' Diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of <i>Escherichia coli (E. coli)</i> Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of complete & current treatment course required Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Recurrent C. diff Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with ALL of the following: CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile Documented treatment failure with oral vancomycin HE Documented treatment failure with at least 1 month of lactulose therapy defined as continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upward titration
	<u>Travelers' Diarrhea</u>



•	 Documentation of ALL of the following: Travelers' diarrhea is caused by noninvasive strains of E. coli Systemic signs of infection (fever or blood in stool) are not present Member is returning from an area of high fluoroquinolone resistance Documented treatment failure with a fluoroquinolone (e.g., ciprofloxacin, levofloxacin) and azithromycin
	IBO Documented diagnosis confirmed by a carbohydrate breath test Documented treatment failure with trial of at least one of the following antibiotics: amoxicillin/clavulanic acid, ciprofloxacin, metronidazole
•	 BS-D Documentation confirming a Rome IV diagnosis with recurrent abdominal pain, on average, at least one day per week in the last 3 months, associated with two or more of the following: Related to defecation Associated with a change in stool frequency Associated with a change in stool form (appearance) Symptom onset at least six months prior to diagnosis Documented treatment failure with ALL of the following: Loperamide Dicyclomine or hyoscyamine Tricyclic antidepressant (e.g., amitriptyline, nortriptyline)
	Retreatment criteria for IBS-D : Patient must have responded to the initial treatment for at least 4 weeks with either greater than or equal to 30% improvement from baseline in the weekly average abdominal pain score OR at least a 50% reduction in number of days in a week with a daily stool consistency of Bristol Stool Scale type 6 or 7 compared with baseline (6: fluffy pieces with ragged edges, a mushy stool; 7: watery stool, no solid pieces; entirely liquid). Retreatment can be approved when recurrence of symptoms (abdominal pain or mushy/watery stool consistency) occur for 3 weeks of a rolling 4-week period. Retreatment can be approved twice per lifetime.



	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Recurrent C. diff</u> Xifaxan exceeding 400 mg three times per day for 20 days
	 HE Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of 550 mg twice daily or 400 mg 3 times daily for the treatment or prevention of hepatic encephalopathy
	 Travelers' Diarrhea Xifaxan exceeding 200 mg three times per day for total of 3 days
	Diarrhea complicated by fever or bloody stool, or caused by bacteria other than noninvasive strains of E. coli
	 SIBO Xifaxan exceeding 550 mg three times per day for 14 days
	 IBS-D Mild cases of irritable bowel syndrome or diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with constipation Xifaxan exceeding 550 mg three times per day for 14 days
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 <u>Recurrent C. diff</u> Authorization: 20 days, unless otherwise specified <u>HE</u>
	 Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified <u>Travelers' Diarrhea</u> Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified <u>SIBO</u>



 Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (one treatment per lifetime)
 IBS-D Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (maximum of 3 treatment courses per lifetime)



XURIDEN

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as: Megaloblastic anemia Leukopenia Developmental delays Failure to thrive
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success
Treatment	based on ONE of the following:
Regimen &	Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as
Other Criteria:	megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia
	Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or
of Care	geneticist
Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate Population requires documentation of disease
Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Child-Pugh Class C Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ZILUCOPLAN

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients
	who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody
	positive
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following:
	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
Information:	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an
	acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical
	Classification Class II to IV
	 Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	OR Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or
	greater
Appropriate	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy
Treatment	(acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal
Regimen &	immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued
Other Criteria:	during initial treatment with Zilbrysq
	Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or marc) of at least two immunosuppressive therapies
	more) of at least two immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine,
	methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy
	(plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous
	immunoglobulin), while on at least one
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant
	response to therapy defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from
	baseline AND



	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion	Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks
Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age	18 years of age and older
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
of Care	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective
Restrictions:	site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

